Arlington County

Arlington Village Historic District, S 13th St., S 13 Rd., S 16th St., S Barton S., S. Cleveland St. and Edgewood St., Arlington, 03000215.

Dinwiddie County

- Butterwood Methodist Church and Butterwood Cemetery, VA 40, Blackstone, 03000213.
- Stony Creek Plantation, VA 624, De Witt, 03000212.

Gloucester County

- Cappahosic House, 3198 Cappahosic Rd., Gloucester, 03000211.
- Lynchburg Independent City Rivermont Historic District, Rivermont Ave, Lynchburg (Independent City), 03000224.

Mecklenburg County

- Cedar Grove, (Archeological Sites within the John H. Kerr Reservoir Area), Address Restricted, Clarksville, 03000217.
- Garrett Woods—Complex #1, (Archeological Sites within the John H. Kerr Reservoir Area), Address Restricted, Clarksville, 03000218.
- Garrett Woods—Complex #2, (Archeological Sites within the John H. Kerr Reservoir Area), Address Restricted, Clarksville, 03000219.
- Garrett Woods—Complex #3, (Archeological Sites within the John H. Kerr Reservoir Area), Address Restricted, Clarksville, 03000220.
- Ivy Hill Plantation—Samuel Tarry Plantation, (Archeological Sites within the John H. Kerr Reservoir Area), Address Restricted, Clarksville, 03000222.
- Newman Point, (Archeological Sites within the John H. Kerr Reservoir Area), Address Restricted, Boydton, 03000221.
- Occoneechee Plantation, (Archeological Sites within the John H. Kerr Reservoir Area), Address Restricted, Clarkesville, 03000223.
- Rudd Branch Ridge—Complexes #3 and #4, (Archeological Sites within the John H. Kerr Reservoir Area), Address Restricted, Boydton, 03000216.

Powhatan County

Mosby Tavern, 2625 Old Tavern Rd., Powhatan, 03000214.

Prince George County

Chester Plantation, 8401 Golf Course Dr., Disputanta, 03000208.

Warren County

Front Royal Historic District, Irregular district around E and W Main St., and S Royal Ave., Front Royal, 03000209.

Wisconsin

Waukesha County

- Saylesville Historic District, Saylesville Rd. From Genesee Creek to Point Dr., Genesee, 03000225.
- [FR Doc. 03–6201 Filed 3–13–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations

Nominations for the following properties being considered for listing in the National Register were received by the National Park Service before February 8, 2003. Pursuant to section 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60 written comments concerning the significance of these properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation may be forwarded by United States Postal Service, to the National Register Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C St., NW., 2280, Washington, DC 20240; by all other carriers, National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1201 Eye St., NW., 8th floor, Washington DC 20005; or by fax, 202-343–1836. Written or faxed comments should be submitted by March 31, 2003.

Carol D. Shull,

Keeper of the National Register of Historic Places.

Alaska

Lake and Peninsula Borough-Census Area

Savonoski River Archeological District (Boundary Increase), Address Restricted, Brooks Camp, 03000112.

California

Fresno County

Birdwell Rock Petroglyph Site, Address Restricted, Coalinga, 03000117.

Imperial County

Spoke Wheel Rock Alignment, Address Restricted, Ocotillo, 03000120.

Inyo County

Archeological site CA-INY–134, Address Restricted, Olancha, 03000116.

Kern County

Burro Schmidt's Tunnel, Address Restricted, Ridgecrest, 03000113.

Riverside County

- Archeological Sites CA-RIV–504 and CA-RIV–773, Address Restricted, Blythe, 03000121.
- Lederer, Gus, Site, Address Restricted, Desert Center, 03000118.

San Bernardino County

- Archeological Site CA-SBR–140, Address Restricted, Baker, 03000119.
- Iron Mountain Divisional Camp, (Desert Training Center/California-Arizona Maneuver Area (DTC/C-AMA) MPS), CA 62, Iron Mountain Pumping Plant, 03000114.

Shasta County

Swasey Discontiguous Archeological District, Address Restricted, Redding, 03000115.

Idaho

Ada County

Mittleider Farmstead Historic District, (Ada County, Idaho MPS) 575 Rumpel Ln., Meridian, 03000122.

Kootenai County

Spokane Valley Land and Water Company Canal, Diverts in Falls Park, Fourth St., Post Falls, 03000124.

Twin Falls County

Union School, (Public School Buildings in Idaho MPS), 21337 U.S. 30, Filer, 03000123.

Iowa

Davis County

Trimble—Parker Historic Farmstead District, 23981 240th St., Bloomfield, 03000125.

Missouri

St. Louis Independent City Arcade Building, 810 Olive St., St. Louis (Independent City), 03000126.

Montana

Powell County

Grant—Kohrs Ranch/Warren Ranch, Cattle Drive, Grant—Kohrs Ranch National Historic Site, Deer Lodge, 03000127.

New Jersey

Cape May County

Ocean City Residential Historic District, Roughly bounded by 3rd and 8th Sts. and Central and Ocean Aves., Ocean City, 03000129.

Warren County

Delaware Historic District, Ann, Clinton, Charles, and Valley Sts., Delaware Rd., NJ 46 and Ferry Ln., Knowlton Township, 03000128.

New York

Ontario County

Wilder Cemetery, NY 64, S. Bristol, 03000130.

Pennsylvania

Franklin County

Corker Hill, 1237 Garver Ln. Scotland, Greene Township, 03000131.

Tennessee

McMinn County

Etowah Carnegie Library, 723–725 Ohio Ave., Etowah, 03000132.

Wisconsin

Polk County

Frederic Depot, 210 Oak St. W, Frederic, 03000133.

A request for removal for the following resource:

Pennsylvania

Lehigh County

Bridge in Lynn Township, (Highway Bridges Owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Transportation TR), LR39112 over Ontelaunee Creek, Steinsville vicinity, 88000822.

[FR Doc. 03–6202 Filed 3–13–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Intent to Repatriate Cultural Items: Denver Art Museum, Denver, CO

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3005, Sec. 7, of the intent to repatriate cultural items in the possession of the Denver Art Museum, Denver, CO, that meet the definition of "sacred objects" under 25 U.S.C. 3001.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003, Sec. 5 (d)(3). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of these cultural items. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

The seven cultural items are one medicine cord, one painted wood figurine, two painted skin caps, and three Gaan masks.

In 1936, the Denver Art Museum purchased a medicine cord (1936.216.1) from The Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, IL. The medicine cord consists of a cord with stone, shell, and bone objects, feathers, and a painted buckskin pouch attached. Accession records indicate that the medicine cord was originally purchased in 1903 by C.L. Owen at "Cibicu" on the White Mountain Apache Reservation.

In 1936, the Denver Art Museum purchased a wooden doll figurine (1936.216.2) from The Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, IL. The painted wood figurine is about 5 inches long with a pony bead choker and feather attached to the neck. The wooden doll figurine originally accompanied a medicine cord that is still at The Field Museum of Natural History. Accession records indicate that the wooden doll figurine and accompanying medicine cord were originally purchased for The Field Museum of Natural History by C.L. Owen from ''Hacka Nelgda,'' also known as "Angry in Battle" or "Old Brigham Young." Mr. Owen indicated

that he had purchased the wooden doll figurine and accompanying medicine cord at the "North Fork, W.R.," which is assumed to refer to the area of Cibicue, AZ, along the north fork of the White River. The United States census of 1900 (volume 6, 77, sheet 40, line 13) lists Brigham Young as a White Mountain Apache born in 1809 and living in the Cibicue area. Brigham Young's wife is identified in the census records as "In a Son."

In 1941, the Denver Art Museum purchased a painted skin cap (1946.179) from M. J. Kolhberg & Company, a Denver antique dealer. The painted skin cap has several feathers attached to the top. It is not known how M.J. Kolhberg & Company acquired the painted skin cap.

In 1946, the Denver Art Museum purchased a painted buckskin cap (1946.215) from Clay Lockett's Yucca House in Tucson, AZ. The painted buckskin cap has a large group of feathers attached to the top. The bill of sale from Clay Lockett's Yucca House lists the hat among "Apache material" and describes it as "M M's Hat." This could mean "medicine man's hat." Accession records indicate that the painted buckskin cap was originally collected by Maynard Dixon at Rice, AZ, in 1915. Rice, AZ, is located on the San Carlos Apache Reservation. Accession records identify the painted buckskin cap as "Western Apache."

In 1947, the Denver Art Museum purchased the three Gaan masks from Altman Antiques, a Los Angeles, CA, antique dealer. One Gaan mask (1947.256) consists of a fabric hood mask and attached three-pronged wood rack with painted designs. A handwritten note on the catalog card identifies the mask as "W. Apache.' The second Gaan clown mask (1947.257) consists of a fabric hood mask and attached triangular wood rack with painted designs. Printing on the fabric on the inside of this mask reads "Gila Valley Flour Mills." Gila Valley Flour Mills is located in the vicinity of the San Carlos Apache Reservation and White Mountain Apache Reservation. The third Gaan mask (1947.258) consists of a fabric hood mask and attached fanshaped wood rack with painted designs and feathers. The catalog card identifies the mask as "Apache." It is not known how Altman Antiques acquired the three Gaan masks.

Officials of the Denver Art Museum consulted with the Western Apache NAGPRA Working Group regarding the identity and cultural affiliation of the seven cultural items. The Western Apache NAGPRA Working Group represents the interests of the Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, Arizona; San Carlos Apache Tribe of the San Carlos Apache Reservation, Arizona; Tonto Apache Tribe of Arizona; White Mountain Apache Tribe of the Fort Apache Reservation, Arizona; and Yavapai-Apache Nation of the Camp Verde Indian Reservation, Arizona. The Western Apache NAGPRA Working Group identified Ramon Riley (White Mountain Apache Tribe) and Carlyle Russell (San Carlos Apache Tribe) as traditional religious leaders pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(3).

Mr. Riley and Mr. Russell indicated that the seven cultural items must be ritually retired according to traditional Apache religious practice. Research prepared by the Denver Art Museum at the recommendation of the Native American Graves Protection and **Repatriation Review Committee** confirms that ritual retirement is a traditional ceremonial use of these types of cultural items. Research conducted by the Denver Art Museum identified the design painted on the skin cap (1941.179) as similar to designs painted on caps associated with the 1903-1907 daagodighá religious movement among the White Mountain Apache. Mr. Riley identified the Gaan mask (1947.256) as having been made and used by the White Mountain Apache. Consultation with representatives of the Mescalero Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, New Mexico, and the Fort Sill Apache Tribe of Oklahoma confirms Mr. Riley's identification. Mr. Riley identified the Gaan mask (1947.258) as having been made and used by the White Mountain Apache based on the materials used, design of the mask, and choice of paint.

Officials of the Denver Art Museum have informed the Western Apache NAGPRA Working Group that the wooden figurine (1936.216.2) was originally collected from a named individual and that a claim from a lineal descendant may be possible, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3005, Sec. 7 (a)(5)(C).

Accession records for the medicine cord (1936.216.1) and wooden figure (1936.216.2) are sufficiently detailed to demonstrate a cultural affiliation between these cultural items and the White Mountain Apache Tribe of the Fort Apache Reservation, Arizona. Accession records and consultation with the traditional religious leaders regarding the medicine cap (1941.179), Gaan mask (1947.256), and Gaan mask (1947.258) are sufficient to demonstrate a cultural affiliation between these cultural items and the White Mountain Apache Tribe of the Fort Apache Reservation, Arizona. Accession records for the medicine cap (1946.215) and