

combination lap and shoulder restraint that adjusts by means of an automatic retractor and releases by means of a single push button. The petitioner further states that the vehicle is equipped with a combination lap and shoulder restraint that releases by means of a single push button at each rear outboard seating position, and with a lap belt at the rear center seating position.

Standard No. 301 *Fuel System Integrity*: installation of a rollover valve in the fuel tank vent line.

One comment was received in response to the notice of petition, from Mitsubishi Motors R&D of America, Inc. ("Mitsubishi"), the United States representative of Mitsubishi Motors Corporation, the vehicle's manufacturer. In its comment, Mitsubishi stated that based upon a review of the petition and a partial evaluation of the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero, it believes that the vehicle may not be capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards. Mitsubishi noted that in addition to the nonconformities identified in the petition, the components on the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero that are subject to Standard No. 203, *Impact Protection for the Driver from the Steering Control System*, are not identical to those found on the 1984 Mitsubishi Montero. As a result, Mitsubishi contended that the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero would have to be modified to conform to the standard, and then tested in accordance with the standard to ensure that conformity. Mitsubishi also contended that the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero does not conform to Standard No. 204, *Steering Control Rearward Displacement*, because it is not equipped with the same energy-absorbing steering shaft as that found on the 1984 Mitsubishi Montero. As a result, Mitsubishi contended that the steering shaft would have to be modified and tested in accordance with the standard.

NHTSA accorded Champagne an opportunity to respond to Mitsubishi's comments. In its response, Champagne observed that Mitsubishi did not furnish specifics to support its stated belief that the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero may not be capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards. Champagne expressed complete confidence that the vehicle is capable of being so altered. To address the concern that Mitsubishi raised regarding the vehicle's compliance with Standard Nos. 203 and 204, Champagne stated that it will replace the steering wheel and steering

shaft on the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero with U.S.-model components.

NHTSA has reviewed each of the issues that Mitsubishi has raised regarding Champagne's petition. NHTSA believes that Champagne's responses adequately address each of those issues. NHTSA further notes that the modifications described by Champagne have been performed with relative ease on thousands of nonconforming vehicles imported over the years, and would not preclude the 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero from being found "capable of being readily altered to comply with applicable motor vehicle safety standards."

NHTSA has accordingly decided to grant the petition.

#### Vehicle Eligibility Number for Subject Vehicles

The importer of a vehicle admissible under any final decision must indicate on the form HS-7 accompanying entry the appropriate vehicle eligibility number indicating that the vehicle is eligible for entry. VSP-170 is the vehicle eligibility number assigned to vehicles admissible under this decision.

#### Final Decision

Accordingly, on the basis of the foregoing, NHTSA hereby decides that a 1984 Mitsubishi Pajero that was not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards, is substantially similar to a 1984 Mitsubishi Montero that was originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and certified under 49 U.S.C. § 30115, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 30141 (a)(1)(A) and (b)(1); 49 CFR 593.8; delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.50 and 501.8.

Issued on: August 29, 1996.

Marilynne Jacobs,

Director, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance.  
[FR Doc. 96-22538 Filed 9-4-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-59-P

#### [Docket No. 96-094; Notice 1]

#### Notice of Receipt of Petition for Decision That Nonconforming 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro Wagons Are Eligible for Importation

**AGENCY:** National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of receipt of petition for decision that nonconforming 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro Wagons are eligible for importation.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces receipt by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) of a petition for a decision that a 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro Wagon that was not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards is eligible for importation into the United States because (1) it is substantially similar to a vehicle that was originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and that was certified by its manufacturer as complying with the safety standards, and (2) it is capable of being readily altered to conform to the standards.

**DATE:** The closing date for comments on the petition is October 7, 1996.

**ADDRESS:** Comments should refer to the docket number and notice number, and be submitted to: Docket Section, Room 5109, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 400 Seventh St., SW, Washington, DC 20590. [Docket hours are from 9:30 am to 4 pm]

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** George Entwistle, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, NHTSA (202-366-5306).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

Under 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A) (formerly section 108(c)(3)(A)(i)(I) of the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act (the Act)), a motor vehicle that was not originally manufactured to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards shall be refused admission into the United States unless NHTSA has decided that the motor vehicle is substantially similar to a motor vehicle originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States, certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115 (formerly section 114 of the Act), and of the same model year as the model of the motor vehicle to be compared, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Petitions for eligibility decisions may be submitted by either manufacturers or importers who have registered with NHTSA pursuant to 49 CFR Part 592. As specified in 49 CFR 593.7, NHTSA publishes notice in the Federal Register of each petition that it receives, and affords interested persons an opportunity to comment on the petition. At the close of the comment period, NHTSA decides, on the basis of the petition and any comments that it has received, whether the vehicle is eligible for importation. The agency then

publishes this decision in the Federal Register.

Champagne Imports, Inc. of Lansdale, Pennsylvania ("Champagne") (Registered Importer 90-009) has petitioned NHTSA to decide whether 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro Wagons are eligible for importation into the United States. The vehicle which Champagne believes is substantially similar is the 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro Wagon that was manufactured for importation into, and sale in, the United States and certified by its manufacturer as conforming to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

The petitioner claims that it carefully compared the non-U.S. certified 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro Wagon to its U.S. certified counterpart, and found the two vehicles to be substantially similar with respect to compliance with most Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Champagne submitted information with its petition intended to demonstrate that the non-U.S. certified 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro Wagon, as originally manufactured, conforms to many Federal motor vehicle safety standards in the same manner as its U.S. certified counterpart, or is capable of being readily altered to conform to those standards.

Specifically, the petitioner claims that the non-U.S. certified 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro Wagon is identical to its U.S. certified counterpart with respect to compliance with Standards Nos. 102 *Transmission Shift Lever Sequence . . .*, 103 *Defrosting and Defogging Systems*, 104 *Windshield Wiping and Washing Systems*, 105 *Hydraulic Brake Systems*, 106 *Brake Hoses*, 107 *Reflecting Surfaces*, 109 *New Pneumatic Tires*, 113 *Hood Latch Systems*, 116 *Brake Fluid*, 124 *Accelerator Control Systems*, 201 *Occupant Protection in Interior Impact*, 202 *Head Restraints*, 204 *Steering Control Rearward Displacement*, 205 *Glazing Materials*, 206 *Door Locks and Door Retention Components*, 207 *Seating Systems*, 209 *Seat Belt Assemblies*, 210 *Seat Belt Assembly Anchorages*, 211 *Wheel Nuts, Wheel Discs and Hubcaps*, 212 *Windshield Retention*, 216 *Roof Crush Resistance*, 219 *Windshield Zone Intrusion*, and 302 *Flammability of Interior Materials*.

Petitioner also contends that the vehicle is capable of being readily altered to meet the following standards, in the manner indicated:

Standard No. 101 *Controls and Displays*: (a) inscription of the word "Brake" on the brake failure indicator lamp lens; (b) installation of a seat belt warning lamp displaying the appropriate symbol; (c) recalibration of

the speedometer/odometer from kilometers to miles per hour.

Standard No. 108 *Lamps, Reflective Devices and Associated Equipment*: (a) installation of U.S.-model headlamp assemblies; (b) installation of U.S.-model front and rear sidemarker/reflector assemblies; (c) installation of U.S.-model taillamp assemblies; (d) installation of a high mounted stop lamp.

Standard No. 110 *Tire Selection and Rims*: installation of a tire information placard.

Standard No. 111 *Rearview Mirror*: replacement of the passenger side rearview mirror with a U.S.-model component.

Standard No. 114 *Theft Protection*: installation of a warning buzzer microswitch in the steering lock assembly and a warning buzzer.

Standard No. 115 *Vehicle Identification Number*: installation of a VIN plate that can be read from outside the left windshield pillar, and a VIN reference label on the edge of the door or latch post nearest the driver.

Standard No. 118 *Power Window Systems*: rewiring of the power window system so that the window transport is inoperative when the ignition is switched off.

Standard No. 208 *Occupant Crash Protection*: (a) installation of a U.S.-model seat belt in the driver's seating position, or a belt webbing actuated microswitch inside the driver's seat belt retractor; (b) installation of an ignition switch actuated seat belt warning lamp and buzzer; (c) replacement of the driver's and passenger's side air bags and knee bolsters if they are not U.S.-model components. The petitioner states that the vehicle is equipped with combination lap and shoulder restraints that adjust by means of an automatic retractor and release by means of a single push button at both front designated seating positions, with combination lap and shoulder restraints that release by means of a single push button at both rear outboard seating positions, and with a lap belt in the rear center designated seating position.

Standard No. 214 *Side Impact Protection*: installation of reinforcing beams.

Standard No. 301 *Fuel System Integrity*: installation of a rollover valve in the fuel tank vent line between the fuel tank and the evaporative emissions collection canister.

Additionally, the petitioner states that the bumpers on the non-U.S. certified 1995 Audi S6 Avant Quattro must be reinforced or replaced with U.S.-model components to comply with the Bumper Standard found in 49 CFR Part 581.

The petitioner also states that it will replace the vehicle's ignition switch assembly, which has been determined to contain a safety-related defect and is the subject of a recall campaign (NHTSA Recall No. 96V017000) being conducted by the vehicle's manufacturer.

Interested persons are invited to submit comments on the petition described above. Comments should refer to the docket number and be submitted to: Docket Section, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Room 5109, 400 Seventh Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20590. It is requested but not required that 10 copies be submitted.

All comments received before the close of business on the closing date indicated above will be considered, and will be available for examination in the docket at the above address both before and after that date. To the extent possible, comments filed after the closing date will also be considered. Notice of final action on the petition will be published in the Federal Register pursuant to the authority indicated below.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A) and (b)(1); 49 CFR 593.8; delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.50 and 501.8.

Issued on: August 30, 1996.

Marilynne Jacobs,

*Director, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance.*

[FR Doc. 96-22688 Filed 9-4-96; 8:45 am]

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## Surface Transportation Board <sup>1</sup>

[STB Finance Docket No. 32955]

### Fort Worth & Western Railroad Company, Inc.—Lease Exemption—St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company

AGENCY: Surface Transportation Board.  
ACTION: Notice of exemption.

SUMMARY: The Board, under 49 U.S.C. 10502, exempts from the prior approval requirements of 49 U.S.C. 10902 the lease <sup>2</sup> by Fort Worth & Western

<sup>1</sup> The ICC Termination Act of 1995, Pub. L. No. 104-88, 109 Stat. 803 (ICCTA), which was enacted on December 29, 1995, and took effect on January 1, 1996, abolished the Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) and transferred certain functions to the Surface Transportation Board (Board). This notice relates to functions that are subject to Board jurisdiction pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 10902.

<sup>2</sup> FWWR seeks an exemption both to lease and to operate, and its petition is styled accordingly. While an exemption from the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 10902 for FWWR's lease is consistent with the standards of 49 U.S.C. 10502, we note that FWWR requires neither separate authority nor an exemption to operate the line under the lease. When a rail carrier petitioned for an exemption to purchase or lease a rail line from another rail carrier