Total Estimate Burden Hours: 91 Status: Reinstatement, without changes.

Contact: Jane Luten, HUD, (202) 708–2556 x2537, Joseph F. Lackey, Jr., OMB, (202) 395–7316

Dated: August 27, 1997

[FR Doc. 97–23758 Filed 9–8–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4279-D-01]

Delegation of Authority

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, HUD. **ACTION:** Notice of delegation of authority.

SUMMARY: This notice delegates to the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing (PIH) the authority of the Secretary regarding the HOPE VI Program (also referred to as the urban revitalization demonstration program; and the revitalization of severely distressed public housing).

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 28, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Reardon, Assistant General Counsel, Assisted Housing Division, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Room 8166, Washington, DC 20410; telephone (202) 708–0470 (this is not a toll-free number.) This number may also be accessed via TTY by calling the Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8399.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The HOPE VI program is an urban revitalization program involving major reconstruction of severely distressed or obsolete public housing. In order to address the needs of this program, the authority to administer it is being delegated to the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing.

Accordingly, the Secretary delegates authority as follows:

Section A. Authority Delegated

The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development delegates to the Assistant Secretary for PIH the authority of the Secretary regarding the HOPE VI program, including the signing of grant agreements. The HOPE VI program (also referred to as the urban revitalization demonstration program; and the revitalization of severely distressed public housing) was originally authorized under the 1993 HUD Appropriations Act, Public Law 102–389 (October 6, 1992) and has continued

to be authorized under succeeding appropriations acts for the Department

Section B. Authority Reserved

The authority delegated does not include the authority to sue and be sued.

Section C. Authority To Redelegate

The authority delegated includes the authority to redelegate.

Dated: August 28, 1997.

Andrew Cuomo,

Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

[FR Doc. 97–23759 Filed 9–8–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4210–32–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Geological Survey

Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC); Public Comment on the Proposal To Develop the "Environmental Hazards Geospatial Data Content Standard" as a Federal Geographic Data Committee Standard

ACTION: Notice; request for comments.

summary: The FGDC is soliciting public comments on the proposal to develop a "Environmental Hazards Geospatial Data Content Standard." If the proposal is approved, the standard will be developed following the FGDC standards development and approval process. If the standard is adopted by the FGDC, it must be followed by all Federal agencies collecting environmental hazards geospatial data directly or indirectly, through grants, partnerships, or contracts.

In its assigned Federal leadership in the development of the National Spatial Data Infrastructure (NSDI), the FGDC recognizes that FGDC standards must also meet the needs and recognize the views of State and local governments, academia, industry, and the public. The purpose of this notice is to solicit such views. The FGDC invites the community to review the proposal and comment on the objectives, scope, approach, usability of the proposed standard; identify existing related standards; and indicate their participating in the development of the standard.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before October 3, 1997.

CONTACT AND ADDRESSES: The complete proposal is included in this notice. It is also posted at Internet address: http://www.fgdc.gov/pub/standards/Hazards/enyhzpro.txt

Comments may be submitted via Internet mail or by submitting an

electronic copy on diskette. Send comments via Internet to: gdchazards@www.fgdc.gov. Comments emailed as attachments must be in ASCII format.

A soft copy version may be submitted on a 3.5×3.5 diskette in WordPerfect 5.0 or 6.0/6.1 format, along with one hardcopy version of the comments, to the FGDC Secretariat (attn: Jennifer Fox) at U.S. Geological Survey, 590 National Center, 12201 Sunrise Valley Drive, Reston, Virginia, 20192.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Following is the complete proposal for the Environmental Hazards Geospatial Data Content Standard.

Date of Proposal: May 1997. Submitting Organization: FGDC Facilities Working Group (FWG). Point of Contact: Nancy Blyler (202) 761–8893

Objectives: To develop a nationally focused Environmental Hazards Geospatial Data Content Standard (hereafter called Environmental Hazards Standard) that will establish a consistent approach to sharing information about natural and manmade substances, materials, and conditions that are, or have the potential to be, detrimental to ecosystems on the earth.

Goals: 1. To compile common definitions for environmental hazard data that will facilitate the effective, use, understanding, and automation of geospatial information.

2. To standardize entities, attributes, and domain values that will improve the creation, management and data sharing of environmental hazard data.

3. To resolve discrepancies related to the use of similar terms, thereby minimizing duplication within and among systems.

Scope: The environmental hazards standard will address data concerning the evaluation and investigation of the existence of environmental hazards, monitoring the presence of hazards, preparedness and protection from hazards, and remediation of their effects. This standard will include the management of information about chemical and biological substances, hazardous materials, and physical conditions that affect the earth's ecosystems, including air, soil, and water systems (both surface water and ground water). This standard will not address natural disasters (e.g., volcanoes, earthquakes).

Justification/Benefits: There is no national geospatial data content standard for environmental hazards. A comprehensive data content standard supporting the study, management, and remediation of environmental hazards

would be beneficial to hazardous materials managers, solid waste engineers, and public works officers. Benefits would also be realized in emergency situations, when efficient management and data sharing between Federal and local agencies is imperative to containing hazardous materials and protecting the environment.

Development of Environmental Hazard Standards through the FGDC will provide an opportunity for broad participation from national, state, and local governments, municipalities, professional societies, and private industry. Environmental Hazard Standards will also support the FGDC's integrated standard database project and will provide new data sharing opportunities for the National Spatial Data Infrastructure (NSDI) (i.e., Federal, state, and local governments, as well as the private sector.)

Approach: The FWG will establish an Environmental Hazards project team to develop this Environmental Hazards Standard. The project team will begin development of this Environment Hazards Standard using the **Environmental Hazards information** contained in the Tri Service Spatial Data Standard (TSSDS). However, the project team or the resulting standard will not be constrained to the content extracted from the TSSDS. The entity classes, entity types, etc. may be enhanced and modified to create a comprehensive Environmental Hazard Data Content standard that meets the diverse requirements of Federal, state, and community environmental data users. The project team will solicit input from a broad range of agencies and environmental groups for development of the standard.

The FWG will also maintain an Environmental Hazards database containing the entity/attribute/domain information that can be used to support the Standards Working Group (SWG) integrated feature registry project.

Related Standards: As mentioned in the approach paragraph, the TSSDS is a related standard that includes Environmental Hazards information. Additional content added to the Environmental Hazard standard (beyond what is available from the TSSDS) will be closely coordinated with the Tri-Service CADD/GIS Technology Center so that later versions of the TSSDS may potentially incorporate this additional information. This project will also be coordinated with the Facilities Identification project.

Other related standards (relevant to domain values) are: EPA Order 2180.1, June 26, 1987 standard for Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number Data Standard for using CAS Registry Number for identification of chemical substances.

ANSI X3.50–1986, American National Standard for information systems—representations for U.S. customary, SI, and other units to be used in systems with limited character sets. NIST Special Publication 811, 1995 Edition, Guide for the Use of the International System of Units (SI) for standardizing units of measure.

Schedule: The FWG has formed an Environmental Hazards project team to begin work on the development of this standard. The development of a working draft Environmental Hazards Standard is expected to take 9–12 months. Once the FWG is satisfied with the content of this Environmental Hazards Standard it will be forwarded to the SWG for consideration to go out for public review. The FWG expects to have a completed, approved Environmental Hazard standard in 24 months.

Resources: The FWG has adequate resources to accomplish the initial development of this Environmental Hazards Standard. If after review and comment from other Federal Agencies and the non-Federal sector there is considerable additional content need, then additional resources may be required.

Potential Participants: The primary participants will be the members of the FWG which includes representatives from Federal agencies, municipalities, professional associations, and private industry.

Target Authorization Body: The FWG proposes pursing the development of this Environmental Hazards Standard as an FGDC standard. The FWG may consider pursuing (at a later date) the development of the Environmental Hazards Standard as an ANSI (American National Standards Institute) Standard within ANSI's technical committee for GIS, NCITS L1. FGDC would serve as the Target Authorization Body until this Environmental Hazards Standard becomes an ANSI Standard.

Dated: September 2, 1997.

John Fischer,

Acting Chief, National Mapping Division. [FR Doc. 97–23748 Filed 9–8–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–31–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Liquor Ordinance

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice is published in accordance with authority delegated by the Secretary of the Interior to the Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs by 209 DM 8, and in accordance with the Act of August 15, 1953, 67 Stat. 586, 18 U.S.C. §1161, as interpreted by the Supreme Court in, Rice v. Rehner, 463 U.S. 713 (1983). I certify that the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Liquor Ordinance was duly adopted by Resolution No. CHI-TC # 3-97 of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Tribal Council on January 2, 1997. The ordinance provides for the regulation, sale, possession and use of alcholic liquor within the Tribe's jurisdiction.

DATES: This ordinance is effective as of September 9, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jerry Cordova, Office of Tribal Services, 1849 C Street, N.W., MS 4641 MIB, Washington, D.C. 20240–4001; telephone (202)208–4401.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Liquor Ordinance shall read as follows:

Title XIV—Tribal Licenses and Permits

Chapter 1. Liquor Licenses and Permits

Sec. 101. Conformity with State Law and This Ordinance

The introduction, possession, transportation, and sale of intoxicating beverages shall be lawful within the Indian country under the jurisdiction of the Tribe, provided that such introduction and sale are in conformity with the laws of the State of Louisiana and with the provisions of this ordinance.

Sec. 102. Tribal License or Permit Required

No person shall engage in the sale of intoxicating beverages within the Indian country under the jurisdiction of the Tribe, unless duly licensed or permitted to do so by the Tribe in accordance with the terms of this Ordinance and the State of Louisiana.

Sec. 103. Application for Tribal Liquor License; Requirements

No tribal license shall issue under this Ordinance except upon a sworn application filed with the Council containing a full and complete showing of the following:

- (a) Satisfactory proof that the applicant is or will be duly licensed by the State of Louisiana.
- (b) Satisfactory proof that the applicant is of good character and reputation among the people of the