Wyoming 82401–0119, or telephone (307) 347–5100.

Correction

In the **Federal Register** issue of April 27, 1998 in FR Doc. 98–11067, on page 20643, in the third column, correct the **SUMMARY** caption to read:

SUMMARY: The following public lands near the community of Worland, Washakie County, Wyoming, have been examined and found suitable for classification for lease under the provisions of the Recreation and Public Purposes Act, as amended (43 United States Code 869 et seq.). The Washakie County Fair Board proposes to use the lands for an Olympic-style crosscountry horse track and associated jumping facilities.

Sixth Principal Meridian

T. 48 N., R. 93 W.
Section 8, S½SE½SE½ASE¼NE¼, NE⅓SE⅓
Section 9, E½W½SW¼NW⅓,
E⅓SW¼NW¼, NW⅓SW¼A,
SW¼SW¼SW¼NW¼,
W½NW¼NW¼AW
½NW¼NW¼NB¼,
E½NE⅓NE⅓NE⅓AW.

Containing 127.5 acres more or less. Dated: May 13, 1998.

David Atkins,

Bighorn Basin Assistant Area Manager. [FR Doc. 98–14033 Filed 5–27–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–22–P–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Minerals Management Service

Outer Continental Shelf, Gulf of Mexico Region, Proposed Western Gulf Sales 171, 174, 177, and 180

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of Availability of the Final Multisale Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) on Proposed Western Gulf of Mexico (GOM) Sales 117, 174, 177, and 180.

The Minerals Management Service (MMS) has prepared a final multisale EIS on four proposed Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) oil and gas lease sales in the Western GOM. We will conduct a planning process for one sale each year from 1998 through 2001. Although this EIS addresses four proposed lease sales, it is a decision document only for proposed Sale 171. We will consult with other Federal agencies and the affected States for each of the yearly proposed sales. We will perform a National Environmental Policy Act review, and give the public an opportunity to participate in each sale.

You may obtain single copies of the final multisale EIS from the Minerals Management Service, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, *Attention:* Public Information Office (MS–5034), 1201 Elmwood Park Boulevard, Room 114, New Orleans, Louisiana 70123–2394 or by calling 1–800–200–GULF.

You may look at copies of the draft EIS in the following libraries:

Texas

Abilene Christian University, Margaret and Herman Brown Library, 1600 Campus Court, Abilene;

Alma M. Carpenter Public Library, 330 South Ann, Sourlake;

Aransas Pass Public Library, 110 North Lamont Street, Aransas Pass;

Austin Public Library, 402 West Ninth Street, Austin;

Bay City Public Library, 1900 Fifth Street, Bay City;

Baylor University, 13125 Third Street, Waco;

Brazoria County Library, 410 Brazoport Boulevard, Freeport;

Calhoun County Library, 301 South Ann, Port Lavaca;

Chambers County Library System, 202 Cummings Street, Anahuac;

Comfort Public Library, Seventh and High Streets, Comfort;

Corpus Christi Central Library, 805 Comanche Street, Corpus Christi;

Dallas Public Library, 1513 Young Street, Dallas;

East Texas State University Library, 2600 Neal Street, Commerce;

Houston Public Library, 500 McKinney Street, Houston;

Jackson County Library, 411 North Wells Street, Edna;

Lamar University, Gary Library, Virginia Avenue, Beaumont;

LaRatama Library, 505 Mesquite Street, Corpus Christi;

Liberty Municipal Library, 1710 Sam Houston Avenue, Liberty;

Orange Public Library, 220 North Fifth Street, Orange;

Port Arthur Public Library, 3601 Cultural Center Drive, Port Arthur; Port Isabel Public Library, 213 Yturria Street, Port Isabel;

R.J. Kleberg Public Library, Fourth and Henrietta, Kingsville;

Reber Memorial Library, 193 North Fourth, Raymondville;

Refugio County Public Library, 815 South Commerce Street, Refugio; Rice University, Fondren Library, 6100

South Main Street, Houston; Rockwall County Library, 105 South

First Street, Rockwall; Rosenberg Library, 2310 Sealy Street,

Galveston;

Sam Houston Regional Library and Research Center, FM 1011 Governors Road, Liberty; Stephen F. Austin State University, Steen Library, Wilson Drive, Nacogdoches;

Texas A & M University, Corpus Christi Library, 6300 Ocean Drive, Corpus Christi;

Texas A & M University, Evans Library, Spence and Lubbock Streets, College Station;

Texas Southmost College Library, 1825 May Street, Brownsville;

Texas State Library, 1200 Brazos Street, Austin;

Texas Tech University Library, 18th and Boston Avenue, Lubbock;

University of Houston Library, 4800 Calhoun Boulevard, Houston;

University of Texas at Arlington, Library, 701 South Cooper Street, Arlington;

University of Texas at Austin, Library, 21st and Speedway Streets, Austin;

University of Texas at Brownsville, Oliveria Memorial Library, 80 Fort Brown, Brownsville;

University of Texas at Dallas, McDermott Library, 2601 North Floyd Road, Richardson;

University of Texas at El Paso, Library, Wiggins Road and University Avenue, El Paso;

University of Texas at San Antonio, Library, 6900 North Loop 1604 West, San Antonio;

University of Texas Law School, Tarlton Law Library, 727 East 26th Street, Austin;

University of Texas, LBJ School of Public Affairs Library, 2313 Red River Street, Austin;

Victoria Public Library, 320 North Main, Victoria:

Louisiana

Calcasieu Parish Library, 327 Broad Street, Lake Charles;

Cameron Parish Library, Marshall Street, Cameron;

Grand Isle Branch Library, Highway 1, Grand Isle:

Government Documents Library, Loyola University, 6363 St. Charles Avenue, New Orleans;

Iberville Parish Library, 24605 J. Gerald Berret Boulevard, Plaquemine;

Jefferson Parish Regional Branch Library, 4747 West Napoleon Avenue, Metairie;

Jefferson Parish West Bank Outreach Branch Library, 2751 Manhattan Boulevard, Harvey;

Lafayette Public Library, 301 W. Congress Street, Lafayette;

Lafitte Branch Library, Route 1, Box 2, Lafitte;

Lafourche Parish Library, 303 West 5th Street, Thibodaux;

Louisiana State University Library, 760 Riverside Road, Baton Rouge; Louisiana Tech University, Prescott Memorial Library, Everett Street, Ruston;

LUMCON, Library, Star Route 541, Chauvin;

McNeese State University, Luther E. Frazar Memorial Library, Ryan Street, Lake Charles;

New Orleans Public Library, 219 Loyola Avenue, New Orleans;

Nicholls State University, Nicholls State Library, Leighton Drive, Thibodaux;

Plaquemines Parish Library, 203 Highway 11, South, Buras;

St. Bernard Parish Library, 1125 East St. Bernard Highway, Chalmette;

St. Charles Parish Library, 105 Lakewood Drive, Luling;

St. John The Baptist Parish Library, 1334 West Airline Highway, LaPlace;

St. Mary Parish Library, 206 Iberia Street, Franklin;

St. Tammany Parish Library, Covington Branch, 310 West 21st Street, Covington;

St. Tammany Parish Library, Slidell Branch, 555 Robert Boulevard, Slidell; Terrebonne Parish Library, 424 Roussell Street, Houma;

Tulane University, Howard Tilton Memorial Library, 7001 Freret Street, New Orleans;

University of New Orleans Library, Lakeshore Drive, New Orleans;

University of Southwestern LA, Dupre Library, 302 East St. Mary Boulevard, Lafayette;

Vermilion Parish Library, Abbeville Branch, 200 North Street, Abbeville;

Mississippi

Gulf Coast Research Laboratory, Gunter Library, 703 East Beach Drive, Ocean Springs;

Hancock County Library System, 312 Highway 90, Bay St. Louis;

Harrison County Library, 14th and 21st Avenues, Gulfport;

Jackson George Regional Library System, 3214 Pascagoula Street, Pascagoula;

Alabama

Dauphin Island Sea Lab, Marine Environmental Science Consortium, Library, Bienville Boulevard, Dauphin Island;

Gulf Shores Public Library, Municipal Complex, Route 3, Gulf Shores;

Mobile Public Library, 701 Government Street, Mobile;

Thomas B. Norton Public Library, 221 West 19th Avenue, Gulf Shores;

University of South Alabama, University Boulevard, Mobile;

Montgomery Public Library, 445 South Lawrence Street, Montgomery; Dated: May 12, 1998.

Thomas A. Readinger,

For Associate Director for Offshore Minerals Management.

[FR Doc. 98–14090 Filed 5–27–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–MR–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects from Rio Arriba County and Taos County, NM in the Control of the Carson National Forest, United States Forest Service, Taos, NM

AGENCY: National Park Service.
ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains in the control of the Carson National Forest, United States Forest Service, Taos, NM.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Museum of New Mexico, Maxwell Museum (University of New Mexico), and U.S. Forest Service professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Navajo Nation, the Pueblo of Taos, and the Pueblo of Picuris.

In 1934, human remains representing one individual were recovered from site LA 1684 during legally authorized excavations conducted by C.O. Erwin and M.W. Kelly of the Laboratory of Anthropology (Museum of New Mexico). No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Based on material culture, architecture, and site organization, site LA 1684 has been identified as a Navajo pueblito occupied during the first half of the 18th century.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the United States Forest Service have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry. Officials of the United States Forest Service have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and the Navajo Nation.

In 1965, human remains representing one individual were recovered from site LA 9203 during legally authorized excavations conducted by the University of New Mexico Archaeological Field School. No known individual was identified. No funerary objects are present.

Based on material culture and site organization, site LA 9203 has been identified as an Anasazi pithouse occupied between 1100-1225 A.D.

In 1967, human remains representing three individuals were recovered from sites LA 9204, LA 9205, and LA 9206 during legally authorized excavations conducted by the University of New Mexico Archaeological Field School. No known individuals were identified. The one associated funerary object is a piece of animal bone with the individual at site LA 9204.

Based on material culture, architecture, and site organization, sites LA 9204, LA 9205, and LA 9206 have been identified as three Anasazi roomblocks occupied between 1100-1225 A.D.

In 1968, human remains representing nine individuals were recovered from site LA 66407 near Los Rancho de Taos during legally authorized excavations conducted by U.S. Forest Service personnel. No known individuals were identified. The five associated funerary objects include pottery sherds.

Based on material culture, architecture, and site organization, site LA 66407 has been identified as an Anasazi pithouse occupied between 1150-1350 AD.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the United States Forest Service have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of 13 individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the United States Forest Service have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2), the six objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the United States Forest Service have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Pueblo of Taos and the Pueblo of Picuris.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Navajo Nation, the Pueblo of Taos, and the Pueblo of Picuris. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Dr. Frank E. Wozniak, NAGPRA