Basic class	Prevously established initial 2001 quotas	Proposed revised 2001 quotas
Noroxymorphone (for sale)	25,000	25,000
Noroxymorphone (for conversion)	4,000,000	4,500,000
Onjum	630,000	630,000
Oxycodone (for sale)	46,680,000	46,680,000
Oxycodone (for conversion)	449,000	449,000
Oxymorphone	264,000	264,000
Pentobarbital	22,037,000	25,025,000
Phencyclidine	40	40
Phenmetrazine	2	2
Phenylacetone	10	10
Secobarbital	12	1,946,000
Sufentanil	1,700	1,700
Thebaine	65,596,000	67,446,000

The Acting Administrator further proposes that aggregate production quotas for all other Schedules I and II controlled substances included in §§ 1308.11 and 1308.12 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations remain at zero.

All interested persons are invited to submit their comments and objections in writing regarding this proposal. A person may object to or comment on the proposal relating to any of the abovementioned substances without filing comments or objections regarding the others. If a person believes that one or more of these issues warrant a hearing, the individual should so state and summarize the reasons for this belief.

In the event that comments or objections to this proposal raise one or more issues which the Acting Administrator finds warrant a hearing, the Acting Administrator shall order a public hearing by notice in the **Federal Register**, summarizing the issues to be heard and setting the time for the hearing as per 21 CFR 1303.13(c) and 1303.32.

The Office of Management and Budget has determined that notices of aggregate production quotas are not subject to centralized review under Executive Order 12866.

This action does not preempt or modify any provision of state law; nor does it impose enforcement responsibilities on any state; nor does it diminish the power of any state to enforce its own laws. Accordingly, this action does not have federalism implications warranting the application of Executive Order 13132.

The Acting Administrator hereby certifies that this action will have no significant impact upon small entities whose interests must be considered under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq. The establishment of aggregate production quotas for Schedules I and II controlled substances

is mandated by law and by international treaty obligations. The quotas are necessary to provide for the estimated medical, scientific, research and industrial needs of the United States, for export requirements and the establishment and maintenance of reserve stocks. While aggregate production quotas are of primary importance to large manufacturers, their impact upon small entities is neither negative nor beneficial. Accordingly, the Acting Administrator has determined that this action does not require a regulatory flexibility analysis.

This action meets the applicable standards set forth in Sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988 Civil Justice Reform.

This action will not result in the expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of \$100,000,000 or more in any one year, and will not significantly or uniquely affect small governments. Therefore, no actions were deemed necessary under the provisions of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995.

This action is not a major rule as defined by Section 804 of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996. This action will not result in an annual effect on the economy of \$100,000,000 or more; a major increase in costs or prices; or significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of United States-based companies to compete with foreign-based companies in domestic and export markets.

The DEA makes every effort to write clearly. If you have suggestions as to how to improve the clarity of this regulation, call or write Frank L. Sapienza, Chief, Drug & Chemical Evaluation Section, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement

Administration, Washington, DC 20537, telephone (202) 307–7183.

Dated: July 31, 2001.

William B. Simpkins,

Acting Administrator.

[FR Doc. 01–19513 Filed 8–3–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

July 30, 2001.

The Department of Labor (DOL) has submitted the following public information collection requests (ICRs) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). A copy of this ICR, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Department of Labor. To obtain documentation contact Darrin King at (202) 693–4129 or E-Mail King-Darrin@dol.gov.

Comments should be sent to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: Stuart Shapiro, OMB Desk Officer for MSHA, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 ((202) 395–7316), on or before September 5, 2001.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information,

including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated,

electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Agency: Mine Safety and Health

Administration (MSHA).

Title: Safety Defects: Examination, Correction, and Records—30 CFR 56/57.13015; 13030; 14100; and 56/57.18002.

OMB Number: 1219-0089.

Affected Public: Business or other for-

profit.

Number of Respondents: 13,074.

Requirement	Annual re- sponses	Average response time (hours)	Frequency	Burden hours
Inspection of compressed-air receivers and other unfired pressure				
vessels—30 CFR 56/57.13015:	0.074	4000		070
Inspection Time	2,074	.1333	Annually	276
Recordkeeping	2,074	.0333	Annually	69
Records of Inspection and Repairs—30 CFR 56/57.13030:	0.700	4000		407
Inspection Time	3,732	.1333	Annually	497
Recordkeeping	3,732	.0333	Annually	124
Safety defects; examination, correction, and records—30 CFR 56/				
57.14100:				
Inspection Time—Small mines	4,868,208	.05	Daily	243,410
Recordkeeping—Small mines	169,035	.0333	Daily	5,629
Inspection Time—Large mines	6,146,025	.05	Daily	307,301
Recordkeeping—Large mines	501,790	.0333	Daily	16,710
Examination of Workplaces—30 CFR 56/57.18002:				
Inspection Time—Small mines	2,434,104	.1666	Daily	405,522
Recordkeeping—Small mines	2,434,104	.0333	Daily	81,056
Inspection Time—Large mines	819,470	.1666	Daily	136,524
Recordkeeping—Large mines	819,470	.0333	Daily	27,288
Total	18,203,818			1,224,406

Total Annualized Capital/Startup Costs: \$0.

Total Annual Costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$0.

Description: 30 CFR 56/57.13015; 13030; 14100; and 56/57.18002 require equipment operators to inspect equipment, machinery, and tools that are to be used during a shift for safety defects before the equipment is placed in operation. Reports of uncorrected defects are required to be recorded by the mine operator and retained for MSHA review until the defect has been corrected.

Ira Mills,

Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 01–19610 Filed 8–3–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–43–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA–W) issued during the period of July, 2001.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) That sales or production, or both, of the firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely, and

(3) That increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3) has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA-W-38,833; O & E Machine, A Div. of paper Converting Machine Co., Green Bay, WI.

TA–W–39,112; DuCoa L.P., Verona, MO TA–W–39,019; Opelika Foundry Co., Opelika, AL

TA-W-39,100; Paper Converting Machine Co., Green Bay, WI

TA-W-39,463; ABB Power T & D Co., Jefferson City, MO

TA-W-39,335; Acordis Cellulosic Fibers, Inc., Axis, AL

TA-W-39,123; Specialty Plasti Products of Tennessee, Inc., Louisville, TN

TA-W-39,443; Kurdziel Industrial Coatings, Wauseon, OH

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA-W-39,611; HR Textron Cadillac Gage, David Brown Hydraulics, Greenville, OH

TA-W-39,249; Ashland Specialty Chemicals Co., Electronic Chemicals Div., Easton, PA

TA-W-39,120; Perfect Fit Industries, Richfield, NC

TA-W-39,125; BBA Nonwoveens-Simpsonville, Inc., Lewisburg, PA