

OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 is not required.

VI. Environmental Impact

The agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.30(h) that this action is of a class of actions that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

VII. Effective Date

This final rule becomes effective 1 year after its date of publication in the **Federal Register**.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 310

Administrative practice and procedure, Drugs, Labeling, Medical devices, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and the Public Health Service Act, and under the authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, 21 CFR part 310 is amended as follows:

PART 310—NEW DRUGS

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 310 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 321, 331, 351, 352, 353, 355, 360b–360f, 360j, 361(a), 371, 374, 375, 379e; 42 U.S.C. 216, 241, 242(a), 262, 263b–263n.

§ 310.516 [Removed]

2. Section 310.516 *Progestational drug products; labeling directed to the patient* is removed.

Dated: November 4, 1999.

Margaret M. Dotzel,

Acting Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 99–29854 Filed 11–15–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

31 CFR Part 18

Agency Organization: Vacancy, Disability, and Absence

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary of the Treasury, Department of the Treasury.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule establishes regulations concerning the functions and duties of certain offices within the Department of the Treasury in case of absence, disability, or vacancy. The rule is consistent with sections 3345 through 3349d of title 5, United States Code, as amended by the Federal Vacancies Reform Act of 1998. Currently codified

at 31 CFR Part 18 are temporary regulations relating to the tax treatment of the Conrail public sale. Although the temporary regulations are no longer needed and are being replaced by the regulation in this document, the temporary regulations continue to apply to transactions that occurred while they were effective.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 16, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Randolph B. Sim, Attorney Adviser, Office of the Assistant General Counsel (General Law and Ethics), Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20220, (202) 622–0450 (not a toll-free call).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 3345 of title 5, United States Code, provides that when an officer whose appointment is required to be made by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate (“PAS Office”), dies, resigns, or is otherwise unable to perform the functions and duties of the office, the first assistant to the office of such officer (“First Assistant”) may perform temporarily the functions and duties of the PAS Office. The rule authorizes the Secretary to establish for each office within the Department of the Treasury (including its bureaus) to which appointment is required to be made by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate a First Assistant within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 3345–3349d. If there is a principal deputy to the PAS Office, that official is the First Assistant. If there is no position with the title “principal deputy,” but there is one, and only one, deputy position to the PAS Office (which deputy may have a different title, such as Deputy Director), that deputy is the First Assistant. If there is no position which qualifies as First Assistant under these tests, the Secretary may designate a First Assistant. Consistent with 5 U.S.C. 3347, the rule does not apply to certain specified offices or if a statute prescribes another means for authorizing an officer or employee to perform the functions and duties of a PAS Office temporarily in an acting capacity.

This rule shall not affect the filing of vacancies that occurred prior to the effective date of the Federal Vacancies Reform Act of 1998.

Because this rule relates to agency management and personnel, it is not subject to notice and public procedure or to a delayed effective date pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(2). Because no notice of proposed rulemaking is required, the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) do not apply. This document is not a significant

regulatory action for purposes of Executive Order 12866.

List of Subjects in 31 CFR Part 18

Government employees, Organization and functions (Government agencies).

Accordingly, part 18 of title 31 of the Code of Federal Regulations is revised to read as follows:

PART 18—OFFICIALS DESIGNATED TO PERFORM THE FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES OF CERTAIN OFFICES IN CASE OF ABSENCE, DISABILITY, OR VACANCY

Sec.

18.1 Designation of First Assistants.

18.2 Exceptions.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; 31 U.S.C. 321.

§ 18.1 Designation of First Assistants.

Except as provided in § 18.2, every office within the Department of the Treasury (including its bureaus) to which appointment is required to be made by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate (“PAS Office”) may have a First Assistant within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 3345–3349d.

(a) Where there is a position of principal deputy to the PAS Office, the principal deputy shall be the First Assistant.

(b) Where there is only one deputy position to the PAS Office, the official in that position shall be the First Assistant.

(c) Where neither paragraph (a) nor (b) of this section is applicable to the PAS Office, the Secretary of the Treasury may designate in writing the First Assistant.

§ 18.2 Exceptions.

(a) Section 18.1 shall not apply:

(1) When a statute which meets the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 3347(a) prescribes another means for authorizing an officer or employee to perform the functions and duties of a PAS Office in the Department temporarily in an acting capacity; and

(2) To the office of a member of the Internal Revenue Service Oversight Board.

(b) The Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury shall determine any arrangements for the temporary performance of the functions and duties of the Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury when that office is vacant.

(c) The Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration shall determine any arrangements for the temporary performance of the functions and duties of the Treasury Inspector General for

Tax Administration when that office is vacant.

Dated: November 4, 1999.

Lawrence H. Summers,

Secretary of the Treasury.

[FR Doc. 99-29658 Filed 11-15-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810-25-M

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

Information Security Oversight Office

32 CFR Part 2001

[Directive No. 1; Appendix A]

[RIN 3095-AA92]

Information Security Oversight Office; Classified National Security Information; Correction

AGENCY: Information Security Oversight Office (ISOO), National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The Information Security Oversight Office, NARA, published in the **Federal Register** of September 13, 1999, a final rule establishing a uniform referral standard that Federal agencies must use for multi-agency declassification issues. Inadvertently, we published incorrect text for the definition of the term "Exempted." This document provides the correct text.

DATES: Effective on October 13, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Steven Garfinkel, Director, ISOO. Telephone: 202-219-5250.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: ISOO published a final rule document in the **Federal Register** of September 13, 1999, (64 FR 49388) adding a new § 2001.55 to Subpart E. The definition of "Exempted" incorrectly repeated the definition for another term. This correction provides the correct definition for "Exempted."

In the document FR 99-23800 published on September 13, 1999, (99 FR 49388) make the following correction. On page 49389, in the second column, in § 2001.55, paragraph (d), remove the definition of "Exempted" and add in its place:

§ 2001.55 Document referral.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

"Exempted means nomenclature and marking indicating information has been determined to fall within an enumerated exemption from automatic declassification under E.O. 12958."

* * * * *

Dated: November 9, 1999.

John W. Carlin,

Archivist of the United States.

[FR Doc. 99-29863 Filed 11-15-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7515-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 117

[CGD01-99-076]

RIN 2115-AE47

Drawbridge Operation Regulations: Hackensack River, Passaic River, NJ

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is changing the drawbridge operation regulations governing the Harold J. Dillard (Court Street) Bridge, at mile 16.2, at Hackensack, across the Hackensack River, the Avondale Bridge, at mile 10.7, at Lyndhurst, across the Passaic River, and the Douglas O. Mead (Union Avenue) Bridge, at mile 13.2, at Rutherford, across the Passaic River, in New Jersey. The bridge owner asked the Coast Guard to change the regulations for these bridges to require a four-hour advance notice for openings at all times because there have been few requests to open these bridges since 1994. This final rule is expected to relieve the bridge owner of the burden of crewing the bridges at all times and still meet the needs of navigation.

DATES: This final rule is effective December 16, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Documents as indicated in this preamble are available for inspection or copying at the First Coast Guard District Office, 408 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts 02110, 7 a.m. to 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The telephone number is (617) 223-8364.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John W. McDonald, Project Officer, First Coast Guard District, (617) 223-8364.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory History

On August 13, 1999, the Coast Guard published a notice of proposed rulemaking entitled Drawbridge Operation Regulations; Hackensack River and Passaic River, New Jersey, in the **Federal Register** (64 FR 44148). The Coast Guard received no comments in response to the notice of proposed rulemaking. No public hearing was requested and none was held.

Background

The Harold J. Dillard (Court Street) Bridge, mile 16.2, across the Hackensack River in Hackensack, New Jersey, has a vertical clearance of 3 feet at mean high water and 8 feet at mean low water, the Douglas O. Mead (Union Avenue) Bridge, mile 13.2, across the Passaic River, in Rutherford, New Jersey, has a vertical clearance of 13 feet at mean high water and 18 feet at mean low water, the Avondale Bridge, mile 10.7, across the Passaic River in Lyndhurst, New Jersey, has a vertical clearance of 7 feet at mean high water and 12 feet at mean low water.

The existing operating regulations for the Harold J. Dillard (Court Street) Bridge listed at § 117.723(g) require the bridge to open on signal from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. From 11 p.m. to 7 a.m., and at all times on weekends and Federal holidays, the draw shall open on signal if at least eight hours notice is given. The existing operating regulations for the Douglas O. Mead (Union Avenue) Bridge listed at § 117.739(o) require the bridge to open on signal; except that, from 4 p.m. to 8 a.m., the draw shall open if at least eight hours notice is given. The existing operating regulations for the Avondale Bridge listed at 117.739(l) require the bridge to open on signal; except that, notice must be given before 2:30 a.m. for openings between 3 a.m. and 8:30 a.m. and before 2:30 p.m. for openings between 4:30 p.m. and 7 p.m.

The bridge owner, the County of Bergen, has asked the Coast Guard to change the regulations for these bridges to require a four-hour advance notice for openings at all times.

The bridge log data indicates that the Harold J. Dillard (Court Street) Bridge and Douglas O. Mead (Union Avenue) Bridge have not received a request to open since 1994. The Avondale Bridge had 8 openings in 1996, 4 openings in 1997, 2 openings in 1998, and no openings thus far in 1999.

Discussion of Comments and Changes

The Coast Guard received no comments in response to the notice of proposed rulemaking and no changes have been made to this final rule.

Regulatory Evaluation

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that Order. It has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under that Order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of