- (3) Domain name registrants would agree, at the time of registration or renewal, to abide by processes adopted by the new corporation that exclude, either pro-actively or retroactively, certain famous trademarks from being used as domain names (in one or more TLDs) except by the designated trademark holder.
- (4) Nothing in the domain name registration agreement or in the operation of the new corporation should limit the rights that can be asserted by a domain name registrant or trademark owner under national laws.

### The Transition

Based on the processes described above, the U.S. Government believes that certain actions should be taken to accomplish the objectives set forth above. Some of these steps must be taken by the government itself, while others will need to be taken by the private sector. For example, a new notfor-profit organization must be established by the private sector and its Interim Board chosen. Agreement must be reached between the U.S. Government and the new corporation relating to transfer of the functions currently performed by IANA. NSI and the U.S. Government must reach agreement on the terms and conditions of NSI's evolution into one competitor among many in the registrar and registry marketplaces. A process must be laid out for making the management of the root server system more robust and secure. A relationship between the U.S. Government and the new corporation must be developed to transition DNS management to the private sector and to transfer management functions.

During the transition the U.S. Government expects to:

(1) Ramp down the cooperative agreement with NSI with the objective of introducing competition into the domain name space. Under the ramp down agreement NSI will agree to (a) take specific actions, including commitments as to pricing and equal access, designed to permit the development of competition in domain name registration and to approximate what would be expected in the presence of marketplace competition, (b) recognize the role of the new corporation to establish and implement DNS policy and to establish terms (including licensing terms) applicable to new and existing gTLDs and registries under which registries, registrars and gTLDs are permitted to operate, (c) make available on an ongoing basis appropriate databases, software, documentation thereof, technical expertise, and other intellectual

property for DNS management and shared registration of domain names;

- (2) Enter into agreement with the new corporation under which it assumes responsibility for management of the domain name space;
- (3) Ask WIPO to convene an international process including individuals from the private sector and government to develop a set of recommendations for trademark/domain name dispute resolutions and other issues to be presented to the Interim Board for its consideration as soon as possible;
- (4) Consult with the international community, including other interested governments as it makes decisions on the transfer; and
- (5) Undertake, in cooperation with IANA, NSI, the IAB, and other relevant organizations from the public and private sector, a review of the root server system to recommend means to increase the security and professional management of the system. The recommendations of the study should be implemented as part of the transition process; and the new corporation should develop a comprehensive security strategy for DNS management and operations.

Dated: June 4, 1998.

### William M. Daley,

Secretary of Commerce.

[FR Doc. 98–15392 Filed 6–9–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–60–P

### **COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS**

### **Notice of Meeting**

The next meeting of the Commission of Fine Arts is scheduled for June 18, 1998 at 10:00 a.m. in the Commission's offices at the National Building Museum (Pension Building), Suite 312, Judiciary Square, 441 F Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20001. The meeting will focus on a variety of projects affecting the appearance of the city.

Inquiries regarding the agenda and requests to submit written or oral statements should be addressed to Charles H. Atherton, Secretary, Commission of Fine Arts, at the above address or call 202–504–2200. Individuals requiring sign language interpretation for the hearing impaired should contact the Secretary at least 10 days before the meeting date.

Dated in Washington, D.C., June 2, 1998. Charles H. Atherton,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98–15372 Filed 6–9–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6330–01–M

# COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton, Wool and Man-Made Fiber Textile Products and Silk Blend and Other Vegetable Fiber Apparel Produced or Manufactured in the Philippines

June 5, 1998.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs adjusting limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 10, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Janet Heinzen, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–5850. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482–3715.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

**Authority:** Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended.

The current limits for certain categories are being adjusted, variously, for special shift and carryover.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 62 FR 66057, published on December 17, 1997). Also see 62 FR 64361, published on December 5, 1997.

## Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

# **Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements**

June 5, 1998.

Commissioner of Customs, Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on December 1, 1997, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool and man-made fiber textiles and textile products and silk blend and other vegetable fiber apparel, produced or manufactured in the Philippines and exported during the twelve-

month period beginning on January 1, 1998 and extending through December 31, 1998.

Effective on June 10, 1998, you are directed to adjust the current limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-mont limit 1
Levels in Group I 237333/334	1,817,489 dozen. 263,650 dozen of which not more that 40,002 dozen shall
335 336 338/339 340/640 341/641 342/642 347/348 350 351/651 352/652 431 447 633 634 635 636 638/639 643 645/646 647/648	be in Category 333. 149,539 dozen. 732,608 dozen. 2,697,955 dozen. 1,065,809 dozen. 980,968 dozen. 631,710 dozen. 2,549,633 dozen. 167,054 dozen. 691,142 dozen. 2,714,293 dozen. 189,349 dozen pairs. 7,821 dozen. 40,830 dozen. 522,477 dozen. 336,350 dozen. 1,909,220 dozen. 1,806,331 dozen. 1,806,331 dozen. 975,264 numbers. 837,678 dozen. 940,180 dozen.
649	8,453,784 dozen. 119,566 dozen. 1,573,173 kilograms. 843,455 dozen.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 1997.

<sup>2</sup>Category 659–H: only HTS numbers 6502.00.9030, 6504.00.9015, 6504.00.9060, 6505.90.5090, 6505.90.6090, 6505.90.7090 and 6505.90.8090.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc. 98–15467 Filed 6–9–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR-F

# COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton, Wool, Man-Made Fiber, Silk Blend and Other Vegetable Fiber Textiles and Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Taiwan

June 5, 1998.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs adjusting limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 10, 1998.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Janet Heinzen, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–5850. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482–3715.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

**Authority:** Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended

The current limits for certain categories are being adjusted, variously, for swing, special shift, and carryforward used.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 62 FR 66057, published on December 17, 1997). Also see 62 FR 67837, published on December 30, 1997.

## Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

# Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

June 5, 1998.

20229

Commissioner of Customs, Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on December 22, 1997, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in Taiwan and exported during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 1998 and extending through December 31, 1998.

Effective on June 10, 1998, you are directed to adjust the current limits for the following categories, as provided for under the terms of the current bilateral textile agreement:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit 1
Group I 200–224, 225/317/ 326, 226, 227, 229, 300/301/ 607, 313–315, 360–363, 369–L/ 670–L/870², 369–S³, 369– O⁴, 400–414, 464–469, 600– 606, 611, 613/ 614/615/617, 618, 619/620, 621–624, 625/ 626/627/628/ 629, 665, 666, 669–P⁵, 669– T⁶, 669–O⁻, 670–H³ and 670–Oゥ, as a group.	601,702,676 square meters equivalent.
Sublevels in Group I 300/301/607	1,808,022 kilograms of which not more than 1,506,684 kilograms shall be in Category 300; not more than 1,506,684 kilograms shall be in Category 301; and not more than 1,506,684 kilograms shall be in Category 607.
611	3,259,229 square me- ters.
619/620	14,857,169 square meters.
Within Group I Subgroup 604	239,017 kilograms.
237, 239, 330— 332, 333/334/ 335, 336, 338/ 339, 340—345, 347/378, 349, 350/650, 351, 352/652, 353, 354, 359—C/ 659—C 10, 359— H/659—H 11, 359—O 12, 431— 444, 445/446, 447/448, 459, 630—632, 633/ 634/635, 636, 638/639, 640, 641—644, 645/ 646, 647/648, 649, 651, 653, 654, 659—S 13, 659—O 14, 831— 844, and 846— 859, as a group. Sublevels in Group II 336	726,347,492 square meters equivalent.  136,277 dozen. 986,860 dozen. 1,286,748 dozen.
345	116,445 dozen.