have been no administrative reviews further suggests that the margins from the order accurately reflect the minimum level of dumping that Japanese companies must maintain to sell nitrile rubber in the U.S. market.

The Department agrees with the Zeon. Absent argument and evidence to the contrary, the Department finds the margins calculated in the original investigation are probative of the behavior of Japanese producers/ exporters if the order were revoked, as they are the only margins which reflect their behavior absent the discipline of the order. Therefore, the Department will report to the Commission the company-specific and all other margins reported in the "Final Results of Review" section of this notice.

Final Results of Review

Based on the above analysis, the Department finds that the revocation of the antidumping order would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the margins listed below:

Manufacturer/exporter	Margin (percent)
Nippon Zeon Co. Ltd	146.50 146.50

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order ("APO") of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305 of the Department's regulations. Timely notification of return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This five-year ("sunset") review and notice are in accordance with sections 751(c), 752, and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–20218 Filed 8–4–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-580-807]

Polyethylene Terephthalate Film, Sheet and Strip From Korea: Final Results of Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of final results of antidumping duty new shipper review.

SUMMARY: On May 10, 1999, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the preliminary results of the new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on polyethylene terephthalate film, sheet, and strip (PET film) from the Republic of Korea (64 FR 25014). The review covers one manufacturer/exporter of the subject merchandise to the United States and the period June 1, 1997 through May 31, 1998. We gave interested parties an opportunity to comment on the preliminary results. We received no comments.

We have determined that HSI Industries (HSI) made no U.S. sales below normal value, and we will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to assess no antidumping duties for HSI for the period covered by this new shipper review.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 5, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael J. Heaney or John Kugelman, AD/CVD Enforcement Group III, Office 8, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, US Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–4475/0649.

Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations codified at 19 CFR part 351 (1998).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On May 10, 1999, the Department published in the **Federal Register** the preliminary results of its new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on PET film from Korea. We received no comments on our preliminary results. Therefore, we have only changed our preliminary results with respect to the currency conversion methodology discussed below.

Scope of the Review

Imports covered by this review are shipments of all gauges of raw, pretreated or primed polyethylene terephthalate film, sheet, and strip, whether extruded or coextruded. The films excluded from this review are metallized films and other finished films that have had at least one of their surfaces modified by the application of a performance-enhancing resinous or inorganic layer of more than 0.00001 inches (0.254 micrometers) thick. Roller transport cleaning film which has at least one of its surfaces modified by the application of 0.5 micrometers of SBR latex has also been ruled as not within the scope of the order.

PET film is currently classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) subheading 3920.62.00.00. The HTS subheading is provided for convenience and for U.S. Customs purposes. The written description remains dispositive as to the scope of

the product coverage.

The review covers the period June 1, 1997 through May 31, 1998. The Department is conducting this review in accordance wit section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act.

Currency Conversion

As previously stated by the Department, we have determined that the decline in the won at the end of 1997 was so precipitous an large that the dollar-won exchange rate cannot reasonably be viewed as having simply fluctuated during this time, i.e., as having experienced only a momentary drop in value. See Emulsion Styrene Butadiene Rubber form the Republic of Korea: Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 64 FR 14865, 14867 (March 29, 1999). Therefore, the Department used daily rates exclusively for currency conversion purposes for home market sales matched to U.S. sales occurring between November 1 and December 31, 1997, and the standard exchange rate model with a modified benchmark for sales occurring between January 1, 1998 and February 28, 1998. The modified benchmark consisted of an average of the daily rates over the period January 1, 1998 through February 28, 1998. This methodology enabled us to use an up--to-date (post-precipitous drop) benchmark, but avoided undue day-today exchange rate fluctuations.

Final Results of Review

We determine that a margin of 0.00 percent exists for HSI for the period June 1, 1997 through May 31, 1998. We will disclose calculations performed in connection with these final results of review within 5 days after the date of any public announcement, or, if there is no public announcement, within 5 days of publication of this notice.

We will instruct the U.S. Customs Service not to assess antidumping duties on entries of the subject merchandise from HSI for the period of review.

Furthermore, the following deposit requirements shall be required for all shipments of PET film from the Republic of Korea entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of these final results of this new shipper review, as provided by section 751(a)(1) of the Act: (1) No cash deposit shall be required for HSI; (2) for merchandise exported by manufacturers or exporters not covered in this review but covered in the less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation or a previous review, the cash deposit will continue to be the most recent rate published in the final determination or final results for which the manufacturer or exporter received a company-specific rate; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review or the original investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be that established for the manufacturer of the merchandise in the final results of this review or the LTFV investigation; and (4) if neither the exporter nor the manufacturer is, a firm covered in this or any previous reviews, the cash deposit rate will be 21.5%, the 'all others'' rate established in the LTFV investigation.

This notice serves as the final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APOs) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 353.305(a). Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial

protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This new shipper review and notice are in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.214(d).

Dated: July 30, 1999.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–20226 Filed 8–4–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-588-028]

Revocation of Antidumping Finding: Roller Chain From Japan

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of revocation of antidumping finding: roller chain from Japan.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act from 1930, as amended ("the Act"), the United States International Trade Commission ("the Commission") determined that revocation of the antidumping finding on roller chain from Japan is not likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (64 FR 36920 (July 8, 1999)). Therefore, pursuant to 19 ČFR 351.222(i)(1), the Department of Commerce ("the Department") is revoking the antidumping finding on roller chain from Japan. Pursuant to section 751(c)(6)(A)(iv) of the Act, the effective date of revocation is January 1, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Scott E. Smith or Melissa G. Skinner, Office of Policy for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, US Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–6397 or (202) 482–1560, respectively.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2000.

Background

On July 6, 1998, the Department initiated, and the Commission instituted, a sunset review (63 FR 26389 and 63 FR 36440, respectively) of the antidumping finding on roller chain from Japan pursuant to section 751(c) of

the Act. As a result of the review, the Department found that revocation of the antidumping finding would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and notified the Commission of the magnitude of the margin likely to prevail were the finding to be revoked (see Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review: Roller Chain from Japan, 63 FR 63026 (November 10, 1998), as amended 63 FR 69262 (December 16, 1998)).

On July 8, 1999, the Commission determined, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the antidumping finding on roller chain would not be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (see Roller Chain from Japan, 64 FR 36920 (July 8, 1999) and USITC Pub. 3203, Inv. No. AA1921–111 (Review) (July 1999)).

Scope

The merchandise covered by this determination is roller chain, other than bicycle, from Japan. The term "roller chain, other than bicycle," includes chain, with or without attachments. whether or not plated or coated, and whether or not manufactured to American or British standards, which is used for power transmissions and/or conveyance. This chain consists of a series of alternately-assembled roller links and pin links in which the pins articulate inside from the bushings and the rollers are free to turn on the bushings. Pins and bushings are press fit in their respective link plates. Chain may be single strand, having one row of roller links, or multiple strand, having more than one row of roller links. The center-plates are located between the strands of roller links. Such chain may be either single or double pitch and may be used as power transmission or conveyor chain. This order also covers leaf chain, which consists of a series of link plates alternately assembled with pins in such a way that the joint is free to articulate between adjoining pitches. Roller chain is currently classified under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 7315.11.00 through 7619.90.00. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description remains dispositive.

Determination

As a result of the determination by the Commission that revocation of this antidumping finding is not likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States, the Department, pursuant to