as a result of uses covered under this tolerance exemption petition, is also expected to be insignificant.

2. Drinking water. Cinnamaldehyde residues in drinking water are expected to be minimal due to its low application rate and its expected rapid biodegradation in soil.

3. Non-dietary exposure. There may be minor amounts of non-dietary exposure to cinnamaldehyde from the use of cinnamon oil in cosmetics and perfumes. Cinnamon oil contains 55-90% cinnamaldehyde. However, cinnamon oil is also classified as a GRAS substance for use as a flavoring agent on food (21 CFR 182.10) and was recently exempt from pesticide regulation under FIFRA section 25 (b) because EPA views it as having minimal risk. However, based on the small amount of cinnamaldehyde and cinnamon oil used in these instances, very minimal non-dietary exposure is expected.

D. Cumulative Exposure

No cumulative mode of exposure is expected. Again, the application rate and the toxicity are extremely low.

E. Safety Determination

U.S. population. The use of products containing cinnamaldehyde, which is of low toxicity and is used in such low concentrations, is compatible with EPA's objectives to register reduced risk pesticides. Based on its low toxicity, there is reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure of the U.S. population, including infants and children, to residues of cinnamaldehyde. This includes all anticipated dietary exposures and all other exposures for which there is reliable information. There is an inconsequential increase in dietary exposure resulting from cinnamaldehyde application to growing crops. Cinnamaldehyde is applied at low rates and with its proven low toxicity and its history of safe use, it does not pose a safety concern.

F. Effects on the Immune and Endocrine Systems

There is no evidence to suggest that cinnamaldehyde has a negative impact on the immune system, or is active hormonally.

G. Existing Tolerances

There is an existing tolerance exemption for cinnamaldehyde on mushrooms (40 CFR 180.1156)

H. International Tolerances

There are no approved CODEX maximum residue levels (MRL's)

established for residues of cinnamaldehyde.

[FR Doc. 98-23210 Filed 8-27-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval

August 24, 1998.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection(s), as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid control number. Comments are requested concerning: (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated information techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted on or before September 28, 1998. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all comments to Les Smith, Federal Communications, Room 234, 1919 M St., N.W., Washington, DC 20554 or via internet to lesmith@fcc.gov. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information or copies of the information collections contact Les Smith at 202–418–0217 or via internet at lesmith@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Approval Number: 3060–0171. Title: Section 73.1125, Station Main Studio Location.

Form Number: N/A.

Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business and other forprofit entities.

Number of Respondents: 165 (155 notifications + 10 waiver requests).

Estimated Time Per Response: 0.5–2.0 hours (0.5 hours/notification; 2.0 hours/waiver request).

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirements.

Total Annual Burden: 98 hours. Cost to Respondents: \$11,900 (\$690 filing fee/request; consulting engineer and attorney fees).

Needs and Uses: Section 73.1125 requires licensees of AM, FM or TV broadcasting stations to notify the FCC when stations relocate their main studios. These data are used by the FCC to assure that stations are located within the boundaries specified in the rule. The data received as justification for waiver of Section 73.1125 will enable the FCC staff to determine whether the circumstances are sufficient to warrant waiver of the main studio rules.

Federal Communications Commission

Magalie Roman Salas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98–23147 Filed 8–27–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed revised information collections. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)), this notice seeks comments concerning (briefly describe the proposed collection of information).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Emergency Management Institute (EMI) develops courses and administers resident and nonresident training programs in areas such as natural hazards, technical hazards, instructional methodology, professional development, leadership, exercise design and evaluation, information technology, public information, integrated emergency management, and

train-the-trainer. A significant portion of the training is conducted by State emergency management agencies under cooperative agreements with FEMA.

In order to meet current information needs of EMI staff and management, the EMI uses this course evaluation form to identify problems with course materials, delivery, facilities, and instructors. This is a resident evaluation form. EMI staff will use the information to monitor and recommend changes in course materials, student selection criteria, training experience, and classroom environment. Reports will be generated and distributed to EMI management and staff. Without the information it will be difficult to determine the need for improvements and the degree of student satisfaction with each course The

respondents are students attending EMI resident courses. The evaluation form will be administered at the end of the course and will take no more than 10 minutes to complete. Contractors will scan the evaluation forms and generate the data reports using a computer program developed by a FEMA program analyst contractor. Evaluation forms are destroyed in accordance with FEMA's records retention schedule.

Collection of Information
Title: Emergency Management
Institute Resident Course Evaluation

Type of Information Collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.

OMB Number: 3067–0237. *Form Number(s):* 95–41.

Abstract: Students attending the Emergency Management Institute resident program courses at FEMA's National Emergency Training Center will be asked to complete a course evaluation form. The information will be used by EMI staff and management to identify problems with course materials, evaluate the quality of the course delivery, facilities, and instructors. The data received will enable them to recommend changes in course materials, student selection criteria, training experience and classroom environment.

Affected Public: State, Local or Tribal Government, Individuals or households, and Federal Government.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 667.

FEMA forms	Number of re- spondents	Frequency of response	Hours per re- sponse	Annual burden hours
	(A)	(B)	(C)	$(A \times B \times C)$
95–41	4,000	Annually	10 minutes	667
Total				667

Estimated Cost: \$12,850 which includes operational and user costs.

COMMENTS: Written comments are solicited to (a) evaluate whether the proposed data collection is necessary for the proper performance of the agency. including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses. Comments should be received within 60 days of the date of this notice.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons should submit written comments to Muriel B. Anderson, FEMA Information Collections Officer, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW, Room 316, Washington, DC 20472. Telephone number (202) 646–2625. FAX number (202) 646–3524.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Contact Edwina Arnold, National Emergency Training Center, Training Division (301) 447–1216 for additional information. Contact Ms. Anderson at (202) 646–2625 for copies of the proposed collection of information.

Dated: August 21, 1998.

Muriel B. Anderson,

Acting Director, Program Services Division, Operations Support Directorate. [FR Doc. 98–23173 Filed 8–27–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–01–P

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency has submitted the following proposed information collection to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance in accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507).

Title: Standard Flood Hazard Determination form.

Type of Information Collection: This form is completed by federally regulated lending institutions when making, increasing, extending, renewing or purchasing each loan for the purpose of documenting the factors considered as to whether flood insurance is required

and available. FEMA does not collect this information from the lenders.

OMB Number: 3067-0264. Abstract: On September 23, 1994, President Clinton signed the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994. Title V of this Act is the National Flood Insurance Reform Act (NFIRA). Section 528 of the NFIRA required the development of a standard form for determining whether a structure is located within an identified Special Flood Hazard Area and whether flood insurance is available. Section 528 of the NFIRA also required the use of this form by regulated lending institutions, federal agency lenders, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Government National Mortgage Association, for any loan made, increased, extended, renewed, or purchased by these entities. FEMA, in consultation with the Federal entities for lending regulation, developed this form in 1995. On July 6, 1995, FEMA published a final rule in the **Federal Register**, establishing the form. The Federal entities for lending regulation published their final rule requiring the use of the form on July 6, 1995. Use of the form became mandatory on January 2, 1996.

Affected Public: This form is completed by federally regulated lending institutions when making, increasing, extending, renewing or