DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

Importer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Application

Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 958(i), the Attorney General shall, prior to issuing a registration under this Section to a bulk manufacturer of a controlled substance in schedule I or II and prior to issuing a regulation under 21 U.S.C. 952(a) authorizing the importation of such a substance, provide manufacturers holding registrations for the bulk manufacture of the substance an opportunity for a hearing.

Therefore, in accordance with 21 CFR 1301.34(a), this is notice that on January 9, 2007, Sigma Aldrich Manufacturing LLC., Subsidiary of Sigma-Aldrich Company, 3500 Dekalb Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63118, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to be registered as an importer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed in schedule I and II:

Schedule Drug Cathinone (1235) Methcathinone (1237) Aminorex (1585) Hydroxybutyric Acid Gamma (2010) Methaqualone (2565) Ibogaine (7260) Lysergic acid diethylamide (7315) Marihuana (7360) Tetrahydrocannabinols (7370) Mescaline (7381) 4-Bromo-2,5dimethoxyamphetamine (7391) 4-Bromo-2,5dimethoxyphenethylamine (7392) 4-Methyl-2,5dimethoxyamphetamine (7395) 2,5-Dimethoxyamphetamine (7396) 3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine (7400) N-Hydroxy-3,4methylenedioxyamphetamine (7402) 3,4-Methylenedioxy-Nethylamphetamine (7404) Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA) (7405) 4-Methoxyamphetamine (7411) Bufotenine (7433) Diethyltryptamine (7434) Dimethyltryptamine (7435)

Psilocybin (7437)

Psilocyn (7438)

N-Ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine

N-Benzylpiperazine (BZP) (7493)

Trifluoromethylphenyl Piperazine

Heroin (9200)

(7455)

(7494)

Drug	Schedule
Normorphine (9313) Etonitazene (9624) Amphetamine (1100) Methamphetamine (1105) Methylphenidate (1724) Amobarbital (2125) Pentobarbital (2270) Secobarbital (2315) Glutethimide (2550) Nabilone (7379) Phencyclidine (7471) Cocaine (9041) Codeine (9050) Diprenorphine (9058) Oxycodone (9143) Hydromorphone (9150) Diphenoxylate (9170) Ecgonine (9180) Ethylmorphine (9190) Hydrocodone (9193) Levorphanol (9220) Meperidine (9230)	Schedule
Methadone (9250) Dextropropoxyphene, bulk (non-	II
dosage forms) (9273) Morphine (9300) Thebaine (9333) Opium powdered (9639) Oxymorphone (9652) Fentanyl (9801)	

The company plans to import the listed controlled substances for sale to research facilities for drug testing and analysis.

Any bulk manufacturer who is presently, or is applying to be, registered with DEA to manufacture such basic classes of controlled substances may file comments or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration and may, at the same time, file a written request for a hearing on such application pursuant to 21 CFR 1301.43 and in such form as prescribed by 21 CFR 1316.47.

Any such written comments or objections being sent via regular mail should be addressed, in quintuplicate, to the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, Washington, D.C. 20537, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative/ODL; or any being sent via express mail should be sent to DEA Headquarters, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative/ODL, 2401 Jefferson-Davis Highway, Alexandria, Virginia 22301; and must be filed no later than March 29, 2007.

filed no later than March 29, 2007.

This procedure is to be conducted simultaneously with and independent of the procedures described in 21 CFR 1301.34(b), (c), (d), (e) and (f). As noted in a previous notice published in the **Federal Register** on September 23, 1975, (40 FR 43745–46), all applicants for registration to import a basic classes of any controlled substances listed in schedule I or II are, and will continue

to be required to demonstrate to the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, that the requirements for such registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 958(a), 21 U.S.C. 823(a), and 21 CFR 1301.34(b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) are satisfied.

Dated: February 16, 2007.

Joseph T. Rannazzisi,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.

[FR Doc. E7–3297 Filed 2–26–07; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–09–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-60,837]

Bright Horizons/MSX/Norfolk Assembly Plant, a/k/a Ford Family Service & Learning Center, Norfolk, VA; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, an investigation was initiated on January 26, 2007, in response to a worker petition filed on behalf of workers at Bright Horizons/MSX/Norfolk Assembly Plant, Norfolk, Virginia.

The petitioners have requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 15th day of February, 2007.

Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7-3277 Filed 2-26-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-FN-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA–W) number and alternative trade adjustment assistance (ATAA) by (TA–W) number issued during the

period of January 12 through January 16, 2007.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for workers of a primary firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(a) of the Act must be met.

- I. Section (a)(2)(A) all of the following must be satisfied:
- A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;
- B. The sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely; and
- C. Increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have contributed importantly to such workers' separation or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or
- II. Section (a)(2)(B) both of the following must be satisfied:
- A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;
- B. There has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to a foreign country of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by such firm or subdivision; and
- C. One of the following must be satisfied:
- The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles is a party to a free trade agreement with the United States;
- 2. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles to a beneficiary country under the Andean Trade Preference Act, African Growth and Opportunity Act, or the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act; or
- 3. There has been or is likely to be an increase in imports of articles that are like or directly competitive with articles which are or were produced by such firm or subdivision.

Also, in order for an affirmative determination to be made for secondarily affected workers of a firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(b) of the Act must be met.

- (1) Significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;
- (2) The workers' firm (or subdivision) is a supplier or downstream producer to a firm (or subdivision) that employed a group of workers who received a certification of eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance benefits and such supply or production is related to the article that was the basis for such certification; and
 - (3) Either—
- (A) the workers' firm is a supplier and the component parts it supplied for the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) accounted for at least 20 percent of the production or sales of the workers' firm; or
- (B) a loss or business by the workers' firm with the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance to issue a certification of eligibility to apply for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance (ATAA) for older workers, the group eligibility requirements of Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act must be met.

- 1. Whether a significant number of workers in the workers' firm are 50 years of age or older.
- 2. Whether the workers in the workers' firm possess skills that are not easily transferable.
- 3. The competitive conditions within the workers' industry (i.e., conditions within the industry are adverse).

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-60,557; Burley Design, LLC, Bicycles, Eugene, OR: December 6, 2005.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-60,909; Kree Technologies USA, Plattsburgh, NY: February 5, 2006.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section

222(b) (supplier to a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (downstream producer for a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA based on increased imports from or a shift in production to Mexico or Canada) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

- TA-W-60,755; Illinois Tool Workers (ITW) Paslode, Nail Unit, Portage, WI: January 11, 2006.
- TA-W-60,762; Specialty Filaments, Inc., A Subsidiary of Capital Resource Partners, Middlebury, VT: January 11, 2006.
- TA-W-60,773; Klaussner Furniture Industries, Inc., Plant #3—220 Business South, Asheboro, NC: January 16, 2006.
- TA-W-60,828; Stimson Lumber Company, Libby Fingerjoint Plant, Libby, MT: January 24, 2006.
- TA-W-60,672; Affordable Upholstery LLC, Maynardville, TN: December 24, 2005.
- TA-W-60,709; Carauster Custom Packaging Group, Inc., Austell, GA: December 20, 2005.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

- TA-W-60,557C; Burley Design, LLC, Sewn Products, Eugene, OR: December 6, 2005.
- TA-W-60,819; Enhanced Manufacturing Solutions, Formerly Known as Viking New Castle, LLC, New Castle, IN: January 15, 2006.
- TA-W-60,820; Spencerville Metal Systems, Formerly Trim Trends Co Ohio, Inc., Spencerville, OH: January 9, 2006.
- TA-W-60,861; Elastic Corporation of America, Inc., Columbiana, AL: August 20, 2006.

- TA-W-60,896; Merck and Company, Flint River Plant, Albany, GA: February 1, 2006.
- TA-W-60,915; Hanes Menswear, Hanes Menswear—Ponce Division, Ponce, PR: January 29, 2006.
- TA-W-60,699; Filtronic Comtek, Inc., Salisbury, MD: January 3, 2006.
- TA-W-60,927; IMI Cornelius, Inc., Mason City, IA: February 7, 2006.
- TA-W-60,932; North Star Yachts, LLC, North Sea Yachts, Express Personnel Service, Anderson, Kalama, WA: February 6, 2006.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (supplier to a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

TA-W-60,556; Hitachi Electronic Devices (USA), Inc., Action Staffing, Greenville, SC: November 25, 2006.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(b) (downstream producer for a firm whose workers are certified eligible to apply for TAA based on increased imports from or a shift in production to Mexico or Canada) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

Negative Determinations for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, it has been determined that the requirements of 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) have not been met for the reasons specified.

The Department has determined that criterion (1) of Section 246 has not been met. Workers at the firm are 50 years of age or older.

- TA-W-60,557; Burley Design, LLC, Bicycles, Eugene, OR: December 6, 2005.
- TA-W-60,909; Kree Technologies USA, Plattsburgh, NY: February 5, 2006.

The Department has determined that criterion (2) of Section 246 has not been met. Workers at the firm possess skills that are easily transferable.

None.

The Department has determined that criterion (3) of Section 246 has not been met. Competition conditions within the workers' industry are not adverse.

Name

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the eligibility criteria for worker adjustment assistance have not been met for the reasons specified.

Because the workers of the firm are not eligible to apply for TAA, the workers cannot be certified eligible for ATAA.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.A.) and (a)(2)(B)(II.A.) (employment decline) have not been met.

TA-W-60,557A; Burley Design, LLC, Bicycle Trailers, Eugene, OR. TA-W-60,557B; Burley Design, LLC, Jog Strollers, Eugene, OR.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.B.) (Sales or production, or both, did not decline) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met. TA-W-60,822; Shiloh Industries, Parma, OH.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.C.) (increased imports) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

TA-W-60,715; Conair Group, Inc. (The), International Plastics Equipment Group, Inc., Franklin, PA.

TA-W-60,740; Classic Picture Company, Inc., Dallas, TX.

TA-W-60,393; R R Donnelley Premedia Technologies, Warsaw Premedia Center, Warsaw, IN.

TA-W-60,760; Ahlstrom Corp., LLC, Mt. Holly Springs, PA.

The investigation revealed that the predominate cause of worker separations is unrelated to criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.C.) (increased imports) and (a)(2)(B)(II.C) (shift in production to a foreign country under a free trade agreement or a beneficiary country under a preferential trade agreement, or there has been or is likely to be an increase in imports).

None.

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA-W-60,753; Cerf Brothers Bag Company, Earth City, MO.

TA-W-60,920; Allied Systems, Ltd., Chesapeake, VA.

TA-W-60,938; Plastron Industries, Bensenville, IL.

The investigation revealed that criteria of Section 222(b)(2) has not been met. The workers' firm (or subdivision) is not a supplier to or a downstream producer for a firm whose workers were certified eligible to apply for TAA.

None:

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the period of January 12 through January 16, 2007. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C–5311, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: February 21, 2007.

Ralph DiBattista,

Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–3275 Filed 2–26–07; 8:45 am]
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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-60,786]

Hanes Brands, Inc., a/k/a Hanes Menswear, Ponce, PR; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on January 18, 2007 in response to a worker petition filed by a company official on behalf of workers at Hanes Menswear, a/k/a Hanes Brands, Inc., Ponce, Puerto Rico.

The petitioning group of workers is covered by an active certification, (TA–W–60,915), which expires on February 13, 2009. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC this 13th day of February, 2007.

Richard Church,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. E7–3276 Filed 2–26–07; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-FN-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Investigations Regarding Certifications of Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

Petitions have been filed with the Secretary of Labor under Section 221(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 ("the Act") and are identified in the Appendix to this notice. Upon receipt of these petitions, the Director of the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, has instituted investigations pursuant to Section 221(a) of the Act.

The purpose of each of the investigations is to determine whether