

ground water, the aggregate exposure is not expected to exceed 100% of the cPAD. Additionally, all MOEs for short-term risk are below the level of concern. Thus, based on the completeness and reliability of the toxicity data and the moderately refined exposure assessment, it is concluded that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to the U.S. population from short-term or chronic aggregate exposures to spinosad residues from current and proposed uses.

2. *Infants and children.* FFDCA section 408 provides that EPA may apply an additional safety factor for infants and children in the case of threshold effects to account for prenatal and postnatal toxicity and the completeness of the data base. Based on the current toxicological data requirements, the data base for spinosad relative to prenatal and postnatal effects for children is complete. Furthermore, the NOAELs in the dog chronic feeding study which were used to calculate the RfD of 0.027 mg/kg/day are already lower than the NOAELs from the developmental studies in rats and rabbits by a factor of more than 10-fold. In the reproductive study in rats, the pup effects shown at the highest dose tested were attributed to the maternal toxicity. Also, no neurotoxic signs have been observed in any of the standard required studies conducted. Therefore, it is concluded that there is no indication of increased sensitivity of infants and children relative to adults and that an additional Food Quality Protection Act (FQPA) safety factor is not required.

Chronic dietary exposure to residues of spinosad from the new uses proposed in this notice was estimated to increase the EPA risk estimate by approximately 19% for children 1–2 years old, the population subgroup predicted to be most highly exposed. After calculating the chronic DWLOCs and comparing them to the EECs for surface water and ground water, the aggregate exposure is not expected to exceed 100% of the cPAD.

Thus, based on the completeness and reliability of the toxicity data and the moderately refined exposure assessment, it is concluded that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to infants and children from short-term and chronic aggregate exposures to spinosad residues from current and proposed uses.

#### *F. International Tolerances*

In 2003, Codex Alimentarius Commission adopted 29 new maximum residue levels (MRLs) for spinosad and included cotton, almonds, corn, and

several fruits and vegetables, as well as animal commodities.

[FR Doc. 05–13977 Filed 7–19–05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–S

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

### Public Information Collections Approved by Office of Management and Budget

July 5, 2005.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has received Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for the following public information collections pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Dana Jackson, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington DC 20554, (202) 418–2247 or via the Internet at [Dana.Jackson@fcc.gov](mailto:Dana.Jackson@fcc.gov).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control No.: 3060–0717.

OMB Approval date: 6/28/2005.

Expiration Date: 6/30/2008.

Title: Billed Party Preference for InterLATA 0+ Calls, CC Docket No. 92–77, 47 CFR 64.703(a), 64.709, and 64.710.

Form No.: N/A.

Estimated Annual Burden: 54,375,330 responses; 30 seconds to 50 hours average per response; 477,185 hours.

Total Annual Cost: \$216,150.

Needs and Uses: Pursuant to 47 CFR 64.703(a), Operator Service Providers (OSPs) are required to disclose, audibly and distinctly to the consumer, at no charge and before connecting any interstate call, how to obtain rate quotations, including any applicable surcharges. 47 CFR 64.709 codifies the requirements for OSP's to file informational tariffs with the Commission. 47 CFR 64.710, among other things, requires providers of interstate operator services to inmates at correctional institutions to identify themselves, audibly and distinctly, to the party to be billed.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Marlene H. Dortch,**

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 05–13862 Filed 7–19–05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

### Public Information Collection Approved By the Office of Management and Budget

July 11, 2005.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has received Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for the following public information collection pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), Public Law 104–13, 109 Stat 163 (1995). An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the PRA that does not display a valid control number.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For additional information or questions concerning the OMB control number and expiration date should be directed to Evan Baranoff, Kenneth Lewis or Eloise Gore, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554, (202) 418–2120 or via the Internet to [Evan.Baranoff@fcc.gov](mailto:Evan.Baranoff@fcc.gov), [Kenneth.Lewis@fcc.gov](mailto:Kenneth.Lewis@fcc.gov) or [Eloise.Gore@fcc.gov](mailto:Eloise.Gore@fcc.gov).

OMB Control Number: 3060–0311.

OMB Approval Date: 5/25/05.

OMB Expiration Date: 5/31/08.

Title: 47 CFR 76.54, Significantly Viewed Signals; Method to be followed for Special Showings.

Form Number: Not applicable.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit entities.

Number of Respondents: 500.

Estimated Time Per Response: 1–15 hours.

Total Annual Burden: 20,610 hours.

Total Annual Costs: \$200,000.

Needs and Uses: 47 CFR 76.54(b) provides for cable operators and broadcast stations seeking cable carriage of “significantly viewed” signals to use the Section 76.7 petition process to demonstrate “significantly viewed” status on a community basis by independent professional audience surveys. The proposed rule changes, if adopted, would require satellite carriers or broadcast stations seeking satellite carriage of “significantly viewed” signals to use the same petition process now in place for cable operators, as required by 47 CFR sections 76.5, 76.7 and 76.54 of the FCC's rules.

47 CFR 76.54(c) is used to notify interested parties, including licensees or permittees of television broadcast

stations, about independent professional audience surveys that are being conducted by an organization to demonstrate that a particular broadcast station is eligible for significantly viewed status under the Commission's rules. The notifications provide interested parties with an opportunity to review survey methodologies and file objections. The proposed § 76.54(c) retains the existing notification requirement, but, if adopted, would increase the potential number of parties that would file such notifications.

47 CFR 76.54(d) provides for cable operators and broadcast stations seeking cable carriage of "significantly viewed" signals to use the Section 76.7 petition process to demonstrate "significantly viewed" status on. The proposed rule changes if adopted, would expand use of the Section 76.7 petition process to include petitions filed by satellite carriers or broadcast stations seeking satellite carriage of "significantly viewed" signals.

47 CFR 76.54(e) and (f) are proposed additions to the rule. If adopted, these rules would be used to notify television broadcast stations about the retransmission of significantly viewed signals by a satellite carrier into these stations' local market.

*OMB Control Number:* 3060-0888.

*OMB Approval Date:* 5/25/05.

*OMB Expiration Date:* 5/31/08.

*Title:* Section 76.7, Petition Procedures; Section 76.9, Confidentiality of Proprietary Information; Section 76.61, Dispute Concerning Carriage; Section 76.914, Revocation of Certification; Section 76.1003, Program Access Proceedings; Section 76.1302, Carriage Agreement Proceedings; Section 76.1513, Open Video Dispute Resolution.

*Form Number:* Not applicable.

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit entities.

*Number of Respondents:* 500.

*Estimated Time Per Response:* 4–60 hours.

*Total Annual Burden:* 16,000 hours.

*Total Annual Costs:* \$200,000.

*Needs and Uses:* 47 CFR 76.7 is used to make determinations on petitions and complaints filed with the Commission. The rule is used for numerous types of petitions and special relief petitions, including general petitions seeking special relief, waivers, enforcement, show cause, forfeiture and declaratory ruling procedures. The proposed rule changes would expand use of the Section 76.7 petition process to include the filing of complaints under the Section 340 of the Act enforcement provisions. Thus, if adopted, the

proposed rule changes would expand the potential number of parties and situations that may require the filing of § 76.7 petitions.

*OMB Control Number:* 3060-0960.

*OMB Approval Date:* 5/25/05.

*OMB Expiration Date:* 5/31/08.

*Title:* 47 CFR 76.122, Satellite Network Non-duplication Protection Rules; 47 CFR 76.123, Satellite Syndicated Program Exclusivity Rules; 47 CFR 76.124, Requirements for Invocation of Non-duplication and Syndicated Exclusivity Protection; 47 CFR 76.127, Satellite Sports Blackout Rules.

*Form Number:* Not applicable.

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit entities.

*Number of Respondents:* 1,428.

*Estimated Time Per Response:* 0.5–1 hour.

*Total Annual Burden:* 12,402 hours.

*Total Annual Costs:* None.

*Needs and Uses:* 47 CFR 76.122, 76.123, 76.124 and 76.127 are used to protect exclusive contract rights negotiated between broadcasters, distributors, and rights holders for the transmission of network, syndicated, and sports programming in the broadcasters' recognized market areas. The proposed rule changes to §§ 76.122 and 76.123, if adopted, would implement statutory requirements to provide new rights for in-market stations to assert nonduplication and exclusivity rights, potentially increasing the number of filings pursuant to these rules. No changes to §§ 76.124 and 76.127 are proposed.

*OMB Control Number:* 3060-0980.

*OMB Approval Date:* 6/14/05.

*OMB Expiration Date:* 6/30/08.

*Title:* SHVERA Rules; Implementation of Section 210 of the Satellite Home Viewer Extension and Reauthorization Act of 2004 (Broadcast Signal Carriage Issues, Retransmission Consent Issues).

*Form Number:* Not applicable.

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit entities.

*Number of Respondents:* 7,179.

*Estimated Time Per Response:* 1–5 hours.

*Total Annual Costs:* \$30,000.

*Needs and Uses:* On April 29, 2005, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rule Making (NPRM), *In the Matter of the Implementation of Section 210 of the Satellite Home Viewer Extension and Reauthorization Act of 2004 to Amend Section 338 of the Communications Act*, MB Docket No. 05-181, FCC 05-92. The NPRM proposed amendments to 47 CFR 76.66 to implement section 210 of the Satellite Home Viewer Extension and

Reauthorization Act of 2004 ("SHVERA"). Section 210 of the SHVERA amends section 338(a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, ("Communications Act" or "Act"). Section 338 governs the carriage of local television broadcast stations by satellite carriers. In general, the SHVERA amends this section to require satellite carriers to carry both the analog and digital signals of television broadcast stations in local markets in noncontiguous States (including Alaska and Hawaii), and to provide these signals to substantially all of their subscribers in each station's local market by December 8, 2005 for analog signals and by June 8, 2007 for digital signals.

On March 28, 2005, the Commission adopted an Order, FCC 05-81, Implementation of the Satellite Home Viewer Extension and Reauthorization Act of 2004 ("SHVERA"), Procedural Rules, to implement procedural rules as required by the SHVERA. The SHVERA is the third statute that addresses satellite carriage of television broadcast stations. The 2004 SHVERA gives satellite carriers the additional option to carry Commission-determined "significantly viewed" out-of-market signals to subscribers. The SHVERA requires the Commission to undertake several proceedings to implement new rules, revise existing rules, and conduct studies. The Procedural Rules Order to implement sections 202, 205, and 209 of the SHVERA is one of a number of Commission proceedings that will be required to implement the SHVERA.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Marlene H. Dortch,**

*Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 05-14176 Filed 7-19-05; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6712-01-P**

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

### Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Being Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval

July 12, 2005.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Communications Commissions, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to