

1-800-331-WIPP, or visit our website at <http://www.epa.gov/radiation/wipp/announce.html>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: General background for this document is identical to that provided in previous **Federal Register** documents. (See 64 FR 18870, 64 FR 14418)

EPA inspected certain waste characterization processes at LANL prior to certification of the WIPP. DOE is proposing to use processes that EPA did not previously inspect at LANL that use the High Efficiency Neutron Counter (HENC) or solid coring and sampling as primary methods for measuring important waste characteristics.

The LANL documents submitted to EPA are: "Los Alamos National Laboratory Transuranic Waste Quality Assurance Project Plan, Revision 2, April 26, 1999" and "Los Alamos National Laboratory Transuranic Waste Certification Plan, Revision 2, April 26, 1999". The "Los Alamos National Laboratory Transuranic Waste Quality Assurance Project Plan, Revision 2, April 26, 1999" sets forth the quality assurance program applied to TRU waste characterization at LANL. The "Los Alamos National Laboratory Transuranic Waste Certification Plan, Revision 2, April 26, 1999" sets forth the waste characterization procedures for TRU wastes at LANL. After EPA reviews these documents, EPA will conduct an inspection of LANL the week of June 14, 1999, to determine whether the requirements set forth in these documents are being adequately implemented in accordance with Condition 3 of the EPA's WIPP certification decision (Appendix A to 40 CFR part 194). In accordance with § 194.8 of the WIPP compliance criteria, EPA is providing the public 30 days to comment on the documents placed in EPA's docket relevant to the site approval process.

If EPA determines that the provisions in the documents are adequately implemented, EPA will notify the DOE by letter and place the letter in the official Air Docket in Washington, D.C., and in the informational docket locations in New Mexico. A positive approval letter will allow DOE to ship additional TRU waste from LANL. The EPA will not make a determination of compliance prior to the inspection or before the 30-day comment period has closed.

Information on the EPA's radioactive waste disposal standards (40 CFR part 191), the compliance criteria (40 CFR part 194), and the EPA's certification decision is filed in the official EPA Air Docket, Dockets No. R-89-01, A-92-56,

and A-93-02, respectively, and is available for review in Washington, D.C., and at the three EPA WIPP informational docket locations in New Mexico. The dockets in New Mexico contain only major items from the official Air Docket in Washington, D.C., plus those documents added to the official Air Docket after the October 1992 enactment of the WIPP LWA.

Dated: May 12, 1999.

Robert D. Brenner,

Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation.

[FR Doc. 99-12459 Filed 5-14-99; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 444

[FRL-6343-5]

Notice of Availability; Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Pretreatment Standards for the Industrial Waste Combustors Subcategory of the Waste Combustors Point Source Category

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Data availability related to proposed rule.

SUMMARY: On February 6, 1998 EPA proposed effluent limitations guidelines and pretreatment standards for the Industrial Waste Combustor (IWC) Subcategory of the Waste Combustors Point Source Category to limit effluent discharges to waters of the United States and the introduction of pollutants into publicly owned treatment works (63 FR 6391). The comment period for the proposal closed on May 7, 1998.

Today, EPA is making available for public review and comment new data on wastewater treatment system performance at IWC facilities. EPA is considering using these data to derive final effluent limitations and pretreatment standards for the IWC Subcategory.

EPA is soliciting comments only on the new information and data being made available today.

DATES: Submit an original and three copies of your comments on or before June 16, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to Ms. Samantha Hopkins at the following address: US EPA, Engineering and Analysis Division (4303), 401 M. St. SW, Washington, DC 20460.

The data being made available today may be found in the EPA Water Docket

at EPA Headquarters at Waterside Mall, Room EB-57, 401 M. St. SW, Washington, DC 20460. For access to the docket materials, call (202) 260-3027 between 9:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. for an appointment. A reasonable fee may be charged for copying.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Samantha Hopkins at (202) 260-7149 or at the following e-mail address: Hopkins.Samantha@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On February 6, 1998 EPA proposed effluent limitations guidelines and pretreatment standards (63 FR 6391) for the Industrial Waste Combustor (IWC) Subcategory. The comment period closed on May 7, 1998. These comments may be reviewed in the Water Docket at EPA Headquarters (see address above).

In early 1999, subsequent to the close of the comment period, EPA received wastewater treatment performance data from three IWC facilities. The new data are now available for review in the Water Docket in Section 16.4 of the record for this rulemaking. EPA is evaluating the new data for its usefulness in establishing final effluent limitations and standards. The Agency invites comment on the new data, which are summarized below.

The three facilities provided data to EPA for their wastewater treatment system performance. How EPA used such performance data when it developed the proposed effluent limitations guidelines and standards is described in Section 8 of the Development Document for Proposed Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for Industrial Waste Combustors (EPA 821-B-97-011) and in Section 7 of the record for this rulemaking.

Each of the three IWCs submitted influent and effluent wastewater treatment system performance data and related information on the operation of the treatment systems. Each facility submitted daily measurements for chlorides, total dissolved solids, total suspended solids, sulfate, pH, and 15 metals (aluminum, antimony, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, lead, mercury, molybdenum, selenium, silver, tin, titanium and zinc).

One facility provided 11 days of influent and effluent sampling data from its wastewater treatment system. Its system consists of two stages of chemical precipitation (with each stage followed by solid-liquid separation) followed by sand filtration as the final treatment step. This facility also provided six days of influent and effluent sampling data with "spiked" influent levels of cadmium, chromium,

copper, lead, and zinc. The facility artificially increased the influent concentrations of these five metals to simulate periodic peak raw waste conditions.

The second facility provided 30 days of influent and effluent sampling data from its wastewater treatment system. This system consists of two stages of chemical precipitation (with each stage followed by solid-liquid separation).

The third facility provided 30 days of influent and effluent sampling data from its wastewater treatment system. Its system consists of two stages of chemical precipitation (with each stage followed by solid-liquid separation).

Dated: May 7, 1999.

J. Charles Fox,

Assistant Administrator for Water.

[FR Doc. 99-12368 Filed 5-14-99; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

44 CFR Part 67

[Docket No. FEMA-7286]

Proposed Flood Elevation Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: Technical information or comments are requested on the proposed base (1% annual chance) flood elevations and proposed base flood elevation modifications for the communities listed below. The base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that the community is required either to adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

DATES: The comment period is ninety (90) days following the second

publication of this proposed rule in a newspaper of local circulation in each community.

ADDRESSES: The proposed base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the following table.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew B. Miller, P.E., Chief, Hazards Study Branch, Mitigation Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646-3461, or (e-mail) matt.miller@fema.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency proposes to make determinations of base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations for each community listed below, in accordance with Section 110 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and 44 CFR 67.4(a).

These proposed base flood and modified base flood elevations, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, State, or regional entities. These proposed elevations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are also used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings built after these elevations are made final, and for the contents in these buildings.

National Environmental Policy Act

This proposed rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Associate Director for Mitigation certifies that this proposed rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because proposed or modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and are required to establish and maintain community eligibility in the NFIP. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

Regulatory Classification

This proposed rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of Section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This proposed rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This proposed rule meets the applicable standards of Section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 67

Administrative practice and procedure, Flood insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 67 is proposed to be amended as follows:

PART 67—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 67 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

§ 67.4 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of § 67.4 are proposed to be amended as follows:

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
				Existing	Modified
Colorado	El Paso County and Incorporated Areas.	Calhan Main Channel	Approximately 40 feet downstream of McClasky Road.	None	*6,485
			Approximately 3,740 feet upstream of Eighth Street.	None	*6,548
		Calhan East Tributary	At confluence of Calhan Main Channel	None	*6,525
			Approximately 3,140 feet upstream of confluence of Calhan Main Channel.	None	*6,565