Affected public: All public and private sector employers.

Frequency: Not Applicable.
Number of Respondents: 100.
Average Time Per Response: 1 hour.
Estimated Total Annual Burden
Hours: 200.

Total Annualized Capital/Startup Costs: \$0.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 4th day of November 1997.

John B. Miles, Jr.,

Director, Directorate of Compliance Programs. [FR Doc. 97–29487 Filed 11–6–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–26–M

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

National Endowment for the Arts; Combined Arts Panel

Pursuant to Section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Public Law 92–463), as amended, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Combined Arts Panel, Music and Opera Section (Planning & Stabilization Category) to the National Council on the Arts will be held on December 2-4, 1997. The panel will meet from 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on December 2, 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on December 3, and 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on December 4, in Room 716 at the Nancy Hanks Center, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C., 20506. A portion of this meeting, from 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. on December 4, will be open to the public for a policy discussion of guidelines, planning, field needs and trends, and Leadership Initiatives.

The remaining portions of this meeting, from 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on December 2, 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on December 3, and 9:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m. and 12:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. on December 4, are for the purpose of Panel review, discussion, evaluation, and recommendation on applications for financial assistance under the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, including information given in confidence to the agency by grant applicants. In accordance with the determination of the Chairman of March 31, 1997, these sessions will be closed to the public pursuant to subsection (c)(4), (6) and 9(B) of section 552b of Title 5, United States Code.

Any person may observe meetings, or portions thereof, of advisory panels which are open to the public, and may be permitted to participate in the panel's discussions at the discretion of the panel chairman and with the

approval of the full-time Federal employee in attendance.

If you need special accommodations due to a disability, please contact the Office of Accessibility, National Endowment for the Arts, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20506, 202/682–5532, TDY-TDD 202/682–5496, at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting.

Further information with reference to this meeting can be obtained from Ms. Kathy Plowitz-Worden, Committee Management Officer, National Endowment for the Arts, Washington, D.C., 20506, or call 202/682–5691.

Dated: November 4, 1997.

Kathy Plowitz-Worden,

Panel Coordinator, Panel Operations, National Endowment for the Arts. [FR Doc. 97–29461 Filed 11–6–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7537–01–M

NATIONAL FOUNDATION OF THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

National Endowment for the Arts; Combined Arts Panel

Pursuant to Section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463), as amended, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Combined Arts Panel, Visual Arts Section (Creation & Presentation Category) to the National Council on the Arts will be held on November 18–21, 1997. The panel will meet from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on November 18 and 19, 9:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. on November 20, and 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on November 21, in Room 716 at the Nancy Hanks Center, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C., 20506. A portion of this meeting, from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. on November 21, will be open to the public for a policy discussion of guidelines, planning field needs and trends, and Leadership Initiatives.

The remaining portions of this meeting, from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. to November 18 and 19, 9:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. on November 20 and 11:15 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on November 11, are for the purpose of Panel review, discussion, evaluation, and recommendation on applications for financial assistance under the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, including information given in confidence to the agency by grant applicants. In accordance with the determinations of the Chairman of March 31, 1997, these sessions will be closed to the public pursuant to subsection (c)(4), (6) and (9)(B) of section 552b of Title 5, United States Code.

Any person may observe meetings, or portions thereof, of advisory panels which are open to the public, and may be permitted to participate in the panel's discussions at the discretion of the panel chairman and with the approval of the full-time Federal employee in attendance.

If you need special accommodations due to a disability, please contact the Office of AccessAbility, National Endowment for the Arts, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20506, 202/682–5532, TDY-TDD 202/682–5496, at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting.

Further information with reference to this meeting can be obtained from Ms. Kathy Plowitz-Worden, Committee Management Officer, National Endowment for the Arts, Washington, D.C., 20506, or call 202/682–5691.

Dated: November 4, 1997.

Kathy Plowitz-Worden,

Panel Coordinator, Panel Operations, National Endowment for the Arts. [FR Doc. 97–29462 Filed 11–6–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7537–01–M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-255]

In the Matter of Consumers Energy Company (Palisades Plant); Exemption

Ī

Consumers Energy Company (the licensee) is the holder of Facility Operating License No. DPR–20 which authorizes operation of the Palisades Plant. The Palisades facility is a pressurized-water reactor located at the licensee's site in Van Buren County, Michigan. The license provides, among other things, that the facility is subject to all rules, regulations, and orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect.

II

Section 70.24 of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, "Criticality Accident Requirements," requires that each licensee authorized to possess special nuclear material (SNM) shall maintain a criticality accident monitoring system in each area where such material is handled, used, or stored. Subsections (a)(1) and (a)(2) of 10 CFR 70.24 specify detection and sensitivity requirements that these monitors must meet. Subsection (a)(1) also specifies that all areas subject to criticality accident monitoring must be covered by two detectors. Subsection (a)(3) of 10 CFR 70.24 requires licensees

to maintain emergency procedures for each area in which this licensed SNM is handled, used, or stored and provides that (1) the procedures ensure that all personnel withdraw to an area of safety upon the sounding of a criticality accident monitor alarm, (2) the procedures must include drills to familiarize personnel with the evacuation plan, and (3) the procedures designate responsible individuals for determining the cause of the alarm and placement of radiation survey instruments in accessible locations for use in such an emergency. Paragraph (d) of 10 CFR 70.24 states that any licensee who believes that there is good cause why he should be granted an exemption from all or part of 10 CFR 70.24 may apply to the Commission for such an exemption and shall specify the reasons for the relief requested.

TIT

The SNM that could be assembled into a critical mass at Palisades is in the form of nuclear fuel; the quantity of SNM other than fuel that is stored on site in any given location is small enough to preclude achieving a critical mass. The Commission's technical staff has evaluated the possibility of an inadvertent criticality of the nuclear fuel at Palisades and has determined that it is extremely unlikely for such an accident to occur if the licensee meets the following seven criteria:

- 1. Only one fuel assembly is allowed out of a shipping cask or storage rack at one time.
- 2. The k-effective does not exceed 0.95, at a 95% probability, 95% confidence level in the event that the fresh fuel storage racks are filled with fuel of the maximum permissible uranium-235 (U-235) enrichment and flooded with pure water.
- 3. If optimum moderation occurs at low moderator density, then the k-effective does not exceed 0.98, at a 95% probability, 95% confidence level in the event that the fresh fuel storage racks are filled with fuel of the maximum permissible U–235 enrichment and flooded with a moderator at the density corresponding to optimum moderation.
- 4. The k-effective does not exceed 0.95, at a 95% probability, 95% confidence level in the event that the spent fuel storage racks are filled with fuel of the maximum permissible U-235 enrichment and flooded with pure water.
- 5. The quantity of forms of special nuclear material, other than nuclear fuel, that is stored on site in any given area is less than the quantity necessary for a critical mass.

- 6. Radiation monitors, as required by General Design Criterion 63, are provided in fuel storage and handling areas to detect excessive radiation levels and to initiate appropriate safety actions.
- 7. The maximum nominal U-235 enrichment is limited to 5.0 weight percent.

By letter dated July 2, 1997, the licensee requested an exemption from 10 CFR 70.24(a). The Commission's technical staff has reviewed the licensee's submittal and has determined that Palisades meets the criteria for prevention of inadvertent criticality; therefore, the staff has determined that it is extremely unlikely for an inadvertent criticality to occur in SNM handling or storage areas at Palisades.

The purpose of the criticality monitors required by 10 CFR 70.24(a) is to ensure that if a criticality were to occur during the handling of SNM, personnel would be alerted to that fact and would take appropriate action. The staff has determined that it is extremely unlikely that such an accident could occur; furthermore, the licensee has radiation monitors, as required by General Design Criterion 63, in fuel storage and handling areas. These monitors will alert personnel to excessive radiation levels and allow them to initiate appropriate safety actions. The low probability of an inadvertent criticality, together with the licensee's adherence to General Design Criterion 63, constitutes good cause for granting an exemption to the requirements of 10 CFR 70.24(a).

IV

The Commission has determined that, pursuant to 10 CFR 70.14, this exemption is authorized by law, will not endanger life or property or the common defense and security, and is otherwise in the public interest.

Therefore, the Commission hereby grants Consumers Energy an exemption from the requirements of 10 CFR 70.24(a).

Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.32, the Commission has determined that the granting of this exemption will have no significant impact on the environment (62 FR).

This exemption is effective upon issuance.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 28th day of October 1997.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Samuel J. Collins,

Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

[FR Doc. 97–29489 Filed 11–6–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-410]

Long Island Lighting Company; Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit No. 2

Notice is hereby given that the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) is considering the issuance of an Order approving, under 10 CFR 50.80, an application regarding an indirect transfer of control of ownership and possessory rights held by Long Island Lighting Company (LILCO) under the operating license for Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit No. 2 (NMP2). The indirect transfer would be to the Long Island Power Authority (LIPA). LILCO is licensed by the Commission to own and possess an 18 percent interest in NMP2.

By letter dated September 8, 1997, LILCO informed the Commission that LIPA plans to acquire LILCO by purchasing its stock through a cash merger, at a time when LILCO consists of its electric transmission and distribution system, its retail electric business, substantially all of its electric regulatory assets, and its 18 percent share of NMP2. LILCO thereby would become a subsidiary of LIPA. After this restructuring, LILCO will continue to exist as an "electric utility" as defined in 10 CFR 50.2 providing the same electric utility services it did immediately prior to the restructuring. LILCO will continue to be a licensee of NMP2, and no direct transfer of the operating license or interests in the station will result from the proposed restructuring. The transaction would not involve any change to either the management organization or technical personnel of Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, which is responsible for operating and maintaining NMP2.

Pursuant to 10 CFR 50.80, the Commission may approve the transfer of control of a license after notice to interested persons. Such approval is contingent upon the Commission's determination that the holder of the license following the transfer is qualified to hold the license and that the transfer is otherwise consistent with applicable provisions of law, regulations, and orders of the Commission.

For further details with respect to this proposed action, see the LILCO letter dated September 8, 1997, as supplemented October 8, 1997. These documents are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, N.W., Washington, DC, and at the local public document room