

(iv) Use free-choice Type C medicated feeds for pasture cattle (slaughter, stocker, and feeder) as follows:

(a) *Amount.* Feed continuously to provide 10 to 20 milligrams of bambermycins per head per day.

(b) *Indications for use.* For increased rate of weight gain.

(c) *Limitations.* Not for use in animals intended for breeding. Each use in a free-choice Type C medicated feed must be the subject of an approved new animal drug application (NADA) or supplemental NADA as required by 21 CFR 510.455.

* * * * *

Dated: March 31, 1998.

Andrew J. Beaulieu,

Acting Director, Office of New Animal Drug Evaluation, Center for Veterinary Medicine.

[FR Doc. 98-10033 Filed 4-15-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 806

[Docket No. 91N-0396]

Medical Devices; Reports of Corrections and Removals; Lift of Stay of Effective Date

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule; lift of stay of effective date.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is lifting a stay of the effective date of certain provisions in a final rule on establishing procedures for submission of reports of corrections and removals of medical devices. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has approved the collection of information requirements contained in the final rule.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 18, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rosa M. Gilmore, Center for Devices and Radiological Health (HFZ-215), Food and Drug Administration, 1350 Piccard Dr., Rockville, MD 20850, 301-827-2970.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the **Federal Register** of May 19, 1997 (62 FR 27183), FDA published a final rule to establish procedures for implementing the reports of corrections and removals for medical devices by requiring that manufacturers, importers, and distributors report promptly to FDA any corrections or removals of a device undertaken to reduce a risk to health

posed by the device or to remedy a violation of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act caused by the device which may present a risk to health. In the final rule, FDA requested comments by July 18, 1997 (62 FR 27183 at 27190), on the collection of information requirements contained in the final rule. FDA reviewed and responded to four comments received in response to this request. In the **Federal Register** of November 26, 1997 (62 FR 63182), FDA announced that the information collection requirements contained in the final rule had been submitted to OMB for approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13). In a separate document published on December 24, 1997 (62 FR 67274), FDA announced that it was staying the effective date of the information collection requirements pending OMB clearance for §§ 806.10 and 806.20 (21 CFR 806.10 and 806.20).

On January 30, 1998, OMB sent FDA a notice stating that the collection of information requirements are approved for use through January 31, 2001, under OMB control number 0910-0359. FDA announced OMB approval of the collection of information provisions in the **Federal Register** of February 17, 1998 (63 FR 7811).

Therefore, under sections 201-903 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321-393) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, the stay for §§ 806.10 and 806.20 that was published at 62 FR 67274, December 24, 1997, is lifted and these provisions will become effective May 18, 1998.

Dated: April 9, 1998.

William K. Hubbard,

Associate Commissioner for Policy Coordination.

[FR Doc. 98-10034 Filed 4-15-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

35 CFR Parts 113 and 115

RIN 3207-AA26

Vessels Carrying Dangerous Packaged Goods Board of Local Inspectors; Composition and Functions

AGENCY: Panama Canal Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Panama Canal Commission is amending its rules in part 113 to prohibit the loading or off-loading of explosive cargo not destined for U.S. Government use at Commission facilities. The changes to 35 CFR part

113 are required by recent changes to commercial ports in the Republic of Panama which now provide a sufficiency of safe anchorages and facilities for the loading and unloading of explosive cargo for cargo not consigned to the Commission. As a result of these changes, the Commission is required to cease offering such services under the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977.

The Commission is also changing, in part 115, the requirement that the Administrator or his designee perform certain appointment functions and transferring those functions to the Marine Operations Director. This change makes this section consistent with the nomenclature changes called for by an internal reorganization at the Commission and the changes to 35 CFR part 115, published January 14, 1998.

DATES: Effective April 16, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John A. Mills, Secretary, Panama Canal Commission, 1825 I Street NW., Suite 1050, Washington, DC 20006-5402; Telephone: (202) 634-6441; Facsimile: (202) 634-6439; or John L. Haines, Jr., General Counsel, Panama Canal Commission, Facsimile: 011-507-272-3748.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The change to 35 CFR part 115 is a result of an internal reorganization of the Panama Canal Commission. The Board of Local Inspectors (BLI) has existed at the Panama Canal pursuant to statute or executive order since 1912, two years before the waterway opened its doors to world shipping. One of the BLI's primary functions is the investigation of marine accidents. Since 1966, the agency's Marine Director has served, ex officio, as Supervising Inspector and, in that latter capacity, has overseen the operations of the BLI.

As a result of this internal reorganization, the Marine Director (previously an active-duty or retired U.S. Naval officer) is to be known as the Maritime Operations Director. Duties previously carried out by the Supervising Inspector had been assumed by the Administrator or his designee. This change removes the Administrator from the system of appointments for a BLI chairman when the designated Chairman is absent or circumstances require the appointment of a specially qualified individual to serve on the BLI.

Because these changes are technical or internal in nature and do not place a burden on Canal users, the Commission has determined to promulgate a final rule without opportunity for comment.

The Commission is exempt from Executive Order 12866 and its provisions do not apply to this rule. Even if the Order were applicable, the rule would not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act. The implementation of the rule will have no adverse effect on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of United States-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises in domestic or export markets.

Finally, the Secretary of the Panama Canal Commission certifies these changes meet the applicable standards set out in sections 2(a) and 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

List of Subjects

35 CFR Part 113

Cargo vessels, Hazardous materials transportation, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

35 CFR Part 115

Organization and functions (Government agencies), Panama Canal.

For the reasons stated in the Preamble, the Panama Canal Commission amends 35 CFR Parts 113 and 115 as follows:

PART 113—DANGEROUS CARGOES

1. The authority citation for part 113 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 22 U.S.C. 3811; EO 12215, 45 FR 36043, 3 CFR 1980 Comp., p. 257.

2. Revise § 113.49(b) to read as follows:

§ 113.49 Class 1, Explosives.

* * * * *

(b) Explosive cargo to be used for other than official U.S. Government purposes may not be loaded or off-loaded at facilities of the Panama Canal Commission. Explosive anchorages prescribed in §§ 101.8(a)(2) and (3) and 101.8(c)(2) of this chapter may be used upon approval of the Marine Safety Advisor, or his designee, and with the concurrence of the Canal Operations Captain.

* * * * *

PART 115—BOARD OF LOCAL INSPECTORS; COMPOSITION AND FUNCTIONS

1. The authority citation for part 115 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 22 U.S.C. 3778; E.O. 12215, 45 FR 36043, 3 CFR 1980 Comp., p. 257.

§ 115.2 [Amended]

2. Amend § 115.2 as follows:

In paragraph (b) remove the word "Administrator" and add, in its place, the words "Marine Operations Director".

Dated: April 10, 1998.

John A. Mills,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98-9965 Filed 4-15-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3640-04-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

36 CFR Part 292

RIN 0596-AB39

Smith River National Recreation Area; Correction

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: In the **Federal Register** of March 27, 1998, the Department published a final rule implementing Section 8(d) of the Smith River National Recreation Area Act of 1990. The final rule contained incorrect amendatory language. This document corrects that document.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This correction is effective on April 27, 1998. As noted in the final rule published March 27, 1998, the final rule is effective on April 27, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Betty Anderson, Directives and Regulations Branch, Information Resources Management Staff, Forest Service, (703) 235-2994.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the March 27, 1998, final rule for the Smith River National Recreation Area, the amendatory language incorrectly stated that a new subpart G was being added to part 292. This document corrects the amendatory language in rule FR Doc. 98-7924 (63 FR 15042, Part III) as follows:

On page 15059, in the second column, in paragraph 5, on line 4, in the amendatory language "amended by adding a new subpart G" is corrected to read "amended by revising subpart G."

Dated: April 10, 1998.

Sandra Key,
Acting Associate Chief.

[FR Doc. 98-10050 Filed 4-15-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 74

[FRL-5996-6]

RIN 2060-AH36

Acid Rain Program: Revisions to Sulfur Dioxide Opt-Ins

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: Title IV of the Clean Air Act, as amended by Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, ("Act") authorizes the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA" or "Agency") to establish the Acid Rain Program. The purpose of the Acid Rain Program is to significantly reduce emissions of sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides from electric generating plants in order to reduce the adverse health and ecological impacts of acidic deposition (or acid rain) resulting from such emissions. This final rule is intended to promote participation in the title IV opt-in program by clarifying existing regulations, allowing a limited exception to the general rule of one designated representative for all affected units at a source, revising the conditions under which the Agency may cancel current-year allowance allocations, and allowing thermal energy plans to be effective on a quarterly basis.

DATES: This rule is effective May 18, 1998.

Judicial Review. Under section 307(b)(1) of the Act, judicial review of this rule is available only by filing a petition for review in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit within 60 days of today's publication of these final rule revisions. Under section 307(b)(2) of the Act, the requirements that are the subject of today's document may not be challenged in civil or criminal proceedings brought by the EPA to enforce these requirements.

ADDRESSES: *Docket.* Docket No. A-97-23, containing supporting information used to develop the rule is available for public inspection and copying from 8:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays, at EPA's Air Docket Section (6102), Waterside Mall, Room M1500, 1st Floor, 401 M Street, SW, Washington D.C. 20460.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathy Barylski at (202) 564-9074, Acid Rain Division (6204J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW, Washington, D.C. 20460; or