9. Approval of prescribed burning plans of less than 2000 acres when in compliance with policies and guidelines established by a current management plan addressed in earlier NEPA analysis.

10. Approval of forestation projects with native species and associated protection and site preparation activities on less than 2000 acres when consistent with policies and guidelines established by a current management plan addressed in earlier NEPA analysis.

I. Land Conveyance and Other Transfers

Approvals or grants of conveyances and other transfers of interests in land where no change in land use is planned.

J. Reservation Proclamations. Lands established as or added to a reservation pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 467, where no change in land use is planned.

K. Waste Management.

1. Closure operations for solid waste facilities when done in compliance with other federal laws and regulations and where cover material is taken from locations which have been approved for use by earlier NEPA analysis.

2. Åctivities involving remediation of hazardous waste sites if done in compliance with applicable federal laws such as the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (Pub. L. 94-580) Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (Pub. L. 96–516) or Toxic Substances Control Act (Pub. L. 94-

L. Roads and Transportation.

1. Approval of utility installations along or across a transportation facility located in whole within the limits of the roadway right-of-way.

2. Construction of bicycle and pedestrian lanes and paths adjacent to existing highways and within the

existing rights-of-way

3. Activities included in a "highway safety plan" under 23 CFR Part 402.

- 4. Installation of fencing, signs, pavement markings, small passenger shelters, traffic signals, and railroad warning devices where no substantial land acquisition or traffic disruption will occur.
- 5. Emergency repairs under 23 U.S.C. 125.
  - 6. Acquisition of scenic easements.
- 7. Alterations to facilities to make them accessible for the elderly or handicapped.

8. Resurfacing a highway without adding to the existing width.

9. Rehabilitation, reconstruction or replacement of an existing bridge structure on essentially the same alignment or location (eg. widening, adding shoulders or safety lanes, walkways, bikeways or guardrails).

- 10. Approvals for changes in access control within existing right-of-ways.
- 11. Road construction within an existing right-of-way which has been acquired for a HUD housing project, and for which earlier NEPA analysis already exists.

M. Other.

- 1. Data gathering activities such as inventories, soil and range surveys, timber cruising, geological, geophysical, archeological, paleontological and cadastral surveys.
- 2. Establishment of non-disturbance environmental quality monitoring programs and field monitoring stations including testing services.
- 3. Approval of an Application for Permit to Drill for a new water source or observation well.
- 4. Approval of conversion of an abandoned oil well to a water well if water facilities are established only near the well site.
- 5. Approval and issuance of permits under the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 470aa-ll) when the permitted activity is being done as a part of an action for which an NEPA analysis has been, or is being prepared.

Dated: December 16, 1996.

Dr. Willie R. Taylor,

Director, Office of Environmental Policy and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 96-32588 Filed 12-23-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-W7-P

## **Bureau of Land Management** [NV-020-1990-01]

### Final Environmental Impact Statement, **Notice of Availability**

**ACTION:** Notice of availability, final environmental impact statement for the Santa Fe Pacific Gold Corporation's Twin Creeks Mine Expansion Project.

**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to section 102(2)(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, notice is given that the Winnemucca District of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has prepared, by third party contractor, and made available for a 30-day public review, the Final Environmental Impact Statement for Santa Fe Pacific Gold Corporation's Twin Creeks Mine Expansion Project, located in Humboldt County, Nevada. **DATES:** The Final Environmental Impact Statement will be distributed and made available to the public on December 20, 1996. The period of availability for public review for the Final **Environmental Impact Statement ends** on January 21, 1997. At that time a

Record of Decision will be issued regarding the Proposed Action.

ADDRESSES: A copy of the Final Environmental Impact Statement can be obtained from: Bureau of Land Management, Winnemucca District Office, 5100 East Winnemucca Boulevard, Winnemucca, Nevada 89445. The Final Environmental Impact Statement is available for inspection at the following locations: Bureau of Land Management Nevada State Office (Reno); Lander and Humboldt County Libraries; and the University of Nevada library in Reno, Nevada.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gerald L. Moritz, Project Manager, at the above Winnemucca District address or telephone (702) 623-1500.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Final **Environmental Impact Statement has** been reproduced in its entirety and contains the original analysis presented in the Draft EIS (issued July 5, 1996), with all text changes highlighted. In addition, the Final EIS also includes an evaluation of two additional alternatives, the West Side alternative (overburden/interburden reconfiguration) and the East Side alternative (stormwater control), that were not analyzed in the Draft EIS. Also included in the Final EIS are responses to comments received by BLM during the public comment period on the Draft EIS. The EIS analyzes the direct. indirect and cumulative impacts associated with continued mining and expansion of the South pit, ore processing facilities, overburden and interburden storage areas, expanded dewatering system and water disposal facilities, diversion of Rabbit Creek and tributaries, and ancillary facilities.

Dated: December 16, 1996. Ron Wenker, Winnemucca District Manager. [FR Doc. 96-32571 Filed 12-23-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-HC-M

#### [ID-957-1040-00]

### Idaho: Filing of Plats of Survey; Idaho

The plat of the following described land was officially filed in the Idaho State Office, Bureau of Land Management, Boise, Idaho, effective 9:00 a.m. December 9, 1996.

The plat reprsenting the dependent resurvey of portions of the subdivisional lines, of the 1895 meanders of the left bank of the Snake River, and of the 1960 meanders of an island designated as lot 16 in section 3, and the survey of the median line of a relicted channel of the Snake River in section 3, T. 6 S., R. 8

E., Boise Meridian, Idaho, Group No. 948, was accepted December 9, 1996.

This survey was executed to meet certain administrative needs of the Bureau of Land Management. All inquiries concerning the survey of the above described land must be sent to the Chief, Cadastral Survey, Idaho State Office, Bureau of Land Management, 1387 S. Vinnell Way, Boise, Idaho, 83709–1657.

Dated: December 9, 1996.

Duane E. Olsen,

Chief Cadastral Surveyor for Idaho.

 $[FR\ Doc.\ 96\text{--}32570\ Filed\ 12\text{--}23\text{--}96;\ 8\text{:}45\ am]$ 

BILLING CODE 4310-GG-M

#### **National Park Service**

# 30 Day Notice of Submission to OMB, Opportunity for Public Comment

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of submission to OMB and request for comments on information collection related to National Park Service mining regulations.

**SUMMARY:** Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507(a)(1)(D)), the National Park Service (NPS) invites comments on a submitted request to OMB to approve a reinstatement, with change, to a previously approved information budget for the NPS's minerals management regulatory program inside park units. Comments are invited on: (1) the need for the information including whether the information has practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the reporting burden estimate; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; (4) ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (5) information on the typical costs that prospective operators incur in preparing complete plans of operation under NPS mining regulations.

PRIMARY PURPOSE OF THE PROPOSED INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: The NPS obtains information on prospective mineral development activities associated with mining claims and nonfederal oil and gas rights within National Park System units to ensure that it only permits operations that mitigate adverse impacts to park resources and values.

**DATES:** Public comments on this notice must be received by January 23, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Please send comments to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, ATTN: Desk Officer for the Interior Department (1024–0064), Washington, D.C. 20503. Please also forward a copy of your comments to: Carol McCoy, Chief, Policy and Regulations Branch, Geologic Resources Division, National Park Service, P.O.Box 25287, Lakewood, Colorado 80225.

All comments will become a matter of public record. Copies of the information collection request may be obtained by contacting Carol McCoy at the above noted address or by calling her at (303) 969–2096.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

*Title:* NPS Minerals Management Program.

Form: None.

OMB Number: 1024–0064.

Expiration Date: October 31, 1996. Type of Request: Reinstatement, with change, of a previously approved

information collection.

Description of Need: Regulations at 36 CFR Part 9 require prospective developers of mineral claims under the Mining Law of 1872 and nonfederal oil and gas rights to submit proposed plans of operations to the NPS for review and approval. A plan of operations essentially represents a prospective operator's blueprint for conducting mineral development activities associated with valid mineral rights inside park unit boundaries. By requiring such a plan upfront, the NPS can assure that only mining operations that mitigate adverse impacts to park resources and values are authorized inside park unit boundaries.

Description of respondents: 1/3 medium to large publicly owned companies and 2/3 private entities.

Estimated annual reporting burden: 1600

Estimated average burden per respondent: 80 hours.

Estimated average number of respondents: 18.

Estimated frequency of response: One.

Dated: December 17, 1996.

David B. Shaver,

Chief, Geologic Resources Division, National Park Service.

[FR Doc. 96–32654 Filed 12–23–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–70–P

# Gettysburg National Military Park; Notice

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Public notice.

**SUMMARY:** Summary of development opportunity.

The National Park Service ("NPS") is seeking proposals from highly qualified persons to cooperate with NPS in the development of visitor center and museum facilities (the "Visitor Center/ Museum Facilities") for Gettysburg National Military Park (the "park"), under the terms of an NPS cooperative agreement. The cooperator may also develop and operate in cooperation with NPS specified related facilities (the "Related Facilities") as part of the overall NPS and cooperator project (the "Complex"). This Request for Proposals ("RFP") represents a unique opportunity for a visionary, creative organization which cherishes our nation's past to be part of a historymaking public-private collaboration which is intended to create the premier facility of its kind. The specific goals of NPS ("NPS Goals") for this project are described in the section of this RFP entitled "National Park Service Goals for the Complex." NPS seeks to consider proposals for the cooperative agreement from all possible sources, including forprofit not-for-profit and/or governmental entities. Because there is no federal funding for construction, only limited federal funding for the operation of the Visitor Center/Museum Facilities, and no federal funding for construction or operation of the Related Facilities, NPS will consider a variety of mechanisms and locations to make the Complex a reality.

Gettysburg is the site of the July 1–3. 1863 battle which many consider to be the turning point of the Civil War. The park encompasses 5,900 acres of terrain upon which most of the battle occurred. Located through the park are monuments built by the battle's survivors to memorialize their comrades who fell in battle, as well as state memorials and unit markers. The national cemetery, where many Union dead are buried, and whose dedication was the occasion of Lincoln's Gettysburg Address, is also included in the park. The park also owns a notable collection of artifacts, archives and printed texts, many of which are priceless and irreplaceable. There is a long tradition of living history programs, guided walks by interpreters, and personalized tours by the park's federally licensed battlefield guides which help the park's more than 1.7 million visitors each year understand the meaning and magnitude of the Battle of Gettysburg. A more detailed description of the park and its environment can be found in the Draft Development Concept Plan/ **Environmental Assessment, Collections** Storage, Visitor and Museum Facilities,