month to determine the amount of your benefit.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

22. Section 416.1166 is amended by revising paragraph (d) to read as follows:

# § 416.1166 How we deem income to you and your eligible child from your ineligible spouse.

\* \* \* \* \*

(d) Determining your eligibility for SSI benefits and benefit amount. We then follow the rules in §416.1163(c) to find out if any of your ineligible spouse's current monthly income is deemed to you and, if so, to determine countable income for a couple. Next, we follow paragraph (e) of this section to determine your child's eligibility. However, if none of your spouse's income is deemed to you, none is deemed to your child. Whether or not your spouse's income is deemed to you in determining your eligibility, we determine your benefit amount as explained in § 416.1163(e).

#### Subpart L—[Amended]

23. The authority citation for subpart L of part 416 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs. 702(a)(5), 1602, 1611, 1612, 1613, 1614(f), 1621, and 1631 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 902(a)(5), 1381a, 1382, 1382a, 1382b, 1382c(f), 1382j, and 1383); sec. 211, Pub. L. 93–66, 87 Stat. 154 (42 U.S.C. 1382 note).

24. Section 416.1245 is amended by revising paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2)(v) and (b)(5) to read as follows:

# § 416.1245 Exceptions to required disposition of real property.

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) Reasonable efforts to sell. (1) Excess real property is not included in countable resources for so long as the individual's reasonable efforts to sell it have been unsuccessful. The basis for determining whether efforts to sell are reasonable, as well as unsuccessful, will be a 9-month disposal period described in § 416.1242. If it is determined that reasonable efforts to sell have been unsuccessful, further SSI payments will not be conditioned on the disposition of the property and only the benefits paid during the 9-month disposal period will be subject to recovery. In order to be eligible for payments after the conditional benefits period, the individual must continue to make reasonable efforts to sell.

(2) \* \* \*

(v) The 9-month disposal period has expired.

\* \* \* \* \*

(5) An individual who has received conditional benefits through the expiration of the 9 month disposal period and whose benefits have been suspended as described at § 416.1321 for reasons unrelated to the property excluded under the conditional benefits agreement, but whose eligibility has not been terminated as defined at §§ 416.1331 through 416.1335, can continue to have the excess real property not included in countable resources upon reinstatement of SSI payments if reasonable efforts to sell the property resume within 1 week of reinstatement. Such an individual will not have to go through a subsequent conditional benefits period. However, the individual whose eligibility has been terminated as defined at §§ 416.1331 through 416.1335 and who subsequently reapplies would be subject to a new conditional benefits period if there is still excess real property.

### Subpart M—[Amended]

25. The authority citation for subpart M of part 416 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs. 702(a)(5), 1611–1615, 1619, and 1631 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 902(a)(5), 1382–1382d, 1382h, and 1383)

26. Section 416.1335 is amended by revising the second sentence to read as follows:

# § 416.1335 Termination due to continuous suspension.

\* \* \* We will count the 12-month suspension period from the start of the first month that you are no longer eligible for SSI benefits (see § 416.1321(a)) or the start of the month after the month your special SSI eligibility status described in § 416.265 ended. \* \* \*

# Subpart R—[Amended]

27. The authority citation for subpart R of part 416 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs 702(a)(5), 1614(b), (c), and (d), and 1631(d)(1) and (e) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 902(a)(5), 1382c(b), (c), and (d), and 1383(d)(1) and (e)).

28. Section 416.1801(c) is amended in the definition of "spouse" by removing the words "and 416.1811" and by revising paragraph (3)(i) in the definition of "eligible spouse" to read as follows:

#### §416.1801 Introduction.

\* \* \* \* \*

- (c) \* \* \* Eligible spouse \* \* \*
- (i) The first day of the month following the date the application is filed (for the initial month of eligibility for payment based on that application);

# Subpart S—[Amended]

29. The authority citation for subpart S of part 416 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs. 702(a)(5) and 1631 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 902(a)(5) and 1383).

30. Section 416.1902 is amended by revising the definition of "interim assistance" to read as follows:

# § 416.1902 Definitions.

Interim assistance means assistance the State gives you, including payments made on your behalf to providers of goods or services, to meet your basic needs, beginning with the first month for which you are eligible for payment of SSI benefits and ending with, and including, the month your SSI payments begin, or assistance the State gives you beginning with the day for which your eligibility for SSI benefits is reinstated after a period of suspension or termination and ending with, and including, the month the Commissioner makes the first payment of benefits following the suspension or termination if it is determined subsequently that you were eligible for benefits during that period. It does not include assistance the State gives to or for any other person. If the State has prepared and cannot stop delivery of its last assistance payment to you when it receives your SSI benefit payment from us, that assistance payment is included as interim assistance to be reimbursed. Interim assistance does not include assistance payments financed wholly or partly with Federal funds.

[FR Doc. 99–15055 Filed 6–14–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4190–29–P

# PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION

#### 29 CFR Part 4044

\* \* \*

Allocation of Assets in Single-Employer Plans; Interest Assumptions for Valuing Benefits

**AGENCY:** Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation's regulation on Allocation of Assets in Single-Employer Plans prescribes interest assumptions for valuing benefits under terminating single-employer plans. This final rule amends the regulation to adopt interest assumptions for plans with valuation dates in July 1999. Interest assumptions are also published on the PBGC's web site (http://www.pbgc.gov).

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Harold J. Ashner, Assistant General Counsel, Office of the General Counsel, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, 1200 K Street, NW., Washington, DC 20005, 202–326–4024. (For TTY/TDD users, call the Federal relay service toll-free at 1–800–877–8339 and ask to be connected to 202–326–4024.)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The PBGC's regulation on Allocation of Assets in Single-Employer Plans (29 CFR part 4044) prescribes actuarial assumptions for valuing plan benefits of terminating single-employer plans covered by title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Among the actuarial assumptions prescribed in part 4044 are interest assumptions. These interest assumptions are intended to reflect current conditions in the financial and annuity markets.

Two sets of interest assumptions are prescribed, one set for the valuation of

benefits to be paid as annuities and one set for the valuation of benefits to be paid as lump sums. This amendment adds to appendix B to part 4044 the annuity and lump sum interest assumptions for valuing benefits in plans with valuation dates during July 1999.

For annuity benefits, the interest assumptions will be 6.00 percent for the first 20 years following the valuation date and 5.25 percent thereafter. The annuity interest assumptions represent an increase (from those in effect for June 1999) of 0.30 percent for the first 20 years following the valuation date and are otherwise unchanged. For benefits to be paid as lump sums, the interest assumptions to be used by the PBGC will be 4.50 percent for the period during which a benefit is in pay status and 4.00 percent during any years preceding the benefit's placement in pay status. The lump sum interest assumptions represent an increase (from those in effect for June 1999) of 0.25 percent for the period during which a benefit is in pay status and are otherwise unchanged.

The PBGC has determined that notice and public comment on this amendment are impracticable and contrary to the public interest. This finding is based on the need to determine and issue new interest assumptions promptly so that the assumptions can reflect, as accurately as possible, current market conditions.

Because of the need to provide immediate guidance for the valuation of benefits in plans with valuation dates during July 1999, the PBGC finds that good cause exists for making the assumptions set forth in this amendment effective less than 30 days after publication.

The PBGC has determined that this action is not a "significant regulatory action" under the criteria set forth in Executive Order 12866.

Because no general notice of proposed rulemaking is required for this amendment, the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 does not apply. See 5 U.S.C. 601(2).

#### List of Subjects in 29 CFR Part 4044

Pension insurance, Pensions.

In consideration of the foregoing, 29 CFR part 4044 is amended as follows:

### PART 4044—ALLOCATION OF ASSETS IN SINGLE-EMPLOYER PLANS

1. The authority citation for part 4044 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 29 U.S.C. 1301(a), 1302(b)(3), 1341, 1344, 1362.

2. In appendix B, a new entry is added to Table I, and Rate Set 69 is added to Table II, as set forth below. The introductory text of each table is republished for the convenience of the reader and remains unchanged.

#### Appendix B to Part 4044—Interest Rates Used To Value Annuities and Lump Sums

# TABLE I.—ANNUITY VALUATIONS

[This table sets forth, for each indicated calendar month, the interest rates (denoted by i<sub>1</sub>, i<sub>2</sub>, \* \* \* , and referred to generally as i<sub>t</sub>) assumed to be in effect between specified anniversaries of a valuation date that occurs within that calendar month; those anniversaries are specified in the columns adjacent to the rates. The last listed rate is assumed to be in effect after the last listed anniversary date.]

For valuation dates occurring in the month—			The values of it are:						
			i <sub>t</sub>	for t =	i <sub>t</sub>	for t =	i <sub>t</sub>	for t =	
*	*	*	*		*	*		*	
July 1999			.0600	1–20	.0525	>20	N/A	N/A	

### TABLE II.—LUMP SUM VALUATIONS

[In using this table: (1) For benefits for which the participant or beneficiary is entitled to be in pay status on the valuation date, the immediate annuity rate shall apply; (2) For benefits for which the deferral period is y years (where y is an integer and  $0 < y \le n_1$ ), interest rate  $i_1$  shall apply from the valuation date for a period of y years, and thereafter the immediate annuity rate shall apply; (3) For benefits for which the deferral period is y years (where y is an integer and  $n_1 < y \le n_1 + n_2$ ), interest rate  $i_2$  shall apply from the valuation date for a period of  $y-n_1$  years, interest rate  $i_1$  shall apply for the following  $n_1$  years, and thereafter the immediate annuity rate shall apply; (4) For benefits for which the deferral period is y years (where y is an integer and  $y > n_1 + n_2$ ), interest rate  $i_3$  shall apply from the valuation date for a period of  $y-n_1-n_2$  years, interest rate  $i_2$  shall apply for the following  $n_2$  years, interest rate  $i_3$  shall apply for the following  $n_1$  years, and thereafter the immediate annuity rate shall apply.]

Rate set	For plans with a valuation date		Immediate	Deferred annuities (percent)					
	On or after	Before	annuity rate (percent)	i <sub>1</sub>	i <sub>2</sub>	i <sub>3</sub>	$n_1$	$n_2$	
*	*		*	*	*		*	*	
69	07–1–99	08-1-99	4.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	7	8	

Issued in Washington, DC, on this 7th day of June 1999.

David M. Strauss,

Executive Director, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

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BILLING CODE 7708-01-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Coast Guard**

33 CFR Part 100 [CGD 05-99-037] RIN 2115-AE46

Special Local Regulations for Marine Events; Sharptown Outboard Regatta, Nanticoke River, Sharptown, Maryland

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

**SUMMARY:** Temporary special local regulations are being adopted for the Sharptown Outboard Regatta, to be held on the waters of the Naticoke River between Maryland S.R. 313 bridge at Sharptown, Maryland and Nanticoke River Light 43 (LLN-24175). These regulations are needed to protect spectator craft and other vessels transiting the event area from the dangers associated with the event. This action is intended to enhance the safety of life and property during the event. DATES: This temporary final rule is effective from 12 p.m. EDT (Eastern Daylight Time) to 6 p.m. EDT on June 26 and 27, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Documents as indicated in this preamble are available for inspection or copying at Commander (Aoax), Fifth Coast Guard District, 431 Crawford Street, Portsmouth, Virginia 23704–5004, between 9:30 a.m. and 2 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The telephone number is (757) 398–6204.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Chief Warrant Officer R. Houck, Marine Events Coordinator, Commander, Coast Guard Activities Baltimore, 2401 Hawkins Point Road, Baltimore, Maryland, 21226–1791, telephone number (410) 576–2674.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Regulatory History**

A notice of proposed rulemaking (NRPM) was not published for this regulation. In keeping with requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a NPRM. In keeping with the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard also finds that good cause exists for making this regulation effective less than 30 days after publication in the Federal **Register**. Following normal rulemaking procedures would have been impractical since there is not sufficient time remaining to publish a proposed rule in advance of the event or to provide for a delayed effective date. Immediate action is needed to protect vessel traffic from the potential hazards associated with this event.

#### **Background and Purpose**

The North-South Racing Association will sponsor the Sharptown Outboard Regatta on June 26 and 27, 1999. The event will consist of 150 hydroplane and runabout outboard powerboats conducting a high speed competitive race on the waters of the Nanticoke River between Maryland S.R. 313 bridge at Sharptown, Maryland and Nanticoke River Light 43 (LLN-24175). A fleet of spectator vessels is anticipated for the event. Due to the need for vessel control during the races, vessel traffic will be temporarily restricted to provide for the safety of spectators and transiting vessels.

# **Discussion of Regulations**

The Coast Guard is establishing temporary special local Regulations on specified waters of the Nanticoke River. The temporary special local regulations will be in effect from 12 p.m. EDT to 6 p.m. EDT on June 26 and 27, 1999 and will restrict general navigation in the regulated area during the event. Except for persons or vessels authorized by the Coast Guard Patrol Commander, no person or vessel may enter or remain in the regulated area. These regulations are needed to control vessel traffic during the event to enhance the safety of spectators and transiting vessels.

# **Regulatory Evaluation**

This temporary final rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that Order. It has been exempted from review by the Office of Management and Budget under that Order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040; February 26, 1979).

The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this temporary final rule to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10e of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary. This conclusion is based on the fact that the regulated area will only be in effect for a short period of time and extensive advisories will be made to the affected maritime community so that they may adjust their schedules accordingly.

# **Small Entities**

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*), the Coast Guard