

(13) Suspension scaffold power-operated hoists and manual hoists shall be tested by a qualified testing laboratory.

* * * * *

5. On page 46110, the chart in § 1926.451(f)(6) is corrected to read:

INSULATED LINES

Voltage	Minimum distance	Alternatives
Less than 300 volts.	3 feet (0.9 m)	
300 volts to 50 kv.	10 feet (3.1 m)	
More than 50 kv.	10 feet (3.1 m) plus 0.4 inches (1.0 cm) for each 1 kv over 50 kv.	2 times the length of the line insulator, but never less than 10 feet (3.1 m).

UNINSULATED LINES

Voltage	Minimum distance	Alternatives
Less than 50 kv.	10 feet (3.1 m)	
More than 50 kv.	10 feet (3.1 m) plus 0.4 inches (1.0 cm) for each 1 kv over 50 kv.	2 times the length of the line insulator, but never less than 10 feet (3.1 m).

6. On page 46110, in the first column, the introductory language of the Exception is corrected to read:

Exception to Paragraph (f)(6):

* * * * *

§ 1926.453 [Corrected]

7. On page 46117, in the first column, at the end of paragraph (b)(2)(v) the following note is added:

Note to paragraph (b)(2)(v): As of January 1, 1998, subpart M of this part (§ 1926.502(d)) provides that body belts are not acceptable as part of a personal fall arrest system. The use of a body belt in a tethering system or in a restraint system is acceptable and is regulated under § 1926.502(e).

* * * * *

Non-mandatory Appendix E—
[Corrected]

8. On page 46124, a caption is added below the drawing to read:

HOISTS MUST BE ELECTRONICALLY
ISOLATED FROM SCAFFOLD

* * * * *

PART 1926—[AMENDED]

9. The authority citation for subpart L of part 1926 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Section 107, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (Construction Safety Act) (40 U.S.C. 333); Secs. 4, 6, 8, Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 653, 655, 657); Secretary of Labor's Order 1-90 (55 FR 9033); and 29 CFR Part 1911.

10. Section 1926.451(b)(2)(i) is amended by adding a note at the end of the paragraph to read as follows:

§ 1926.451 General Requirements.

* * * * *

- (b) * * *
(2) * * *
(i) * * *

Note to paragraph (b)(2)(i): pursuant to an administrative stay effective November 29, 1996 and published in the Federal Register on November 25, 1996, the requirement in paragraph (b)(2)(i) that roof bracket scaffolds be at least 12 inches wide is stayed until November 25, 1997 or until rulemaking regarding the minimum width of roof bracket scaffolds has been completed, whichever is later.

* * * * *

[FR Doc. 96-30018 Filed 11-22-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-26-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 60

[FRL-5655-2]

Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources; Supplemental Delegation of Authority to the State of Georgia

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Delegation of authority.

SUMMARY: On June 17, 1996, the Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division (GA EPD) requested that EPA delegate authority for implementation and enforcement of additional categories of the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS). Since EPA's review of the State of Georgia's pertinent laws, rules, and regulations showed them to be adequate and effective procedures for the implementation and enforcement of these Federal standards, EPA has made the delegation as requested.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the delegation of authority is September 30, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the request for delegation of authority and EPA's letter of delegation are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the following locations.

Environmental Protection Agency,
Region 4, Air Planning Branch, 100

Alabama Street NE., Atlanta, GA 30303

Air Protection Branch, Georgia Environmental Protection Division, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, 4244 International Parkway, suite 120, Atlanta, Georgia 30354.

Effective immediately, all requests, applications, reports and other correspondence required pursuant to the newly delegated standards should not be submitted to the Region 4 office, but should instead be submitted to the following address: Air Protection Branch, Georgia Environmental Protection Division, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, 4244 International Parkway, suite 120, Atlanta, Georgia 30354.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Scott M. Martin, Regulatory Planning Section, Air Planning Branch, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 100 Alabama Street NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303, (404) 562-9036.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 301, in conjunction with sections 110 and 111(c)(1) of the Clean Air Act as amended November 15, 1990, authorizes EPA to delegate authority to implement and enforce the standards set out in 40 CFR part 60, New Source Performance Standards (NSPS).

On May 3, 1976, EPA initially delegated the authority for implementation and enforcement of the NSPS programs to the State of Georgia. On June 17, 1996, the State of Georgia, through GA EPD, requested a delegation of authority for implementation and enforcement of the following NSPS categories found in 40 CFR part 60.

The following 40 CFR Part 60 categories are newly delegated:

Subpart Dc—Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units, as amended, except § 60.48c(a)(4).

Subpart Ea—Municipal Waste Combustors, as amended.

Subpart RRR—Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Emissions from Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry (SOCMI) Reactor Process, as amended, except § 60.703(e).

Subpart UUU—Calciners and Dryers in Mineral Industries, as amended.

The following 40 CFR Part 60 categories have been previously delegated, but resubmitted to incorporate any revisions:

Subpart D—Fossil-fuel Fired Steam Generators, as amended.

Subpart Da—Electric Utility Steam Generating Units, as amended, except § 60.45a.

Subpart Db—Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units, as amended, except § 60.44b(f), § 60.44b(g), and § 60.49b(a)(4).

Subpart E—Incinerators, as amended.

Subpart F—Portland Cement Plants, as amended.

Subpart G—Nitric Acid Plants, as amended.

Subpart H—Sulfuric Acid Plants, as amended.

Subpart I—Asphalt Concrete Plants, as amended.

Subpart J—Petroleum Refineries, as amended, except § 60.105(a)(13)(iii) and § 60.106(i)(12) (revised in 10/2/90 FR, was § 60.106(g)(12)).

Subpart K—Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids, as amended.

Subpart Ka—Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids, as amended, except § 60.114a.

Subpart Kb—Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels, as amended, except § 60.111b(f)(4), § 60.114b, § 60.116b(e)(3) (iii) and (iv), and § 60.116b(f)(2)(iii).

Subpart L—Secondary Lead Smelters, as amended.

Subpart M—Secondary Brass and Bronze Ingot Production Plants, as amended.

Subpart N—Iron and Steel Plants, as amended.

Subpart Na—Secondary Emissions from Basic Oxygen Process Steelmaking Facilities for Which Construction is Commenced After January 20, 1983, as amended.

Subpart O—Sewage Treatment Plants, as amended, except § 60.153(e).

Subpart P—Primary Copper Smelters, as amended.

Subpart Q—Primary Zinc Smelters, as amended.

Subpart R—Primary Lead Smelters, as amended.

Subpart S—Primary Aluminum Reduction Plants, as amended.

Subpart T—Phosphate Fertilizer Industry: Wet-Process Phosphoric Acid Plants, as amended.

Subpart U—Phosphate Fertilizer Industry: Superphosphoric Acid Plants, as amended.

Subpart V—Phosphate Fertilizer Industry: Diammonium Phosphate Plants, as amended.

Subpart W—Phosphate Fertilizer Industry: Triple Superphosphate Plants, as amended.

Subpart X—Phosphate Fertilizer Industry: Granular Triple Superphosphate Storage Facilities, as amended.

Subpart Y—Coal Preparation Plants, as amended.

Subpart Z—Ferroalloy Production Facilities, as amended.

Subpart AA—Steel Plants: Electric Arc Furnaces, as amended.

Subpart AAa—Steel Plants: Electric Arc Furnaces and Argon-Oxygen Decarburization Vessels Constructed After August 17, 1983, as amended.

Subpart BB—Kraft Pulp Mills, as amended.

Subpart CC—Glass Manufacturing Plants, as amended.

Subpart DD—Grain Elevators, as amended.

Subpart EE—Surface Coating of Metal Furniture, as amended, except § 60.316(d).

Subpart GG—Stationary Gas Turbines, as amended, except § 60.334(b)(2) and § 60.335(f)(1).

Subpart HH—Lime Manufacturing Plants, as amended.

Subpart KK—Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plants, as amended.

Subpart LL—Metallic Mineral Processing Plants, as amended.

Subpart MM—Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Coating Operations, as amended.

Subpart NN—Phosphate Rock Plants, as amended.

Subpart PP—Ammonium Sulfate Manufacture, as amended.

Subpart QQ—Performance for Graphic Arts Industry: Publication Rotogravure Printing, as amended.

Subpart RR—Pressure Sensitive Tape and Label Surface Coating Operations, as amended, except § 60.446(c).

Subpart SS—Industrial Surface Coating: Large Appliances, as amended, except § 60.456(d).

Subpart TT—Metal Coil Surface Coating, as amended, except § 60.466(d).

Subpart UU—Asphalt Processing and Asphalt Roofing Manufacture, as amended, except § 60.474(g).

Subpart VV—Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry, as amended, except § 60.482–1(c)(2) and § 60.484.

Subpart WW—Beverage Can Surface Coating Industry, as amended, except § 60.496(c).

Subpart XX—Bulk Gasoline Terminals, as amended, except § 60.502(e)(6).

Subpart BBB—Rubber Tire Manufacturing Industry, as amended, except § 60.543(c)(2)(ii)(B).

Subpart DDD—VOC Emissions from the Polymer Manufacturing Industry, as amended, except § 60.562–2(c).

Subpart FFF—Flexible Vinyl and Urethane Printing and Coating, as amended.

Subpart GGG—Equipment Leaks of VOC in Petroleum Refineries, as amended.

Subpart HHH—Synthetic Fiber Production Facilities, as amended.

Subpart III—Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions From the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry (SOCMI) Air Oxidation Unit Processes, as amended, except § 60.613(e).

Subpart JJJ—Petroleum Dry Cleaners, as amended.

Subpart KKK—Equipment Leaks of VOC from Onshore Natural Gas Processing Plants, as amended.

Subpart LLL—Onshore Natural Gas Processing, as amended.

Subpart NNN—Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions From the Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry (SOCMI) Distillation Operation, as amended, except § 60.663(e).

Subpart OOO—Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants, as amended.

Subpart PPP—Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plants, as amended.

Subpart QQQ—VOC Emissions from Petroleum Refinery Wastewater Systems, as amended.

Subpart SSS—Magnetic Tape Coating, as amended, except § 60.711(a)(16), § 60.713(b)(1)(i), § 60.713(b)(1)(ii), § 60.713(b)(5)(i), § 60.713(d), § 60.715(a), and § 60.716.

Subpart TTT—Plastic Parts for Business Machine Coatings, as amended, except § 60.723(b)(1), § 60.723(b)(2)(i)(C), § 60.723(b)(2)(iv), § 60.724(e), and § 60.725(b).

Subpart VVV—Polymeric Coating of Supporting Substrates Facilities, as amended, except § 60.743(a)(3)(v) (A) and (B), § 60.743(e), § 60.745(a), and § 60.746.

After a thorough review of the request, the Regional Administrator determined that such a delegation was appropriate for this source category with the conditions set forth in the original delegation letter of May 3, 1976. The State of Georgia sources subject to the requirements of these subparts will now be under the jurisdiction of the State of Georgia.

Since review of the pertinent Georgia laws, rules, and regulations showed them to be adequate for the implementation and enforcement of the aforementioned categories of NSPS, the EPA hereby notifies the public that it has delegated the authority for the source categories listed above on September 30, 1996. The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirements of section 6 of Executive Order 12866.

Authority: This notice is issued under the authority of sections 101, 110, 111, 112, and 301 of the Clean Air Act, as Amended (42 U.S.C. 7401, 7410, 7411, 7412, and 7601).

Dated: November 7, 1996.

A. Stanley Meiburg,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 96-30040 Filed 11-22-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

43 CFR Part 4100

[WO-330-1020-00-24 1A]

RIN 1004-AB89

Grazing Administration, Exclusive of Alaska; Development and Completion of Standards and Guidelines; Implementation of Fallback Standards and Guidelines

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Interior (Department) is adopting amendments to the livestock grazing, regulations of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) to allow the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) discretion to postpone implementation of the fallback standards and guidelines beyond February 12, 1997, but not to exceed the 6-month period ending August 12, 1997. The final rule will allow the Secretary to provide additional time for BLM to collaborate with resource advisory, councils (RACs) and the public to develop State or regional standards and guidelines. Without this change to the regulations, fallback standards and guidelines would go into effect on February 12, 1997, despite the fact that work on State or regional standards and guidelines might be nearly complete.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule will take effect December 26, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Salt, (202) 208-4896.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The current regulations at 43 CFR § 4180.2 require the BLM State Director to develop State or regional standards and guidelines. These standards and guidelines are being developed at the State or regional level, in consultation with affected RACs to reflect local resource conditions and management practices. The standards and guidelines will reflect properly functioning conditions, or those conditions which must be met to ensure sustainability and healthy productive ecosystems and

outline best management practices to achieve standards. They will provide the basis for evaluation of rangeland health and subsequent corrective actions. The regulations further provide that in the event State or regional standards and guidelines are not completed and in effect by February 12, 1997, fallback standards and guidelines described in the regulations will go into effect.

This revision of 43 CFR § 4180.2(f) gives the Secretary discretion to postpone the implementation of the fallback standards and guidelines for up to 6 months. The Department is making this change because it has become apparent that development of State or regional standards and guidelines might, in some instances, require longer than the 18-month period provided in the regulation.

The discretion to grant up to a 6 month extension will ensure that BLM State Directors, working with RACs and the public, will have adequate time to develop appropriate State or regional standards and guidelines. In adopting, this final rule, the Department considered the benefits of efficient rangeland administration, effective public participation, and possible impacts resulting from a minor delay. The Department has concluded that 6 months is an appropriate maximum period of extension. Postponing implementation of the fallback standards and guidelines will enhance the efficient administration and promote the long-term health of public rangelands for two primary reasons. First, where locally developed standards and guidelines are nearly complete, implementation of the more general fallback standards and guidelines on a short-term interim basis would be likely to create confusion and increased administrative costs. Second, postponing implementation of the fallback measures will allow the Department to achieve its commitment to improving public land management through a collaborative process that utilizes RAC recommendations, local public input, and consideration of State or regional public rangelands issues. The Department has concluded that the final rule will not have a significant impact on the environment since postponement of the fallback standards and guidelines would be for a limited period of no more than 6 months. Furthermore, the Department does not anticipate that every BLM State Director would need a postponement.

In determining whether to grant a postponement, the Secretary will evaluate whether the requested postponement will promote

administrative efficiencies and long-term rangeland health. Factors relevant to this evaluation will include, among others, when the State or regional standards and guidelines are scheduled for completion and whether the delay would promote the efficient administration, use, and protection of the public rangelands.

The final rule will permit the Secretary the flexibility to postpone implementation of the fallback standards and guidelines when the State or regional standards and guidelines are nearly complete. Implementing different sets of standards and guidelines in rapid succession will produce confusion, uncertainty, and increased administrative costs. Furthermore, the Secretary will retain discretion to deny a postponement and implement the fallback standards and guidelines when the State or regional standards and guidelines are far from completion or when a postponement would not promote long-term rangeland health.

II. Response to Comments

The Department received five letters in response to the proposed rule which was published in the Federal Register on August 29, 1996 (61 FR 45385). All five letters supported the proposal to provide the Secretary discretion to postpone implementation of fallback standards and guidelines for up to 6 months. One commentor also suggested that if RACs needed additional time after the Secretary granted a postponement of 6 months, another postponement should be granted. The final rule allows the Secretary discretion to postpone implementation of the fallback standards and guidelines beyond February 12, 1997, but not to exceed the 6-month period ending August 12, 1997. The Department believes that 6 months is an appropriate maximum period of extension. The standards and guidelines are key elements of the new grazing, regulations. Postponing implementation of fallback standards and guidelines until August 12, 1996, provides nearly 2 years since the final rule was published to develop standards and guidelines. To further delay implementing standards and guidelines and realize the anticipated improvement in rangeland health would be inconsistent with the intent of the original regulations.

III. Procedural Matters

National Environmental Policy Act

BLM analyzed the impacts of this final rule in accordance with section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental