#### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

96-18-06 Airbus Industrie: Amendment 39-9730. Docket 95-NM-249-AD.

Applicability: Model A320–111, –211, and –231 series airplanes; manufacturer's serial numbers 002 through 008 inclusive, 010 through 014 inclusive, 016 through 078 inclusive, and 080 through 104 inclusive; on which Airbus Modification 21282P01497 (reference Airbus Service Bulletin A320–57–1029) has not been installed; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent fatigue cracking on the pressurized floor fitting at frame 36 under the lower surface panel, which could result in failure of a fitting and subsequent depressurization of the fuselage, accomplish the following:

Note 2: Inspections and replacement(s) that were performed prior to the effective date of this AD in accordance with Airbus Service Bulletin A320–57–1028, dated April 12, 1996, are considered acceptable for compliance with this AD.

- (a) Prior to the accumulation of 16,000 total landings, or within 6 months after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, perform a visual inspection to detect cracks of the 6 fittings of the pressurized floor at frame 36 under the lower surface panel, in accordance with Airbus Service Bulletin A320–57–1028, Revision 1, dated April 19, 1996.
- (1) If no cracking is found, prior to further flight, renew the zone protective finish in accordance with the service bulletin. Repeat the visual inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 12,000 landings.
- (2) If only 1 of the 6 fittings is found to be cracked and that crack is less than or equal to 0.59 inch (15 mm) in length, prior to further flight, replace the cracked fitting with a new fitting in accordance with the service bulletin. Thereafter, prior to the accumulation of 500 landings following accomplishment of this replacement, replace the remaining 5 fittings with new fittings in accordance with the service bulletin.
- (3) If only 1 of the 6 fittings is found to be cracked and that crack is greater than 0.59 inch (15 mm) in length, prior to further flight, replace all six fittings with new fittings in accordance with the service bulletin.

- (4) If 2 or more fittings are found to be cracked, prior to further flight, replace all 6 fittings with new fittings in accordance with the service bulletin.
- (b) Replacement of all 6 fittings with new fittings in accordance with Airbus Service Bulletin A320–57–1028, Revision 1, dated April 19, 1996, constitutes terminating action for the inspection requirements of this AD.
- (c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

(d) The actions shall be done in accordance with Airbus Service Bulletin A320–57–1028, Revision 1, dated April 19, 1996, which contains the following list of effective pages:

Page number	Revision level shown on page	Date shown on page
1–3	1	Apr. 19, 1996.
4–15	Original	Aug. 12, 1991.

This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(e) This amendment becomes effective on October 10, 1996.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 23, 1996.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 96–22144 Filed 9–4–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

## 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 95–NM–204–AD; Amendment 39–9735; AD 96–18–11]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model DC-10-10 and -15 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas Model DC-10-10 and -15 series airplanes, that requires repetitive inspections to detect cracks in the bulkhead tee caps, and repair and follow-on actions, if necessary. It also provides for an optional terminating modification for the repetitive inspections. This amendment is prompted by reports of cracking in the bulkhead tee caps at a fuselage station in the area of certain longerons due to fatigue. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent such fatigue cracking, which could result in loss of pressurization and damage to adjacent structure.

DATES: Effective October 10, 1996.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of October 10,

**ADDRESSES:** The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from McDonnell Douglas Corporation, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Technical Publications Business Administration, Department C1-L51 (2-60). This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW.. Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, Transport Airplane Directorate, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Maureen Moreland, Aerospace

Engineer, Airframe Branch, ANM–120L, FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California 90712; telephone (310) 627–5238; fax (310) 627–5210.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas Model DC-10-10 and -15 series airplanes was published in the Federal Register on March 28, 1995 (61 FR 13787). That action proposed to require repetitive inspections to detect cracks in the bulkhead tee caps, and repair and follow-on actions, if necessary. The proposal would also provide for an optional terminating modification for the repetitive

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the

inspections.

making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

Support for the Proposal

Two commenters support the proposal.

Request to Ensure that Parts are Available

One commenter who supports the proposal is concerned that enough replacement parts may not be available to support the repair requirements of the proposed rule.

The FAA responds to this concern by stating that the manufacturer has advised that ample replacement tee cap splices will be available to the U.S. fleet in support of any necessary repair that may be required as a result of the inspection required by this rule.

Request for a Revision of Initial Inspection Interval

Two commenters request that the proposed rule be revised to extend the initial inspection interval for airplanes on which the modification specified in the manufacturer's Structural Repair Manual (SRM), Chapter 53-40-00, Volume 1, has been accomplished. This modification involves installing an arrowhead doubler at station Y=1156.000. For airplanes with this modification, the commenters request that the initial inspection interval be changed from the proposed 1,500 landings to 2,200 landings. The commenters state that this extension will allow the inspection to be accomplished during regularly scheduled maintenance (i.e., a "C" check) at a main base. One commenter states that trying to accomplish a radiographic inspection at a field station (rather than at a main base) is very difficult and, if cracks are detected during the inspection, it is nearly impossible to repair them at a field station since trained personnel and appropriate equipment may not be available.

The FAA does not concur with the commenters' request for two reasons:

First, the accomplishment of the SRM modification specified by the commenters has been determined—via an assessment by both the airframe manufacturer and the FAA—to have no effect on the time that cracks may initiate and grow in the bulkhead tee caps at fuselage station Y=1156.00. Although the McDonnell Douglas service bulletin cited in this rule does refer to that SRM modification, the reference is made only to discuss the fact that the accomplishment of the SRM modification affects the

methodology that must be used for the inspection and installation of a preventative modification of the bulkhead tee cap. Therefore, there is no basis to connect the inspection times required by this AD to whether or not the SRM modification has been accomplished.

Second, the compliance time for the initial inspection required by this AD is based on the reports of fatigue cracking in the bulkhead tee caps on airplanes that had accumulated between 56,394 and 72,931 total flight hours and between 21,629 and 26,094 total landings. The FAA has determined that inspections of this area by the time the airplane has accumulated at least 20,000 total landings will ensure that fatigue cracking is detected before it reaches a critical length.

The "1,500 landings" specified in the AD's compliance time is a "grace period" that was established to preclude grounding airplanes that have exceeded the 20,000-landing threshold. In determining an appropriate "grace period" for this action, the FAA not only considered the degree of urgency associated with addressing the unsafe condition, but normal scheduled maintenance for the majority of affected operators, recommendations of the manufacturer, analysis of the rate of crack growth, and reports of cracking found in the in-service fleet. In consideration of all of these factors, the FAA finds that the 1,500-landing "grace period" for initiating the required inspections on higher-time airplanes to be warranted, in that it represents an appropriate interval of time allowable for airplanes to continue to operate without compromising safety.

#### Conclusion

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

# Cost Impact

There are approximately 133 Model McDonnell Douglas Model DC-10-10 and -15 series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 121 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 3 work hours per airplane to accomplish the required inspections, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$21,780, or \$180 per airplane, per inspection cycle.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no

operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

## Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612. it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a 'significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

#### **PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES**

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

96-18-11 McDonnell Douglas: Amendment 39-9735. Docket 95-NM-204-AD.

Applicability: Model DC-10-10 and -15 series airplanes, as listed in McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC10-53-168, dated August 9, 1995; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability

provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent fatigue cracking, which could result in loss of pressurization and damage to adjacent structure, accomplish the following:

- (a) Prior to the accumulation of 20,000 total landings, or within 1,500 landings after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, perform an eddy current and radiographic inspection, as applicable, to detect cracks in the bulkhead tee caps (left and right sides) in the area of longerons 38.0 through 41.0 at fuselage station Y=1156.000, in accordance with McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC10–53–168, dated August 9, 1995.
- (1) If no cracks are detected, repeat the inspections thereafter at intervals not to exceed 2,600 landings until paragraph (b) of this AD is accomplished.
- (2) If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, accomplish the repair specified in either paragraph (a)(2)(i) or (a)(2)(ii) of this AD
- (i) Splice in a new bulkhead tee cap section at cracked area of bulkhead tee cap in accordance with the service bulletin. Within 20,000 total landings after accomplishing this repair, perform eddy current inspections to detect cracks in accordance with the service bulletin. Repeat the inspections thereafter at intervals not to exceed 2,600 landings until paragraph (b) of this AD is accomplished. If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, repair it in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.
- (ii) Repair in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Los Angeles ACO, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.
- (b) Terminating action for the repetitive inspections required by paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2)(i) of this AD is as follows:
- (1) Accomplish the preventative modification and eddy current open hole inspection in accordance with Condition 1 (no cracks in bulkhead tee cap), Option 2, of McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC10–53–168, dated August 9, 1995. And
- (2) Within 14,450 total landings following accomplishment of the modification specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this AD, perform an eddy current and radiographic inspection to detect cracks, in accordance with Condition 1 (no cracks in bulkhead tee cap), Option 2, of the service bulletin.
- (i) If no cracks are detected, repeat the inspections thereafter at intervals not to exceed 3,950 landings.
- (ii) If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, repair it in accordance with a method

approved by the Manager, Los Angeles ACO, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Los Angeles ACO.

- (d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (e) The inspections shall be done in accordance with McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC10-53-168, dated August 9, 1995. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from McDonnell Douglas Corporation, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Technical Publications Business Administration, Department C1-L51 (2-60). Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, Transport Airplane Directorate, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.
- (f) This amendment becomes effective on October 10, 1996.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 26, 1996.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 96–22262 Filed 9–4–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

#### 14 CFR Part 97

[Docket No. 28667; Amdt. No. 1750]

RIN 2120-AA65

## Standard Instrument Approach Procedures; Miscellaneous Amendments

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment establishes, amends, suspends, or revokes Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs) for operations at certain airports. These regulatory actions are needed because of the adoption of new or revised criteria, or because of changes

occurring in the National Airspace System, such as the commissioning of new navigational facilities, addition of new obstacles, or changes in air traffic requirements. These changes are designed to provide safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace and to promote safe flight operations under instrument flight rules at the affected airports.

**DATES:** An effective date for each SIAP is specified in the amendatory provisions.

Incorporation by reference approved by the Director of the Federal Register on December 31, 1980, and reapproved as of January 1, 1982.

**ADDRESSES:** Availability of matters incorporated by reference in the amendment is as follows:

For Examination—

- 1. FAA Rules Docket, FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591;
- 2. The FAA Regional Office of the region in which the affected airport is located; or
- 3. The Flight Inspection Area Office which originated the SIAP.

*For Purchase*—Individual SIAP copies may be obtained from:

- 1. FAA Public Inquiry Center (APA–200), FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; or
- 2. The FAA Regional Office of the region in which the affected airport is located.

By Subscription—Copies of all SIAPs, mailed once every 2 weeks, are for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul J. Best, Flight Procedures Standards Branch (AFS–420), Technical Programs Division, Flight Standards Service, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone (202) 267–8277.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This** amendment to part 97 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 97) establishes, amends, suspends, or revokes Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs). The complete regulatory description of each SIAP is contained in official FAA form documents which are incorporated by reference in this amendment under 5 U.S.C. 552(a), 1 CFR part 51, and § 97.20 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR). The applicable FAA forms are identified as FAA Form 8260-5. Materials incorporated by reference are available for examination or purchase as stated above.