• The anticipated financial impact on the credit union in terms of need for additional employees and fixed assets.

\* \* \* \* \*

[FR Doc. 97–28587 Filed 10–28–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7535–01–P

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 97-NM-135-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Saab Model SAAB SF340A and SAAB 340B Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Saab Model SAAB SF340A and SAAB 340B series airplanes. This proposal would require an inspection to determine the serviceability of the fire extinguisher of the forward lavatory waste bin, and corrective actions, if necessary. This proposal also would require installation of a placard adjacent to the fire extinguisher in the forward lavatory waste bin. This proposal is prompted by the issuance of mandatory continuing airworthiness information by a civil airworthiness authority. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent leakage of the fire extinguishing agent, which could prevent proper distribution of the agent within the lavatory waste bin in the event of a fire.

**DATES:** Comments must be received by November 28, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 97–NM– 135–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from SAAB Aircraft AB, SAAB Aircraft Product Support, S–581.88, Linköping, Sweden . This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–2110; fax (425) 227–1149.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Comments Invited**

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 97–NM–135–AD. The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

#### Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 97–NM–135–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

# Discussion

The Luftfartsverket (LFV), which is the airworthiness authority for Sweden, notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on certain Saab Model SAAB SF340A and SAAB 340B series airplanes. The LFV advises that it has received reports indicating that, during maintenance, the capillary tube of a fire extinguisher of a forward lavatory waste bin was bent and fractured, which resulted in leakage of the fire extinguishing agent. This condition, if not corrected, could prevent appropriate distribution of the fire extinguishing agent within the lavatory waste bin in the event of a fire.

# Explanation of Relevant Service Information

Saab has issued Service Bulletin SAAB 340-25-235. dated December 11. 1996, which describes procedures for performing an inspection to determine the serviceability of the fire extinguisher of the forward lavatory waste bin, and corrective actions, if necessary. The service bulletin also describes procedures for installation of a placard adjacent to the fire extinguisher to provide instructions for installation of the fire extinguisher. Accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition. The LFV classified this service bulletin as mandatory and issued Swedish airworthiness directive (SAD) 1-106, dated December 12, 1996, in order to assure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in Sweden.

# **FAA's Conclusions**

These airplane models are manufactured in Sweden and are type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the LFV has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of the LFV, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States.

# Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design registered in the United States, the proposed AD would require accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin described previously.

#### **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 141 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 2 work hours per airplane to accomplish the proposed actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$16,920, or \$120 per airplane. The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

#### **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

#### **The Proposed Amendment**

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

## PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### §39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

SAAB Aircraft AB: Docket 97-NM-135-AD.

Applicability: Model SAAB SF340A series airplanes having serial numbers –121, and –125 through –159 inclusive; and Model SAAB 340B series airplanes having serial numbers –160 through –360 inclusive; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (b) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

*Compliance:* Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent leakage of the fire extinguishing agent, which could prevent proper distribution of the agent within the lavatory waste bin in the event of a fire, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 3 months after the effective date of this AD, accomplish paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this AD in accordance with Saab Service Bulletin SAAB 340–25–235, dated December 11, 1996.

(1) Perform an inspection to determine the serviceability of the fire extinguisher in the forward lavatory waste bin, in accordance with the service bulletin. If any discrepancy is found, prior to further flight, accomplish the repair or replacement of the fire extinguisher, as specified in the service bulletin.

(2) Install a placard adjacent to the fire extinguisher in the forward lavatory waste bin in accordance with the service bulletin.

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM–116.

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

**Note 3:** The subject of this AD is addressed in Swedish airworthiness directive SAD No. 1–106, dated December 12, 1996.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on October 23, 1997.

#### James V. Devany,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 97–28616 Filed 10–28–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

**Bureau of Export Administration** 

### 15 CFR Chapter VII

[Docket No. 971014244-7244-01]

## Request for Comments on the Definition of "Specially Designed"

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Export Administration, Commerce. **ACTION:** Notice of inquiry; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Bureau of Export Administration (BXA) is reviewing the use of the term "specially designed" as it pertains to items controlled on the Commerce Control List (CCL) in the Export Administration Regulations (EAR). BXA is considering developing a definition or definitions of that term that will meet the export control objectives of the regulations while increasing the utility of the regulations to the public.

Although the Export Administration Act (EAA) expired on August 20, 1994, the President invoked the International Emergency Economic Powers Act and continued in effect the EAR, and to the extent permitted by law, the provisions of the EAA, as amended, in Executive Order 12924 of August 19, 1994, as extended by the President's notices of August 17, 1995 (60 FR 42767), August 14, 1996 (61 FR 42527) and August 13, 1997 (62 FR 43629).

**DATES:** Comments must be received by December 29, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Written comments (three copies) should be sent to Hillary Hess, Regulatory Policy Division (Room 2096), Office of Exporter Services, Bureau of Export Administration, Department of Commerce, PO Box 273, Washington, DC 20044.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jerald Beiter, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Export Administration, Bureau of Export Administration, Department of Commerce, telephone: (202) 482–6105.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** A number of U.S. exporters and others have requested that BXA provide a definition of the term "specially designed" in order to assist them in classifying certain items according to the Commerce Control List. In responding to this request, BXA intends to examine the use of the term in multilateral control regimes, use of the term by other countries in their export control regimes, the opinions of other government agencies, and the opinions of members of the public. Our goal is to