to file additional written notification disclosing all changes in membership.

On March 28, 2000, AAF Association, Inc. filed its original notification pursuant to section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on June 29, 2000 (65 FR 40127).

The last notification was filed with the Department on March 15, 2002. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on April 22, 2002 (67 FR 19587).

Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division. [FR Doc. 02–18754 Filed 7–24–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Amendment to Consent Decree Pursuant to the Clean Water Act

In accordance with Departmental policy, 28 CFR 50.7, notice is hereby given that a proposed Amendment to Consent Decree Entered on December 29, 1999 in *United States and State of Georgia* v. *City of Atlanta*, Civil Action No. 1:98–CV–1956–TWT, was lodged with the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia, Atlanta Division on July 12, 2002.

The First Amended Consent Decree involved the settlement of Claims brought by the United States and State pursuant to the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq. and the Georgia Water Quality Control Act, O.G.A. §§ 12–5–21 et seq. The United States and State sought the assessment of civil penalties and injunctive relief to bring the City into compliance with the Clean Water Act and the Georgia Water Quality Control Act. The proposed and agreed upon Amendment would modify the Consent Decree by: (1) Substituting a tunnel project for a diversion project; (2) providing for a different date of completion for the tunnel project, and (3) changing the time in which the City must remit payment of stipulated penalties.

The Department of Justice will receive, for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication, comments relating to the proposed Amendment to Consent Decree.

Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, P.O. Box 7611, U.S.

Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611. Each communication should refer on its face to *United States*

and State of Georgia v. City of Atlanta, DOJ #90–5–1–4430.

The proposed Amendment to Consent Decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, Northern District of Georgia, 1800 U.S. Courthouse, 75 Spring Street, SW., Atlanta, Georgia 30335, and at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4 Office, 61 Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30303. A copy of the proposed Amendment to Consent Decree may be obtained by (1) Mail from the Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of justice, Washington, DC 20044-7611; or by (2) faxing the request to Tonia Fleetwood, U.S. Department of justice, fax number (202) 616-6584; phone confirmation (202) 514–1547. In requesting a copy, please forward the request and a check in the amount of \$1.25 (25 cents per page reproduction cost), made payable to the U.S. Treasury.

Ellen Mahan,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 02–18755 Filed 7–24–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4410–15–M**

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA")

Notice is hereby given that a proposed consent decree in United States v. Julie Deutschumann, Civ. No. 02-10240 (MEL), was lodged with the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts on July 15, 2002, ("Consent Decree"). The Consent Decree resolves the liability of Julie Deutschmann, ("Settling Defendant"), the sole current owner of the Toka Renbe Farm Superfund Site in Canton, Massachusetts ("Site") for the recovery of costs incurred by the United States in response to releases and threatened releases of hazardous substances at the Site pursuant to Sections 107(a) and 113 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Recovery Act, as amended ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S.C. 9607(a) and 9613. EPA has incurred at least \$5,765,632.19 in response costs relating to this Site. The United States filed its Complaint on behalf of EPA on February 13, 2002.

This is an ability to pay settlement based upon expert review of financial documentation provided to the United States by the Settling Defendant. This settlement calls for the liquidation of all real estate owned by the Settling Defendant, except for her residence, in addition to an up-front cash payment to the United States and a cash payment to fund a trust for the purpose of liquidating real property for the benefit of the United States. The value of the settlement is estimated to be \$2,500,000.

The Department of Justice will receive, for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication, comments relating to the proposed Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611, and should refer to *United States v. Julie Deutschmann*, DOJ Ref. #90–11–2–1032/1.

The proposed Consent Decree may be examined at the office of the United States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts, 1 Court House Way, U.S. Courthouse, Suite 9200, Boston, Massachusetts 02210 (contact Assistant United States Attorney George B. Henderson, II); and the Region I Office of the Environmental Protection Agency, One Congress Street, Suite 1100, Boston, Massachusetts, 02114-2023 (contact Senior Enforcement Counsel, Catherine Garypie). A copy of the proposed Consent Decree may be obtained by mail from the Consent Decree Library, P.O. BOx 7611, Washington, DC 20044-7611 or by faxing a request to Tonia Fleetwood, fax no. (202) 514-0097, phone confirmation number (202) 514-1547. In requesting a copy please refer to the referenced case and enclose a check in the amount of \$11.75 (25 cents per page reproduction costs) for the Consent Decree, payable to the U.S. Treasury.

Ronald Gluck,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 02–18753 Filed 7–24–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[AAG/A Order No. 277-2002]

Privacy Act of 1974 as Amended by The Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act of 1988

This notice is published in the **Federal Register** in accordance with the requirements of the Privacy Act, (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended by the Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act of 1988 (CMPPA) (Pub. L. 100–503) (5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(12)). The Immigration and Naturalization Service

(INS), Department of Justice (the source agency), is participating in computer matching programs with the District of Columbia and the State agencies listed below (all designated as recipient agencies). These matching activities will permit the recipient agencies to confirm the immigration status of alien applicants for, or recipients of, Federal benefits assistance under the "Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements (SAVE)" program as required by the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986 (Pub. L. 99–603).1

Specifically, the matching activities will permit the following eligibility determinations:

(1) The District of Columbia
Department of Employment Services,
New York State Department of Labor,
New Jersey Department of Labor, Texas
Workforce Commission, and
Massachusetts Department of
Employment and Training will be able
to determine eligibility for
unemployment compensation;

(2) The California Department of Social Services will be able to determine eligibility status of aliens applying for or receiving benefits under the TANF ("Temporary Assistance for Needy Families") program, and upon the submission of favorable cost-benefit data to the Department of Justice (DOJ) Data Integrity Board, will also be able to determine eligibility status of non-TANF Food Stamp applicants and recipients;

(3) The California Department of Health Services will be able to determine eligibility status for the Medicaid program; and

(4) The Colorado Department of Human Services will be able to determine the eligibility status for the Medicaid, TANF, and the Food Stamps programs.

Section 121(c) of IRCA amends
Section 1137 of the Social Security and
other statutes to require agencies which
administer the Federal entitlement
benefit programs designated within
IRCA as amended, to use the INS
verification system to determine
eligibility. Accordingly, through the use

of user identification codes and passwords, authorized persons from these agencies may electronically access the database of an INS system of records entitled "Alien Status Verification Index, Justice/INS-009". From its automated records system, any agency (named above) participating in these matching programs may enter electronically into the INS database the alien registration number of the applicant or recipient. This action will initiate a search of the INS database for a corresponding alien registration number. Where such number is located, the agency will receive electronically from the INS database the following data upon which to determine eligibility: alien registration number, last name, first name, date of birth, country of birth (not nationality), social security number (if available), date of entry, immigration status data, and employment eligibility data. In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(p), such agencies will provide the alien applicant with 30 days notice and an opportunity to contest any adverse finding before final action is taken against that alien because of ineligible immigration status as established through the computer match.

The original effective date of the matching programs (with the exception of the matching agreement with Massachusetts Department of Employment and Training) was January 29, 1990, for which notice was published in the Federal Register on December 28, 1989 (54 FR 53382). The original effective date of the Massachusetts matching program was February 28, 1990, for which notice was published in the Federal Register on January 29, 1990 (55 FR 2890). The programs have continued to date under the authority of a series of new approvals as required by the CMPPA. The CMPPA provides that based upon approval by agency Data Integrity Boards of a new computer matching agreement, computer matching activities may be conducted for 18 months and, contingent upon specific conditions, may be similarly extended by the Board for an additional year without the necessity of a new agreement. The most recent 1-year extension for those programs listed in items (1) through (4) above will expire on August 31, 2002, except that the agreement with the Massachusetts Department of Employment and Training will expire on September 12, 2002. The DOJ's Data Integrity Board has approved new agreements to permit the above named computer matching programs to continue for another 18-month period

from the expiration date or after the notification period (described below) is satisfied, whichever is later.

Matching activities under the new agreements will be effective 30 days after publication of this computer matching notice in the **Federal Register**, or 40 days after a report concerning the computer matching programs has been transmitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and transmitted to Congress along with a copy of the agreements, whichever is later.

The agreements (and matching activities) will continue for a period of 18 months from the effective date, unless, within 3 months prior to the expiration of the agreement, the Data Integrity Board approves a 1-year extension pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(o)(2)(D).

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(o)(2)(A) and (r), the required report has been provided to the OMB, and to the Congress together with a copy of the agreements.

Inquiries may be addressed to Kathleen M. Riddle, Procurement Analyst, Management and Planning Staff, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: July 19, 2002.

Robert F. Diegelman,

Acting Assistant Attorney General for Administration.

[FR Doc. 02–18794 Filed 7–24–02; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration (ETA), Department of Labor.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as

ACTION: Notice.

part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)). This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and

financial resources) is minimized,

collection instruments are clearly

¹Effective July 1, 1997, IRCA was amended by the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA), Pubic Law 104–193, 110 Stat. 2168 (1996). The PRWORA amended IRCA by replacing the reference to "Aid to Families with Dependent Children" (AFDC), with a reference to its successor program, "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" (TANF). As was the case with AFDC, states and the District of Columbia are required to verify through SAVE that an applicant or recipient is in an eligible alien status for TANF benefits. In addition, Section 840 of the PRWORA makes verification for eligibility under the Food Stamps program voluntary on the part of the State/District of Columbia agency rather than mandatory.