must submit in justifying an exception request to their composite rate for outpatient dialysis services.; Frequency: On occasion; Affected Public: Business or other for-profit, Not-for-profit institutions and Federal Government; Number of Respondents: 275; Total Annual Responses: 275; Total Annual Hours: 13,200.

To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and HCFA document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786-1326. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed within 60 days of this notice directly to the HCFA Paperwork Clearance Officer designated at the following address: HCFA, Office of Information Services, Information Technology Investment Management Group, Division of HCFA Enterprise Standards, Attention: Louis Blank, Room C2-26-17, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-

Dated: October 28, 1997.

John P. Burke III,

HCFA Reports Clearance Officer, HCFA Office of Information Services, Information Technology Investment Management Group, Division of HCFA Enterprise Standards.

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BILLING CODE 4120–03–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Health Care Financing Administration

[OACT-055-N]

RIN 0938-AI03

Medicare Program; Monthly Actuarial Rates and Monthly Supplementary Medical Insurance Premium Rate Beginning January 1, 1998

AGENCY: Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: As required by section 1839 of the Social Security Act, this notice announces the monthly actuarial rates for aged (age 65 or over) and disabled (under age 65) enrollees in the Medicare Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) program for 1998. It also announces the monthly SMI premium rate to be paid by all enrollees during 1998. The monthly actuarial rates for 1998 are \$87.90 for aged enrollees and \$97.10 for

disabled enrollees. The monthly SMI premium rate for 1998 is \$43.80. EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 1998. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carter S. Warfield, (410) 786–6396.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Medicare Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) program is the voluntary Medicare Part B program that pays all or part of the costs for physicians' services, outpatient hospital services, home health services, services furnished by rural health clinics, ambulatory surgical centers, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities, and certain other medical and health services not covered by hospital insurance (HI) (Medicare Part A). The SMI program is available to individuals who are entitled to HI and to U.S. residents who have attained age 65 and are citizens, or aliens who were lawfully admitted for permanent residence and have resided in the United States for 5 consecutive years. This program requires enrollment and payment of monthly premiums, as provided in 42 CFR part 407, subpart B, and part 408, respectively. The difference between the premiums paid by all enrollees and total incurred costs is met from the general revenues of the Federal government.

The Secretary of Health and Human Services is required by section 1839 of the Social Security Act (the Act) to issue two annual notices relating to the SMI program.

One notice announces two amounts that, according to actuarial estimates, will equal respectively, one-half the expected average monthly cost of SMI for each aged enrollee (age 65 or over) and one-half the expected average monthly cost of SMI for each disabled enrollee (under age 65) during the year beginning the following January. These amounts are called "monthly actuarial rates."

The second notice announces the monthly SMI premium rate to be paid by aged and disabled enrollees for the year beginning the following January. (Although the costs to the program per disabled enrollee are different than for the aged, the law provides that they pay the same premium amount.) Beginning with the passage of section 203 of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 (Public Law 92-603), the premium rate, which was determined on a fiscal year basis, was limited to the lesser of the actuarial rate for aged enrollees, or the current monthly premium rate increased by the same percentage as the most recent general increase in monthly title II social security benefits.

However, the passage of section 124 of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (TEFRA) (Public Law 97-248) suspended this premium determination process. Section 124 of TEFRA changed the premium basis to 50 percent of the monthly actuarial rate for aged enrollees (that is, 25 percent of program costs for aged enrollees). Section 606 of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 (Public Law 98-21), section 2302 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984 (DRA 1984) (Public Law 98-369), section 9313 of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA 1985) (Public Law 99-272), section 4080 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (OBRA 1987) (Public Law 100-203), and section 6301 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989 (OBRA 1989) (Public Law 101-239) extended the provision that the premium be based on 50 percent of the monthly actuarial rate for aged enrollees (that is, 25 percent of program costs for aged enrollees). This extension expired at the end of 1990.

The premium rate for 1991 through 1995 was legislated by section 1839(e)(1)(B) of the Act, as added by section 4301 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (OBRA 1990) (Public Law 101–508). In January 1996, the premium determination basis would have reverted to the method established by the 1972 Social Security Act Amendments. However, section 13571 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (OBRA 1993) (Public Law 103-66) changed the premium basis to 50 percent of the monthly actuarial rate for aged enrollees (that is, 25 percent of program costs for aged enrollees) for 1996 through 1998.

Section 4571 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (BBA 1997) (Public Law 105–33) permanently extended the provision that the premium be based on 50 percent of the monthly actuarial rate for aged enrollees (that is, 25 percent of program costs for aged enrollees).

BBA 1997 included a further provision affecting the calculation of the SMI actuarial rates and premiums for 1998 though 2003. Section 4611 of BBA 1997 modified the home health benefit payable under the HI program for individuals enrolled in the SMI program. In doing so, expenditures for home health services not considered ''post-institutional'' will be payable under the SMI program rather than the HI program beginning in 1998. However, section 4611(e)(1) of BBA 1997 requires there be a transition from 1998 through 2002 for the aggregate amount of the expenditures transferred from the HI program to the SMI

program. Section 4611(e)(2) also provides a specific yearly proportion for the transferred funds. The proportions are 1/6 for 1998, 1/3 for 1999, 1/2 for 2000, 2/3 for 2001, and 5/6 for 2002. For purposes of determining the correct amount of financing from general revenues of the federal government, it is necessary to include only these transitional amounts in the monthly actuarial rates for both aged and disabled enrollees, rather than the total cost of the home health services being transferred. Accordingly, the actuarial rates shown in this announcement reflect the net transitional cost only.

Section 4611(e)(3) of BBA 1997 also specifies, for the purposes of determining the premium, that the monthly actuarial rate for aged enrollees shall be computed as though the transition would occur for 1998 through 2003 and that 1/7 of the cost would transferred in 1998, 2/7 in 1999, 3/7 in 2000, 4/7 in 2001, 5/7 in 2002, and 6/7 in 2003. Therefore, the transition period for incorporating this home health transfer into the premium is 7 years while the transition period for including these services in the actuarial rate is 6 years. As a result, the premium rate for this year and each of the next 5 years, through 2003, will be less than 50 percent of the actuarial rate for aged enrollees announced by the Secretary.

New section 1933(c)(2) of the Act, as added by section 4732(c) of BBA 1997, requires the Secretary to allocate money from the SMI trust fund to the state Medicaid programs for the purpose of paying the SMI premiums from 1998 through 2002 for the section 1933 low-income Medicaid beneficiaries. This allocation, while not a benefit expenditure, will be an expenditure of the trust fund and has been included in calculating the SMI actuarial rates for this year. The allocation will be included in calculating the SMI actuarial rates through 2002.

As determined according to section 1839(a)(3) of the Act and section 4611(e)(3) of BBA 1997, the premium rate for 1998 is \$43.80.

A further provision affecting the calculation of the SMI premium is section 1839(f) of the Act, as amended by section 211 of the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–360). (The Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Repeal Act of 1989 (Public Law 101–234) did not repeal the revisions to section 1839(f) made by Public Law 100–360.) Section 1839(f) provides that if an individual is entitled to benefits under section 202 or 223 of the Act (the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Benefit and the Disability Insurance Benefit,

respectively) and has the SMI premiums deducted from these benefit payments, the premium increase will be reduced to avoid causing a decrease in the individual's net monthly payment. This occurs if the increase in the individual's social security benefit due to the costof-living adjustment under section 215(i) of the Act is less than the increase in the premium. Specifically, the reduction in the premium amount applies if the individual is entitled to benefits under section 202 or 223 of the Act for November and December of a particular year and the individual's SMI premiums for December and the following January are deducted from the respective month's section 202 or 223 benefits. (A check for benefits under section 202 or 223 is received in the month following the month for which the benefits are due. The SMI premium that is deducted from a particular check is the SMI payment for the month in which the check is received. Therefore, a benefit check for November is not received until December, but has the December's SMI premium deducted from it.) (This change, in effect, perpetuates former amendments that prohibited SMI premium increases from reducing an individual's benefits in years in which the dollar amount of the individual's cost-of-living increase in benefits was not at least as great as the dollar amount of the individual's SMI premium increase.)

Generally, if a beneficiary qualifies for this protection (that is, the beneficiary must have been in current payment status for November and December of the previous year), the reduced premium for the individual for that January and for each of the succeeding 11 months for which he or she is entitled to benefits under section 202 or 223 of the Act is the greater of the following:

(1) The monthly premium for January reduced as necessary to make the December monthly benefits, after the deduction of the SMI premium for January, at least equal to the preceding November's monthly benefits, after the deduction of the SMI premium for December; or

(2) The monthly premium for that individual for that December.

In determining the premium limitations under section 1839(f) of the Act, the monthly benefits to which an individual is entitled under section 202 or 223 do not include retroactive adjustments or payments and deductions on account of work. Also, once the monthly premium amount has been established under section 1839(f) of the Act, it will not be changed during the year even if there are retroactive

adjustments or payments and deductions on account of work that apply to the individual's monthly benefits.

Individuals who have enrolled in the SMI program late or have enrolled after the termination of a coverage period are subject to an increased premium under section 1839(b) of the Act. That increase is a percentage of the premium and is based on the new premium rate before any reductions under section 1839(f) are made.

II. Notice of Monthly Actuarial Rates and Monthly Premium Rate

The monthly actuarial rates applicable for 1998 are \$87.90 for enrollees age 65 and over, and \$97.10 for disabled enrollees under age 65. Section III of this notice gives the actuarial assumptions and bases from which these rates are derived. The monthly premium rate will be \$43.80 during 1998.

III. Statement of Actuarial Assumptions and Bases Employed in Determining the Monthly Actuarial Rates and the Monthly Premium Rate for the Supplementary Medical Insurance Program Beginning January 1998

A. Actuarial Status of the Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund

Under the law, the starting point for determining the monthly premium is the amount that would be necessary to finance the SMI program on an incurred basis; that is, the amount of income that would be sufficient to pay for services furnished during that year (including associated administrative costs) even though payment for some of these services will not be made until after the close of the year. The portion of income required to cover benefits not paid until after the close of the year is added to the trust fund and used when needed.

The rates are established prospectively and are, therefore, subject to projection error. Additionally, legislation enacted after the financing has been established, but effective for the period for which the financing has been set, may affect program costs. As a result, the income to the program may not equal incurred costs. Therefore, trust fund assets should be maintained at a level that is adequate to cover a moderate degree of variation between actual and projected costs (in addition to the amount of incurred but unpaid expenses). An appropriate level for assets to cover a moderate degree of variation between actual and projected costs depends on numerous factors. The most important of these factors are: (1)

The difference from prior years between the actual performance of the program and estimates made at the time financing was established, and (2) the expected relationship between incurred and cash expenditures. Ongoing analysis is made of both factors as the trends vary over time. Table 1 summarizes the estimated actuarial status of the trust fund as of the end of the financing period for 1996 and 1997.

TABLE 1.—ESTIMATED ACTUARIAL STATUS OF THE SUPPLEMENTARY MEDICAL INSURANCE TRUST FUND AS OF THE END OF THE FINANCING PERIOD

[In billions of dollars]

| Financing period ending | Assets | Liabilities | Assets less liabilities |
|-------------------------|----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Dec. 31, 1996 | \$28.332 | \$1.350 | \$26.982 |
| | 37.502 | 1.397 | 36.105 |

B. Monthly Actuarial Rate for Enrollees Age 65 and Older

The monthly actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and older is one-half of the monthly projected cost of benefits, the Medicaid transfer (for 1998 through 2002), and administrative expenses for each enrollee age 65 and older, adjusted to allow for interest earnings on assets in the trust fund and a contingency margin. The contingency margin is an amount appropriate to provide for a moderate degree of variation between actual and projected costs and to amortize any surplus or unfunded liabilities. As noted in section I. of this announcement, section 4611(e)(2) of BBA 1997 requires that only 1/6 of the cost of the home health services being transferred be included in the actuarial rate for 1998, rather than the full cost of such benefits.

The monthly actuarial rate for enrollees age 65 and older for 1998 was determined by first establishing perenrollee cost by type of service from program data through 1995 and then projecting these costs for subsequent years. Although the actuarial rates are now applicable for calendar years, projections of per-enrollee costs were determined on a July to June period, consistent with the July annual fee screen update used for benefits before the passage of section 2306(b) of DRA 1984. Accordingly, the values for the 12month period ending June 30, 1995 were established from program data, and subsequent periods were projected using a combination of program data and data from external sources. The projection factors used are shown in Table 2. Those per-enrollee values are then adjusted to apply to a calendar year period. The projected values for financing periods from January 1, 1995, through December 31, 1998, are shown in Table 3.

The projected monthly rate required to pay for one-half of the total of benefits, the transfer to Medicaid, and administrative costs for enrollees age 65

and over for 1998 is \$106.46. Included in the total of \$106.46 is \$15.44 for home health services. The amount of \$15.44 includes (i) the full cost of the home health services being transferred from the HI program as a result of BBA 1997 as if the transition did not apply (\$14.99) as well as (ii) the cost of furnishing all home health services to those individuals enrolled in SMI only (\$0.45). Since section 4611(e)(2) of BBA 1997 requires that only 1/6 of the cost for those services being transferred be included in the actuarial rate for 1998, the monthly actuarial rate provides for an adjustment of -\$12.49, representing 5/6 of the full cost of such services. The monthly actuarial rate of \$87.90 also provides an adjustment of -\$4.13 for interest earnings and -\$1.94 for a contingency margin. Based on current estimates, it appears that the assets are more than sufficient to cover the amount of incurred but unpaid expenses and to provide for a moderate degree of variation between actual and projected costs. Thus, a negative contingency margin is needed to reduce assets to a more appropriate level.

C. Monthly Actuarial Rate for Disabled Enrollees

Disabled enrollees are those persons enrolled in SMI because of entitlement (before age 65) to disability benefits for more than 24 months or because of entitlement to Medicare under the endstage renal disease program. Projected monthly costs for disabled enrollees (other than those suffering from endstage renal disease) are prepared in a fashion exactly parallel to the projection for the aged, using appropriate actuarial assumptions (see Table 2). Costs for the end-stage renal disease program are projected differently because of the different nature of services offered by the program. The combined results for all disabled enrollees are shown in Table 4.

The projected monthly rate required to pay for one-half of the total of benefits, the transfer to Medicaid, and

administrative costs for disabled enrollees for 1998 is \$116.64. Included in the total of \$116.64 is \$16.98 for home health services. The amount of \$16.98 is the full cost of the home health services being transferred from the HI program as a result of BBA 1997 as if the transition did not apply. Since section 4611(e)(2) of BBA 1997 requires that only 1/6 of the cost for those services being transferred be included in the actuarial rate for 1998, the monthly actuarial rate provides for an adjustment of –\$14.17, representing % of the full cost of such services. The monthly actuarial rate of \$97.10 also provides an adjustment of -\$2.27 for interest earnings and -\$3.10 for a contingency margin. Based on current estimates, it appears that the assets are more than sufficient to cover the amount of incurred but unpaid expenses and to provide for a moderate degree of variation between actual and projected costs. Thus, a negative contingency margin is needed to reduce assets to a more appropriate level.

D. Sensitivity Testing

Several factors contribute to uncertainty about future trends in medical care costs. In view of this, it is appropriate to test the adequacy of the rates announced here using alternative assumptions. The most unpredictable factors that contribute significantly to future costs are outpatient hospital costs, physician residual (as defined in Table 2), and increases in physician fees as governed by the program's physician fee schedule. Two alternative sets of assumptions and the results of those assumptions are shown in Table 5. One set represents increases that are lower and is, therefore, more optimistic than the current estimate. The other set represents increases that are higher and is, therefore, more pessimistic than the current version. The values for the alternative assumptions were determined by studying the average historical variation between actual and projected increases in the respective

increase factors. All assumptions not shown in Table 5 are the same as in Table 2.

Table 5 indicates that, under the assumptions used in preparing this report, the monthly actuarial rates would result in an excess of assets over liabilities of \$32.371 billion by the end of December 1998. This amounts to 31.3 percent of the estimated total incurred expenditures for the following year.

Assumptions that are somewhat more pessimistic (and, therefore, test the adequacy of the assets to accommodate projection errors) produce a surplus of \$22.836 billion by the end of December 1998, which amounts to 20.6 percent of the estimated total incurred expenditures for the following year. Under fairly optimistic assumptions, the monthly actuarial rates would result in a surplus of \$41.762 billion by the end

of December 1998, which amounts to 43.2 percent of the estimated total incurred expenditures for the following year.

E. Premium Rate

As determined by section 1839(a)(3) of the Act and section 4611(e)(3) of BBA 1997, the monthly premium rate for 1998, for both aged and disabled enrollees, is \$43.80.

TABLE 2.—PROJECTION FACTORS ¹ 12-MONTH PERIODS ENDING JUNE 30 OF 1995–1999 [In Percent]

| | Physicians | s' services | Outpatient | Home health | Group prac- | Independent | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| 12-month period ending June 30 | Fees ² | Residual ³ | hospital services | agency services ⁴ | tice prepay- ment plans | lab services | |
| Aged: | | | | | | | |
| 1995 | 5.7 | 2.0 | 17.7 | 91.0 | 17.4 | 1.2 | |
| 1996 | 2.2 | -1.6 | 3.3 | 30.6 | 24.2 | -3.6 | |
| 1997 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 15.3 | 22.1 | -0.9 | |
| 1998 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 4.7 | (5) | 33.9 | 7.1 | |
| 1999 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 8.2 | 5 88.2 | 36.8 | 5.7 | |
| Disabled: | | | | | | | |
| 1995 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 15.0 | 10.7 | |
| 1996 | 2.2 | -3.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.4 | 2.7 | |
| 1997 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 15.9 | 1.9 | |
| 1998 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 1.2 | (5) | 34.8 | 8.7 | |
| 1999 | 0.4 | -1.0 | 8.3 | 5 97.1 | 37.5 | 6.2 | |

¹ All values are per enrollee.

⁵ Effective January 1, 1998, the coverage of home health agency services not considered "post-institutional" for those individuals entitled to HI and enrolled in SMI will be transferred from the HI program to the SMI program. As a result, as of January 1, 1998, there will be a large increase in SMI expenditures for these services for the aged enrollees, and SMI coverage for these services will resume for disabled enrollees.

Table 3.—Derivation of Monthly Actuarial Rate for Enrollees Age 65 and Over Financing Periods Ending December 31, 1995 Through December 31, 1998

| | Financing periods | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|----------------|----------------------|--|
| | CY 1995 | CY 1996 | CY 1997 | CY 1998 | |
| Covered services (at level recognized): | | | | | |
| Physicians' reasonable charges | \$58.88 | \$59.82 | \$61.82 | \$63.55 | |
| Outpatient hospital and other institutions | 21.26 | 21.95 | 22.85 | 24.06 | |
| Home health agencies | 0.33 | 0.40 | 0.43 | 15.44 ¹ | |
| Group practice prepayment plans | 11.55 | 14.21 | 18.29 | 23.76 | |
| Independent lab | 2.44 | 2.38 | 2.46 | 2.51 | |
| Total services | 94.46 | 98.76 | 105.85 | 129.32 | |
| Cost-sharing: | | | | | |
| Deductible | -3.71 | -3.73 | -3.74 | -3.75 | |
| Coinsurance | - 17.36 | - 18.24 | - 19.62 | -21.61 | |
| Total benefits | 73.39 | 76.79 | 82.49 | 103.96 | |
| Transfer to Medicaid | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.302 | |
| Administrative expenses | 1.86 | 2.05 | 2.11 | 2.20 | |
| Incurred expenditures | 75.25 | 78.84 | 84.60 | 106.46 | |
| Value of interest | -2.04 | -2.40 | -3.94 | -4.13 | |
| Adjustment for home health agency services transferred from HI | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - 12.49 ³ | |
| Contingency margin for projection error and to amortize the surplus or deficit | -0.11 | 8.46 | 6.94 | -1.94 | |
| Monthly actuarial rate | 73.10 | 84.90 | 87.60 | 87.90 | |

¹This amount includes the full cost of the home health services being transferred from the HI program as a result of BBA 1997 as if the transition did not apply, as well as the cost of furnishing all home health services to those individuals enrolled in SMI only.

² As recognized for payment under the program.

³ Increase in the number of services received per enrollee and greater relative use of more expensive services.

⁴ From July 1, 1981 to December 31, 1997, home health agency services have been provided by the SMI program only for those SMI enrollees not entitled to HI. Otherwise these services were provided by the HI program. Since all SMI disabled enrollees are entitled to HI, their coverage of these services has been provided by the HI program during this period.

² Section 1933(c)(2) of the Act, as added by section 4732(c) of BBA 1997, allocates an amount to be transferred from the SMI trust fund to the state Medicaid programs. This transfer is for the purpose of paying the SMI premiums for certain low-income beneficiaries. It is not a benefit expenditure but is used in determining the SMI actuarial rates since it is an expenditure of the trust fund.

3 Section 4611 of BBA 1997 specifies that expenditures for home health services not considered "post-institutional" will be payable under the

SMI program rather than the HI program beginning in 1998. However, section 4611(e)(1) requires there be a transition from 1998 through 2002 for the aggregate amount of the expenditures transferred from the HI program to the SMI program. For 1998 the amount transferred is ½ of the full cost for such services. Therefore, the adjustment for 1998 represents 56 of the full cost. This amount adjusts the actuarial rate to reflect the correct amount attributable to home health services.

Table 4.—Derivation of Monthly Actuarial Rate For Disabled Enrollees Financing Periods Ending DECEMBER 31, 1995 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998

| | Financing periods | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|---------|----------------------|--|
| | CY 1995 | CY 1996 | CY 1997 | CY 1998 | |
| Covered services (at level recognized): | | | | | |
| Physicians' reasonable charges | \$64.43 | \$65.21 | \$67.08 | ¹ \$67.96 | |
| Outpatient hospital and other institutions | 42.61 | 43.89 | 45.45 | 47.26 | |
| Home health agencies | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16.98 | |
| Group practice prepayment plans | 2.70 | 3.10 | 3.92 | 5.31 | |
| Independent lab | 3.00 | 3.09 | 3.27 | 3.44 | |
| Total services | 112.74 | 115.29 | 119.72 | 140.95 | |
| Cost-sharing: | | | | | |
| Deductible | - 3.55 | -3.57 | -3.58 | -3.60 | |
| Coinsurance | -21.17 | -21.69 | -22.50 | -23.40 | |
| Total benefits | 88.02 | 90.03 | 93.64 | 113.95 | |
| Transfer to Medicaid | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | ² 0.29 | |
| Administrative expenses | 2.23 | 2.40 | 2.41 | 2.40 | |
| Incurred expenditures | 90.25 | 92.43 | 96.05 | 116.64 | |
| Value of interest | -0.31 | -0.29 | - 1.84 | -2.27 | |
| Adjustment for home health agency services transferred from HI | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | ³ – 14.17 | |
| Contingency margin for projection error and to amortize the surplus or deficit | 15.86 | 12.96 | 16.19 | -3.10 | |
| Monthly actuarial rate | 105.80 | 105.10 | 110.40 | 97.10 | |

¹This amount includes the full cost of the home health services being transferred from the HI program as a result of BBA 1997 as if the transi-

tion did not apply.

2 Section 1933(c)(2) of the Act, as added by section 4732(c) of BBA 1997, allocates an amount to be transferred from the SMI trust fund to the state Medicaid programs. This transfer is for the purpose of paying the SMI premiums for certain lowincome beneficiaries. It is not a benefit expenditure but is used in determining the SMI actuarial rates since it is an expenditure of the trust fund.

TABLE 5.—ACTUARIAL STATUS OF THE SMI TRUST FUND UNDER THREE SETS OF ASSUMPTIONS FOR FINANCING PERIODS THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998

| | Т | his projectio | n | Low | cost projec | tion | | High cost | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Projection | 12-month | period endin | g June 30 | 12-month period ending June 30 | | | 12-month period ending June 30 | | | |
| | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | |
| Projection factors (in percent): Physician fees 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aged | 0.5 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.5 | -1.4 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 2.2 | |
| Disabled Utilization of physician serv- ices ² | 0.5 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.5 | -1.4 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 2.2 | |
| Aged | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 0.2 | -0.5 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.4 | |
| Disabled | 1.1 | 0.6 | -1.0 | -1.8 | -2.4 | -4.0 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 2.1 | |
| Outpatient hospital services per enrollee | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aged | 3.2 | 4.7 | 8.2 | -1.2 | 0.1 | 3.3 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 13.2 | |
| Disabled | 4.3 | 1.2 | 8.3 | -1.0 | -4.4 | 2.7 | 9.6 | 6.7 | 14.0 | |
| | | | 0.0 | | | | 0.0 | 0 | | |
| | As | of December | r 31 | As of December 31 | | | As of December 31 | | | |
| | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | |
| Actuarial status (in billions): | | | | | | | | | | |
| AssetsLiabilities | \$28.332 1.350 | \$37.502 1.397 | \$34.274 1.903 | \$28.332 .441 | \$40.265 .399 | \$42.540 .778 | \$28.332 2.134 | \$34.753 2.275 | \$25.756 2.920 | |
| Assets less liabilities | \$26.982 | \$36.105 | \$32.371 | \$27.891 | \$39.866 | \$41.762 | \$26.198 | \$32.478 | \$22.836 | |

³ Section 4611 of BBA 1997 specifies that expenditures for home health services not considered "post-institutional" will be payable under the SMI program rather than the HI program beginning in 1998. However, section 4611(e)(1) requires there be a transition from 1998 through 2002 for the aggregate amount of the expenditures transferred from the HI program to the SMI program. For 1998 the amount transferred is ½ of the full cost for such services. Therefore, the adjustment for 1998 represents 5/6 of the full cost. This amount adjusts the actuarial rate to reflect the correct amount attributable to home health services.

| | As of December 31 | | As of December 31 | | | As of December 31 | | | |
|--|-------------------|------|-------------------|------|------|-------------------|------|------|------|
| | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 |
| Ratio of assets less liabilities to expenditures (in percent) ³ | 35.8 | 38.0 | 31.3 | 38.4 | 44.5 | 43.2 | 33.5 | 32.3 | 20.6 |

¹ As recognized for payment under the program.

IV. Waiver of Notice of Proposed Rulemaking

The Medicare statute, as discussed previously, requires publication of the monthly actuarial rates and the Part B premium amount in September. The amounts are determined according to the statute. As has been our custom, we use general notices, rather than formal notice and comment rulemaking procedures, to make such announcements. In doing so, we acknowledge that, under the Administrative Procedure Act, interpretive rules, general statements of policy, and rules of agency organization, procedure, or practice are excepted from the requirements of notice and comment rulemaking.

We considered publishing a proposed notice to provide a period for public comment. However, we may waive that procedure if we find good cause that prior notice and comment are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest. We find that the procedure for notice and comment is unnecessary because the formula used to calculate the SMI premium is statutorily directed, and we can exercise no discretion in following that formula. Moreover, the statute establishes the time period for which the premium rates will apply, and delaying publication of the SMI premium rate would be contrary to the public interest. Therefore, we find good cause to waive publication of a proposed notice and solicitation of public comments.

In accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 12866, this notice was reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

(Section 1839 of the Social Security Act; 42 U.S.C. 1395r)

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 93.774, Medicare— Supplementary Medical Insurance)

Dated: October 13, 1997.

Nancy-Ann Min DeParle,

Deputy Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration.

Dated: October 21, 1997.

Donna E. Shalala,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97–29031 Filed 11–3–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Notice of Availability of Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact for Actions to be Taken Under the NIH Guidelines for Research Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules

Notice is hereby given of the availability of an Environmental Assessment (EA) and Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) for public review. The EA is for actions to be taken under the NIH Guidelines for Research **Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules** (59 FR 34496, amended 59 FR 40170, 60 FR 20726, 61 FR 1482, 61 FR 10004, 62 FR 4782). Under the actions, the National Institutes of Health (NIH) will relinquish its approval of individual human gene transfer protocols to the Food and Drug Administration, which has statutory authority for such approvals. Instead, the NIH will emphasize its role as the focal point for policy discussion and review of scientific, safety, social, and ethical issues arising from human gene transfer research. The EA finds that these actions will not significantly affect the quality of the human environment.

Copies of the EA and FONSI can be viewed in the NIH Environmental Reading Room, Building 31, Room 2B04, 9000 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, MD 20892. Additional copies of the EA and FONSI are available for viewing in the NIH Office of Recombinant DNA Activities (ORDA), 6000 Executive Boulevard, Suite 302, Bethesda, MD 20892–7010.

For further information, contact Debra Knorr, Deputy Director, Office of Recombinant DNA Activities, National Institutes of Health, MSC 7010, 6000 Executive Boulevard, Suite 302, Bethesda, Maryland 20892–7010, Phone 301–496–9838, FAX 301–496–9839.

Dated: October 26, 1997.

Lana Skirboll,

Associate Director for Science Policy, National Institutes of Health. [FR Doc. 97–29072 Filed 11–3–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4140–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

National Eye Institute; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to Section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following National Eye Institute Special Emphasis Panel (SEP) meeting:

Name of SEP: Clinical Research. Date: November 24, 1997. Time: 8:30 a.m.

Place: National Eye Institute, Executive Plaza South, Suite 350, 6120 Executive Blvd., Bethesda, MD 20892–7164.

Contact Person: Andrew P. Mariani, Ph.D., Executive Plaza South, Room 350, 6120 Executive Blvd., Bethesda, MD 20892–7164, (303) 496–5561.

Purpose/Agenda: Review of Grant Applications.

The meeting will be closed in accordance with the provisions set forth in secs. 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5, U.S.C. Applications and/or proposals and the discussions could reveal confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material and personal information concerning individuals associated with the applications and/or proposals, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 93.867, Vision Research: National Institutes of Health)

Dated: October 28, 1997.

LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Committee Management Officer, NIH. [FR Doc. 97–29076 Filed 11–3–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4140–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, Notice of Meeting of Board of Scientific Counselors

Pursuant to Pub. L. 92–463, notice is hereby given of the meeting of the Board of Scientific Counselors, National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute at 8:00 a.m. on December 11–12, 1997, National Institutes of Health, 9000 Rockville

² Increase in the number of services received per enrollee and greater relative use of more expensive services.

³ Ratio of assets less liabilities at the end of the year to total incurred expenditures during the following year, expressed as a percent.