

Final Results of the Review

As a result of our review, we determine that the following margin exists:

Manufac- turer/exporter	Time period	Margin (percent)
TIE	6/1/95–5/31/96	2.70

The Department will instruct the Customs Service to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. The Department will issue appraisal instructions directly to the Customs Service. Furthermore, the following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of these final results for all shipments of this merchandise, entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption on or after the publication date, as provided for by section 751(a)(1) of the Act: (1) The cash deposit rates for TIE will be the rate stated above (except that if the rate is *de minimis*, i.e., less than 0.5 percent, a cash deposit rate of zero will be required); (2) the cash deposit rate for all other Romanian exporters will be the Romania-wide rate made effective by the amended final results of the 1994–95 administrative review. *See Tapered Roller Bearings and Parts Thereof, Finished or Unfinished, from Romania; Amendment of Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review*, 61 FR 59416 (November 22, 1996); (3) for non-Romanian exporters of subject merchandise from Romania, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the Romanian supplier of that exporter. These deposit requirements shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 353.26 to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 353.34(d)(1). Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply

with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This administrative review and notice are in accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1)) and 19 CFR 353.22.

Dated: July 7, 1997.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 97–18286 Filed 7–10–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**International Trade Administration****U.S. Automotive Parts Advisory Committee; Closed Meeting**

AGENCY: International Trade Administration, Commerce.

ACTION: Closed meeting of U.S. Automotive Parts Advisory Committee.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Automotive Parts Advisory Committee (the "Committee") advises U.S. Government officials on matters relating to the implementation of the Fair Trade in Auto Parts Act of 1988. The Committee: (1) reports annually to the Secretary of Commerce on barriers to sales of U.S.-made auto parts and accessories in Japanese markets; (2) assists the Secretary in reporting to the Congress on the progress of sales of U.S.-made auto parts in Japanese markets, including the formation of long-term supplier relationships; (3) reviews and considers data collected on sales of U.S.-made auto parts to Japanese markets; (4) advises the Secretary during consultations with the Government of Japan on these issues; and (5) assists in establishing priorities for the Department's initiatives to increase U.S.-made auto parts sales to Japanese markets, and otherwise provide assistance and direction to the Secretary in carrying out these initiatives. At the meeting, committee members will discuss specific trade and sales expansion programs related to U.S.-Japan automotive parts policy.

DATE AND LOCATION: The meeting will be held on July 22, 1997 from 10:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. at the U.S. Department of Commerce in Washington, D.C.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Robert Reck, Office of Automotive Affairs, Trade Development, Room 4036, Washington, D.C. 20230, telephone: (202) 482–1418.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Assistant Secretary for Administration, with the concurrence of the General Counsel formally determined on July 5,

1994, pursuant to Section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Act, as amended, that the series of meetings or portions of meetings of the Committee and of any subcommittee thereof, dealing with privileged or confidential commercial information may be exempt from the provisions of the Act relating to open meeting and public participation therein because these items are concerned with matters that are within the purview of 5 U.S.C. 552b (c)(4) and (9)(B). A copy of the Notice of Determination is available for public inspection and copying in the Department of Commerce Records Inspection Facility, Room 6020, Main Commerce.

Dated: July 2, 1997.

Albert Warner,

Acting Director, Office of Automotive Affairs.

[FR Doc. 97–18243 Filed 7–10–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DR–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**National Institute of Standards and Technology****Conference on Using Voluntary Standards in the Federal Government**

AGENCY: National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a conference to focus on how Federal agencies are successfully using voluntary standards to meet the goals of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (Pub. L. 104–113), which was signed into law on March 7, 1996. In part, the Act directs the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to coordinate with other Federal Government agencies to achieve greater reliance on voluntary standards and conformity assessment bodies, and lessened dependence on standards developed in-house. The Act contains specific provisions for standards-related activities, requiring Federal agencies to compare the standards used in scientific investigations, engineering, manufacturing, commerce, industry, and educational institutions with the standards developed by the Federal Government, and to coordinate greater use by Federal agencies of private sector standards emphasizing, where possible, the use of standards developed by private, consensus organizations.

DATES: The conference will take place on Monday, September 8, 1997, at 8:00 a.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held in the Red Auditorium at the National

Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, Maryland.

To register or to attend the conference, interested parties may contact Ms. Shirley Walters, Standards Conformity Program Office, NIST, (301) 975-5120, fax: (301) 963-2871, e-mail: shirley.walters@nist.gov. There is a registration/training fee of \$25.00.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Belinda Collins, Ph.D., Director, Office of Standards Services, (301) 975-4000, fax: (301) 963-2871, e-mail: bcollins@nist.gov; or Joan Tyler, Standards Conformity Program (301) 975-5555, fax: (301) 975-2183, e-mail: joan.tyler@nist.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The National Institute of Standards and Technology, several principal Standards Development Organizations (SDOs), and the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) are organizing a one-day conference to focus on how Federal agencies have successfully worked with SDOs in their use of voluntary consensus standards. This conference will present examples of private consensus organizations' or Standards Development Organizations' work with Federal agencies to achieve more efficiency through successful utilization of private sector standards. Agencies and SDOs will discuss success stories based on voluntary standards used for procurements, regulations, and for meeting future national needs. Several panels of experts will explain the impact of particular standards on agency goals, as well as the process of developing the standards and any problems which had to be overcome. NIST will provide background information on the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act and the Implementation Plan. ANSI will discuss the generic standards development process and its role in coordinating with and accrediting SDOS in the United States.

Federal entities which wish to learn how other agencies have worked with the private sector to develop mutually beneficial standards, resolve policy issues, and use standards in both Federal procurements and regulations, as well as other interested parties, are invited to attend the conference. Attendees may participate in the question and answer sessions and talk directly with representatives from the Standards Development Organizations. Participating SDOs include: the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), the American Society for Testing and Materials

(ASTM), the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), the Aerospace Industry Association (AIA), the Information Technology Industry Council (ITI), Underwriters Laboratories (UL), and other professional bodies.

Dated: July 8, 1997.

Elaine Buntin-Mines,
Director, Program Office.

[FR Doc. 97-18284 Filed 7-10-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-13-M

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Consolidation and Amendment of Export Visa Requirements to Include the Electronic Visa Information System for Certain Cotton, Wool, Man-Made Fiber, Silk Blend and Other Vegetable Fiber Textiles and Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Indonesia

July 7, 1997.

AGENCY: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs consolidating and amending visa requirements.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 1, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Janet Heinzen, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-4212.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854).

In exchange of notes dated May 23, 1997 and June 23, 1997, the Governments of the United States and Indonesia agreed to amend the existing visa arrangement for cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in Indonesia and exported on and after August 1, 1997. The amended arrangement consolidates existing provisions and new provisions for the Electronic Visa Information System (ELVIS). In addition to the ELVIS requirements, shipments will continue to be accompanied by an original visa stamped on the front of the original commercial invoice issued by the Government of Indonesia.

In the letter published below, the Chairman of CITA directs the Commissioner of Customs to amend the existing visa requirements for textile products, produced or manufactured in Indonesia and exported on and after August 1, 1997.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 62 FR 66263, published on December 17, 1996). Also see 52 FR 20134, published on May 29, 1987.

Interested persons are advised to take all necessary steps to ensure that textile products entered into the United States for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, will meet the visa requirements set forth in the letter published below to the Commissioner of Customs.

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

July 7, 1997.

Commissioner of Customs,
Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on May 19, 1987, as amended, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, that directed you to prohibit entry of certain cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in Indonesia for which the Government of Indonesia has not issued an appropriate export visa.

Under the terms of section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); pursuant to a the Export Visa Arrangement, effected by exchange of notes dated May 23, 1997 and June 23, 1997, between the Governments of the United States and Indonesia; and in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended, you are directed to prohibit, effective on August 1, 1997, entry into the Customs territory of the United States (i.e., the 50 states, the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico) for consumption and withdrawal from warehouse for consumption of cotton, wool, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products in Categories 200-239, 300-369, 400-469, 600-670 and 800-899, including part categories and merged categories; but not Categories 353/354 and 653/654, produced or manufactured in Indonesia and exported on and after August 1, 1997 for which the Government of Indonesia has not issued an appropriate export visa and Electronic Visa Information System (ELVIS) transmission