

3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of the information collection:

1. *Type of Information Collection:* New collection.

2. *Title of the Form/Collection:* Report of Mail Order Transactions.

3. *Agency form number:* None, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection: Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, Department of Justice.

4. *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* Primary: Business or other for-profit.

"The Comprehensive Methamphetamine Control Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-237) (MCA) amended the Controlled Substances Act to require that each regulated person who engages in a transaction with a non-regulated person which involves ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine (including drug products containing these chemicals) and uses or attempts to use the Postal Service or any private or commercial carrier shall, on a monthly basis, submit a report of each such transaction conducted during the previous month to the Attorney General."

5. *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:* 1,500 respondents at 6 times per year at 1 hour per response.

6. *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:* 9,000 annual burden hours.

Public comment on this proposed information collection is strongly encouraged.

If additional information is required contact: Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, Suite 850, Washington Center, 1001 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: April 10, 1997.

Robert B. Briggs,
Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 97-9702 Filed 4-14-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA-W) issued during the period of March and April, 1997.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) That sales or production, or both, of the firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely, and

(3) That increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3) has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA-W-33,049; *Washington Public Power Supply System, Richland, WA*

TA-W-33,080; *Kellogg Brush Manufacturing Co., Easthampton, MA*

TA-W-33,273 & TA-W-33,274; *Consolidated Contractor/Perfection Pad, Buffalo, NY*

TA-W-33,162; *Contact Technologies, Inc., St. Marys, PA*

TA-W-33,223; *Camp, Inc., Jackson, MI*

TA-W-33,146; *Federal Mogul Corp., Leiters Ford, IN*

TA-W-33,113; *Frigidaire Home Products, Div of White Consolidated Industries, Greenville, MI*

TA-W-33,276; *Square D Co./Schneider North America, Milwaukee WI*

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

TA-W-33,311; *Pacificorp, Portland, OR*
TA-W-33,069; *System One Amadeus, Miami, FL*

TA-W-33,095; *General Electric Co., Pittsfield, MA PA*

TA-W-33,197; *Mason Distributors, Inc., Hasbrouck Heights, NJ*

TA-W-33,127; *Character*

Suburbanwear, Inc., New York, NY
TA-W-33,058; *Texaco Trading and Transportation, Inc., Cheyenne, WY & Operating in Various Other Locations: A; Gillette, WY, B; Casper, WY, C; Sidney, MT, D; Healdton, OK, E; Ness City, KS, F; Booker, TX*

TA-W-33,312; *Boise Cascade Corp., Portland, OR*

The workers firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA-W-33,251; *Allied Signal Laminate Systems, Electronic Materials, Lacrosse, WI*

Layoffs were caused by transferring production of the subject plant to other domestic facilities of Allied Signal.

TA-W-33,317; *Vanguard Plastic, Inc., Paterson, NJ*

Declines in employment at the subject plant are related to the company shifting their production of plastic containers to another domestic location in Allentown, PA.

TA-W-33,229; *Avesta Sheffield East, Inc., Baltimore, MD*

TA-W-33,335; *76 Products Co. Headquartered in Costa Mesa, CA & Operating at Various Locations in The State of California*

The investigation revealed that criteria (2) and criteria (3) have not been met. Sales or production did not decline during the relevant period as required for certification. Increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have not contributed importantly to the separations or threat thereof, and the absolute decline in sales or production.

TA-W-33,232; *Springfield Forest Products, Springfield, OR*

Sales and production declines at the subject firm were due to a fire at the saw mill in August 1996.

TA-W-33,112; *Hecla Mining Co., Grouse Creek Mine, Challis, ID*

The US is a net exporter of gold, not a net importer. The US is currently the second largest producer of gold in the world.

TA-W-33,209; *Parker Abex NML Aerospace, Kalamazoo, MI*

Worker layoffs are associated with the transfer of production from Kalamazoo, MI to other plants located domestically.

TA-W-33,997; *General Electric Co., Erie PA*
 TA-W-33,290; *Elk Spinners, Hope Mills, NC*
 TA-W-33,195; *Reynolds Metals Co., Fulton Can Plant, Fulton, NY*
 TA-W-33,337; *Mitsubishi Consumer Electronics America, Santa Ana, CA;*
 TA-W-33,327; *Elk Spinners, Fayetteville, TN*
 TA-W-33,336; *Inland Paperboard & Packaging, Inc., Erie, PA*
 Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.
 TA-W-33,183; *Niagara Mohawk Power Corp., Headquartered in Syracuse, NY*
 The investigation revealed that criteria (1) and criteria (2) have not been met. A significant number or proportion of the workers did not become totally or partially separated as required for certification. Sales or production did not decline during the relevant period as required for certification.

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued; the date following the company name & location for each determination references the impact date for all workers for such determination.

TA-W-33,365; *Anchor Glass Container, Houston, TX: February 26, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,368; *In-Sink-Erator, Elkhorn Div., Elkhorn, WI: March 12, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,071; *Laurel Engineering, Inc., San Diego, CA: December 9, 1995.*
 TA-W-33,269; *Sun Apparel, Inc., Concepcion Plant, El Paso, TX: April 18, 1997.*
 TA-W-33,002; *Ilissa Bridals, New York, NY: December 2, 1995.*
 TA-W-33,103; *Dynafiber, Inc., Stevenson, WA: December 23, 1995.*
 TA-W-33,205; *Burwood Products Co., Traverse City, MI: January 30, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,088; *MRI Everite Knitting Mills, Lebanon, PA: December 12, 1995.*
 TA-W-33,283; *Rodtri Co., Alberta, VA: February 21, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,013; *Karen Tang Sewing, San Francisco, CA: November 18, 1995.*
 TA-W-33,134; *Cott Distributors USA, Oakfield, NY: January 15, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,227; *National Sportswear Co., Reedsburg, WI: February 11, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,352; *Nantucket Industries, Cartersville, GA: March 10, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,252; *Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc., Oshkosh, WI: February 13, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,212; *Getinge/Castle, Mercersburg, PA: February 6, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,012; *Sunny Co., San Francisco, CA: November 18, 1995.*

TA-W-33,119; *Siemens Electromechanical Components, Inc., Marion, KY: December 6, 1995.*
 TA-W-33,342; *Workers of Personnel Partners Employed at WCI/Domestic, Inc., Mishawaka, IN: March 7, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,187 & A; *J and J Group, Inc., Franklin, WV and Waynesboro, PA: January 28, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,330; *Commemorative Brands, Inc., L.G. Balfour Co., North Attleboro, MA: February 24, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,191; *Alsea Veneer, Inc., Newport, OR: January 23, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,286; *Stevens International, Inc., Hamilton Div and Hamilton Machining Center, Hamilton, OH: February 26, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,266; *Economy Color Card, Inc., Roselle, NJ: February 19, 1996.*
 TA-W-33,254; *D & R Cedar Products, Inc., Forks, WA: February 12, 1996.*

Also, pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (P.L. 103-182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance hereinafter called (NAFTA-TAA) and in accordance with Section 250(a) Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act as amended, the Department of Labor presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for NAFTA-TAA issued during the month of March, 1997.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for NAFTA-TAA the following group eligibility requirements of Section 250 of the Trade Act must be met:

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision thereof) have become totally or partially separated from employment and either—

(2) That sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely,

(3) That imports from Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have increased, and that the increases in imports contributed importantly to such workers' separations or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or

(4) That there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by the firm or subdivision.

Negative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criteria (3) and (4) were not met. Imports from

Canada or Mexico did not contribute importantly to workers' separations. There was no shift in production from the subject firm to Canada or Mexico during the relevant period.

NAFTA-TAA-01510; *Square D Company, Scheider North America, Milwaukee, WI*
 NAFTA-TAA-01439; *Mid-America Dairymen, Inc., Sabetha, KS*
 NAFTA-TAA-01486; *Burwood Products Co., Traverse City, MI*
 NAFTA-TAA-01489; *Allied Signal Laminate Systems, Electronic Materials, LaCrosse, WI*
 NAFTA-TAA-01571; *Washington Public Power Supply System, Richland, WA*
 NAFTA-TAA-01527; *Elk Spinners, Hope Mills, NC*
 NAFTA-TAA-01502; *Merchants Fast Motor Lines, Odessa, TX*
 NAFTA-TAA-01541; *Roseburg Forest Product Co., Dixonville Veneer Plant, Roseburg, OR*
 NAFTA-TAA-01458; *Frigidaire Home Products, Div. of White Consolidated Industries, Greenville, MI*
 NAFTA-TAA-01518; *Boise Cascade Corp., Portland, OR*
 NAFTA-TAA-01495; *Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc., Oshkosh, WI*
 NAFTA-TAA-01562; *Lithonia Lighting, Conyers, GA*
 NAFTA-TAA-01423; *Industrial Dynamics Co., LTD, Torrance, CA*
 NAFTA-TAA-01437; *Lance Garment Corp., Red Bay, AL*

Affirmative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

The following certifications have been issued; the date following the company name & location for each determination references the impact date for all workers for such determination.

NAFTA-TAA-01459; *Leer Mfg.—Southeast Div., Conyers, GA: January 20, 1996.*
 NAFTA-TAA-01483; *Alsea Veneer, Inc., Newport, OR: January 27, 1996.*
 NAFTA-TAA-01456; *American Fiber Resources, L.P., Fairmont, WV: January 15, 1996.*
 NAFTA-TAA-01559; *Nantucket Industries, Cartersville, GA: March 10, 1996.*
 NAFTA-TAA-01564; *Design House, Stanwood, WA: March 13, 1996.*
 NAFTA-TAA-01578; *Economy Color Card, Inc., Roselle, NJ: March 19, 1996.*
 NAFTA-TAA-01321; *Sunny Co., San Francisco, CA: October 1, 1995.*
 NAFTA-TAA-01325; *Karen Tang Sewing, San Francisco, CA: October 1, 1995.*

- NAFTA-TAA-01490; *National Sportswear Co., Reedsburg, WI: February 11, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01560; *Ametek/March Electric, Cambridge, OH: January 23, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01512; *D & R Cedar Products, Inc., Forks, WA: February 12, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01537; *Rodtri Co., Alberta, VA: February 21, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01514; *Mitsubishi Consumer Electronics America, Inc., Santa Ana, CA: February 14, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01549; *International Wire Corp (Formerly Wirekraft Industries), Burcliff Industries Div., Bucyrus, OH: February 26, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01496; *Square D Company, Clearwater, FL: February 17, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01530 & A; *Stride Rite Corp., Hamilton, MO & Tipton, MO: February 24, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01414; *Laurel Engineering, Inc., San Diego, CA: January 7, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01552; *Landonna Sportswear, Warren, AR: February 19, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01572; *In-Sink-Erator, Elkhorn Div., Elkhorn, WI: March 19, 1996.*
- NAFTA-TAA-01509; *Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley Co., Mauston, WI: February 8, 1996.*

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the month of March and April, 1997. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C-4318, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: April 4, 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy & Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97-9669 Filed 4-14-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4570-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-01341 and TA-W-33,029]

Willamette Industries, Incorporated, Dallas, OR, Notice of Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration

By letter of February 4, 1997, the Oregon AFL-CIO together with the Western Council of Industrial Workers Local #2714, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, requested administrative reconsideration of the Department of Labor's Notice of Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to Apply for NAFTA-Transitional Adjustment Assistance applicable to workers of the subject firm. The denial notice was signed on January 21, 1997, and published in the **Federal Register** on February 13, 1997 (62 FR 6804).

The petitioner presents evidence that the Department's survey of customers of Willamette Industries was incomplete.

On March 17, 1997, the Department issued a Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance applicable to the workers of Willamette Industries, Incorporated, Plywood Division, Dallas, Oregon. The notice will soon be published in the **Federal Register**. The Department has determined that in this case, the evidence presented in the request for reconsideration of the NAFTA petition is also applicable to the TAA petition. Therefore, this notice has been expanded to include the TAA petition.

Conclusion

After careful review of the application, I conclude that the claim is of sufficient weight to justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. The application is, therefore, granted.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 24th day of March 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97-9672 Filed 4-14-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-33, 158]

Ansewn Shoe Company, Bangor, ME; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on March 18, 1997, applicable to all workers of Ansewn Shoe Company located in Bangor, Maine. The notice will soon be published in the **Federal Register**.

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New findings show that the Department incorrectly set the impact date at January 16, 1996. The workers at the subject firm were covered under an earlier certification, TA-W-30,230, which did not expire until October 27, 1996. To avoid a coverage overlap for the same group of workers at Ansewn Shoe, the Department is amending the current certification to insert the new impact date of October 27, 1996.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-33,158 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Ansewn Shoe Company, Bangor, Maine, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after October 27, 1996 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 28th day of March 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97-9675 Filed 4-14-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-33,060 Cartersville, GA, and TA-W-33,060A Atlanta, GA]

Atlantic Steel Industries, Incorporated; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Notice of