Respondents (hospitals)	Number of respondents	Number of re- sponses/re- spondent	Avg. burden/re- sponse (in hrs)
In-House Tape or Printout Hospitals Update Form (Abstract Service Hospitals) Quality Control Forms Induction Forms	37	12	.18333
	175	2	.03333
	50	40	.01667
	15	1	2

Dated: September 9, 1999.

#### Nancy Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

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#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

## Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30 DAY-25-99]

# Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639–7090. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer; Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235; Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

#### Proposed Project

1. National Sexually Transmitted Disease Morbidity Surveillance System—Extension—(0920–0011)—The National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHSTP)—The reports used for this surveillance system provide ongoing surveillance data on national sexually transmitted disease morbidity. The data are used by health care planners at the national, state, and local (including selected metropolitan and territorial health departments)

levels to develop and evaluate STD prevention and control programs. In addition, there are many other users of the data including scientists, researchers, educators, and the media. STD data gathered in these reports are used to produce national statistics published in the annual STD Surveillance Report, MMWR articles, and serve as a progress report to meet objectives in *Healthy People 2000:* Midcourse Review and 1995 Revisions. It is important to note that these reporting forms are in the process of being phased out and replaced by electronic, line-listed STD data collected in the National Electronic Telecommunications System for Surveillance (NETSS).

Costs are covered by way of cooperative agreements to the project areas. The total annual burden hours are 828.

Forms	No. of respondents	No. of re- sponses/re- spondent	Avg. burden (in hrs.)
CDC 73.688*	36	4	1
CDC 73.688**	27	4	1
CDC 73.998	36	12	0.5833
CDC 73.2638	36	3	3

<sup>\*</sup> State-level reporting: Respondents for the state-specific CDC 73.688 forms now include 26 state health departments (Originally, respondents included 50 states, but 24 states have now discontinued hardcopy reporting and send all STD data as electronic line-listed records through NETSS), seven large city health departments and three outlying areas.

\*\* City-level reporting: The health departments for the 26 states and one of the outlying regions (Puerto Rico) also prepare and submit reports for additional large cities within their jurisdictions.

Dated: September 9, 1999.

#### Nancy Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

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# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

## Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30 DAY-26-99]

## Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of

information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639–7090. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer; Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235; Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

#### Proposed Project

Training Intervention Effectiveness Research of Vocational Education Safety and Health Instructional Materials— New—The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) is proposing to study the

effectiveness of safety and health curricula to be made available for secondary vocational schools. Studies conducted by NIOSH suggest that over half of all young workers injured on-thejob believe that they did not receive adequate safety and health training in school or from their employers. The National Safety Council estimates that nearly one-half (48.1%) of all occupational injuries are sustained by employees with less than one year of work experience. Further-more, feedback from end-users of past NIOSH vocational education materials indicates that these materials do not adequately meet the needs of vocational teachers and students. Given these considerations, further training intervention effectiveness research is

needed to identify those educational approaches that are most effective in shaping the attitudes and behaviors of new workers.

Trade-specific safety and health materials will be tested for two vocations: electrical trades and cosmetology. Both sets of instruction are designed for vocational secondary school students enrolled in courses on either of these subjects. These curricula cover the following topics: hazard recognition and control, personal protection, safe work practices, and safe working environments. This instruction is expected to improve students' knowledge and attitudes in the area of occupational safety and health, thereby reducing the incidence of illness, injury, and death in tomorrow's workplace. Students will receive this instruction in a pedagogically conceived manner, within the classroom setting, as part of their overall vocational training. A variety of instructional approaches are

available to convey information and affect attitudes. The purpose of this study is to identify approaches that readily and consistently produce desired outcomes among vocational students. The electrical safety curriculum, which contains a videotaped program, will be used to explore the effectiveness of television as a delivery mechanism. The cosmetology safety curriculum will be used to examine the effectiveness of problem solving exercises, especially with regard to group size.

The time-line for this study is approximately one year. In May of the 1998–99 school year, a baseline assessment of safety knowledge and attitudes of vocational secondary school students will be performed. The NIOSH training materials will not be used with this group of students. For the Fall of 1999, participating schools will each be assigned one of the instructional approaches under investigation. At the

beginning of the 1999–2000 school year, knowledge and attitude pretests for both trades will be administered to students. During the school year, as the prescribed safety topics are taught, knowledge and attitudes will be assessed. Teachers and students will be surveyed regarding their perceptions of the instructional materials and their cognitive and attitudinal impacts. During this phase of the study, the most effective approaches will emerge.

A final assessment will be administered to all students in May 2000, allowing comparison with the assessments taken the previous May of students who had not been exposed to any of the curricular elements under study.

The identities and performances of individual students, teachers, and schools will be held in confidence. The total annual burden hours are 2,964.

Respondents	No. of respondents	No. of re- sponses/re- spondent	Avg. burden per response
Electrical teachers	80	1	1.00
Baseline data	1600	1	.50
Early video	800	4	.25
Late video	800	4	.25
Cosmetology teachers	80	1	1.00
Baseline data: All discussion groups	1600 1600		.50 .33
		1 3	

Dated: September 9, 1999.

#### Nancy Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

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#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

## Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30 DAY-27-99]

## Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639–7090. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer; Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235; Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

#### Proposed Project

1. Aggregate report of follow-up for contacts of tuberculosis, and aggregate report of screening and preventive therapy for tuberculosis infection: two revised tuberculosis program management reports-New-National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHSTP)—To ensure the elimination of tuberculosis in the United States, key program activities such as finding tuberculosis infections in recent contacts of cases and in other persons likely to be infected, and providing prevention therapy, must be monitored. The Division of Tuberculosis Elimination (DTBE), is implementing two revised program management reports for annual submission:

Aggregate report of follow-up for contacts of tuberculosis, and aggregate report of screening and preventive therapy of tuberculosis infection. The respondents for these reports are the 68 state and local tuberculosis control programs receiving federal cooperative agreement funding through (DTBE). The revised reports phase out two, twiceyearly program management reports in the Tuberculosis Statistics and Program Evaluation Activity (OMB 0920–0026): Contact Follow-up (CDC 72.16) and Completion of Preventive Therapy (CDC 72.21). The revised reports, which are being submitted for an OMB approval outside of OMB 0920-0026, have several improvements over the old reports for the respondents and for DTBE, such as the emphasis on preventive therapy outcomes, the focus on high-priority target populations vulnerable to tuberculosis, and programmed electronic report generation and submission through the Tuberculosis Information Management System. The old reports, CDC 72.16 and