Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 ({202} 395–7316), within 30 days from the date of this publication in the **Federal Register**.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

*Agency:* Employment Standards Administration.

Title: application for Authority for an Institution of Higher Education to Employ its Full-Time Students at Subminimum Wages Under Regulations Part 519.

OMB Number: 1215–0080.

Frequency: Annually.

Affected Public: Individuals or households; Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 15.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 15 to 30 minutes.

Total Burden Hours: 5.

Total Annualized Capital/Startup Costs: \$0.

Total Annual Costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$0.

Description: Section 14(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, in part, authorizes the employment of full-time students in higher education at subminimum wages under certain conditions. The WH–201 application form provides the information necessary to ascertain whether the requirements of section 14(b) have been met.

#### Ira L. Mills,

Department Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 99–31926 Filed 12–8–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–26–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-2952]

#### Carhartt, Inc., McKenzie, Tennessee; Negative Determination on Application for Reconsideration

By letter of May 6, 1999, the company requested administrative reconsideration of the Department's negative determination regarding eligibility to apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) applicable to workers and former workers of the McKenzie, Tennessee plant of Carhartt, Inc. The negative determination was signed on April 12, 1999 and published in the Federal Register on May 11, 1999 (64 FR 25373). Company officials have now indicated that it was their intention to also request reconsideration of the Department's negative determination eligibility to apply for North American Free Trade Agreement—Transitional Adjustment Assistance (NAFTA-TAA) applicable to workers and former workers of Carhartt, Inc., McKenzie, Tennessee (NAFTA-2952). That negative determination was also signed on April 12, 1999 and published in the Federal Register on May 11, 1999.

Pursuant to 29 CFR 90.18(c) reconsideration may be granted under the following circumstances:

(1) If it appears on the basis of facts not previously considered that the determination complained of was erroneous;

(2) If it appears that the determination complained of was based on a mistake in the determination of facts not previously considered; or

(3) If in the opinion of the Certifying Officer, a misinterpretation of facts or of the law justified reconsideration of the decision.

The petitioner states that the Carhartt McKenzie sewing facility produced bib overalls. When the plan permanently closed on July 30, 1999, production was transferred to the Carhartt Camden, Tennessee facility.

The NAFTA—TAA petition, filed on behalf of workers of Carhartt, Inc., McKenzie, Tennessee, was denied based on the finding that criteria (3) and (4) of the worker group eligibility requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, were not met. There were no company or customer imports from Mexico or Canada of products like or directly competitive with the bib overalls produced by workers at McKenzie. The company did not shift production from McKenzie to Mexico or

Canada. The Department cannot consider the domestic shift of production of bib overalls from McKenzie, Tennessee to Camden, Tennessee as a basis for worker group certification.

#### Conclusion

After review of the application and investigative findings, I conclude that there has been no error or misinterpretation of the law or of the facts which would justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. Accordingly, the application is denied.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 30th day of November 1999.

#### Grant D. Beale,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99–31937 Filed 12–8–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

## **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-03115]

D & E Wood Products, Incorporated Including Temporary Workers of Mid-Oregon Temporary Workers of Mid-Oregon Labor Contractors, Prineville, Oregon; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA- Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 250(A), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on October 5, 1999, applicable to workers of D & E Wood Products, Incorporated, Prineville, Oregon. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on October 14, 1999 (64 FR 55752).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information provided by the State shows that some employees of D & E Wood Products, Incorporated were temporary workers of Mid-Oregon Labor Contractors employed to produce finger joint wood block and cut stock at the Prineville, Oregon facility.

Based on these findings, the Department is amending the certification to include temporary workers of Mid-Oregon Labor Contractors who were engaged in the production of finger joint wood block and cut stock at D & E Wood Products, Incorporated, Prineville, Oregon.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of D & E Wood Products, Incorporated adversely affected by imports from Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-03115 is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of D & E Wood Products, Incorporated, Prineville, Oregon and temporary workers of Mid-Oregon Labor Contractors, Prineville, Oregon engaged in employment related to the production of finger joint wood block and cut stock for D & E Wood Products, Incorporated, Prineville, Oregon who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 20, 1999 through October 5, 2001 are eligible to apply for NAFTA—TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, DC this 22nd day of November, 1999.

#### Grant D. Beale,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99–31932 Filed 12–8–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-03553]

# Kimberly-Clark Corporation, Munising Mill, Munising, Michigan; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 193–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called (NAFTA–TAA), and in accordance with section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273), an investigation was initiated on September 24, 1999, in response to a petition filed on behalf of workers at Kimberly-Clark Corporation, Munising Mill, Munising, Michigan.

In a statement dated October 26, 1999, the company official submitting the petition requested that the petition for NAFTA-TAA be withdrawn. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 22nd day of November 1999.

#### Grant D. Beale,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99–31941 Filed 12–8–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-03183 et al.]

#### Russell Corporation; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA-Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974 as amended (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on June 8, 1999, applicable to workers at Russell Corp., Sylcaugua, Alabama. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on June 30, 1999 (64 FR 35186).

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information received by the company shows that worker separations occurred at the Dadeville, New #1 Mill and 755 Lee Street Plants, Alexander City, 8416 Hwy 231 North, Wetumpka and Brundidge, Alabama locations of Russell Corporation. The workers are engaged in the production fleece wear and/or T-shirts.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Russell Corp. adversely affected by increased imports from Mexico.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to cover the workers of Russell Corporation, Dadeville, New #1 Mill and 755 Lee Street Plants, Alexander City, 8416 Hwy 231 North, Wetumpka and Brundidge, Alabama.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-03183 is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of Russell Corp., Sylcaugua, Alabama (NAFTA–03183), Dadeville, Alabama (NAFTA–03183D), New #1 Mill and 755 Lee Street Plants, Alexander City, Alabama (NAFTA–03183E), 8416 8416 Hwy 231 North, Wetumpka, Alabama (NAFTA–03183F) and Brundidge, Alabama (NAFTA–03183G) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after May 5, 1998 through June 8, 2001 are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 30th day of November, 1999.

#### Grant D. Beale,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99–31931 Filed 12–8–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

[NAFTA-3533]

#### Walls Industries, Inc., Cutting Department, Sweetwater, Texas; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an Investigation was initiated on October 17, 1999, in response to a worker petition which was filed on behalf of workers at Walls Industries, Inc., Cutting Department, Sweetwater, Texas.

An active certification (amended) covering the petitioning group of workers at the subject firm remains in effect (NAFTA–3298C). Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve to purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, DC this 2nd day of December, 1999.

#### Grant D. Beale.

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99–31936 Filed 12–8–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## **Employment and Training Administration**

[TA-W-36, 138, 138A, and 138B]

### ABB Vetco Gray, Inc., Houston, Texas, Bryan, Texas, Odessa, Texas' Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on July 14, 1999, applicable to workers of ABB Vetco Gray, Inc., Houston, Texas. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on August 11, 1999 (64 FR 43724).

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information shows that worker separations occurred at the Bryan and Odessa, Texas locations of ABB Vetco Gray, Inc. The Bryan and Odessa, Texas locations provide administrative support function services for ABB Vetco's production facility located in Houston, Texas. The workers were engaged in activities related to the production of oil well drilling equipment.