Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this proposal to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10(e) of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary.

Small Entities

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), the Coast Guard considered whether this rule will have a significant impact on a substantial number of small businesses and not-forprofit organizations that are not dominant in their respective fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations less than 50,000. For the same reasons set forth in the above Regulatory Evaluation, the Coast Guard certifies under section 605(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) that this temporary final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Assistance for Small Entities

In accordance with sec. 213(a) of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104–121), the Coast Guard wants to assist small entities in understanding this rule so that they can better evaluate its effectiveness in them and participate in the rulemaking process. If your small business or organization is affected by this rule and you have questions concerning its provisions or options for compliance, please contact the office listed in ADDRESSES in this preamble.

Collection of Information

This temporary final rule contains no information collection requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Federalism

The Coast Guard has analyzed this temporary final rule under the principals and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612 and has determined that this temporary final rules does not have sufficient implications for federalism to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Environment

The Coast Guard considered the environmental impact of this temporary final rule and concluded that, under figure 2–1, paragraph (34)(g), of Commandant Instruction M16475.1C, this temporary final rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. A "Categorical Exclusion Determination" is available in

the docket for inspection or copying where indicated under ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR Part 165 as follows:

PART 165—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191; 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46.

2. A new temporary section § 165.T17–SEAK–001 is added to read as follows:

§165.T17-SEAK-001 Safety Zone: Ward Cove, Tongass Narrows, Ketchikan Alaska.

- (a) Location. The following area is a Safety Zone: The navigable waters of Ward Cove bounded by a line starting at the Southeast shoreline of Ward Cove at 55°23′58″ N, 131°43′37″ W, proceeding northwest to 55°24′ N, 131°44′13″ W, and all navigable waters inside Ward Cove to the east of the line.
- (b) Effective dates. This regulation becomes effective at 9 a.m. AST, on April 1, 1999, and terminates at 12:01 a.m. ADT on April 15, 1999.
- (c) Regulations. In accordance with the general regulations in § 165.23 of this part, entry into this safety zone is prohibited except as authorized by the captain of the Port.

Dated: March 16, 1999.

W. David Eley,

Commander, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port, Southeast Alaska.

[FR Doc. 99–8476 Filed 4–5–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[CGD01-99-018]

RIN 2115-AA97

Safety Zone: Bergen County United Way Fireworks, Hudson River, Manhattan, NY

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary safety zone for the Bergen County United Way

Fireworks program located on the Hudson River, Manhattan, New York. This action is necessary to provide for the safety of life on navigable waters during the event. This action is intended to restrict vessel traffic on a portion of the Hudson River. **DATES:** This rule is effective from 9:30 p.m. until 11:00 p.m., on Sunday, April 11, 1999. For rain date, refer to the regulatory text set out in this rule. ADDRESSES: Documents as indicated in this preamble are available for inspection or copying at Coast Guard Activities New York, 212 Coast Guard Drive, room 205, Staten Island, New York 10305, between 8 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The telephone number is (718) 354-4193.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Lieutenant J. Lopez, Waterways Oversight Branch, Coast Guard Activities New York (718) 354–4193.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory History

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) was not published for this regulation. Good cause exists for not publishing an NPRM and for making this regulation effective less than 30 days after Federal Register publication. Due to the date the Application for Approval of Marine Event was received, there was insufficient time to draft and publish an NPRM and publish the final rule 30 days before its effective date. Any delay encountered in this regulation's effective date would be contrary to public interest since immediate action is needed to close a portion of the waterway and protect the maritime public from the hazards associated with this fireworks display.

Background and Purpose

On February 24, 1999, Bay Fireworks submitted an application to hold a fireworks program on the waters of the Hudson River. The fireworks program is being sponsored by Bergen County United Way. This regulation establishes a safety zone in all waters of the Hudson River within a 360 yard radius of the fireworks barge located in approximate position 40°44′49" N 074°01′02" W (NAD 1983), approximately 500 yards west of Pier 60, Manhattan, New York. The safety zone is in effect from 9:30 p.m. until 11 p.m. on Saturday, April 10, 1999, with a rain date on Sunday, April 11, 1999, at the same time and place. The safety zone prevents vessels from transiting a portion of the Hudson River and is needed to protect boaters from the hazards associated with

fireworks launched from a barge in the area. Marine traffic will still be able to transit through the eastern 150 yards of the 850-yard wide Hudson River during the event. The Captain of the Port does not anticipate any negative impact on commercial traffic due to this event. Additionally, vessels are not precluded from mooring at or getting underway from Piers 59–62 or from the Piers at Castle Point, New Jersey. Public notifications will be made prior to the event via local notice to mariners, and marine information broadcasts.

Regulatory Evaluation

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that Order. It has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under that Order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040; February 26, 1979). The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this final rule to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10e of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary. This finding is based on the minimal time that vessels will be restricted from the area, that vessels are not precluded from getting underway, or mooring at, Piers 59-62 and the Piers at Castle Point, New Jersey, that vessels may safely transit to the east of the zone, and extensive advance notifications which will be made.

Small Entities

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*), the Coast Guard considered whether this rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. "Small entities" include small businesses, not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields, and governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000.

For reasons discussed in the Regulatory Evaluation above, the Coast Guard certifies under section 605(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) that this final rule will not have a significance economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Collection of Information

This final rule does not provide for a collection of information under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Federalism

The Coast Guard has analyzed this final rule under the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612 and has determined that this final rule does not have sufficient implications for federalism to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Unfunded Mandates

Under the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-4), the Coast Guard must consider whether this rule will result in an annual expenditure by state, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate of \$100 million (adjusted annually for inflation). If so, the Act requires that a reasonable number of regulatory alternatives be considered, and that from those alternatives, the least costly, most costeffective, or least burdensome alternative that achieves the objective of the rule be selected. No state, local, or tribal government entities will be effected by this rule, so this rule will not result in annual or aggregate costs of \$100 million or more. Therefore, the Coast Guard is exempt from any further regulatory requirements under the Unfunded Mandates Act.

Environment

The Coast Guard has considered the environmental impact of this final rule and concluded that under Figure 2–1, paragraph 34(g), of Commandant Instruction M16475.1C, this final rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. A written Categorical Exclusion Determination is available in the docket for inspection in copying where indicated under ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

Regulation

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR Part 165 as follows:

PART 165—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191; 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46.

2. Add temporary § 165.T01–018 to read as follows:

§165.T01-018 Safety Zone: Bergen County United Way Fireworks, Hudson River, Manhattan, New York.

- (a) Location. The following area is a safety zone: all waters of the Hudson River within a 360 yard radius of the fireworks barge in approximate position 40°44′49″ N, 074°01′02″ W (NAD 1983), approximately 500 yards west of Pier 60, Manhattan, New York.
- (b) *Effective period.* This section is effective from 9:30 p.m. until 11:00 p.m. on Saturday, April 10, 1999, with a rain date of Sunday, April 11, 1999, at the same time and place.
 - (c) Regulations.
- (1) The general regulations contained in 33 CFR 165.23 apply.
- (2) All persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the Coast Guard Captain of the Port or the designated on scene patrol personnel. U.S. Coast Guard patrol personnel include commissioned, warrant, and petty officers of the Coast Guard. Upon being hailed by a U.S. Coast Guard vessel via siren, radio, flashing light, or other means, the operator of a vessel shall proceed as directed.

Dated: March 22, 1999.

R.E. Bennis,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port, New York.

[FR Doc. 99–8475 Filed 4–5–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–15–M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 261

[SW-FRL-6320-4]

Hazardous Waste Management System; Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste; Final Exclusion

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) today is granting a petition submitted by Aluminum Company of America (Alcoa), Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to exclude (or "delist") certain solid wastes generated by its wastewater treatment plant from the lists of hazardous wastes contained in subpart D of 40 CFR part 261. EPA has concluded that the petitioned waste is not a hazardous waste when disposed of in a subtitle D landfill. This exclusion applies only to the 16,772 cubic yards of wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) sludge present in the Stolle landfill. Today's action conditionally excludes the petitioned waste from the