- Determine the public's opinion of the Federal government and the Census Bureau in general, the Census Bureau's privacy and confidentiality policies, and the extent to which the Census Bureau adheres to its own privacy guidelines.
- —Assess change in the public's attitudes on privacy-related issues using results from the 1995 JPSM, 1996 SPARU, and the 1998 SPA.
- —Determine the public's opinion of the Census Bureau's expanded use of administrative records and possible interest in collecting SSNs in the future and the notion of an "administrative records census." [As an alternative methodology for 2010, an administrative records census design will be experimented with during Census 2000.]
- Determine the public's opinion of the Census Bureau adopting and communicating fair information use principles.

The C2DR component of the 1998 SPA will compare privacy beliefs in areas prior to and after being "sensitized" to the census. The C2DR component will target a sample of households in the Sacramento, California and Columbia, South Carolina C2DR sites. Comparing results between the pre- and post-measurement samples will help determine if becoming sensitized to a census (through the paid advertizing campaign and other promotion and outreach programs) has a significant effect on privacy attitudes. The objectives of the C2DR component are noted above, but also includes:

—Based on a pre- and postmeasurement of sampled households in the dress rehearsal sites, assess variability in the public's attitudes on privacy-related issues.

Understanding how the public defines privacy and how the public understands the Census Bureau's confidentiality language and practices is important information as privacy-related principles and policy are developed. Two broad observations stem from comparing the 1995 JPSM and 1996 SPARU: first, there was little change in attitudes towards data sharing and secondly, in 1996 there was less trust in government, greater concerns about privacy, and a greater feeling of helplessness in politically effecting change. The surveys of the 1998 SPA will add significant results to what we have already learned.

II. Method of Collection

A contractor will conduct the national survey with telephone interviewing

using an automated survey instrument and a list-assisted random digit dialing (RDD) sampling design. The RDD methodology will incorporate a number of peripheral survey techniques that have shown to raise response rates. Given concerns of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) with the trend of declining response rates with and bias in general of RDD surveys, the Census Bureau assessed (by contract) the effectiveness of response rate remedies, the appropriateness of applying RDD methodology in collecting privacy attitudinal data, and the nature and extent of bias from under coverage and nonresponse. By applying results and recommendations from the research to the 1998 SPA, the Census Bureau will collect good data with a maximal response rate and minimal bias that maintains comparability with the 1995 JPSM and 1996 SPARU. The preand post-surveys of the C2DR component will be administered by telephone to a random sample of households from the Census Bureau's master address file and will entail some degree of personal visit interviews as well.

III. Data

OMB Number: Not available. Form Numbers: The automated survey instrument will not have a form number.

Type of Review: Emergency submission.

Affected Public: Individuals or households.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 3,000.

Estimated Time Per Response: 15 minutes.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 750.

Estimated Total Annual Cost: The only cost to the respondents in participating is that of their time.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary. Legal Authority: Title 13 United States Code, Section 193.

IV. Request for Comments

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden (including hours and cost) of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques

or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval of this information collection; they also will become a matter of public record.

Dated: September 29, 1997.

Wilson D. Haigler, Jr.,

Acting Departmental Forms Clearance Officer, Office of Management and Organization.

[FR Doc. 97–26208 Filed 10–2–97; 8:45am] BILLING CODE 3510–07–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 921]

Grant of Authority for Subzone Status; Coastal Mobile Refining Company; (Oil Refinery) Mobile County, AL

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, by an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, an Act "To provide for the establishment * * * of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u) (the Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) is authorized to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Board's regulations (15 CFR part 400) provide for the establishment of special-purpose subzones when existing zone facilities cannot serve the specific use involved;

Whereas, an application from the City of Mobile, Alabama, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 82, for authority to establish special-purpose subzone status at the oil refinery complex of Coastal Mobile Refining Company, located in Mobile County, Alabama, was filed by the Board on February 12, 1997, and notice inviting public comment was given in the **Federal Register** (FTZ Docket 8–97, 62 FR 8422, 2/25/97); and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations would be satisfied, and that approval of the application would be in the public interest if approval is subject to the conditions listed below;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby authorizes the establishment of a subzone (Subzone 82F) at the oil refinery complex of Coastal Mobile Refining Company, located in Mobile County, Alabama, at the locations described in the application, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28, and subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Foreign status (19 CFR 146.41, 146.42) products consumed as fuel for the refinery shall be subject to the applicable duty rate.
- 2. Privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41) shall be elected on all foreign merchandise admitted to the subzone, except that non-privileged foreign (NPF) status (19 CFR 146.42) may be elected on refinery inputs covered under HTSUS Subheadings #2709.00.1000 and #2709.00.2000 which are used in the production of asphalt and certain intermediate fuel products (examiners report, Appendix C);
- 3. The authority with regard to the NPF option is initially granted until September 30, 2000, subject to extension.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 25th day of September 1997.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97–26314 Filed 10–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 922]

Expansion of Foreign-Trade Zone 121 Albany, NY, Area and Approval for Manufacturing Authority (Eyeglass Frames)

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, an application from the Capital District Regional Planning Commission, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 121, Albany, New York, area, for authority to expand FTZ 121 to include an additional site in the Albany, New York, area, and for authority on behalf of Liberty Optical Manufacturing Company to manufacture eyeglass frames under FTZ procedures within FTZ 121, was filed by the Board on

September 3, 1996 (FTZ Docket 68–96, 61 FR 48665, 9/16/96);

Whereas, notice inviting public comment was given in **Federal Register** and the application has been processed pursuant to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations; and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations are satisfied, and that the proposal is in the public interest:

Now, therefore, the Board hereby orders:

The application to expand FTZ 121 and for authority to manufacture eyeglass frames under FTZ procedures is approved, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.28, and subject to a condition limiting the manufacturing authority to an initial five-year period, subject to extension upon review.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 25th day of September 1997.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97–26315 Filed 10–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 920]

Grant of Authority for Subzone Status; Phillips Petroleum Company (Oil Refinery) Brazoria County, TX

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, by an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, an Act "To provide for the establishment * * * of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u) (the Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) is authorized to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Board's regulations (15 CFR part 400) provide for the establishment of special-purpose

subzones when existing zone facilities cannot serve the specific use involved;

Whereas, an application from the Port of Freeport, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 149, for authority to establish special-purpose subzone status at the oil refinery complex of Phillips Petroleum Company, located in Brazoria County, Texas, was filed by the Board on January 2, 1997, and notice inviting public comment was given in the Federal Register (FTZ Docket 1–97, 62 FR 2646, 1/17/97); and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations would be satisfied, and that approval of the application would be in the public interest if approval is subject to the conditions listed below:

Now, Therefore, the Board hereby authorizes the establishment of a subzone (Subzone 149C) at the oil refinery complex of Phillips Petroleum Company, located in Brazoria County, Texas, at the locations described in the application, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28, and subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Foreign status (19 CFR 146.41, 146.42) products consumed as fuel for the refinery shall be subject to the applicable duty rate.
- 2. Privileged foreign status (19 CFR § 146.41) shall be elected on all foreign merchandise admitted to the subzone, except that non-privileged foreign (NPF) status (19 CFR § 146.42) may be elected on refinery inputs covered under HTSUS Subheadings #2709.00.1000–#2710.00.1050 and #2710.00.2500 which are used in the production of:
- Petrochemical feedstocks and refinery by-products (examiners report, Appendix C);
- —products for export; and,
- —products eligible for entry under HTSUS #9808.00.30 and 9808.00.40 (U.S. Government purchases).
- 3. The authority with regard to the NPF option is initially granted until September 30, 2000, subject to extension.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 25th day of September 1997.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 97-26313 Filed 10-2-97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P