

The Draft Environmental Assessment (EA) studies potential environmental impacts associated with the construction and operation of a contractor-owned/contractor-operated correctional facility to house approximately 1,000 inmates. The proposed action is based on a need to house felons, mostly from the Washington, DC, area, due to the impending closure of correctional facilities in Lorton, Virginia.

The Draft EA considers potential impacts to the natural and manmade environments including topography, geology and soils, cultural, aesthetic, hydrological and biological resources, land use, socio-economics, air quality, noise, transportation, and utility services, among other topics at each proposed site. The Draft EA will be the subject of a 30-day review period which begins August 17, 1999 and ends September 17, 1999. Comments concerning the Draft EA and the proposed action must be received during this time to be assured of consideration.

All written comments received during this review period will be taken into consideration by the Bureau. Copies of the Draft EA are available for public viewing at:

Holt Memorial Library, Moshannon Valley Partnership Corp. Building, 200 Shady Lane, Philipsburg, PA
Shaw Public Library, 1 South Front Street, Clearfield, PA

Terra Alta Public Library, 120 East Washington Ave., Terra Alta, WV
Anacostia Public Library, Good Hope Road and 18th Street, SE., Washington, DC

Alternatives: In developing the Draft EA, the options of "no action" and "take action" for the proposed facility have been fully and thoroughly examined.

Public Hearing Process:

Representatives of the Bureau will also conduct a Public Hearing to which all interested persons are invited to attend. The Public Hearing is being held to provide for timely public comments on the Draft EA consistent with the goals of NEPA. The Public Hearing will be held at 7 P.M., September 9, 1999 at the Philipsburg Jr. High School, Philipsburg, PA. The meeting is being held to allow interested persons to formally offer comments and express their views concerning the proposed action and the Draft EA. The Bureau reserves the right to impose a time limit for those speakers in order to accommodate all persons interested in commenting on the Draft EA. Written comments concerning the Draft EA will also be accepted at the meeting.

ADDRESS: Questions concerning the proposed action and the Draft Environmental Assessment can be answered by: David J. Dorworth, Chief, Site Selection and Environmental Review Branch, Administration Division, Federal Bureau of Prisons, 320 First Street, N.W, Washington, DC 20534, Telephone: (202) 514-6470, Telefacsimile: (202) 616-6024, E-mail: siteselection@bop.gov

Dated: August 13, 1999.

David J. Dorworth,

Chief, Site Selection and Environmental Review Branch.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Submission for OMB review; comment request

August 23, 1999.

The Department of Labor (DOL) has submitted the following information collection requests (ICRs) (see below) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). A copy of each individual ICR, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Department of Labor, Departmental Clearance Officer, Ira Mills (202) 219-5096, ext. 143 or E-Mail to Mills-Ira@dol.gov.

Comments should be sent to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Officer for BLS, DM, ESA, ETA, MSHA, OSHA, PWBA, or VETS, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 (202) 395-7316, by September 27, 1999.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated,

electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Agency: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Title: Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemical (29 CFR 1910.119).

OMB Number: 1218-0200.

Frequency: Varies (on occasion, annually).

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit; Not for-profit institutions; Federal Government, State, local or tribal.

Number of Respondents: 192,865.

Estimated Time Per Respondent: Varies from 5 minutes (0.08 hr.) To 146.5 hours.

Total Burden Hours: 73,111,180.

Total Annualized capital/startup costs: \$0.

Total annual costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$0.

Description: The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (the Act) authorizes information collection by employers as necessary or appropriate for enforcement of the Act or for developing information regarding the causes and prevention of occupational injuries, illnesses, and accidents (29 U.S.C. 657). In this regard, the information collection requirements in the Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals Standards (29 CFR 1910.119) prevent or minimize the consequences of accidents involving highly hazardous chemicals.

Agency: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Title: Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) (29 CFR 1910.120).

OMB Number: 1218-0202.

Frequency: Varies (on occasion, annually).

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit; Not for-profit institutions; Federal Government, State, local or tribal.

Number of Respondents: 38,363.

Estimated Time Per Respondent: Varies from 5 minutes (0.08 hr.) To 64 hours.

Total Burden Hours: 1,592,338.

Total Annualized capital/startup costs: \$5,045,430.00.

Total annual costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$0.

Description: The standard on Hazardous Waste and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) (29 CFR 1910.120) regulates the safety and

health of employees engaged in hazardous waste site operations and emergency response to the release of hazardous substances from their containers. It was mandated by Congress under section 126 of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). Worker populations covered by the rule include workers at Superfund clean-sites and similar operations, workers at EPA permitted disposal sites, and emergency response workers at those sites, firefighters, emergency medical service personnel, police, and others involved in hazardous substance emergency response. Employers can use the information collected under the rule to develop the various programs the standard requires and to ensure that their employees are trained properly about the safety and health hazards associated with hazardous waste operations and emergency response to hazardous waste releases. OSHA will use the records developed in response to this standard to ensure adequate compliance with the safety and health provisions. The employer's failure to collect and distribute the information required in this standard will affect significantly OSHA's effort to control and reduce injuries and fatalities. Such failure would also be contrary to the direction Congress provided in SARA.

Maureen Hill,

Acting Departmental Clearance Officer.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division

Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1, by authority of the Secretary

of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedes decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the **Federal Register**, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department. Further information and self-explanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor,

Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room S-3014, Washington, DC 20210.

Withdrawn General Wage Determination Decisions

This is to advise all interested parties that the Department of Labor is withdrawing, from the date of this notice, the following General Wage Determinations:

MO990008 (See MO990045)

MO990047 (See MO990045)

Contracts for which bids have been opened shall not be affected by this notice. Also, consistent with 29 CFR 1.6(c)(i)(A), when the opening of bids is less than ten (10) days from the date of this notice, this action shall be effective unless the agency finds that there is insufficient time to notify bidders of the change and the finding is documented in the contract file.

Modifications to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of decisions listed in the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the **Federal Register** are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

Volume I

None

Volume II

Virginia

VA990003 (Mar. 12, 1999)

VA990022 (Mar. 12, 1999)

Volume III

Georgia

GA990050 (Mar. 12, 1999)

GA990053 (Mar. 12, 1999)

GA990073 (Mar. 12, 1999)

Kentucky

KY990025 (Mar. 12, 1999)

KY990028 (Mar. 12, 1999)

Volume IV

Indiana

IN990010 (Mar. 12, 1999)

IN990039 (Mar. 12, 1999)

Michigan

MI990005 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990007 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990040 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990046 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990047 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990060 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990062 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990077 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990078 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990082 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990083 (Mar. 12, 1999)

MI990085 (Mar. 12, 1999)