addressing voting records and voter guides that are publicly distributed by corporations and labor organizations, an action it calls necessary to conform these rules with a recent court decision. The Petition is available for inspection in the Commission's Public Records Office and through its FAXLINE service.

DATES: Statements in support of or in opposition to the Petition must be filed on or before September 24, 1999.

ADDRESSES: All comments should be addressed to Rosemary C. Smith, Acting Assistant General Counsel, and must be submitted in either written or electronic form. Written comments should be sent to the Federal Election Commission, 999 E Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20463. Faxed comments should be sent to (202) 219-3923, with printed copy follow-up. Electronic mail comments should be sent to voterguides@fec.gov. Commenters sending comments by electronic mail should include their full name and postal service address within the text of their comments. Comments that do not contain the full name, electronic mail address and postal service address of the commenter will not be considered.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rosemary C. Smith, Acting Assistant General Counsel, or Rita A. Reimer, Attorney, 999 E Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20462, (202) 604, 1651

Washington, D.C. 20463, (202) 694–1650 or (800) 424–9530 (toll free).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Election Campaign Act at 2 U.S.C. 441b prohibits corporations and labor organizations from using general treasury monies to make contributions or expenditures in connection with Federal elections. Such entities may engage in certain nonpartisan activities, however, including, inter alia, the preparation and distribution to the general public of voting records of Members of Congress and voter guides consisting of two or more candidates' positions on campaign issues, as long as certain conditions are met. See 11 CFR 114.4(c)(4) (voting records), 114.4(c)(5)(voter guides).

The Petitioner is asking the Commission to repeal its rules at 11 CFR 114.4(c)(4) and 114.4(c)(5), an action it argues is necessary to conform the Commission's regulations to the decision of the United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit in *Clifton* v. *Federal Election Commission*, 927 F.Supp. 493 (D.Me. 1996), *modified in part and remanded in part*, 114 F.3d 1309 (1st Cir. 1997), *cert. denied*, 118 S.Ct. 1036 (1998). That decision invalidated certain portions of these rules, including the "electioneering

message" standard contained in 11 CFR 114.4(c)(5)(ii) (D) and (E).

Copies of the Petition for Rulemaking are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Records Office, 999 E Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20463, Monday through Friday between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Interested persons may also obtain a copy of the Petition by dialing the Commission's FAXLINE service at (202) 501–3413 and following its instructions, at any time of the day and week. Request document #241.

Consideration of the merits of the Petition will be deferred until the close of the comment period. If the Commission decides that the Petition has merit, it may begin a rulemaking proceeding. Any subsequent action taken by the Commission will be announced in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: August 20, 1999.

Scott E. Thomas,

Chairman, Federal Election Commission. [FR Doc. 99–21994 Filed 8–24–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6715–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Part 1

[REG-113526-98]

RIN 1545-AW44

Arbitrage and Related Restrictions Applicable to Tax-Exempt Bonds Issued by State and Local Governments; Investment-Type Property

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking and notice of public hearing.

SUMMARY: This document contains proposed regulations on the arbitrage and related restrictions applicable to tax-exempt bonds issued by State and local governments. The proposed amendments affect issuers of tax-exempt bonds and provide guidance on the definition of investment-type property to help issuers comply with the arbitrage and related restrictions.

DATES: Written comments must be received by December 23, 1999. Outlines of topics to be discussed at the public hearing scheduled for January 12, 2000, at 10 a.m. must be received by December 15, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Send submissions to CC:DOM:CORP:R (REG-113526-98), room 5226, Internal Revenue Service,

POB 7604, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, DC 20044. Submissions may be hand delivered Monday through Friday between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. to CC:DOM:CORP:R (REG– 113526–98), Courier's Desk, Internal Revenue Service, 1111 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC.

Alternatively, taxpayers may submit comments electronically via the Internet by selecting the "Tax Regs" option on the IRS Home Page, or by submitting comments directly to the IRS site at http://www.irs.ustreas.gov/tax_regs/regslist.html. The public hearing is in room 2615, Internal Revenue Building, 1111 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Concerning the proposed regulations, Barbara Jane League, (202) 622–3980; concerning submissions of comments, the hearing, and/or requests to be placed on the building access list to attend the hearing, LaNita Van Dyke, (202) 622–7180 (not toll-free numbers).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code provides rules addressing the use of proceeds of tax-exempt State and local bonds to acquire higher-yielding investments. On June 18, 1993, final regulations (TD 8476) relating to the arbitrage restrictions and related rules under sections 103, 148, 149, and 150 were published in the Federal Register (58 FR 33510). Corrections to these regulations were published in the Federal Register on August 23, 1993 (58 FR 44451), May 11, 1994 (59 FR 24350), and July 9, 1999 (64 FR 37037). On May 9, 1997, additional final regulations (TD 8718) relating to the arbitrage restrictions and related rules under sections 103, 148, 149, and 150 were published in the **Federal Register** (62 FR 25502). This document proposes to modify § 1.148-1(e) to clarify which prepayments are investment-type property under section 148(b)(2)(D).

Explanation of Provisions

The current regulations, at § 1.148–1(e)(2), provide that prepayments for property or services give rise to investment-type property if a principal purpose for prepaying is to obtain an investment return from the time that the payment is made until the time that payment otherwise would be made. A prepayment does not give rise to investment-type property if (1) the prepayment is made for a substantial business purpose other than investment return and the issuer has no commercially reasonable alternative to the prepayment, or (2) prepayments on

substantially the same terms are made by a substantial percentage of persons who are similarly situated to the issuer but who are not beneficiaries of taxexempt financing.

Recently, an issue arose about whether investment-type property includes the prepayment of a contract for property or services after the date that the contract is entered into. In City of Columbus v. Commissioner, 112 F.3d 1201 (D.C. Cir. 1997), the court held that a prepayment for property cannot occur after the property is acquired. The court's holding suggests that an issuer could avoid investment-type property by entering into a contract for property or services and, at a later date, prepaying that contract. This result is inconsistent with the intent of section 148. The legislative history indicates that Congress intended that the arbitrage rules apply broadly. For example, the Conference Report to the Tax Reform Act of 1986 provides that investment property includes the acquisition of any property held for investment (other than another tax-exempt bond). H.R. Conf. Rep. No. 841, 99th Cong., 2d Sess. II-747, 1986–3 C.B. (Vol. 4) 747.

This document proposes modifications to the regulations to establish that prepayments that give rise to investment-type property can occur after the contract for property or services is entered into and to make other non-substantive, clarifying changes. It is intended that these regulations address only the potential issue created by the *City of Columbus* opinion as noted above. Comments are requested on whether the affect of the changes proposed in this document is broader than intended.

In addition to comments on the proposed regulations, comments are requested on whether additional guidance is needed to clarify other aspects of the investment-type property definition. For example, comments are requested on whether clarification is needed on which prepayments of an obligation will be treated as a prepayment for property or services that gives rise to investment-type property, and whether a contract under which property or services are to be provided over time and the payments for those property or services are to be made over time gives rise to investment-type property when the payment schedule does not match the schedule for the provision of the property or services.

Finally, Treasury and the IRS have become aware of certain transactions involving prepayments for the purchase of a commodity. In these transactions, an issuer generally enters into a longterm contract with a supplier (for

example, a natural gas supply company) to supply over a number of years a fixed amount of the commodity to the issuer at a fixed price (the "supply contract"). In return, the issuer makes a single lump-sum prepayment for the commodity to the supplier. The prepayment is financed through the issuance of bonds. The amount of the prepayment is determined in a manner that permits the issuer to obtain an investment return from the prepayment. The issuer also enters into other agreements, including one or more swap agreements, that result in the issuer converting substantially all of the issuer's cost for the commodity under the supply contract into a variable cost that approximates the then current price of the commodity when the issuer takes delivery

Based on the information received, and viewing the transaction as a whole, it appears that a principal purpose of the prepayment for the supply contract was to earn an investment return. If so, the supply contract is investment-type property unless the requirement of § 1.148–1(e)(2)(i) or (ii) are met.

Treasury and the IRS are concerned that the supply contract may be investment-type property and request comments on these transactions.

The regulations, when finalized, will apply to bonds issued after a date of applicability that will be set forth in the final regulations. Treasury and the IRS have not yet determined such date of applicability other than to have made the determination that the date of applicability will not be before this document is August 25, 1999. Treasury and the IRS request comments as to the date of applicability of the final regulations. No inference is intended as to the treatment of bonds issued prior to the date of applicability of the final regulations.

Special Analyses

It has been determined that this notice of proposed rulemaking is not a significant regulatory action as defined in EO 12866. Therefore, a regulatory assessment is not required. It has also been determined that section 553(b) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. chapter 5) does not apply to these regulations, and, because the regulations do not impose a collection of information on small entities, the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. chapter 6) does not apply. Pursuant to section 7805(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, this notice of proposed rulemaking will be submitted to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small **Business Administration for comment** on its impact on small business.

Comments and Public Hearing

Before these proposed regulations are adopted as final regulations, consideration will be given to any electronic and written comments (a signed original and eight (8) copies, if written) that are submitted timely to the IRS. In particular, the IRS and Department of Treasury specifically request comments on the clarity of the proposed rule and how it may be made easier to understand. All comments will be available for public inspection and copying.

A public hearing has been scheduled for Wednesday, January 12, 2000, beginning at 10 a.m. in room 2615, Internal Revenue Building, 1111 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC. Due to building security procedures, visitors must enter at the 10th Street entrance, located between Constitution and Pennsylvania Avenues, NW. In addition, all visitors must present photo identification to enter the building. Because of access restrictions, visitors will not be admitted beyond the immediate entrance area more than 15 minutes before the hearing starts. For information about having your name placed on the building access list to attend the hearing, see the FOR FURTHER **INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this preamble.

The rules of 26 CFR 601.601(a)(3) apply to the hearing.

Persons who wish to present oral comments at the hearing must submit written comments by December 23, 1999, and submit an outline of the topics to be discussed and the time to be devoted to each topic (signed original and eight (8) copies) by December 15, 1999. A period of 10 minutes will be allotted to each person for making comments. An agenda showing the scheduling of speakers will be prepared after the deadline for receiving outlines has passed. Copies of the agenda will be available free of charge at the hearing.

Drafting Information

The principal authors of these proposed regulations are Rebecca L. Harrigal and Barbara Jane League, Office of Assistant Chief Counsel (Financial Institutions and Products). However, other personnel from the IRS and Treasury Department participated in their development.

List of Subjects in 26 CFR Part 1

Income taxes, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Proposed Amendments to the Regulations

Accordingly, 26 CFR part 1 is proposed to be amended as follows:

PART 1—INCOME TAXES

Paragraph 1. The authority citation for part 1 continues to read in part as follows:

Authority: 26 U.S.C. 7805 * * *

Par. 2. Section 1.148–1(e) is amended as follows:

- 1. Paragraph (e)(1) is revised.
- 2. Paragraphs (e)(2) introductory text, (e)(2)(i) and (e)(2)(ii) are redesignated as paragraphs (e)(2)(i) introductory text, (e)(2)(i)(A), and (e)(2)(i)(B), respectively.
 - 3. Paragraph (e)(2) heading is revised.
- 4. Newly designated paragraph (e)(2)(i) introductory text is revised
- 5. New paragraph (e)(2)(ii) is added. The revisions and addition read as follows:

§ 1.148-1 Definitions and elections.

* * * * *

- (e) Investment-type property—(1) In general. Investment-type property includes any property, other than property described in section 148(b)(2)(A), (B), (C) or (E), that is held principally as a passive vehicle for the production of income. For this purpose, production of income includes any benefit based on the time value of money.
- (2) Prepayments. (i) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (e), a prepayment for property or services, including a prepayment of a contract for property or services that is made after the date that the contract is entered into, also gives rise to investment-type property if a principal purpose for prepaying is to receive an investment return from the time the prepayment is made until the time payment otherwise would be made. A prepayment does not give rise to investment type property if—

(ii) *Example*. The following example illustrates an application of paragraph (e)(2)(i) of this section:

*

*

Example. In 1996, City A entered into a ten-year contract with Company Y. Under the contract, Company Y is to provide services to City A and in return City A will make fixed annual payments to Company Y. In 1998, Company Y and City A agree that City A will prepay its obligation under the contract. To finance the prepayment, City A will issue bonds. The amount of the prepayment is determined in a manner that permits City A to obtain an investment return from the prepayment. A principal purpose for City A agreeing to make the prepayment is to obtain an investment return from the time of the

prepayment until the time payment otherwise would be made. The prepayment is not made for a substantial business purpose other than to obtain the investment return and City A had a commercially reasonably alternative to the prepayment. In addition, prepayments on substantially the same terms are not made by a substantial percentage of persons who are similarly situated to City A but who are not beneficiaries of tax-exempt financing. When the prepayment is made, City A will have acquired investment-type property. It does not matter that the prepayment occurred after the date that the contract was entered into.

Robert E. Wenzel,

Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue. [FR Doc. 99–21878 Filed 8–24–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4830–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 117 [CGD01-99-024]

RIN 2115-AE47

Drawbridge Operation Regulations: Kennebunk River, ME

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard proposes to change the operating rules governing the Dock Square Drawbridge mile 1.0, across the Kennebunk River between Kennebunk and Kennebunkport, Maine. The bridge owner has asked the Coast Guard to change the regulations to allow the draw to remain closed to vessel traffic because the bridge has not had a request to open since 1985. This proposal is expected to relieve the bridge owner of the requirement to open the bridge and still meet the needs of navigation.

DATES: Comments must reach the Coast Guard on or before October 25, 1999. ADDRESSES: You may mail comments to Commander (obr), First Coast Guard District, 408 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Ma. 02110-3350, or deliver them to the same address between 7 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The telephone number is (617) 223–8364. The District Commander maintains the public docket for this rulemaking. Comments and documents as indicated in this preamble will become part of this docket and will be available for inspection or copying at 408 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts room 630, between 7 a.m. and 3 p.m. Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John W. McDonald, Project Officer, First Coast Guard District, (617) 223–8364. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Request for Comments

The Coast Guard encourages interested persons to participate in this rulemaking by submitting written data, views, or arguments. Persons submitting comments should include their names and addresses, identify this rulemaking (CGD01-99-024) and the specific section of this document to which each comment applies, and give reasons for each comment. Please submit two copies of all comments and attachments in an unbound format, no larger than 8½ by 11 inches, suitable for copying and electronic filing. Persons wanting acknowledgment of receipt of comments should enclose a stamped, selfaddressed postcard or envelope.

The Coast Guard will consider all comments received during the comment period. It may change this proposed rule in view of the comments. The Coast Guard plans no public hearing. Persons may request a public hearing by writing to the address under ADDRESSES. The request should include the reasons why a public hearing would be beneficial. If it determines that the opportunity for oral presentations will aid this rulemaking, the Coast Guard will hold a public hearing at a time and place announced by a later notice in the Federal Register.

Background

The Dock Square Drawbridge has a vertical clearance at mean high water of 5 feet and 14 feet at mean low water. The existing regulations listed at 33 CFR 117.527, require the bridge to open on signal from April 15 through October 15; except that, from 5 p.m. to 7 a.m., the draw shall open if notice is given to the drawtender during his shift, from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. At all other times the draw shall open after 24 hours advance notice is given.

The bridge owner, Maine Department of Transportation, asked the Coast Guard to change the regulations governing the Dock Square Drawbridge to allow the drawbridge to remain closed to vessel traffic because the bridge has not opened since 1985.

Discussion of Proposal

The Coast Guard is proposing to revise the regulations listed at 33 CFR 117.527, governing the Dock Square Drawbridge at mile 1.0, across the Kennebunk River between Kennebunk and Kennebunkport, Maine. The drawbridge has not opened since 1985. The Coast Guard believes as a result of