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Joan E. Ohl,

Commissioner, Administration on Children,  
Youth and Families.

[FR Doc. 06-7364 Filed 8-30-06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4184-01-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Food and Drug Administration

#### Anti-Infective Drugs Advisory Committee Meeting; Amendment of Notice

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration,  
HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing an amendment to the notice of a meeting of the Anti-Infective Drugs Advisory Committee. This meeting was announced in the **Federal Register** of July 25, 2006 (71 FR 42096). The amendment is being made to reflect a change in the *Date and Time* and *Agenda* portions of the document. The meeting scheduled for September 11, 2006, has been cancelled. There are no other changes.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Sohail Mosaddegh, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (HFD-21), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane (for express delivery, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1093), Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-7001, FAX: 301-827-6776, e-mail: [sohail.mosaddegh@fda.hhs.gov](mailto:sohail.mosaddegh@fda.hhs.gov), or FDA Advisory Committee Information Line, 1-800-741-8138 (301-443-0572 in the Washington DC area), code 3014512530. Please call the Information Line for up-to-date information on this meeting.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In the **Federal Register** of July 25, 2006 (71 FR 42096), FDA announced that a meeting of the Anti-Infective Drugs would be held on September 11 and 12, 2006. On page 42096, in the second column, the *Date and Time* portion of the meeting is amended to read as follows:

*Date and Time:* The meeting will held on September 12, 2006, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

On page 42096, third column, the *Agenda* portion of the meeting is amended to read as follows:

*Agenda:* On September 12, 2006, the committee will discuss supplemental

new drug application (sNDA) 21-158/S-006, FACTIVE (gemifloxacin mesylate) Tablets, submitted by Oscient Pharmaceuticals Corp., for the proposed treatment of acute bacterial sinusitis.

This notice is issued under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. app. 2) and 21 CFR part 14, relating to advisory committees.

Dated: August 25, 2006.

Randall W. Lutter,

Associate Commissioner for Policy and Planning.

[FR Doc. 06-7310 Filed 8-30-06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### National Institutes of Health

#### Proposed Data Collection; Comment Request; California Health Interview Survey 2007

**SUMMARY:** In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, National Cancer Institute (NCI), the National Institute of Health (NIH) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects to be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval.

The first California Health Interview Survey (CHIS) Cancer Control Module (CCM) took place in 2001 (2000 CHIS CCM, OMB No. 0925-0478, **Federal Register**, May 8, 2000, Vol. 65, No. 89, p. 26620). The second survey took place in 2003 (2003 CHIS CCM, OMB No. 0925-0518, **Federal Register**, October 3, 2002, Volume 67, No. 192, pp. 62067-62068) and the third in 2005 (2005 CHIS CCM, OMB No. 0925-0000, **Federal Register**, Vol. 69, No. 150, Aug. 5, 2004, pp. 47450-47451, and **Federal Register**, Vol. 70, No. 1, Jan. 3, 2005, pp. 93-94).

#### Proposed Collection

*Title:* California Health Interview Survey (CHIS) 2007 Cancer Control Module (CCM). *Type of Information Collection Request:* New. *Need and Use of Information Collection:* The NCI has sponsored three Cancer Control Modules in the California Health Interview Survey (CHIS), and will be sponsoring a fourth to be administered in 2007.

The CHIS is a telephone survey designed to provide population-based,

standardized health-related data to assess California's progress in meeting Healthy People 2010 objectives for the nation and the state. The CHIS sample is designed to provide statistically reliable estimates statewide, for California counties, and for California's ethnically and racially diverse population. Initiated by the UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, the California Department of Health Services, and the California Public Health Institute, the survey is funded by a number of public and private sources. It was first administered in 2001 to 55,428 adults and subsequently in 2003 and 2005 to 42,043 and 43,020 adults respectively. These adults are a representative sample of California's non-institutionalized population living in households.

CHIS 2007, the fourth bi-annual survey, is planned for administration to 55,000 adult Californians. The cancer control module, which is similar to that administered in CHIS 2001, CHIS 2003, and CHIS 2005, will allow NCI to examine trends in breast cancer screening and diagnosis, as well as to study other cancer-related topics such as diet, physical activity, and obesity.

Because California is the most populous and the most racially and ethnically diverse state in the nation, the CHIS 2007 sample will yield adequate numbers of respondents in key ethnic and racial groups, including African Americans, Latinos, Asians, and American Indian/Alaska Natives. The Latino group will include large numbers of respondents in the Mexican, Central American, South American, and other Latino subgroups; the Asian group will include large numbers of respondents in the Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Vietnamese, and Korean subgroups. NCI will compare the CHIS and National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) data in order to conduct comparative analyses and better estimate cancer risk factors and screening among racial/ethnic minority populations. The CHIS sample size also permits NCI to create estimates for ethnic subdomains of the population, for which NHIS has insufficient numbers for analysis.

*Frequency of Response:* One-time. *Affected public:* Individuals or households. *Types of Respondents:* U.S. adults (persons 18 years of age and older).

The annual reporting burden is as follows.

TABLE A.—ANNUALIZED BURDEN ESTIMATES FOR CHIS 2007 DATA COLLECTION

Data collection	Estimated number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average time per response	Annual hour burden
(1) Pilot Test Adult Demographics .....	150	1	.07	11
CCM .....	150	1	.03	5
(2) Full Survey Adult Demographics .....	55,000	1	.07	3,850
CCM .....	55,000	1	.03	1,650
Totals .....	55,150	1	.1	5,516

There are no Capital Costs to report. There are no Operating or Maintenance Costs to report.

**Request for Comments:** Written comments and/or suggestions from the public and affected agencies are invited on one or more of the following points: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proposed performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (2) The accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, contact Nancy Breen, Ph.D., Project Officer, National Cancer Institute, EPN 4005, 6130 Executive Boulevard MSC 7344, Bethesda, Maryland 20852-7344, or call non-toll free number 301-496-8500 or FAX your request, including your address to [breenn@mail.nih.gov](mailto:breenn@mail.nih.gov).

**Comments Due Date:** Comments regarding this information collection are best assured of having their full effect if received within 60 days of this publication.

Dated: August 24, 2006.

**Rachelle Ragland-Greene,**

*NCI Project Clearance Liaison, National Institutes of Health.*

[FR Doc. 06-7328 Filed 8-30-06; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4140-01-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### National Institutes of Health

#### Government-Owned Inventions; Availability for Licensing

**AGENCY:** National Institutes of Health, Public Health Service, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The inventions listed below are owned by an agency of the U.S. Government and are available for licensing in the U.S. in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 207 to achieve expeditious commercialization of results of federally funded research and development. Foreign patent applications are filed on selected inventions to extend market coverage for companies and may also be available for licensing.

**ADDRESSES:** Licensing information and copies of the U.S. patent applications listed below may be obtained by writing to the indicated licensing contact at the Office of Technology Transfer, National Institutes of Health, 6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325, Rockville, Maryland 20852-3804; telephone: 301/496-7057; fax: 301/402-0220. A signed Confidential Disclosure Agreement will be required to receive copies of the patent applications.

#### Novel Acylthiol Compositions and Methods of Making and Using Them

**Description of Technology:** This invention provides a novel family of acylthiols and uses thereof. More specifically, this invention provides effective inhibitors of HIV that selectively target its highly conserved nucleocapsid protein (NCp7) by interacting with metal chelating structures of a zinc finger-containing protein. Because of the mutationally intolerant nature of NCp7, drug resistance is much less likely to occur with compounds attacking this target. In addition, these drugs should inactivate all types and strains of HIV and could also inactivate other retroviruses, since most retroviruses share one or two

highly conserved zinc fingers that have the CCHC motif of the HIV Ncp7. Finally, this invention could be very useful for the large-scale practical synthesis of HIV inhibitors, because these compounds can be prepared by using inexpensive starting materials and facile reactions. Thus, it opens the possibility that an effective drug treatment for HIV could be made available to much larger populations. These thioesters may also be used as an active component in topical applications that serve as a barrier to HIV infection.

**Inventors:** John K. Inman (NIAID), Atul Goel (NCI), Ettore Appella (NCI), James A. Turpin (NIAID), Marco Schito (NCI).

#### Publications:

1. ML Schito, A Goel, Y Song, JK Inman, RJ Fattah, WG Rice, JA Turpin, A Sher, E Appella. In vitro antiviral activity of novel human immunodeficiency virus type 1 nucleocapsid p7 zinc finger inhibitors in a transgenic murine model. *AIDS Res Hum Retroviruses*. 2003 Feb;19(2):91-101.

2. P Srivastava, M Schito, RJ Fattah, T Hara, T Hartman, RW Buckheit Jr, JA Turpin, JK Inman, E Appella. Optimization of unique, uncharged thioesters as inhibitors of HIV replication. *Bioorg Med Chem*. 2004 Dec 15;12(24):6437-6450.

3. LM Jenkins, JC Byrd, T Hara, P Srivastava, SJ Mazu, SJ Stahl, JK Inman, E Appella, JG Omichinski, P Legault. Studies on the mechanism of inactivation of the HIV-1 nucleocapsid protein NCp7 with 2-mercaptobenzamide thioesters. *J Med Chem*. 2005 Apr 21;48(8):2847-2858.

4. V Basrur, Y Song, SJ Mazur, Y Higashimoto, JA Turpin, WG Rice, JK Inman, E Appella. Inactivation of HIV-1 nucleocapsid protein P7 by pyridinioalkanoyl thioesters. Characterization of reaction products and proposed mechanism of action. *J Biol Chem*. 2000 May 19;275(20):14890-14897.

5. JA Turpin, Y Song, JK Inman, M Huang, A Wallqvist, A Maynard, DG