The above described land is hereby segregated from appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining laws, but not from sale under the above cited statute, for 270 days or until the title transfer is completed or the segregation is terminated by publication in the **Federal Register**, which ever occurs first.

These lands are difficult and uneconomic to manage as part of the public lands and are not suitable for management by another Federal agency. No significant resource values will be affected by this disposal. The sale is consistent with the Bureau of Land Management's planning for the lands involved and the public interest will be served by the sale. Sale of these lands will contribute to reducing the land sale commitment the Klamath Falls Resource Area incurred with the acquisition of the Wood River Ranch.

Purchaser must be U.S. citizens, 18 years of age or older, a state or state instrumentality authorized to hold property, or a corporation authorized to own real estate in the state in which the land is located.

The land is being offered by direct sale to the American Land Conservancy, a California public benefit corporation using the Direct sale procedures authorized under 43 CFR 2711.3–3. direct sale is appropriate because the American Land Conservancy assisted the Bureau of Land Management in acquiring the north half of the Wood River Ranch.

The terms, conditions, and reservations, applicable to the sale are as follows:

- 1. A right-of-way for ditches and canals will be reserved to the United States under 43 U.S.C. 945.
- 2. The mineral interests being offered for conveyance have not known mineral value. The acceptance of a direct sale offer will constitute an application for conveyance of the mineral estate, with the exception of the Oil, Gas and Geothermal interests which will be reserved to the United States in accordance with Section 209 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976. Direct purchasers must submit a non refundable \$50.00 filing fee for the conveyance of the mineral estate upon request of the Bureau of Land Management.
- Patents will be issued subject to all valid existing rights and reservations of record.

If the lands identified in this notice are not sold, they will be offered competitively on a continuing basis until sold. Sealed bids will be accepted at the Klamath Falls Resource Area Office during regular business hours. All bids will be opened the first Wednesday of the month beginning on March 4, 1998. To be considered, bids must be received by 10:00 AM on the day of the bid opening.

Detailed informational concerning the sale, including the reservations, sale procedures and conditions, and planning and environmental documents, is available at the Klamath Falls Resource Area Office 2795 Anderson Ave. Building 25, Klamath Falls, Oregon 97603 (541/883–6916).

This notice is for information purposes only and is not appealable to the Interior Board of Land Appeals. The environmental assessment prepared for the disposal of these public lands evaluated disposal by sale or exchange. The decision of the Klamath Falls Area Manager, issued on May 13, 1994, was to dispose of the above, and other, public lands by exchange to the American Land Conservancy, with subsequent sale to the Thomas Lumber Company or direct sale to the American Land Conservancy. That decisions was protested and subsequently appealed to the Department of the Interior Board of Land Appeals. The appeal was resolved by the appellants and the Bureau of Land Management agreeing to a settlement which removed 560 acres of public land from the proposed disposal. A. Barron Bail.

Area Manager, Klamath Falls Resource Area. [FR Doc. 97–26969 Filed 10–9–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–33–M

### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

# Bureau of Land Management [NV-942-07-1420-00]

# Filing of Plats of Survey; Nevada

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The purpose of this notice is to inform the public and interested State and local government officials of the filing of Plats of Survey in Nevada.

EFFECTIVE DATES: Filing is effective at 10:00 a.m. on the dates indicated below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Robert H. Thompson, Acting Chief, Cadastral Survey, Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Nevada State Office, 850 Harvard Way, P.O. Box

12000, Reno, Nevada 89520, 702–785–6541.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

1. The Plat of Survey of the following described lands was officially filed at the Nevada State Office, Reno, Nevada on July 31, 1997:

The plat, in six (6) sheets, representing the dependent resurvey of a portion of the south, east, west and north boundaries, a portion of the subdivisional lines, and a portion of the subdivision-of-section lines of sections 1 and 24, and the subdivision and further subdivision of certain sections, and the metes-and-bounds survey of portions of U.S. Highway 50 right-of-way, in sections 5 and 6, Township 14 North, Range 19 East, of the Mount Diablo Meridian, in the State of Nevada, under Group No. 743, was accepted July 29, 1997.

This survey was executed to meet certain administrative needs of the U.S. Forest Service.

2. The Plat of Survey at of the following described lands was officially filed at the Nevada State Office, Reno, Nevada on August 14, 1997:

The plat, representing the dependent resurvey of a portion of the south boundary and a portion of the subdivisional lines of Township 17 South, Range 63 East, of the Mount Diablo Meridian, in the State of Nevada, under Group No. 733, was accepted August 12, 1997.

This survey was executed to meet certain administrative needs of Clark County.

3. The Plat of Survey of the following described lands was officially filed at the Nevada State Office, Reno, Nevada on August 14, 1997:

The plat, in eleven (11) sheets, representing the dependent resurvey of a portion of the east boundary of Township 18 South, Range 62 East, a portion of the south boundary and a portion of the subdivisional lines, and the subdivision of certain sections, Township 18 South, Range 63 East, of the Mount Diablo Meridian, in the State of Nevada, under Group No. 733, was accepted August 12, 1997.

This survey was executed to meet certain administrative needs of Clark County.

4. The Plat of Survey of the following described lands was officially filed at the Nevada State Office, Reno, Nevada on August 14, 1997:

The plat, in three (3) sheets, representing the dependent resurvey of a portion of the east boundary of Township 19 South, Range 62 East, and a portion of the subdivisional lines of Township 19 South, Range 63 East, of

the Mount Diablo Meridian, in the State of Nevada, under Group No. 733, was accepted August 12, 1997.

This survey was executed to meet certain needs of Clark County.

5. The Plat of Survey of the following described lands was officially filed at the Nevada State Office, Reno, Nevada, on September 11, 1997:

The plat, representing the entire survey record of the corrective resurvey of a portion of the subdivision-of-section lines of section 18, Township 14 North, Range 25 East, of the Mount Diablo Meridian, in the State of Nevada, under Group No. 762, was accepted September 9, 1997.

This survey was executed to meet certain needs of the Bureau of Land Management.

6. The above-listed surveys are now the basic records for describing the lands for all authorized purposes. These surveys have been placed in the open files in the BLM Nevada State Office and are available to the public as a matter of information. Copies of the surveys and related field notes may be furnished to the public upon payment of the appropriate fees.

Dated: September 30, 1997.

#### Robert H. Thompson,

Acting Chief Cadastral Surveyor, Nevada. [FR Doc. 97–26968 Filed 10–9–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–HC–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

## **National Park Service**

Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee: Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA), 5 U.S.C. Appendix (1988), that a meeting of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee will be held on January 29, 30, and 31, 1998, in Washington, DC.

The Committee will meet in the Ambassador Room of the Embassy Row Hilton Hotel; telephone: (202) 265–1600, fax: (202) 328–7526. Meetings will begin each day at 8:30 am and conclude not later than 5:00 pm.

The Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee was established by Public Law 101–601 to monitor, review, and assist in implementation of the inventory and identification process and repatriation activities required under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act.

The agenda for this meeting will include: development of a list of persons from which the Secretary will appoint the seventh member of the committee; Federal compliance with the statute; disposition of culturally unidentifiable human remains; and the status of national implementation.

The meeting will be open to the public. However, facilities and space for accommodating members of the public are limited. Persons will be accommodated on a first-come, first-served basis. Some lodging will be available at the Embassy Row Hilton Hotel. Please mention that you will be attending the NAGPRA Review Committee Meeting. Any member of the public may file a written statement concerning matters to be discussed with Dr. Francis P. McManamon, Departmental Consulting Archeologist.

Persons wishing further information concerning this meeting, or who wish to submit written statements may contact Dr. Francis P. McManamon, Departmental Consulting Archeologist, National Park Service (2275), 1849 C St. NW, Washington, DC 20240; telephone: (202) 343–8161. Transcripts of the meeting will be available for public inspection approximately eight weeks after the meeting at the office of the Departmental Consulting Archeologist, 800 North Capitol St., NW, Suite 340, Washington, DC.

Dated: September 29, 1997.

# Francis P. McManamon,

Departmental Consulting Archeologist, Manager, Archeology and Ethnography Program.

[FR Doc. 97–26870 Filed 10–9–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–F

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

# **National Park Service**

Notice of Intent to Repatriate Cultural Items From the Island of Hawaii in the Possession of the Bernice Puahi Bishop Museum, Honolulu, HI

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is hereby given under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 43 CFR 10.10 (a)(3), of the intent to repatriate cultural items in the possession of the Bernice Puahi Bishop Museum, Honolulu, HI which meet the definition of "unassociated funerary objects" under Section 2 of the Act.

The 53 cultural items include pieces or fragments of burial kapa cloth, a stick, an amulet, cordage, gourd water bottles, coconut cups, wooden bowls, a burial mat, a float net, a canoe part, fishhooks, pieces of matting, and netting samples.

In 1889, 30 items including pieces or fragments of burial kapa cloth, a stick, an amulet, cordage, gourd water bottles, coconut cups, and wooden bowls were purchased by the Bishop Museum from Joseph S. Emerson as part of the original collections of the Bishop Museum. In 1904, additional kapa fragments were received by the Bishop Museum from Mr. Emerson. Catalog information lists their locality as Hawaii.

In 1929, eleven items including pieces of burial kapa, cordage, and a burial mat were received in an exchange with Mr. Theodore T. Dranga. Catalog information lists their locality as Hawaii.

In 1931, four items including a pillow, a container, a float net, and a canoe part were donated to the Bishop Museum by Ms. Marcia Brown Richards. Catalog information lists their locality as Hawaii.

In 1939, one item consisting of burial kapa fragments was donated to the Bishop Museum by Mr. Julius S. Rodman. Catalog information lists their locality as Hawaii.

In 1940, three items including two fishhooks and kapa samples were donated to the Bishop Museum by Mr. Keith K. Jones. Catalog information lists their locality as Hawaii.

In 1960, one item consisting of kapa samples were donated to the Bishop Museum by Mrs. Cy Gillette. Catalog information lists their locality as Hawaii

In 1985, three items including samples of mat, cordage, and netting were collected by Bishop Museum staff from burial sites in Kalala, Kohala, HI.

Based on known Native Hawaiian tradition and practices, these items are consistent with Native Hawaiian funerary objects. Consultation evidence presented by Hui Malama I Na Kupuna O Hawai'i Nei supports the conclusion that these items were placed with human remains.

Officials of the Bishop Museum have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(B), these 53 cultural items are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony and are believed, by a preponderance of the evidence, to have been removed from a specific burial site of an Native American individual. Officials of the Bishop Museum have also determined