

onsite evaluations. In that capacity, VPP Volunteers may review company documents, assist with worksite walkthroughs, interview employees, and assist in preparing VPP onsite evaluation reports. Potential VPP Volunteers must submit a VPP Volunteers Application that includes:

- General contact information (i.e. applicant's name, professional credentials, site/corporate contact information, etc.).
- A resume or the Optional Application for Federal Employment (OF-612) form.
- Confidential Financial Disclosure Report (OGE Form 450).
- Waiver of Claims Against the Government.
- Department of Labor Request for Name Check (DL-68).

OSHA uses the contact information to arrange for VPP Volunteer participation at VPP onsite evaluations, send congratulatory letters, and inform them of their status in the program. The resume or OF-612 and the DL-68 are used to determine whether an applicant is qualified to participate in the VPP Volunteers Program. The OGE Form 450 is used to ensure that VPP Volunteers do not participate in evaluations at sites where there may be a conflict of interest. The Waiver of Claims Against the Government protects OSHA against liability.

## II. Proposed Actions

OSHA proposes to extend the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) approval of the collection-of-information (paperwork) requirements necessitated by the Voluntary Protection Program. The Agency will summarize the comments submitted in response to this notice, and will include this summary in its request to OMB to extend the approval of these information-collection requirements.

*Type of Review:* Extension of currently approved information-collection requirements.

*Title:* Voluntary Protection Program Application Information.

*OMB Number:* 1218-0239

*Affected Public:* Business or other for profits; and individuals or households.

*Number of Respondents:* 171 applications from potential VPP worksites + 711 annual evaluations from current VPP worksites (3-year average) + 75 applications from potential VPP Volunteers per year (3-year average) = 957 total respondents.

*Frequency:* VPP applications are submitted once, VPP annual evaluations are submitted once per year, and VPP Volunteer Applications are submitted once every three years.

*Average Time Per Response:* 200 hours for worksites submitting VPP applications; 20 hours for worksites submitting a VPP annual evaluation, and 1 hour and 20 minutes for individuals submitting VPP Volunteer Applications.

*Estimated Total Burden Hours:* 34,200 annual hours for worksites submitting VPP applications (3-year average) + 14,220 annual hours for worksites submitting a VPP annual evaluation (3-year average) + 102 annual hours for individuals submitting VPP Volunteer Applications (3-year average) = 48,522 total burden hours per year (3-year average).

*Estimated Cost (Operation and Maintenance):* \$0.

## III. Authority and Signature

R. Davis Layne, Acting Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health, directed the preparation of this notice. The authority for this notice is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3506) and Secretary of Labor's Order No. 3-2000 (65 FR 50017).

Signed at Washington, DC, on May 22, 2001.

**R. Davis Layne,**

*Acting Assistant Secretary of Labor.*

[FR Doc. 01-13382 Filed 5-25-01; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4510-26-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Occupational Safety and Health Administration

[Docket No. NRTL-1-89]

#### Intertek Testing Services, NA, Inc., Renewal of Recognition

**AGENCY:** Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the Agency's final decision on the applications of Intertek Testing Services, NA, Inc. (ITSNA), for renewal of its recognition as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory under 29 CFR 1910.7.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** This renewal becomes effective on May 29, 2001, and will be valid until May 29, 2006, unless terminated or modified prior to that date, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.7.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Bernard Pasquet, Office of Technical Programs and Coordination Activities, NRTL Program, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue,

NW., Room N3653, Washington, DC 20210, or phone (202) 693-2110.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Notice of Final Decision

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) hereby gives notice of the renewal of recognition of Intertek Testing Services, NA, Inc. (ITSNA), as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL). ITSNA's renewal covers its existing scope of recognition, which may be found in OSHA's informational web page for the NRTL (<http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpc/nrtl/its.html>). We maintain such a web page for each NRTL.

OSHA recognition of an NRTL signifies that the organization has met the legal requirements in § 1910.7 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (29 CFR 1910.7). Recognition is an acknowledgment that the organization can perform independent safety testing and certification of the specific products covered within its scope of recognition and is not a delegation or grant of government authority. As a result of recognition, OSHA can accept products "properly certified" by the NRTL.

The Agency processes applications by an NRTL for initial recognition or for expansions or renewal of this recognition following requirements in Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7. This appendix requires that the Agency publish two notices in the **Federal Register** in processing an application. In the first notice, OSHA announces the application and provides its preliminary finding and, in the second notice, the Agency provides its final decision on an application. These notices set forth the NRTL's scope of recognition or modifications of this scope.

The renewal covered by this current notice applies only to the administrative, testing, and certification facilities that are part of the ITSNA organization and operations as an NRTL. No part of the recognition applies to any other part of ITSNA, or to any other legal entity, subsidiary, facility, operation, unit, division, or department of Intertek Testing Services Ltd. (ITSLtd), which encompasses ITSNA. The term "ITSNA" also represents the NRTL's predecessors, "ETL" and/or "InchcapeNA," as appropriate.

When first recognized as an NRTL, the organization's name was ETL Testing Laboratories, Inc. (ETL). According to the preliminary **Federal Register** notice for the recognition (54 FR 8411, 2/28/89), ETL was part of Inchcape Inspection and Testing Services, U.S.A., Inc. (IITS), based in New York. IITS was in turn owned by

Inchcape plc, based in the United Kingdom. As explained in the preliminary notice (referenced below), ITSNA is currently owned by Intertek Testing Services Ltd. (ITSLtd), which is also based in the United Kingdom.

In the **Federal Register** notice of the preliminary finding, we provided an abstract of name and other changes pertaining to the ITSNA recognition. However, for brevity, we do not repeat it in this current notice. You should refer to this preliminary notice (referenced above) if you are interested in reviewing this information.

OSHA published the required notice of its preliminary findings on the renewal in the **Federal Register** (see 63 FR 69676, 12/17/98). However, this notice also covered applications submitted by ITSNA for expansion of its recognition, which we have granted separately, as further explained below. The December 1998 notice included a preliminary finding that ITSNA could meet the requirements in 29 CFR 1910.7 for renewal and expansion of its recognition, subject to certain conditions, and invited public comment on the applications by February 16, 1999. OSHA received no comments concerning this notice.

Regarding the renewal, ITSNA, as ETL, received its recognition as an NRTL on September 13, 1989 (see 54 FR 37845), for a period of five years ending September 13, 1994. Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7 stipulates that the period of recognition of an NRTL is five years and that an NRTL may renew its recognition by applying not less than nine months, nor more than one year, before the expiration date of its current recognition. ETL requested renewal of its recognition on September 29, 1993 (see Exhibit 30A), within the time allotted, and ITSNA has retained its recognition pending OSHA's final decision in this renewal process.

OSHA had temporarily withheld its consideration of the renewal and the expansion requests pending resolution by the NRTL of discrepancies noted at its facilities during OSHA audits. Staff of the OSHA NRTL Program accepted resolution of the discrepancies in December 1996, permitting OSHA to resume processing all the requests it had received from ITSNA.

After publication of the December 1998 preliminary notice, the Agency delayed publication of the final notice for the renewal and expansion pending resolution of certain requests made by ITSNA. In April 2000, ITSNA submitted information pertinent to its requests that permitted OSHA to proceed with a final notice for the expansion applications (65 FR 71122, 11/29/00). However, the

information required further review to render a decision on the renewal. The Agency has now completed this review and has determined that it can grant the renewal.

For purposes of processing the renewal and expansion requests, OSHA performed a number of on-site reviews (evaluation) of ITSNA facilities. ITSNA has addressed any discrepancies noted by the assessors following the review, and the assessors recommended renewal of ITSNA's recognition (see Exhibits 31A-31E).

The following is a chronology of the other **Federal Register** notices published by OSHA concerning ITSNA's recognition, all of which involved an expansion of recognition: A request announced on October 26, 1990 (55 FR 43229) and granted on December 18, 1990 (55 FR 51971; see correction, 56 FR 2953 1/25/91); a request announced on November 18, 1992 (57 FR 54422) and granted on July 13, 1993 (58 FR 37749; see correction, 58 FR 47001, 9/3/93); a request announced on August 9, 1996 (61 FR 41659) and granted on November 20, 1996 (61 FR 59111; see correction, 63 FR 1126, 1/8/98); and a request announced on August 8, 1997 (62 FR 42829) and granted on December 1, 1997 (62 FR 63562).

You may obtain or review copies of all public documents pertaining to the application by contacting the Docket Office, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N2625, Washington, DC 20210. You should refer to Docket No. NRTL-1-89, the permanent record of public information on the ITSNA recognition.

The current addresses of the ITSNA testing facilities recognized by OSHA are:

ITSNA Atlanta, 1950 Evergreen Boulevard, Duluth, Georgia 30096  
 ITSNA Antioch (formerly Pittsburg), 2200 Wymore Way, Antioch, California 94509\*  
 ITSNA Boxborough, 70 Codman Hill Road, Boxborough, Massachusetts 01719\*  
 ITSNA Cortland, 3933 U.S. Route 11, Cortland, New York 13045  
 ITSNA Los Angeles, 27611 LaPaz Road, Suite C, Laguna Niguel, California 92677  
 ITSNA Madison, 8431 Murphy Drive, Middleton, Wisconsin 53562  
 ITSNA Minneapolis (Oakdale), 7435 Fourth Street North, Lake Elmo, Minnesota 55042  
 ITSNA San Francisco, 1365 Adams Court, Menlo Park, CA 94025  
 ITSNA Totowa, 40 Commerce Way, Unit B, Totowa, New Jersey 07512

ITSNA Vancouver, 211 Schoolhouse Street, Coquitlam, British Columbia, V3K 4X9 Canada

ITS Hong Kong NA, Limited, 2/F., Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong\*  
 ITS Taiwan NA, Limited, 14/F Huei Fung Building, 27, Chung Shan North Road, Sec. 3, Taipei 10451, Taiwan\*

\* A different address or different name appeared in the notice of preliminary finding.

#### *Programs and Procedures*

The renewal of recognition includes ITSNA's continued use of the following supplemental programs, based upon the criteria detailed in the March 9, 1995 **Federal Register** notice (60 FR 12980, 3/9/95). This notice lists nine (9) programs and procedures (collectively, programs), eight of which an NRTL may use to control and audit, but not actually to generate, the data relied upon for product certification. An NRTL's initial recognition will always include the first or basic program, which requires that all product testing and evaluation be performed in-house by the NRTL that will certify the product. OSHA previously granted ITSNA recognition to use these programs, which are listed, as shown below, in OSHA's informational web page on the ITSNA recognition (<http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/its.html>).

Program 2: Acceptance of testing data from independent organizations, other than NRTLs.

Program 3: Acceptance of product evaluations from independent organizations, other than NRTLs.

Program 4: Acceptance of witnessed testing data.

Program 5: Acceptance of testing data from non-independent organizations.

Program 6: Acceptance of evaluation data from non-independent organizations (requiring NRTL review prior to marketing).

Program 8: Acceptance of product evaluations from organizations that function as part of the International Electrotechnical Commission Certification Body (IEC-CB) Scheme.

Program 9: Acceptance of services other than testing or evaluation performed by subcontractors or agents.

OSHA developed these programs to limit how an NRTL may perform certain aspects of its work and to permit the activities covered under a program only when the NRTL meets certain criteria. In this sense, they are special conditions that the Agency places on an NRTL's recognition. OSHA does not consider these programs in determining whether an NRTL meets the requirements for recognition under 29 CFR 1910.7.

However, these programs help to define the scope of that recognition.

#### *Additional Condition*

This notice also contains a condition that OSHA currently requires ITSNA to meet in order to be recognized as an NRTL. This condition, listed first under *Conditions* below, applies in addition to the other conditions below that OSHA normally imposes in its recognition of an organization as an NRTL. As explained in the final notice for the expansion (65 FR 71122, 11/29/00) and in the preliminary notice (63 FR 69682, 12/17/98), ITSNA currently owns Compliance Design, a manufacturer of laboratory test equipment. If ITSNA were to certify the types of products manufactured or sold by Compliance Design or by an entity owned or controlled by ITSLtd, ITSNA's parent company, ITSNA would no longer meet the requirement in 29 CFR 1910.7 for complete independence. OSHA imposed the special condition on ITSNA's recognition to mitigate or eliminate situations that will cause it to fail to meet the independence requirement. If ITSNA or its owner were to develop material interests that might have an undue influence on ITSNA's NRTL operations, OSHA would need to reevaluate ITSNA's recognition. OSHA would then provide ITSNA with an opportunity to take corrective action. If ITSNA did not adequately resolve the problem, OSHA would begin the process to revoke its recognition as an NRTL.

#### **Final Decision and Order**

The NRTL Program staff has examined the applications, the assessor's reports, and other pertinent information. Based upon this examination and the assessor's recommendation, OSHA finds that Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc., has met the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.7 for renewal of its NRTL recognition. The renewal applies to the sites listed above. In addition, it covers the test standards listed below, and it is subject to the limitations and conditions, also listed below. Pursuant to the authority in 29 CFR 1910.7, OSHA hereby renews the recognition of ITSNA, subject to these limitations and conditions.

#### *Limitations*

##### Renewal of Recognition of Facilities

OSHA limits the renewal of recognition of ITSNA to the 12 sites listed above. In addition, similar to other NRTLs that operate multiple sites, the Agency's recognition of any ITSNA testing site is limited to performing

testing to the test standards for which OSHA has recognized ITSNA, and for which the site has the proper capability and control programs. ITSNA uses only the "ETL" and "WHI" marks for its NRTL operations. Currently, only ITSNA's Cortland location issues the authorization to use the "ETL" certification mark or certifications. Similarly, only its Vancouver, Antioch (formerly Pittsburg), and Madison sites issue the authorization to use the "WHI" certification mark or certifications. OSHA must review and accept any other ITSNA site before that site authorizes use of either mark for ITSNA's NRTL operations.

##### Renewal of Recognition of Test Standards

OSHA further limits the renewal of recognition of ITSNA to testing and certification of products to demonstrate conformance to the test standards listed below (see Listing of Test Standards). OSHA has determined that each test standard meets the requirements for an appropriate test standard, within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c). Some of the test standards for which OSHA previously recognized ITSNA were no longer appropriate at the time of preparation of the preliminary notice, primarily because they had been withdrawn by the standards developing organization. As a result, we have excluded these test standards in the listing below. However, under OSHA policy, the NRTL may request recognition for comparable test standards, i.e., other appropriate test standards covering similar type of product testing. Since a number of NRTLs are affected by such withdrawn standards, OSHA will publish a separate notice to make the appropriate substitutions for ITSNA and other NRTLs that were recognized for these standards. The Agency has contacted these NRTLs regarding this matter.

This notice includes all of OSHA's current limitations on ITSNA with regard to the standards listed below. These limitations appear at the end of the list of standards, and standards to which a specific limitation applies are denoted by the use of asterisks. In addition, one limitation pertaining to hazardous location testing is set forth under "Other Limitations," which follows the listing of test standards.

The Agency's recognition of ITSNA, or any other NRTL, for a particular test standard is always limited to equipment or materials (products) for which OSHA standards require third party testing and certification before use in the workplace. An NRTL's scope of recognition excludes any product(s)

falling within the scope of the test standard for which OSHA has no such requirements.

##### Listing of Test Standards

- ANSI A90.1 Safety Standard for Belt Manlifts
- ANSI C37.013\* AC High-Voltage Generator Circuit Breakers Rated on a Symmetrical Current
- ANSI C37.13\* Low Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures
- ANSI C37.14\* Low Voltage DC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures
- ANSI C37.17\* Trip Devices for AC and General Purpose DC Low-Voltage Power Circuit Breakers
- ANSI C37.18\* Enclosed Field Discharge Circuit Breakers for Rotating Electric Machinery
- ANSI C37.20.1\* Metal-Enclosed Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Switchgear
- ANSI C37.20.2\* Metal-Clad and Station-Type Cubicle Switchgear
- ANSI C37.20.3\* Metal-Enclosed Interrupter Switchgear
- ANSI C37.21 Control Switchboards
- ANSI C37.29\* Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Protectors Used in Enclosures
- ANSI C37.38\* Gas-Insulated, Metal-Enclosed Disconnecting, Interrupter and Grounding Switches
- ANSI C37.46\* Power Fuses and Fuse Disconnecting Switches
- ANSI C37.50\* Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures—Test Procedures
- ANSI C37.51\* Metal-Enclosed Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit-Breaker Switchgear Assemblies—Conformance Test Procedures
- ANSI C37.55\* Metal-Clad Switchgear Assemblies—Conformance Test Procedures
- ANSI C37.57\* Metal-Enclosed Interrupter Switchgear Assemblies—Conformance Testing
- ANSI C37.90\* Relays and Relay Systems Associated with Electric Power Apparatus
- ANSI C37.121\* Unit Substations—Requirements
- ANSI C57.12.00\* Distribution, Power and Regulating Transformers—General Requirements
- ANSI C57.13\* Instrument Transformers—Requirements
- ANSI C62.11\* Metal-Oxide Surge Arresters for AC Power Circuits
- ANSI/ISA S12.12\*\* Electrical Equipment for Use in Class I, Division 2, Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- ANSI K61.1 Storage and Handling of Anhydrous Ammonia (CGA G-2.1)
- ANSI S82.02.01 Electrical and Electronic Test, Measuring, Control

- and Related Equipment: General Requirements
- ANSI Z21.1 Household Cooking Gas Appliances
- ANSI Z21.5.1 Gas Clothes Dryers—Volume I—Type 1 Clothes Dryers
- ANSI Z21.5.2 Gas Clothes Dryers—Volume II—Type 2 Clothes Dryers
- ANSI Z21.10.1 Gas Water Heaters—Volume I—Storage Water Heaters with Input Ratings of 75,000 Btu per Hour or less
- ANSI Z21.10.3 Gas Water Heaters—Volume III—Storage, Circulating and Instantaneous Water Heaters with Input Ratings above 75,000 Btu per Hour or less
- ANSI Z21.11.1 Gas-Fired Room Heaters—Volume I—Vented Room Heaters
- ANSI Z21.11.2 Gas-Fired Room Heaters—Volume II—Unvented Room Heaters
- ANSI Z21.12 Draft Hoods
- ANSI Z21.13 Gas-Fired Low-Pressure Steam and Hot Water Heating Boilers
- ANSI Z21.15 Manually Operated Gas Valves
- ANSI Z21.17 Domestic Gas Conversion Burners
- ANSI Z21.18 Gas Appliance Pressure Regulators
- ANSI Z21.20 Automatic Gas Ignition Systems and Components
- ANSI Z21.21 Automatic Valves for Gas Appliances
- ANSI Z21.23 Gas Appliance Thermostats
- ANSI Z21.24 Metal Connectors for Gas Appliances
- ANSI Z21.35 Gas Filters on Appliances
- ANSI Z21.40.1 Gas-Fired Absorption Summer Air Conditioning Appliances
- ANSI Z21.47 Gas-Fired Central Furnaces
- ANSI Z21.48 Gas-Fired Gravity and Fan Type Floor Furnaces
- ANSI Z21.49 Gas-Type Gravity and Fan Type Vented Wall Furnaces
- ANSI Z21.50 Vented Decorative Gas Appliances
- ANSI Z21.57 Recreational Vehicle Cooking Gas Appliances
- ANSI Z21.56 Gas-Fired Pool Heaters
- ANSI Z21.58 Outdoor Cooking Gas Appliances
- ANSI Z21.60 Decorative Gas Appliances for Installation in Solid-Fuel Burning Fireplaces
- ANSI Z21.72 Portable Camp Cook Stoves for Use With Propane Gas
- ANSI Z83.4 Direct Gas-Fired Make-Up Air Heaters
- ANSI Z83.6 Gas-Fired Infrared Heaters
- ANSI Z83.7 Gas-Fired Construction Heater
- ANSI Z83.8 Gas Unit Heaters
- ANSI Z83.11 Gas Food Service Equipment—Ranges and Unit Broilers
- ANSI Z83.18 Direct Gas-Fired Industrial Air Heaters
- UL 1 Flexible Metal Conduit
- UL 3 Flexible Nonmetallic Tubing for Electric Wiring
- UL 4 Armored Cable
- UL 5 Surface Metal Electrical Raceways and Fittings
- UL 5A Nonmetallic Surface Raceways and Fittings
- UL 6 Rigid Metal Conduit
- UL 8 Foam Fire Extinguishers
- UL 9 Fire Tests of Window Assemblies
- UL 10B Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
- UL 10C Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
- UL 13 Power-Limited Circuit Cables
- UL 17 Vent or Chimney Connector Dampers for Oil-Fired Appliances
- UL 20 General-Use Snap Switches
- UL 21 P-Gas Hose
- UL 22 Amusement and Gaming Machines
- UL 25 Meters for Flammable and Combustible Liquids and LP Gas
- UL 44 Rubber-Insulated Wires and Cables
- UL 45 Portable Electric Tools
- UL 48 Electric Signs
- UL 50 Electrical Cabinets and Boxes
- UL 62 Flexible Cord and Fixture Wire
- UL 65 Electric Wired Cabinets
- UL 67 Electric Panelboards
- UL 69 Electric-Fence Controllers
- UL 73 Electric Motor-Operated Appliances
- UL 79 Power-Operated Pumps for Petroleum Product Dispensing Systems
- UL 82 Electric Gardening Appliances
- UL 83 Thermoplastic-Insulated Wires and Cables
- UL 87 Power-Operated Dispensing Devices for Petroleum Products
- UL 94 Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances
- UL 96 Lightning Protection Components
- UL 98 Enclosed and Dead-Front Switches
- UL 104 Elevator Door Locking Devices and Contacts
- UL 122 Photographic Equipment
- UL 123 Oxy-Fuel Gas Torches
- UL 130 Electric Heating Pads
- UL 136 Pressure Cookers
- UL 141 Garment Finishing Appliances
- UL 150 Antenna Rotators
- UL 153 Portable Electric Lamps
- UL 154 Carbon-Dioxide Fire Extinguisher
- UL 174 Household Electric Storage—Tank Water Heaters
- UL 180 Liquid-Level Indicating Gauges and Tank-Filling Signals for Petroleum Products
- UL 181 Factory Made Air Ducts and Connectors
- UL 183 Manufactured Wiring Systems
- UL 187 X-Ray Equipment
- UL 197 Commercial Electric Cooking Appliances
- UL 198B Class H Fuses
- UL 198D High-Interrupting Capacity Class K Fuses
- UL 198E Class R Fuses
- UL 198F Plug Fuses
- UL 198G Fuses for Supplementary Overcurrent Protection
- UL 198H Class T Fuses
- UL 198L DC Fuses for Industrial Uses
- UL 198M Mine-Duty Fuses
- UL 201 Standard for Garage Equipment
- UL 207 Refrigerant Containing Components and Accessories, Nonelectrical
- UL 209 Cellular Metal Floor Raceways and Fittings
- UL 217 Single and Multiple Station Smoke Detectors
- UL 218 Fire Pump Controllers
- UL 224 Extruded Insulating Tubing
- UL 228 Door Closers-Holders, With or Without Integral Smoke Detectors
- UL 231 Electrical Power Outlets
- UL 234 Low Voltage Lighting Fixtures for Use in Recreational Vehicles
- UL 244A Solid-State Controls for Appliances
- UL 248-1 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 1: General Requirements
- UL 248-2 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 2: Class C Fuses
- UL 248-3 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 3: Class CA and CB Fuses
- UL 248-4 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 4: Class CC Fuses
- UL 248-5 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 5: Class G Fuses
- UL 248-6 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 6: Class H Non-Renewable Fuses
- UL 248-7 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 7: Class H Renewable Fuses
- UL 248-8 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 8: Class J Fuses
- UL 248-9 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 9: Class K Fuses
- UL 248-10 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 10: Class L Fuses
- UL 248-11 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 11: Plug Fuses
- UL 248-12 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 12: Class R Fuses
- UL 248-13 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 13: Semiconductor Fuses
- UL 248-14 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 14: Supplemental Fuses
- UL 248-15 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 15: Class T Fuses
- UL 248-16 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 16: Test Limiters
- ANSI/NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment
- UL 250 Household Refrigerators and Freezers

- UL 252A Compressed Gas Regulator Accessories
- UL 291 Automated Teller Systems
- UL 294 Access Control System Units
- UL 296 Oil Burners
- UL 296A Waste Oil-Burning Air-Heating Appliances
- UL 298 Portable Electric Hand Lamps
- UL 299 Dry Chemical Fire Extinguisher
- UL 300 Fire Testing of Fire Extinguishing Systems for Protection of Restaurant Cooking Areas
- UL 307A Liquid Fuel-Burning Heating Appliances for Manufactured Homes and Recreational Vehicles
- UL 307B Gas Burning Heating Appliances for Manufactured Homes and Recreational Vehicles
- UL 310 Electrical Quick-Connect Terminals
- UL 325 Door, Drapery, Gate, Louver, and Window Operators and Systems
- UL 330 Hose and Hose Assemblies for Dispensing Gasoline
- UL 343 Pumps for Oil-Burning Appliances
- UL 347 High-Voltage Industrial Control Equipment
- UL 353 Limit Controls
- UL 355 Cord Reels
- UL 360 Liquid-Tight Flexible Steel Conduit
- UL 363 Knife Switches
- UL 365 Police Station Connected Burglar Alarm Units and Systems
- UL 372 Primary Safety Controls for Gas- and Oil-Fired Appliances
- UL 378 Draft Equipment
- UL 391 Solid-Fuel and Combination-Fuel Control and Supplementary Furnaces
- UL 399 Drinking-Water Coolers
- UL 407 Manifolds for Compressed Gases
- UL 412 Refrigeration Unit Coolers
- UL 414 Meter Sockets
- UL 416 Refrigerated Medical Equipment
- UL 427 Refrigerating Units
- UL 429 Electrically Operated Valves
- UL 430 Electric Waste Disposers
- UL 443 Steel Auxiliary Tanks for Oil-Burner Fuel
- UL 444 Communications Cables
- UL 448 Pumps for Fire-Protection Service
- UL 464 Audible Signal Appliances
- UL 466 Electric Scales
- UL 467 Electrical Grounding and Bonding Equipment
- UL 469 Musical Instruments and Accessories
- UL 471 Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers
- UL 474 Dehumidifiers
- UL 482 Portable Sun/Heat Lamps
- UL 484 Room Air Conditioners
- UL 486A Wire Connectors and Soldering Lugs for Use With Copper Conductors
- UL 486B Wire Connectors for Use with Aluminum and/or Copper Conductors
- UL 486C Splicing Wire Connectors
- UL 486E Equipment Wiring Terminals for Use with Aluminum and/or Copper Conductors
- UL 489 Molded-Case Circuit Breakers and Circuit-Breaker Enclosures
- UL 493 Thermoplastic-Insulated Underground Feeder and Branch-Circuit Cables
- UL 496 Edison Base Lampholders
- UL 497 Protectors for Paired Conductor Communications Circuits
- UL 497A Secondary Protectors for Communication Circuits
- UL 497B Protectors for Data Communication and Fire Alarm Circuits
- UL 498 Electrical Attachment Plugs and Receptacles
- UL 499 Electric Heating Appliances
- UL 506 Specialty Transformers
- UL 507 Electric Fans
- UL 508 Electric Industrial Control Equipment
- UL 508C Power Conversion Equipment
- UL 510 Insulating Tape
- UL 512 Fuseholders
- UL 514A Metallic Outlet Boxes, Electrical
- UL 514B Fittings for Conduit and Outlet Boxes
- UL 514C Nonmetallic Outlet Boxes, Flush-Device Boxes and Covers
- UL 525 Flame Arresters for Use on Vents of Storage Tanks for Petroleum Oil and Gasoline
- UL 541 Refrigerated Vending Machines
- UL 542 Lampholders, Starters, and Starter Holders for Fluorescent Lamps
- UL 544 Electric Medical and Dental Equipment
- UL 551 Transformer-Type Arc-Welding Machines
- UL 558 Industrial Trucks, Internal Combustion Engineer-Powered
- UL 561 Floor-Finishing Machines
- UL 563 Ice Makers
- UL 567 Pipe Connectors for Flammable and Combustible Liquids and LP Gas
- UL 574 Electric Oil Heaters
- UL 583 Electric-Battery-Powered Industrial Trucks
- UL 588 Christmas-Tree and Decorative-Lighting Outfits
- UL 603 Power Supplies for Use with Burglar-Alarm Systems
- UL 606 Linings and Screens for Use with Burglar-Alarm Systems
- UL 609 Local Burglar-Alarm Units and Systems
- UL 621 Ice Cream Makers
- UL 626 2½ Gallon Stored-Pressure, Water-Type Fire Extinguisher
- UL 632 Electrically Actuated Transmitters
- UL 634 Connectors and Switches for Use with Burglar-Alarm Systems
- UL 635 Insulating Bushings
- UL 639 Intrusion-Detection Units
- UL 641 Low-Temperature Venting Systems, Type L
- UL 644 Container Assemblies for LP-Gas
- UL 651 Schedule 40 and 80 PVC Conduit
- UL 651A Type EB and A Rigid PVC Conduit and HDPE Conduit
- UL 664 Commercial Dry-Cleaning Machines (Type IV)
- UL 668 Hose Valves For Fire Protection Service
- UL 674\*\* Electric Motors and Generators for Use in Hazardous Locations, Class I, Groups C and D, Class II, Groups E, F, and G
- UL 676 Underwater Lighting Fixtures
- UL 696 Electric Toys
- UL 697 Toy Transformers
- UL 698\*\* Industrial Control Equipment for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 705 Power Ventilators
- UL 710 Grease Extractors for Exhaust Ducts
- UL 711 Rating and Fire Testing of Fire Extinguishers
- UL 719 Nonmetallic Sheathes Cables
- UL 726 Oil-Fired Boiler Assemblies
- UL 727 Oil-Fired Central Furnaces
- UL 729 Oil-Fired Floor Furnaces
- UL 730 Oil-Fired Wall Furnaces
- UL 731 Oil-Fired Unit Heaters
- UL 732 Oil-Fired Water Heaters
- UL 733 Oil-Fired Air Heaters and Direct-Fired Heaters
- UL 745-1 Portable Electric Tools
- UL 745-2-1 Particular Requirements of Drills
- UL 745-2-2 Particular Requirements for Screwdrivers and Impact Wrenches
- UL 745-2-3 Particular Requirements for Grinders, Polishers, and Disk-Type Sanders
- UL 745-2-4 Particular Requirements for Sanders
- UL 745-2-5 Particular Requirements for Circular Saws and Circular Knives
- UL 745-2-6 Particular Requirements for Hammers
- UL 745-2-8 Particular Requirements for Shears and Nibblers
- UL 745-2-9 Particular Requirements for Tappers
- UL 745-2-11 Particular Requirements for Reciprocating Saws

- UL 745-2-12 Particular Requirements for Concrete Vibrators
- UL 745-2-14 Particular Requirements for Planers
- UL 745-2-17 Particular Requirements for Routers and Trimmers
- UL 745-2-30 Particular Requirements for Staplers
- UL 745-2-31 Particular Requirements for Diamond Core Drills
- UL 745-2-32 Particular Requirements for Magnetic Drill Presses
- UL 745-2-33 Particular Requirements for Portable Bandsaws
- UL 745-2-34 Particular Requirements for Strapping Tools
- UL 745-2-35 Particular Requirements for Drain Cleaners
- UL 745-2-36 Particular Requirements for Hand Motor Tools
- UL 745-2-37 Particular Requirements for Plate Jointers
- UL 746C Polymeric Materials—Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations
- UL 749 Household Electric Dishwashers
- UL 751 Vending Machines
- UL 756 Coin and Currency Changers and Actuators
- UL 763 Motor-Operated Commercial Food Preparing Machines
- UL 773 Plug-In, Locking Type Photocontrols for Use with Area Lighting
- UL 773A Nonindustrial Photoelectric Switches for Lighting Control
- UL 775 Graphic Arts Equipment
- UL 778 Motor-Operated Water Pumps
- UL 781\*\* Portable Electric Lighting Units for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 783\*\* Electric Flashlights and Lanterns for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 791 Residential Incinerators
- UL 795 Commercial-Industrial Gas-Heating Equipment
- UL 796 Electrical Printed-Wiring Boards
- UL 797 Electrical Metallic Tubing
- UL 810 Capacitors
- UL 813 Commercial Audio Equipment
- UL 814 Gas-Tube-Sign and Ignition Cable
- UL 817 Cord Sets and Power-Supply Cords
- UL 823\*\* Electric Heaters for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 826 Household Electric Clocks
- UL 827 Central-Stations for Watchman, Fire-Alarm, and Supervisory Services
- UL 834 Heating, Water Supply, and Power Boilers—Electric
- UL 842 Valves for Flammable Liquids
- UL 844\*\* Electric Lighting Fixtures for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 845 Motor Control Centers
- UL 854 Service-Entrance Cables
- UL 857 Electric Busways and Associated Fittings
- UL 858 Household Electric Ranges
- UL 858A Safety-Related Solid-State Controls for Household Electric Ranges
- UL 859 Personal Grooming Appliances
- UL 863 Time-Indicating and—Recording Appliances
- UL 864 Control Units for Fire-Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 867 Electrostatic Air Cleaners
- UL 870 Wireways, Auxiliary Gutters, and Associated Fittings
- UL 873 Electrical Temperature-Indicating and Regulating Equipment
- UL 875 Electric Dry Bath Heaters
- UL 877\*\* Circuit Breakers and Circuit-Breaker Enclosures for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 879 Electrode Receptacles for Gas-Tube Signs
- UL 884 Underfloor Raceways and Fittings
- UL 886\*\* Electrical Outlet Boxes and Fittings for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 891 Dead-Front Electrical Switchboards
- UL 894\*\* Switches for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 900 Test Performance of Air-Filter Units
- UL 910 Test Method for Fire and Smoke Characteristics of Electrical and Optical-Fiber Cables Used in Air Handling Spaces
- UL 913 Intrinsically Safe Apparatus and Associated Apparatus for Use in Class I, II, and III, Division 1, Hazardous Locations
- UL 916 Energy Management Equipment
- UL 917 Clock-Operated Switches
- UL 921 Commercial Electric Dishwashers
- UL 923 Microwave Cooking Appliances
- UL 924 Emergency Lighting and Power Equipment
- UL 935 Fluorescent-Lamp Ballasts
- UL 943 Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupters
- UL 961 Hobby and Sports Equipment
- UL 964 Electrically Heated Bedding
- UL 969 Marking and Labeling Systems
- UL 977 Fuse Power-Circuit Devices
- UL 982 Motor-Operated Household Food Preparing Machines
- UL 983 Surveillance Camera Units
- UL 984 Hermetic Refrigerant Motor-Compressors
- UL 987 Stationary and Fixed Electric Tools
- UL 991 Safety-Related Controls Employing Solid-State Devices
- UL 998 Humidifiers
- UL 1002\*\* Electrically Operated Valves for Use in Hazardous Locations, Class I, Groups A, B, C, and D, and Class II, Groups E, F, and G
- UL 1004 Electric Motors
- UL 1005 Electric Flatirons
- UL 1008 Automatic Transfer Switches
- UL 1012 Power Supplies
- UL 1017 Electric Vacuum Cleaner Machines and Blower Cleaners
- UL 1018 Electric Aquarium Equipment
- UL 1020 Thermal Cutoffs for Use in Electrical Appliances and Components
- UL 1022 Line Isolated Monitors
- UL 1023 Household Burglar-Alarm System Units
- UL 1026 Household Electric Cooking and Food-Serving Appliances
- UL 1028 Electric Hair-Clipping and -Shaving Appliances
- UL 1029 High-Intensity Discharge Lamp Ballasts
- UL 1030 Sheathed Heating Elements
- UL 1037 Antitheft Alarms and Devices
- UL 1042 Electric Baseboard Heating Equipment
- UL 1047 Isolated Power Systems Equipment
- UL 1054 Special-Use Switches
- UL 1059 Electrical Terminal Blocks
- UL 1063 Machine-Tool Wires and Cables
- UL 1066 Low-Voltage AC and DC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures
- UL 1069 Hospital Signaling and Nurse-Call System
- UL 1072 Medium Voltage Cables
- UL 1075 Gas Fired Cooling Appliances for Recreational Vehicles
- UL 1076 Proprietary Burglar Alarm Units and Systems
- UL 1077 Supplementary Protectors for Use in Electrical Equipment
- UL 1081 Electric Swimming Pool Pumps, Filters, and Chlorinators
- UL 1082 Household Electric Coffee Makers and Brewing-Type Appliances
- UL 1083 Household Electric Skillets and Frying-Type Appliances
- UL 1086 Household Trash Compactors
- UL 1090 Electric Snow Movers
- UL 1097 Double Insulation Systems for Use in Electrical Equipment
- UL 1203\*\* Explosion-Proof and Dust-Ignition-Proof Electrical Equipment for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 1206 Electrical Commercial Clothes-Washing Equipment
- UL 1207\*\* Sewage Pumps for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 1230 Amateur Movie Lights
- UL 1236 Electric Battery Chargers
- UL 1238 Control Equipment for Use with Flammable Liquid Dispensing Devices

- UL 1240 Electric Commercial Clothes-Drying Equipment
- UL 1244 Electrical and Electronic Measuring and Testing Equipment
- UL 1247 Diesel Engines for Driving Centrifugal Fire Pumps
- UL 1248 Engine-Generator Assemblies for Use in Recreational Vehicles
- UL 1261 Electric Water Heaters for Pools and Tubs
- UL 1262 Laboratory Equipment
- UL 1270 Radio Receivers, Audio Systems, and Accessories
- UL 1277 Electrical Power and Control Tray Cables with Optional Optical-Fiber Members
- UL 1278 Movable and Wall- or Ceiling-Hung Electric Room Heaters
- UL 1283 Electromagnetic-Interference Filter
- UL 1286 Office furnishings
- UL 1310 Direct Plug-In Transformer Units
- UL 1313 Nonmetallic Safety Cans for Petroleum Products
- UL 1316 Glass-Fiber-Reinforced Plastic Underground Storage Tanks for Petroleum Products
- UL 1323 Scaffold Hoists
- UL 1363 Relocatable Power Taps
- UL 1409 Low-Voltage Video Products Without Cathode-Ray-Tube Displays
- UL 1410 Television Receivers and High-Voltage Video Products
- UL 1411 Transformers and Motor Transformers for Use in Audio-, Radio-, and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1413 High-Voltage Components for Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1414 Across-the-Line, Antenna-Coupling, and Line-By-Pass Capacitors for Radio- and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1416 Overcurrent and Overtemperature Protectors for Radio- and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1417 Special Fuses for Radio- and Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1418 Implosion-Protected Cathode-Ray Tubes for Television-Type Appliances
- UL 1419 Professional Video and Audio Equipment
- UL 1424 Cables for Power-Limited Fire-Protective-Signaling Circuits
- UL 1431 Personal Hygiene and Health Care Appliances
- UL 1433 Control Centers for Changing Message Type Electric Signs
- UL 1436 Outlet Circuit Testers and Similar Indicating Devices
- UL 1437 Electrical Analog Instruments—Panel Board Types
- UL 1445 Electric Water Bed Heaters
- UL 1446 Systems of Insulating Materials—General
- UL 1447 Electric Lawn Mowers
- UL 1448 Electric Hedge Trimmers
- UL 1449 Transient Voltage Surge Suppressors
- UL 1450 Motor-Operated Air Compressors, Vacuum Pumps and Painting Equipment
- UL 1453 Electric Booster and Commercial Storage Tank Water Heaters
- UL 1459 Telephone Equipment
- UL 1472 Solid-State Dimming Controls
- UL 1480 Speakers for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 1481 Power Supplies for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 1482 Solid Fuel Room Type Heaters
- UL 1484 Residential Gas Detectors
- UL 1492 Audio-Video Products and Accessories
- UL 1557 Electrically Isolated Semiconductor Devices
- UL 1558 Metal-Enclosed Low-Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Switchgear
- UL 1559 Insect-Control Equipment, Electrocutation Type
- UL 1561 Large General Purpose Transformers
- UL 1562 Transformers, Distribution, Dry-Type—Over 600 Volts
- UL 1563 Electric Hot Tubs, Spas, and Associated Equipment
- UL 1564 Industrial Battery Chargers
- UL 1565 Wire Positioning Devices
- UL 1567 Receptacles and Switches for Use With Aluminum Wire
- UL 1569 Metal-Clad Cables
- UL 1570 Fluorescent Lighting Fixtures
- UL 1571 Incandescent Lighting Fixtures
- UL 1572 High Intensity Discharge Lighting Fixtures
- UL 1573 Stage and Studio Lighting Units
- UL 1574 Track Lighting Systems
- UL 1577 Optical Isolaters
- UL 1581 Reference Standard for Electrical Wires, Cables, and Flexible Cords
- UL 1585 Class 2 and Class 3 Transformers
- UL 1594 Sewing and Cutting Machines
- UL 1604\*\* Electrical Equipment for Use in Class I and II, Division 2, and Class III Hazardous (Classified) Locations
- UL 1610 Central-Station Burglar-Alarm Units
- UL 1635 Digital Alarm Communicator System Units
- UL 1638 Visual Signaling Appliances
- UL 1640 Portable Power Distribution Units
- UL 1647 Motor-Operated Massage and Exercise Machines
- UL 1651 Optical Fiber Cable
- UL 1660 Liquid-Tight Flexible Nonmetallic Conduit
- UL 1662 Electric Chain Saws
- UL 1664 Immersion-Detection Circuit-Interrupters
- UL 1666 Standard Test for Flame Propagation Height of Electrical and Optical Fiber Cables Installed Vertically in Shafts
- UL 1673 Electric Space Heating Cables
- UL 1676 Discharge Path Resistors
- UL 1690 Data-Processing Cables
- UL 1693 Electric Radiant Heating Panels and Heating Panel Sets
- UL 1694 Tests for Flammability of Small Polymeric Component Materials
- UL 1703 Flat Plate Photovoltaic Modules and Panels
- UL 1711 Amplifiers for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
- UL 1727 Commercial Electric Personal Grooming Appliances
- UL 1738 Venting Systems for Gas-Burning Appliances, Categories II, III, and IV
- UL 1740 Industrial Robots and Robotic Equipment
- UL 1773 Termination Boxes
- UL 1776 High-Pressure Cleaning Machines
- UL 1778 Uninterruptible Power Supply Equipment
- UL 1786 Nightlights
- UL 1795 Hydromassage Bathtubs
- UL 1812 Ducted Heat Recovery Ventilators
- UL 1815 Nonducted Heat Recovery Ventilators
- UL 1821 Thermoplastic Sprinkler Pipe and Fittings for Fire Protection Service
- UL 1838 Low Voltage Landscape Lighting Systems
- UL 1863 Communication Circuit Accessories
- UL 1876 Isolating Signal and Feedback Transformers for Use in Electronic Equipment
- UL 1889 Commercial Filters for Cooking Oil
- UL 1917 Solid-State Fan Speed Controls
- UL 1950 Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment
- UL 1951 Electric Plumbing Accessories
- UL 1963 Refrigerant Recovery/Recycling Equipment
- UL 1971 Signaling Devices for the Hearing Impaired
- UL 1977 Component Connectors for Use in Data, Signal, Control and Power Applications
- UL 1981 Central Station Automation Systems
- UL 1993 Self-Ballasted Lamps and Lamp Adapters
- UL 1994 Low-Level Path Marking and Lighting Systems

UL 1995 Heating and Cooling Equipment  
 UL 1996 Duct Heaters  
 UL 2021 Fixed and Location-Dedicated Electric Room Heaters  
 UL 2024 Optical Fiber Cable Raceway  
 UL 2034 Single and Multiple Station Carbon Monoxide Detectors  
 UL 2044 Commercial Closed Circuit Television Equipment  
 UL 2083 Halon 1301 Recovery/Recycling Equipment  
 UL 2096 Commercial/Industrial Gas and/or Gas Fired Heating Assemblies with Emission Reduction Equipment  
 UL 2097 Double Insulation Systems for Use in Electronic Equipment  
 UL 2106 Field Erected Boiler Assemblies  
 UL 2157 Electric Clothes Washing Machines and Extractors  
 UL 2158 Electric Clothes Dryers  
 UL 2161 Neon Transformers and Power Supplies  
 UL 2250 Instrumentation Tray Cable  
 UL 2601-1 Medical Electrical Equipment, Part 1: General Requirements for Safety  
 UL 3044 Surveillance Closed Circuit Television Equipment  
 UL 3101-1 Electrical Equipment for Laboratory Use; Part 1: General  
 UL 3111-1 Electrical Measuring and Test Equipment, Part 1: General  
 FMRC 3600\*\* Electrical Equipment for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations, General Requirements  
 FMRC 3610\*\* Intrinsically Safe Apparatus and Associated Apparatus for Use in Class I, II and III, Division 1 Hazardous (Classified) Locations  
 FMRC 3611\*\* Electrical Equipment for Use in Class I, Division 2; Class II, Division 2; and Class III, Division 1 and 2 Hazardous Locations  
 FMRC 3615 Explosionproof Electrical Equipment, General Requirements  
 UL 6500 Audio/Visual and Musical Instrument Apparatus for Household, Commercial, and Similar General Use  
 UL 8730-1 Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 1: General  
 UL 8730-2-3 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Thermal Motor Protectors for Ballasts for Tubular Fluorescent Lamps  
 UL 8730-2-4 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Thermal Motor Protectors for Motor Compressors or Hermetic and Semi-Hermetic Type  
 UL 8730-2-7 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar

Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Timers and Time Switches  
 UL 8730-2-8 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Electrically Operated Water Valves

\*These standards are approved for equipment or materials intended for use in commercial and industrial power system applications. These standards are not approved for equipment or materials intended for use in installations that are excluded from the provisions of Subpart S in 29 CFR 1910, in particular Section 1910.302(b)(2).

\*\*Testing and certification of products under this test standard is limited to the use of these products in Class I locations. See also "Other limitations" below.

**Note:** Testing and certification of gas operated equipment is limited to equipment for use with "liquefied petroleum gas" ("LPG" or "LP-Gas").

The designations and titles of the above test standards were current at the time of the preparation of the notice of the preliminary finding.

Many of the test standards listed above are approved as American National Standards by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). However, for convenience in compiling the list, we show the designation of the standards developing organization (e.g., UL 1950) for the standard, as opposed to the ANSI designation (e.g., ANSI/UL 1950). Under our procedures, an NRTL recognized for an ANSI-approved test standard may use either the latest proprietary version of the test standard or the latest ANSI version of that standard, regardless of whether it is currently recognized for the proprietary or ANSI version. Contact ANSI or the ANSI web site to find out whether or not a standard is currently ANSI-approved.

#### Other Limitations

ITSNA may perform safety testing for hazardous location products only at the specific ITSNA sites that OSHA has recognized and that have been pre-qualified by the ITSNA Chief Engineer. In addition, all safety test reports for hazardous location products must undergo a documented review and approval at the Cortland testing facility by a test engineer qualified in hazardous location safety testing prior to ITSNA's initial or continued authorization of the certifications covered by these reports. The above limitations apply solely to ITSNA's operations as an NRTL.

#### Conditions

ITSNA must also abide by the following conditions of the recognition,

in addition to those already required by 29 CFR 1910.7:

ITSNA may not test and certify any products for a manufacturer or vendor that is either owned in excess of 2% by ITSNA, or affiliated organizationally with ITSNA, including Compliance Design;

OSHA must be allowed access to ITSNA's facility and records for purposes of ascertaining continuing compliance with the terms of its recognition and to investigate as OSHA deems necessary;

If ITSNA has reason to doubt the efficacy of any test standard it is using under this program, it must promptly inform the test standard developing organization of this fact and provide that organization with appropriate relevant information upon which its concerns are based;

ITSNA must not engage in or permit others to engage in any misrepresentation of the scope or conditions of its recognition. As part of this condition, ITSNA agrees that it will allow no representation that it is either a recognized or an accredited Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) without clearly indicating the specific equipment or material to which this recognition is tied, or that its recognition is limited to certain products;

ITSNA must inform OSHA as soon as possible, in writing, of any change of ownership, facilities, or key personnel, and of any major changes in its operations as an NRTL, including details;

ITSNA will meet all the terms of its recognition and will always comply with all OSHA policies pertaining to this recognition; and

ITSNA will continue to meet the requirements for recognition in all areas where it has been recognized.

Signed at Washington, DC this 22nd day of May, 2001.

**R. Davis Layne,**

*Acting Assistant Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 01-13427 Filed 5-25-01; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4510-26-P**

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## NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

### Notice (01-062)

#### Notice of Prospective Patent License

**AGENCY:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

**ACTION:** Notice of prospective patent license.

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