### **Special Flight Permit**

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

# Appendix 1—Thrust Reverse Sync-Lock—Adjustment/Test

- 1. General.
- A. There are two sync-locks for each engine thrust reverser. The sync-lock is installed on the lower non-locking hydraulic actuator of each thrust reverser sleeve.
- B. The Thrust Reverser Sync-Lock Integrity Test has two tasks:
- (1) The first task does a test of the electrical circuit which controls the operation of the sync-lock on each thrust reverser sleeve.
- (2) The second task does a test of the mechanical function of the sync-lock on each thrust reverser sleeve.
- C. The thrust reverser sync-lock is referred to as "the sync-lock" in this procedure.
- 2. Thrust Reverser Sync-Lock Integrity Test.
  A. Equipment—Multi-meter, Simpson 260
  or equivalent—commercially available
- B. Prepare to do the integrity test for the sync-locks
  - (1) Supply electrical power
- (2) For the applicable engine, make sure these circuit breakers on the Main Power Distribution Panel P6, are closed:

6F12 ENG 1 T/R IND

6E12 ENG 2 T/R IND

6D12 ENG 3 T/R IND

6C12 ENG 4 T/R IND

6F13 ENG 1 T/R CONT

6E13 ENG 2 T/R CONT

6D13 ENG 3 T/R CONT 6C13 ENG 4 T/R CONT

6F11 ENG 1 T/R LOCK CONT

6E11 ENG 2 T/R LOCK CONT

6D11 ENG 3 T/R LOCK CONT

6C11 ENG 4 T/R LOCK CONT

- (3) Open the fan cowl panels for the applicable engine.
- C. Do the electrical integrity test for the sync-locks.
- (1) Do these steps, for the applicable engine, to make sure there are no "hot" short circuits in the electrical system which can accidentally supply power to the sync-locks:
- (a) Remove the electrical connector, D20194, from the sync-lock, V170, on the left sleeve of the thrust reverser.
- (b) Remove the electrical connector, D20196, from the sync-lock, V171, on the right sleeve of the thrust reverser.
- (c) Use a multi-meter on the plug end of the applicable electrical connector to make sure that these conditions are correct:

D20194 PIN 1 D20194 PIN 2 -3 to +1 VDC and continuity (less than 5 ohms) D20196 PIN 1 D20196 PIN 2 -3 to +1

VDC and continuity (than 5 ohms)

- (d) If you find the correct conditions, do the mechanical integrity test for the synclocks
- (e) If you did not find these conditions to be correct, you must do these steps:
- (1) Make a careful visual inspection of all the electrical wires and connectors between the sync-lock and its power circuit.

- (2) Repair all the unserviceable electrical wire and connectors that you find.
- (3) Use the multi-meter again to make sure there are no "hot" short circuits in the electrical system which can accidentally supply power to the sync-locks.
- D. Do the mechanical integrity test for the sync-locks.
  - (1) Supply hydraulic power.

WARNING: MAKE SURE ALL PERSONS AND EQUIPMENT ARE CLEAR OF THE AREA BEHIND EACH THRUST REVERSER. IF YOU DO NOT OBEY THIS INSTRUCTION, INJURIES TO PERSONS OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT CAN OCCUR IF THE SYNC-LOCKS DO NOT OPERATE CORRECTLY AND THE THRUST REVERSER EXTENDS.

(2) Move the applicable reverser thrust lever aft to try to extend the thrust reverser with hydraulic power.

**Note:** If the thrust reverser sleeves do not extend, the sync-locks are serviceable. If the thrust reverser sleeves extend, the applicable sync-lock did not operate correctly.

- (3) Replace the sync-lock(s) on the thrust reverser sleeve(s) that did extend when you moved the reverse thrust levers. Repeat steps 2.D.(1) and 2.D.(2) to verify that functional sync-locks are installed.
- (4) Move the applicable thrust reverser lever forward to the stow position.
- (5) Install the electrical connector, D20194, on the sync-lock, V170 on the left sleeve of the thrust reverser.
- (6) Install the electrical connector, D20196, on the sync-lock, V171, on the right sleeve of the thrust reverser.

WARNING: MAKE SURE ALL PERSONS AND EQUIPMENT ARE CLEAR OF THE AREA BEHIND EACH THRUST REVERSER. IF YOU DO NOT OBEY THIS INSTRUCTION, INJURIES TO PERSONS OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT CAN OCCUR WHEN THE THRUST REVERSERS ARE EXTENDED.

(7) Move the applicable thrust reverser aft to try to extend the thrust reverser with hydraulic power.

**Note:** If the thrust reverser sleeves extended, the sync-locks are serviceable. If the thrust reverser sleeves did not extend, the applicable sync-lock is not serviceable.

- (8) Replace the sync-lock(s) on the thrust reverser sleeve that did not extend when you moved the reverse thrust levers. Repeat steps 2.D.(4) through 2.D.(7) to verify that functional sync-locks are installed.
- (9) Repeat steps 2.A. through 2.D. for all other engine positions.
- E. Put the airplane back to its usual condition
- (1) Move the reverse thrust levers forward to fully retract the thrust reversers on the applicable engine.
- (2) Remove the hydraulic power if it is not necessary.
- (3) Remove the electrical power if it is not necessary.
  - (4) Close the fan cowl panels.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on December 21, 1999.

#### D.L. Riggin,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 99–33569 Filed 12–27–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 99-NM-206-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 747 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking

(NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Boeing Model 747 series airplanes. This proposal would require a one-time inspection to determine whether H-11 steel bolts are installed as attach and support bolts at the trailing edge flap transmissions, and replacement of any H-11 steel bolt with an Inconel bolt. This proposal is prompted by reports of fracture or cracking of H-11 steel bolts at the flap transmissions. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent loss of a flap transmission, which could reduce lateral controllability of the airplane.

**DATES:** Comments must be received by February 11, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 99–NM–206–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Barbara Mudrovich, Aerospace Engineer, Systems and Equipment Branch, ANM–130S, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–2983; fax (425) 227–1181.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 99–NM–206–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 99-NM-206-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

## Discussion

The FAA has received reports indicating that H–11 steel bolts on trailing edge flap transmissions installed on certain Boeing Model 747 series airplanes have fractured or cracked due to stress corrosion. Bolts made of H-11 steel are known to be susceptible to such stress corrosion cracking. The presence of moisture leads to stress corrosion and, combined with other factors such as preload and shank corrosion, can result in fractured or cracked bolts. Broken bolts could lead to loss of a flap transmission, which could result in flap asymmetry, flap skew, or collateral system damage. This

condition, if not corrected, could result in reduced lateral controllability of the airplane.

# **Explanation of Relevant Service Information**

The FAA has reviewed and approved Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747–27A2376, dated July 1, 1999, which describes procedures for a one-time general visual inspection to determine whether H–11 steel bolts are installed as attach and support bolts at the trailing edge flap transmissions. If an H–11 steel bolt is installed, the alert service bulletin describes procedures for replacement with an Inconel bolt. Accomplishment of the replacement specified in the alert service bulletin is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition.

# **Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule**

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other products of this same type design, the proposed AD would require a one-time general visual inspection to determine whether H–11 steel bolts are installed as attach and support bolts at the trailing edge flap transmissions, and replacement of any H–11 steel bolt with an Inconel bolt. The actions would be required to be accomplished in accordance with the alert service bulletin described previously, except as discussed below.

# Differences Between Proposed Rule and Alert Service Bulletin

Operators should note that, if any H-11 steel bolt is detected during the inspection specified in this proposed AD, the proposed AD would require replacement of any H-11 steel bolt with an Inconel bolt prior to further flight. The alert service bulletin describes an option to defer replacement of an H-11 steel bolt by performing a torque inspection to determine whether the H-11 steel bolt is broken. If an H–11 steel bolt is not broken, the alert service bulletin allows replacement of the H-11 steel bolt to be deferred for up to 18 months after accomplishment of the inspection. The FAA has determined that such a compliance time would not address the identified unsafe condition in a timely manner. In developing an appropriate compliance time for this AD, the FAA considered not only the manufacturer's recommendation, but the degree of urgency associated with addressing the subject unsafe condition, and the time necessary to perform the replacement (approximately four hours per affected flap transmission). In light of these factors, the FAA finds a

requirement to replace any H–11 steel bolt with an Inconel bolt prior to further flight to be warranted, in order to ensure the continued safety of the transport airplane fleet.

## **Cost Impact**

There are approximately 775 airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 226 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, and that it would take approximately 6 work hours per airplane to accomplish the proposed inspection, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the inspection proposed by this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$81,360, or \$360 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

## **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

# The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Boeing: Docket 99-NM-206-AD.

Applicability: Model 747–100, –100B, –100B SUD, –200B, –200C, –200F, –300, –400, –400D, –400F, and 747SR series airplanes; line positions 1 through 871 inclusive; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (b) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent loss of a flap transmission, which could reduce lateral controllability of the airplane, accomplish the following:

## Replacement

(a) Within 1 year after the effective date of this AD, perform a one-time general visual inspection to determine whether H–11 steel bolts are installed as attach and support bolts at the trailing edge flap transmissions, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747–27A2376, dated July 1, 1999.

(1) If no H–11 steel bolt is found, no further action is required by this AD.

(2) If any H–11 steel bolt is found, prior to further flight, replace with an Inconel bolt, in accordance with the alert service bulletin.

Note 2: For the purposes of this AD, a general visual inspection is defined as: "A visual examination of an interior or exterior area, installation, or assembly to detect obvious damage, failure, or irregularity. This level of inspection is made under normally available lighting conditions such as daylight, hangar lighting, flashlight, or droplight, and may require removal or opening of access panels or doors. Stands, ladders, or platforms may be required to gain proximity to the area being checked."

# **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

**Note 3:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

### **Special Flight Permits**

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on December 21, 1999.

#### D.L. Riggin,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 99–33570 Filed 12–27–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 99-CE-70-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Alexander Schleicher GmbH & Co. Model ASW-27 Sailplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This document proposes to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) that would apply to certain Alexander Schleicher GmbH & Co. (Alexander Schleicher) Model ASW-27 sailplanes. The proposed AD would require inspecting the elevator control circuit clearance inside the fuselage tail boom to the fin intersection to assure a clearance of at least 2.5 millimeters (mm) (1/10-inch wide), and adjusting any clearance that does not meet the criteria. The proposed AD is the result of mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by the airworthiness authority for Germany. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to detect interference in the elevator control circuit, which, if not corrected, could result in the elevator control jamming with possible loss of control of the sailplane.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before January 31, 2000.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation

Administration (FAA), Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 99—CE—70—AD, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. Comments may be inspected at this location between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, holidays excepted.

Service information that applies to the proposed AD may be obtained from Alexander Schleicher GmbH & Co. Segelflugzeugbau, D–36163 Poppenhausen, Federal Republic of Germany; telephone: ++49 6658 89–0; facsimile: ++49 6658 89–40. This information also may be examined at the Rules Docket at the address above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Mike Kiesov, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 426–6934; facsimile: (816) 426–2169.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Comments Invited**

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket No. 99–CE–70–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# **Availability of NPRMs**

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules