U.S. Department of State, Office of Defense Trade Controls.

Section 11(h) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C.A. app. §§ 2401-2420 (1991 & Supp. 1995)) (the Act), provides that, at the discretion of the Secretary of Commerce,2 no person convicted of violating the AECA, or certain other provisions of the United States Code, shall be eligible to apply for or use any export license issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act or the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 C.F.R. Parts 768-799 (1995)) (the Regulations) for a period of up to 10 years from the date of the conviction. In addition, any export license issued pursuant to the Act in which such a person had any interest at the time of conviction may be revoked.

Pursuant to Sections 770.15 and 772.1(g) of the Regulations, upon notification that a person has been convicted of violating the AECA, the Director, Office of Export Licensing, in consultation with the Director, Office of Export Enforcement, shall determine whether to deny that person permission to apply for or use any export license issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act and the Regulations, and shall also determine whether to revoke any export license previously issued to such a person.

Having received notice of Hoffman's conviction for violating the AECA, and following consultations with the Director, Office of Export Enforcement, I have decided to deny Hoffman permission to apply for or use any export license, including any general license, issued pursuant to, or provided by, the Act and the Regulations, for a period of 10 years from the date of his conviction. The 10-year period ends on April 20, 2002. I have also decided to revoke all export licenses issued pursuant to the Act in which Hoffman had an interest at the time of his conviction.

Accordingly, it is hereby

Ordered

I. All outstanding individual validated licenses in which Hoffman appears or participates, in any manner or capacity, are hereby revoked and shall be returned forthwith to the Office of Exporter Services for cancellation. Further, all of Hoffman's privileges of participating, in any manner or capacity, in any special licensing procedure, including, but not limited to, distribution licenses, are hereby revoked.

II. Until April 20, 2002, Ronald J. Hoffman, 523 Vallejo Street, San Francisco, California 94133, hereby is denied all privileges of participating, directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity, in any transaction in the United States or abroad involving any commodity or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States, in whole or in part, and subject to the Regulations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, participation, either in the United States or abroad, shall include participation, directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity: (i) as a party or as a representative of a party to any export license application submitted to the Department; (ii) in preparing or filing with the Department any export license application or request for reexport authorization, or any document to be submitted therewith; (iii) in obtaining from the Department or using any validated or general export license, reexport authorization or other export control document; (iv) in carrying on negotiations with respect to, or in receiving, ordering, buying, selling, delivering, storing, using, or disposing of, in whole or in part, any commodities or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States, and subject to the Regulations; and (v) in financing, forwarding, transporting, or other servicing of such commodities or technical data.

III. After notice and opportunity for comment as provided in section 770.15(h) of the Regulations, any person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Hoffman by affiliation, ownership, control, or position of responsibility in the conduct of trade or related services may also be subject to the provisions of this Order.

IV. As provided in section 787.12(a) of the Regulations, without prior disclosure of the facts to and specific authorization of the Office of Export Licensing, in consultation with the Office of Export Enforcement, no person may directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity: (i) apply for, obtain, or use any license, Shipper's Export

Declaration, bill of lading, or other export control document relating to an export or reexport of commodities or technical data by, to, or for another person then subject to an order revoking or denying his export privileges or then excluded from practice before the Bureau of Export Administration; or (ii) order, buy, receive, use, sell, deliver, store, dispose of, forward, transport, finance, or otherwise service or participate: (a) in any transaction which may involve any commodity or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States; (b) in any reexport thereof; or (c) in any other transaction which is subject to the Export Administration Regulations, if the person denied export privileges may obtain any benefit or have any interest in, directly or indirectly, any of these transactions.

V. This Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until April 20, 2002.

VI. A copy of this Order shall be delivered to Hoffman. This Order shall be published in the Federal Register.

Dated: January 26, 1996.

Eileen M. Albanese,

Acting Director, Office of Exporter Services. [FR Doc. 96–2652 Filed 2–7–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DT–M

International Trade Administration

[A-428-801]

Ball Bearings (Other Than Tapered Roller Bearings) and Parts Thereof, From Germany; Preliminary Results of New Shipper Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Preliminary Results of New Shipper Antidumping Duty Administrative Review.

SUMMARY: In response to a request by Roulements Miniatures SA (RMB), Biel, Switzerland, and its wholly owned subsidiary Miniaturkugellager GmbH (MKL), Germany, the Department of Commerce (the Department) is conducting a new shipper administrative review of the antidumping duty order on ball bearings (other than tapered roller bearings) and parts thereof (ball bearings) from Germany. This review covers MKL, a German manufacturer of ball bearings and exporter of this merchandise to the United States. The period of review (POR) is December 1, 1994 through May 31, 1995. We have preliminarily

¹The Act expired on August 20, 1994. Executive Order 12924 (59 Fed. Reg. 43437, August 23, 1994), extended by Presidential Notice of August 15, 1995 (60 Fed. Reg. 42767, August 17, 1995), continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C.A. §§ 1701–1706 (1991).

² Pursuant to appropriate delegations of authority that are reflected in the Regulations, the Director, Office of Export Licensing, in consultation with the Director, Office of Export Enforcement, exercises the authority granted to the Secretary by Section 11(h) of the Act. Because of a recent Bureau of Export Administration reorganization, this responsibility now rests with the Director, Office of Exporter Services. Subsequent regulatory references herein to the "Director, Office of Export Licensing," should be read as meaning "Director, Office of Exporter Services."

determined that MKL sold subject merchandise at not less than normal value (NV) during the POR. Interested parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 8, 1996. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Thomas O. Barlow or Michael Rill, Office of Antidumping Compliance, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4733.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act), by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the current regulations, as amended by the interim regulations published in the Federal Register on May 11, 1995, (60 FR 25130).

Background

On May 31, 1995, the Department received a request from RMB and MKL for a new shipper review pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act and section 353.22(h) of the Department's interim regulations.

Section 751(a)(2) of the Tariff Act and section 353.22(h) of the Department's regulations govern determinations of antidumping duties for new shippers. These provisions state that, if the Department receives a request for review from an exporter or producer of the subject merchandise stating that it did not export the merchandise to the United States during the period of investigation (POI) and that such exporter or producer is not affiliated with any exporter or producer who exported the subject merchandise during that period, the Department shall conduct a new shipper review to establish an individual weightedaverage dumping margin for such exporter or producer, if the Department has not previously established such a margin for the exporter or producer. To establish these facts, the exporter or producer must include with its request, with appropriate certifications: (i) the date on which the merchandise was first entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, or, if it cannot certify as to the date of first entry, the date on which it first shipped the merchandise for export to the United States; (ii) a list

of the firms with which it is affiliated; and (iii) a statement from such exporter or producer, and from each affiliated firm, that it did not, under its current or a former name, export the merchandise during the POI.

MKL's request was accompanied by information and certifications establishing the date on which MKL first shipped and entered subject merchandise, the names of MKL's affiliated parties, and statements from MKL and its affiliated parties that they did not, under any name, export the merchandise during the POI. Based on the above information, on June 14, 1995, the Department initiated this new shipper review of MKL (60 FR 32503). The Department is now conducting this review in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act and section 353.22 of its regulations.

Scope of the Review

Imports covered by this review are shipments of ball bearings and parts thereof. These products include all antifriction bearings that employ balls as the rolling element. Imports of these products are classified under the following categories: antifriction balls, ball bearings with integral shafts, ball bearings (including radial ball bearings) and parts thereof, and housed or mounted ball bearing units and parts thereof.

Imports of these products are classified under the following Harmonized Tariff Schedules (HTS) subheadings: 3926.90.45, 4016.93.00, 4016.93.10, 4016.93.50, 6909.19.5010, 8431.20.00, 8431.39.0010, 8482.10.10, 8482.10.50, 8482.80.00, 8482.91.00, 8482.99.05, 8482.99.10, 8482.99.35, 8482.99.6590, 8482.99.70, 8483.20.40, 8483.20.80, 8483.50.8040, 8483.50.90, 8483.90.20, 8483.90.30, 8483.90.70, 8708.50.50, 8708.60.50, 8708.60.80, 8708.70.6060, 8708.70.8050, 8708.93.30, 8708.93.5000. 8708.93.6000. 8708.93.75. 8708.99.06, 8708.99.31, 8708.99.4960, 8708.99.50, 8708.99.5800, 8708.99.8080, 8803.10.00, 8803.20.00, 8803.30.00, 8803.90.30, 8803.90.90.

The size or precision grade of a bearing does not influence whether the bearing is covered by the order. For a further discussion of the scope of the order being reviewed, including recent scope determinations, see Antifriction Bearings (Other Than Tapered Roller Bearings) and Parts Thereof from France, et al.; Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews, Partial Termination of Administrative Reviews, and Revocation in Part of Antidumping Duty Orders, 60 FR 10900 (February 28, 1995). The HTS item numbers are provided for

convenience and Customs purposes. The written descriptions remain dispositive.

The review covers one producer/ exporter. The POR is December 1, 1994 through May 31, 1995.

Constructed Export Price (CEP)

The Department based its margin calculation on constructed export price (CEP) as defined in section 772(b) of the Tariff Act because the subject merchandise was first sold in the United States to a person not affiliated with MKL after importation, by RMB Ringwood Inc. (Ringwood), a seller affiliated with MKL.

We based CEP on packed, ex-factory prices to unaffiliated purchasers in the United States. The Department made the following adjustments to the prices used to establish CEP, pursuant to section 772(c) of the Tariff Act. The price was increased for packing and handling revenues pursuant to section 772(c)(1) and reduced for movement expenses (international freight, brokerage, U.S. duties, domestic inland freight and insurance) pursuant to section 772(c)(2). The price used to establish CEP was also reduced by an amount for the following expenses incurred in selling the subject merchandise in the United States pursuant to section 772(d)(1): commissions, credit, and inventory carrying costs and other indirect selling expenses incurred in the United States. Pursuant to section 772(d)(3), the price was further reduced by an amount for profit to arrive at the ČEP.

Normal Value (NV)

Based on a comparison of the aggregate quantity of home market and U.S. sales, and absent any information that a particular market situation in the exporting country does not permit a proper comparison, we determined that the quantity of foreign like product sold in the exporting country was sufficient to permit a proper comparison with the sales of the subject merchandise to the United States, pursuant to section 773(a)(1)(C) of the Tariff Act. Therefore, in accordance with section 773(a)(1)(B) of the Tariff Act, we based NV on the price at which the foreign like product was first sold for consumption in the exporting country.

Pursuant to section 777A(d)(2), we compared the CEPs of individual transactions to the monthly weighted-average price of sales of the foreign like product. We compared CEP sales to sales in the home market of identical merchandise.

We based NV on packed, ex-factory prices to unaffiliated purchasers in the home market. We made adjustments,

where applicable, in accordance with section 773(a)(6) of the Tariff Act. In order to adjust for differences in packing between the two markets, we increased home market price by U.S. packing costs and reduced it by home market packing costs. Prices were reported net of value added taxes (VAT) and, therefore, no deduction for VAT was necessary. Where applicable, we made adjustments to home market price for early payment discounts. To adjust for differences in circumstances of sale between the home market and the United States, we reduced home market price by an amount for home market credit and royalty expenses and increased it by an amount for royalties on U.S. sales paid by MKL. No other adjustments were made.

Preliminary Results of the Review

As a result of our comparison of CEP and NV, we preliminarily determine that the following weighted-average dumping margin exists:

Manufac- turer/Ex- porter	Period	Margin
MKL	12/01/94–5/31/95	0.00

Parties to the proceeding may request disclosure within five days of the date of publication of this notice. Any interested party may request a hearing within 10 days of publication. Any hearing, if requested, will be held 34 days after the date of publication, or the first workday thereafter. Case briefs and/ or written comments from interested parties may be submitted not later than 20 days after the date of publication. Rebuttal briefs and rebuttals to written comments, limited to issues raised in the case briefs and comments, may be filed not later than 27 days after the date of publication. Parties who submit argument in this proceeding are requested to submit with the argument (1) a statement of the issue and (2) a brief summary of the argument. The Department will issue the final results of the new shipper administrative review, including the results of its analysis of issues raised in any such written comments or at a hearing, within 90 days of issuance of these preliminary results.

Upon completion of this new shipper review, the Department will issue appraisement instructions directly to the Customs Service. The results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by the determination and for future deposits of estimated duties.

Furthermore, upon completion of this review, the posting of a bond or security in lieu of a cash deposit, pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(B)(iii) of the Tariff Act and section 353.22(h)(4) of the Department's regulations, will no longer be permitted and, should the final results yield a margin of dumping, a cash deposit will be required for each entry of the merchandise. The following deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the final results of this new shipper antidumping duty administrative review for all shipments of ball bearings from Germany, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date, as provided by section 751(a)(1) of the Tariff Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for the reviewed company will be that established in the final results of this new shipper administrative review; (2) for exporters not covered in this review, but covered in previous reviews or the original less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recent period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, previous reviews, or the original LTFV investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be that established for the most recent period for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 68.89 percent, the "All Others" rate made effective by the final results of review published on July 26, 1993 (see Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews and Revocation in Part of an Antidumping Duty Order, 58 FR 39729 (July 26, 1993)). This rate is the "All Others" rate from the LTFV investigation.

These requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

This notice serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 353.26 to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This new shipper administrative review and notice are in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Tariff Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(2)(B)) and 19 CFR 353.22(h).

Dated: January 31, 1996.
Susan G. Esserman,
Assistant Secretary for Import
Administration.
[FR Doc. 96–2692 Filed 2–7–96; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

[A-580-812]

Final Court Decision and Partial Amended Final Determination: Dynamic Random Access Memory Semiconductors of One Megabit and Above From the Republic of Korea

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 8, 1996.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Beck, Office of Antidumping Investigations, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230, telephone: (202) 482–3464.

SUMMARY: On October 27, 1995, in the case of Micron Technologies, Inc. v. United States, Cons. Ct. No. 93-06-00318, Slip Op. 95–175 (Micron), the United States Court of International Trade (the Court) affirmed the Department of Commerce's (the Department's) results of redetermination on remand of the Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Dynamic Random Access Memory Semiconductors of One Megabit and Above from the Republic of Korea. However, Micron Technologies (the petitioner in that case) has appealed certain aspects of that redetermination on remand to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit (Federal Circuit). These appeals have affected two of the three respondents, Hyundai Electronics Industries Co., Ltd. and Hyundai Electronics America (collectively Hyundai), and LG Semicon Co., Ltd. and LG Semicon America, Inc. (collectively Semicon and formally Goldstar). The results of the redetermination on remand for Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. and Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (collectively Samsung) were not challenged by any party. Therefore, there is now a final and conclusive court decision in this action for Samsung. Thus, we are amending our final determination in this matter and will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to discontinue suspending liquidation of merchandise manufactured and exported by Samsung. If necessary, an amendment to the final determination will be made for the other two respondents once there is