International Trade Commission ("Commission") that revocation of these antidumping duty orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, the Department is publishing notice of the continuation of the antidumping duty orders on stainless steel wire rod ("SSWR") from Italy, Japan, Korea, Spain, Sweden, and Taiwan.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 13, 2004. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Hilary E. Sadler, Esq., Office of Policy, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–5050 or 482–4340.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 1, 2003, the Department initiated ¹ and the Commission instituted sunset reviews of the antidumping duty orders on SSWR from Italy, Japan, Korea, Spain, Sweden, and Taiwan pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("Act"). As a result of its review, the Department found that revocation of the antidumping duty orders would be likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and notified the Commission of the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail were the orders to be revoked.²

On July 28, 2004, the Commission determined, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on SSWR from Italy, Japan, Korea, Spain, Sweden, and Taiwan would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time. See SSWR from Italy, Japan, Korea, Spain, Sweden, and Taiwan, 69

FR 45077 (July 28, 2004), USITC Publication 3702 (July 2004) (Investigation No. 731–TA–770 (Review)).

Scope of the Orders

For purposes of these reviews, the product covered is stainless steel wire rod ("SSWR" or "subject merchandise"). SSWR comprises products that are hot-rolled or hot-rolled annealed and/or pickled and/or descaled rounds, squares, octagons, hexagons, or other shapes, in coils, that may also be coated with a lubricant containing copper, lime, or oxalate. SSWR is made of alloy steels containing, by weight, 1.2 percent or less of carbon and 10.5 percent or more of chromium, with or without other elements. These products are manufactured only by hot-rolling or hotrolling, annealing, and/or pickling and/ or descaling, and are normally sold in coiled form, and are of solid crosssection. The majority of SSWR sold in the United States is round in crosssectional shape, annealed and pickled, and later cold-finished into stainless steel wire or small-diameter bar. The most common size for such products is 5.5 millimeters or 0.217 inches in diameter, which represents the smallest size that normally is produced on a rolling mill and is the size that most wire drawing machines are set up to draw. The range of SSWR sizes normally sold in the United States is between 0.20 inches and 1.312 inches in diameter. Two stainless steel grades, SF20T and K-M35FL, are excluded from the scope of the orders. The percentages of chemical makeup for the excluded grades are as follows:

SF20T:	
Carbon	0.05 max
Manganese	2.00 max
Phosphorous	0.05 max
Sulfur	0.15 max
Silicon	1.00 max
Chromium	19.00/21.00
Molybdenum	1.50/2.50
Lead	added (0.10/0.30)
Tellurium	added (0.03 min)

K-M35FL:

The products covered by these orders are currently classifiable under subheadings 7221.00.0005,

7221.00.0015, 7221.00.0030, 7221.00.0045, and 7221.00.0075 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of these orders is dispositive.

Determination

As a result of the determinations by the Department and the Commission that revocation of these antidumping duty orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act, the Department hereby orders the continuation of the antidumping duty orders on SSWR from Italy, Japan, Korea, Spain, Sweden, and Taiwan.

The Department will continue to instruct Customs and Border Protection to collect antidumping duty deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) of the Act, the Department intends to initiate the next five-year review of these antidumping orders not later than July 2009.

Dated: August 5, 2004.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 04–18546 Filed 8–12–04; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P**

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

North American Free-Trade Agreement, Article 1904 NAFTA Panel Reviews; Notice of Completion of Panel Review

AGENCY: NAFTA Secretariat, United States Section, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Completion of Panel Review of the final remand determination made by the U.S. International Trade Administration, in the matter of Circular Welded Non-Alloy Steel Pipe from Mexico, Secretariat File No. USA/MEX-98-1904-05.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Order of the Binational Panel dated July 6, 2004, affirming the final remand determination described above was completed on July 6, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Caratina L. Alston, United States

 $^{^{1}\,}See$ Initiation of Five-Year ("Sunset") Reviews, 68 FR 45219 (August 1, 2003).

² See SSWR from Italy: Final Results of the Sunset Review of Antidumping Duty Order, 68 FR 68862 (December 10, 2003); SSWR from Italy; Final Results of the Sunset Review of Countervailing Duty Order, 69 FR 40354 (July 2, 2004); SSWR from Japan; Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review of Antidumping Duty Order, 68 FR 68864 (December 10, 2003); SSWR from South Korea; Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review of Antidumping Duty Order, 68 FR 68863 (December 10, 2003); SSWR from Spain; Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review of Antidumping Duty Order, 68 FR 68866 (December 10, 2003); SSWR from Sweden; Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review of Antidumping Duty Order, 68 FR 68860 (December 10, 2003); SSWR from Taiwan; Final Results of the Sunset Review of Antidumping Duty Order, 68 FR 68865 (December 10, 2003) (collectively "Department's Final Results").

Secretary, NAFTA Secretariat, Suite 2061, 14th and Constitution Avenue, Washington, DC 20230, (202) 482-5438. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On July 6. 2004, the Binational Panel issued an order which affirmed the final remand determination of the United States International Trade Administration ("ITA") concerning Circular Welded Non-Alloy Steel Pipe from Mexico. The Secretariat was instructed to issue a Notice of Completion of Panel Review on the 31st day following the issuance of the Notice of Final Panel Action, if no request for an Extraordinary Challenge was filed. No such request was filed. Therefore, on the basis of the Panel Order and Rule 80 of the Article 1904 Panel Rules, the Panel Review was completed and the panelists discharged from their duties effective August 6,

Dated: August 6, 2004.

Caratina L. Alston,

2004.

United States Secretary, NAFTA Secretariat. [FR Doc. 04–18495 Filed 8–12–04; 8:45 am BILLING CODE 3510–GT–P

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Wool and Man-Made Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Bulgaria

August 10, 2004.

AGENCY: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Issuing a directive to the Commissioner, Bureau of Customs and Border Protection adjusting limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 13, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Naomi Freeman, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port, call (202) 927–5850, or refer to the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection Web site at http://www.cbp.gov. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, refer to the Office of Textiles and Apparel Web site at http://otexa.ita.doc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended.

The current limits for certain categories are being adjusted for swing and carryover.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 69 FR 4926, published on February 2, 2004). Also see 68 FR 60922, published on October 24, 2003.

James C. Leonard III

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

August 10, 2004.

Commissioner,

Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on October 20, 2003, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain wool and manmade fiber textile products, produced or manufactured in Bulgaria and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 2004 and extends through December 31, 2004.

Effective on August 13, 2004, you are directed to adjust the current limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit 1
410/624	4,538,075 square meters of which not more than 931,399 square meters shall be in Category 410. 33,340 dozen.
430	33,340 duzen.

¹The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 2003.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,
James C. Leonard III,
Chairman, Committee for the
Implementation of Textile Agreements.
[FR Doc. 04–18528 Filed 8–12–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton, Wool, Man-Made Fiber, Silk Blend and Other Vegetable Fiber Textiles and Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Thailand

August 10, 2004.

AGENCY: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Issuing a directive to the Commissioner, Bureau of Customs and Border Protection adjusting limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 16, 2004. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ross Arnold, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port, call (202) 927-5850, or refer to the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection Web site at http://www.cbp.gov. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, refer to the Office of Textiles and Apparel Web site at http:// otexa.ita.doc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended.

The current limits for certain categories are being adjusted for swing, carryover, and the recrediting of unused carryforward.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 69 FR 4926, published on February 2, 2004). Also see 68 FR 60923, published on October 24, 2003.

James C. Leonard III,

 ${\it Chairman, Committee for the Implementation} \\ of {\it Textile Agreements}.$

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

August 10, 2004.

Commissioner,

Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, Washington, DC 20229

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on October 20, 2003, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool,