gain and increased incidence of hemosiderin-laden cells in the spleen. Columnar changes in the vaginal squamous epithelium and reduced uterine and ovarian weights were also observed at 2,000 ppm, but the toxicological significance was unknown. For offspring, the systemic NOAEL was 200 ppm. (12.6/14.6 mg/kg/day in Ms/Fs), and the LOAEL was 2,000 ppm (126.0/143.2 mg/kg/day in Ms/Fs) based on decreased bwt on postnatal days 14 and 21.

iv. *Pre- and postnatal sensitivity*. The toxicology data base for tebufenozide is complete and includes acceptable developmental toxicity studies in both rats and rabbits as well as a 2-generation reproductive toxicity studies in rats.

EPA determined that the data provided no indication of increased sensitivity of rats or rabbits to *in utero* and/or postnatal exposure to tebufenozide. No maternal or developmental findings were observed in the prenatal developmental toxicity studies at doses up to 1,000 mg/kg/day in rats and rabbits. In the 2-generation reproduction studies in rats, effects occurred at the same or lower treatment levels in the adults as in the offspring.

v. Acute risk. Since no acute toxicological endpoints were established, no acute aggregate risk exists.

vi. Chronic risk. Using the conservative exposure assumptions described above, Rohm and Haas has concluded that aggregate exposure to tebufenozide, benzoic acid, 3,5dimethyl-1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-(4ethylbenzoyl) hydrazide from food will utilize from 10.0% of the reference dose RfD for the U.S. population to 22.5% of the RfD for children 1-6 years old. The potential for exposure to tebufenozide in drinking water does not exceed EPA's level of concern. There are currently no tebufenozide residential or non-dietary exposure scenarios. EPA generally has no concern for exposures below 100% of the RfD because the RfD represents the level at or below which daily aggregate dietary exposure over a lifetime will not pose appreciable risks to human health. Rohm and Haas does not expect the aggregate exposure to exceed 100% of the RfD. Rohm and Haas concludes that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to infants and children from aggregate exposure to tebufenozide, benzoic acid, 3,5-dimethyl-1-(1,1dimethylethyl)-2-(4-ethylbenzoyl) hydrazide residues.

vii. Short- or intermediate-term risk. Since no short- and intermediate-term toxicological endpoints were established by EPA, no acute aggregate risk exists.

F. International Tolerances

There are currently no CODEX, Canadian or Mexican maximum residue levels (MRLs) established for tebufenozide in nut crops so no harmonization issues are required for this action.

[FR Doc. 99–16768 Filed 7–1–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval

June 24, 1999

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection(s), as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104–13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid control number. Comments are requested concerning (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted on or before August 2, 1999. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all comments to Judy Boley, Federal Communications Commission, Room 1–C804, 445 12th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20554 or via the Internet to jboley@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information or copies of the information collection(s), contact Judy Boley at 202–418–0214 or via the Internet at jboley@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control Number: 3060–0686. Title: Streamlining the International Section 214 Authorization Process and Tariff Requirements.

Form Number: N/A.

Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business or other forprofit.

Number of Respondents: 1,650. Estimated Time Per Response: 2 to 20 hours.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement, third party disclosure requirement, quarterly, semi-annual and annual reporting requirements.

Total Annual Burden: 73,975 hours. Total Annual Cost: \$12,465,000.

Needs and Uses: The Commission amended Part 63 of its rules in the Report and Order and Order referenced in IB Docket 95-118. When the Commission sought OMB approval of the information collections contained in the Streamlining Order, it inadvertently omitted the information collections associated with Sections 63.19 and 63.53(c). Before revising the rules, the information requested under Section 63.19 was authorized pursuant to Section 63.15(c) and 63.17 (approved by OMB under OMB Control Number 3060–0149). The information will be used by the Commission staff in carrying out its duties under the Communications Act. In the Streamlining Order, the Commission clarified its notification requirements for carriers that discontinue, reduce or impair service. The Commission will require non-dominant international carriers that seek to discontinue, reduce, or impair service to a community to: (1) Notify their customers in writing sixty days in advance; (2) send a copy of this notification at least sixty days in advance of their action to the Commission. The information collection is necessary for the Commission to maintain effective oversight of U.S. carrier operations. The information will serve the public interest by providing customers with sufficient time to find another international carrier if service is discontinued by their current carrier. In addition, the Streamlining Order requires that applicants submitting information or documents in Section 214 proceedings by accompanied by a certified translation in English. English translations of relevant documents that

are submitted in foreign languages would save the Commission and other the time and resources needed to translate the documents. The information would eliminate the delays associated with translating the documents, and the Commission will be able to process Section 214 applications faster.

OMB Control Number: 3060–XXXX. Title: Standard Labels for Charges Associated with Federal Regulatory Requirements/CMRS Carriers' Truth-in-Billing Requirements.

Form Number: N/A.

Type of Review: New collection. *Respondents:* Business or other forprofit.

Number of Respondents: 3,099. Estimated Time Per Response: .5 hours to 81 hours.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement, third party disclosure requirement.

Total Annual Burden: 66,674 hours. Total Annual Cost: N/A.

Needs and Uses: The Commission has ordered that common carrier must use standard industry-wide labels to display on telephone bills any line item charges associated with federal regulatory action. Uniform labelling will enable consumers to better understand the nature of the charges and to compare accurately the price of services offered by competing carriers. The Commission seeks public comment to determine what specific labels should be required.

In addition, the Commission seeks comment as to whether to continue an exemption from certain truth-in-billing requirements to CMRS carriers.

Federal Communications Commission.

Magalie Roman Salas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–16829 Filed 7–1–99; 8:45 am]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 99-1103; Report No. AUC-99-26-A (Auction No. 26)]

First Paging Service Spectrum Auction Scheduled for December 7, 1999; Comment Sought on Reserve Prices or Minimum Opening Bids and Other Auction Procedural Issues

AGENCY: Communications Commission. **ACTION:** Notice; seeking comment.

SUMMARY: This document seeks comment on establishing reserve prices or minimum opening bids and other procedures for the first Paging service auction. The intended effect of this

document is to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on proposed auction procedures for Auction No. 26.

DATES: Comments are due on or before June 30, 1999. Reply comments are due on or before July 13, 1999.

ADDRESSES: To file formally, parties must submit an original and four copies to the Office of the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Room TW-B204, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554. Parties must also submit one copy to Amy Zoslov, Chief, Auctions and Industry Analysis Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, Room 4-A760, 445 12th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20554. Comments and reply comments will be available for public inspection during regular business hours in the FCC Public Reference Room, Room CY-A257, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Auctions Division: Lisa Hartigan, Operations, (202) 418–0660; Anne Napoli, Legal, (202) 418–0660, or Bob Reagle, Auctions Analysis, (717) 338– 2801.

Commercial Wireless Division: Todd Slamowitz or Cyndi Thomas, Legal, (202) 418–0620.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of Public Notice DA 99–1103, released on June 7, 1999. The complete text of this Public Notice, including Attachment A (Summary of Licenses to be Auctioned, Upfront Payments, Minimum Opening Bids), which does not appear in this synopsis, is available for inspection and copying Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., in the Commission's Public Reference Room, located at 445 12th Street, SW. Room CY-A257, Washington, DC 20554. It can also be downloaded from the Commission's Auctions web site at http://www.fcc.gov/wtb/auctions. In addition, copies may be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Services, Inc. (ITS), 1231 20th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20036, (202) 857-3800.

Synopsis

1. By this Public Notice, the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau ("Bureau") announces the first in a series of auctions of Paging service licenses, scheduled to commence on December 7, 1999. As discussed in greater detail herein, the Bureau proposes that the first Paging auction be composed of 2,499 licenses in the 929 and 931 MHz

bands (the "Upper Bands Auction"). These licenses, which are available in 51 geographic areas known as Major Economic Areas (MEAs), encompass the United States, the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands and Puerto Rico. In this Public Notice, we seek comment on this and other procedural issues relating to the Upper Bands Auction (Auction No. 26). Future public notices will include further details regarding application filing and payment deadlines, seminars, and other pertinent information for this auction. We will seek comment separately on procedural issues relating to the auction of licenses in the 35-36 MHz, 43-44 MHz, 152-159 MHz, and 454-460 MHz bands (collectively, the "Lower Bands Auctions").

I. Auction Sequence and License Groupings for the Paging Service Auctions

2. In Revision of Parts 22 and 90 of the Commission's Rules to Facilitate Future Development of Paging Systems, Memorandum Opinion and Order on Reconsideration and Third Report and Order, FCC 99-98, 64 FR 33762, June 24, 1999 ("Reconsideration Order"), the Commission concluded that the upper bands licenses should be awarded in each of 51 Major Economic Areas (MEAs), and the lower bands licenses should be awarded in each of 175 Economic Areas (EAs). There are 12 channels in the 929 MHz band and 37 channels in the 931 MHz band, resulting in a total of 2,499 upper bands paging licenses. There is a significantly larger number of lower bands licenses (approaching 14,000); therefore, the Commission proposes to auction the upper bands licenses first and will seek comment on procedures and license groupings for the lower bands licenses at a later time. We seek comment on this proposal.

II. Reserve Price or Minimum Opening Bid for the Upper Bands Auction (Auction No. 26)

3. The Balanced Budget Act of 1997 calls upon the Commission to prescribe methods by which a reasonable reserve price will be required or a minimum opening bid established when FCC licenses are subject to auction (*i.e.*, because the Commission has received mutually exclusive applications for them), unless the Commission determines that a reserve price or minimum bid is not in the public interest. Consistent with this mandate, the Commission has directed the Bureau to seek comment on the use of a minimum opening bid and/or reserve

¹ **Note:** This document was received by the Office of the Federal Register on June 28, 1999.