Signed at Washington, DC, this 28th day of March 2008.

David M. Spooner,

Assistant Secretary of Commercefor Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign–Trade Zones Board.

Attest:

Andrew McGilvray,

Executive Secretary. [FR Doc. E8–7473 Filed 4–8–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

A-570-873; A-791-815

Ferrovanadium from the People(s Republic of China and the Republic of South Africa: Final Results of the Expedited Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. SUMMARY: On December 3, 2007, the Department of Commerce ("Department") initiated sunset reviews of the antidumping duty orders on ferrovanadium from the People(s Republic of China ("PRC") and the Republic of South Africa ("South Africa"), pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("Act"). See Initiation of Five-year *("Sunset") Reviews*, 72 FR 67890 (December 3, 2007) ("Sunset Initiations"); see also Notice of Amended Final Antidumping Duty Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Order: Ferrovanadium From the *People(s Republic of China,* 68 FR 4168 (January 28, 2003) ("PRC Order"); Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Ferrovanadium from the Republic of South Africa, 68 FR 4169 (January 28, 2003) ("South Africa Order"). Based on the notices of intent to participate and adequate responses filed by the domestic interested parties, and the lack of response from any respondent interested party, the Department conducted expedited sunset reviews of the PRC Order and South Africa Order pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 C.F.R. 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2). As a result of these sunset reviews, the Department finds that revocation of either the PRC Order or the South Africa Order would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping, at the levels indicated in the "Final Results of Sunset Reviews" section of this notice, infra. EFFECTIVE DATE: April 9, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Juanita H. Chen; AD/CVD Operations, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: 202–482–1904.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On December 3, 2007, the Department initiated sunset reviews of the PRC Order and South Africa Order on ferrovanadium pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act. See Sunset Initiations. On December 18, 2007, the Department received timely notices of intent to participate in both sunset reviews (as joint submissions) from the Vanadium Producers and Reclaimers Association ("VPRA"), and its members Gulf Chemical & Metallurgical Corporation ("Gulf"), Gulf(s wholly owned subsidiary Bear Metallurgical Company ("Bear Metallurgical"), Metallurg Vanadium Corporation ("MVC"), and Strategic Minerals Corporation (on behalf of its wholly owned subsidiary, Stratcor, Inc.) ("Stratcor") (collectively "Domestic Producers"), pursuant to 19 C.F.R. 351.218(d)(1)(i). In accordance with 19 C.F.R. 351.218(d)(1)(ii)(A), VPRA claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(E) of the Act as a trade or business association, a majority of whose members produce or wholesale a domestic like product in the United States. Gulf, Bear Metallurgical, MVC, and Stratcor claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act as domestic producers and/or wholesalers of subject merchandise.

On January 2, 2008, Domestic Producers jointly filed substantive responses in both sunset reviews, within the 30-day deadline as specified in 19 C.F.R. 351.218(d)(3)(i). The Department did not receive a substantive response from any respondent interested party in either sunset review. As a result, pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 C.F.R. 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), the Department conducted expedited sunset reviews of the PRC Order and the South Africa Order.

SCOPE OF THE ORDERS

The scope of the orders covers all ferrovanadium regardless of grade, chemistry, form, shape, or size. Ferrovanadium is an alloy of iron and vanadium that is used chiefly as an additive in the manufacture of steel. The merchandise is commercially and scientifically identified as vanadium. The scope specifically excludes vanadium additives other than ferrovanadium, such as nitrided

vanadium, vanadium-aluminum master alloys, vanadium chemicals, vanadium oxides, vanadium waste and scrap, and vanadium-bearing raw materials such as slag, boiler residues and fly ash. Merchandise under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") item numbers 2850.00.2000, 8112.40.3000, and 8112.40.6000 are specifically excluded. Ferrovanadium is classified under HTSUS item number 7202.92.00. Although the HTSUS item number is provided for convenience and customs purposes, the Department(s written description of the scope of these orders remains dispositive.

ANALYSIS OF COMMENTS RECEIVED

A complete discussion of all issues raised in these sunset reviews is addressed in the accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum, which is hereby adopted by this notice. See "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results in the Expedited Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders on Ferrovanadium from the People(s Republic of China and from the Republic of South Africa," from Stephen J. Claeys, Deputy Assistant Secretary, to David M. Spooner, Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, dated April 1, 2008 ("I&D Memo"). The issues discussed in the accompanying I&D Memo include the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping and the magnitude of the dumping margin likely to prevail if either the PRC Order or the South Africa Order were revoked. Parties can obtain a public copy of the I&D Memo on file in the Central Records Unit, room 1117, of the main Commerce building. In addition, a complete public version of the I&D Memo can be accessed directly on the Web at http:// ia.ita.doc.gov/frn. The paper copy and electronic version of the I&D Memo are identical in content.

FINAL RESULTS OF SUNSET REVIEWS

The Department determines that revocation of the PRC Order on ferrovanadium would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the rates listed below:

Manufacturers/Export-	Weighted–Average
ers/Producers	Margin (Percent)
Pangang Group Inter- national Economic & Trading Corporation PRC-Wide Entity	12.97% 66.71%

The Department determines that revocation of the South Africa Order on ferrovanadium would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the rates listed below:

Manufacturers/Export-	Weighted–Average
ers/Producers	Margin (Percent)
Highveld Steel and Va- nadium Corporation, Ltd Xstrata South Africa (Proprietary) Limited All Others	116.00% 116.00% 116.00%

NOTIFICATION REGARDING ADMINISTRATIVE PROTECTIVE ORDER

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order ("APO") of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 C.F.R. 351.305. Timely notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

We are issuing and publishing these results and notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752, and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: April 1, 2008. **Stephen J. Claeys,** *Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.* [FR Doc. E8–7465 Filed 4–8–08; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3510–DS–S**

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

A-475-703

Granular Polytetrafluoroethylene Resin From Italy: Notice of Extension of Time Limit for Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 9, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Alicia Winston or Salim Bhabhrawala, AD/CVD Operations, Office 1, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–1785 or (202) 482– 1784, respectively.

Statutory Time Limits

Section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), requires the Department of Commerce ("Department") to issue the preliminary results of an administrative review within 245 days after the last day of the anniversary month of an order for which a review is requested and a final determination within 120 days after the date on which the preliminary results are published. If it is not practicable to complete the review within the time period, section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act allows the Department to extend these deadlines to a maximum of 365 days and 180 days, respectively.

Background

On September 25, 2007, the Department published in the **Federal Register** a notice of initiation of administrative review of the antidumping duty order on granular polytetrafluoroethylene resin from Italy, covering the period August 1, 2006, through July 31, 2007. *See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews and Request for Revocation in Part*, 72 FR 54428 (September 25, 2007). The preliminary results for this administrative review are currently due no later than May 2, 2008.

Extension of Time Limits for Preliminary Results

The Department requires additional time to review and analyze the sales and cost information submitted by the respondent in this administrative review because this review involves complex sales and cost accounting issues. Thus, it is not practicable to complete this review within the original time limit (i.e., May 2, 2008). Therefore, the Department is extending the time limit for completion of the preliminary results by 120 days to August 30, 2008, in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A)of the Act and section 351.213(h)(2) of the Department's regulations. However, August 30, 2008, falls on a Saturday and September 1, 2008, is a holiday, and it is the Department's long-standing practice to issue a determination the next business day when the statutory deadline falls on a weekend, federal holiday, or any other day when the Department is closed. See Notice of Clarification: Application of "Next Business Day" Rule for Administrative Determination Deadlines Pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930, As Amended, 70 FR 24533 (May 10, 2005). Accordingly, the deadline for completion of the preliminary results is now no later than September 2, 2008.

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: April 3, 2008.

Stephen J. Claeys,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration. [FR Doc. E8–7469 Filed 4–8–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Notice of Proposed Revision to Guidelines for Coastal and Estuarine Land Conservation Program

AGENCY: National Ocean Service (NOS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Department of Commerce (Commerce).

ACTION: Request for comments for proposed revision to program guidelines.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that NOAA is planning to update and revise its Guidelines for the Coastal and Estuarine Land Conservation Program (CELCP) after five years implementing the program under these guidelines. This notice invites interested parties to provide comments or suggestions to NOAA for consideration in updating the CELCP guidelines.

DATES: Comments on the CELCP guidelines are requested by June 9, 2008, 2008 for consideration.

ADDRESSES: Please address comments to Roxanne Thomas, by mail at: Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management, NOAA, 1305 East-West Hwy., N/ORM7, Silver Spring, MD 20910; or by e-mail to *Roxanne.Thornas@noaa.gov*, Subject: CELCP Guidelines.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Roxanne Thomas or Elaine Vaudreuil, NOAA's Ocean Service, Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management at *Roxanne.Thomas@noaa.gov*, 301–713– 3155 ext. 119 or

Elaine.Vaudreui1@noaa.gov, 301–713–3155 ext. 103.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background: The CELCP was established in 2002 to fund acquisition of land to protect important coastal and estuarine areas that have significant conservation, recreation, ecological, historical or aesthetic values, or that are threatened by conversion from their natural or recreational state to other uses. Priority is given to lands that can be effectively managed and protected