requirements with respect to at least one contention will not be permitted to

participate as a party.

Those permitted to intervene become parties to the proceeding, subject to any limitations in the order granting leave to intervene, and have the opportunity to participate fully in the conduct of the hearing, including the opportunity to present evidence and cross-examine witnesses.

If a hearing is requested, the Commission will make a final determination on the issue of no significant hazards consideration. The final determination will serve to decide when the hearing is held.

If the final determination is that the amendment request involves no significant hazards consideration, the Commission may issue the amendment and make it immediately effective, notwithstanding the request for a hearing. Any hearing held would take place after issuance of the amendment.

If the final determination is that the amendment request involves a significant hazards consideration, any hearing held would take place before the issuance of any amendment.

A request for a hearing or a petition for leave to intervene must be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001, Attention: Docketing and Services Branch, or may be delivered to the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, by the above date. Where petitions are filed during the last 10 days of the notice period, it is requested that the petitioner promptly so inform the Commission by a toll-free telephone call to Western Union at 1-(800) 248-5100 (in Missouri 1-(800) 342-6700). The Western Union operator should be given Datagram Identification Number N1023 and the following message addressed to William H. Bateman, Director, Project Directorate IV-2: petitioner's name and telephone number, date petition was mailed, plant name, and publication date and page number of this Federal Register notice. A copy of the petition should also be sent to the Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, and to Perry D. Robinson, Winston & Strawn, 1400 L Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20005–3502, attorney for the licensee.

Nontimely filings of petitions for leave to intervene, amended petitions, supplemental petitions and/or requests for hearing will not be entertained absent a determination by the Commission, the presiding officer or the presiding Atomic Safety and Licensing Board that the petition and/or request should be granted based upon a balancing of the factors specified in 10 CFR 2.714(a)(1)(i)–(v) and 2.714(d).

For further details with respect to this action, see the application for amendment dated August 23, 1996, which is available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, and at the local public document room located at the W. Dale Clark Library, 215 South 15th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68102.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 26th day of August 1996.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. L. Raynard Wharton,

Project Manager, Project Directorate IV-2, Division of Reactor Projects III/IV, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

[FR Doc. 96–22342 Filed 8–29–96; 8:45 am]

## [Docket Nos. 50-277 and 50-278]

Peco Energy Company; Notice of Consideration of Issuance of Amendment to Facility Operating License, Proposed No Significant Hazards Consideration Determination, and Opportunity for a Hearing

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) is considering issuance of an amendment to Facility Operating License Nos. DPR– 44 and DPR–56 issued to PECO Energy Company (the licensee) for operation of the Peach Bottom Atomic Power Station (PBAPS), Units 2 and 3, located in York County, Pennsylvania.

The proposed amendment would revise the safety limit minimum critical power ratios (SLMCPRs) to support use of GE–13 fuel at PBAPS, Units 2 and 3.

Before issuance of the proposed license amendment, the Commission will have made findings required by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act) and the Commission's regulations.

The Commission has made a proposed determination that the amendment request involves no significant hazards consideration. Under the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR 50.92, this means that operation of the facility in accordance with the proposed amendment would not (1) involve a significant increase in the probability or consequences of an accident previously evaluated; or (2) create the possibility of a new or different kind of accident from any accident previously evaluated; or (3) involve a significant reduction in a margin of safety. As required by 10 CFR 50.91(a), the licensee has provided its

analysis of the issue of no significant hazards consideration, which is presented below:

(1) The proposed TS [technical specification] changes do not involve a significant increase in the probability or consequences of an accident previously evaluated.

The derivation of the cycle-specific SLMCPRs for incorporation into the TS, and its use to determine cycle-specific thermal limits, have been performed using USNRC [U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission]-approved methods as discussed in "General Electric Standard Application for Reactor Fuel," NEDE-24011-P-A-11, and U.S. Supplement, NEDE-24011-P-A-11-US, November 17, 1995 and interim (reconfirmation) implementing procedures. This change in SLMCPRs cannot increase the probability or severity of an accident.

The basis of the SLMCPRs calculation is to ensure that greater than 99.9% of all fuel rods in the core avoid boiling transition if the limit is not violated. The new SLMCPRs preserve the existing margin to transition boiling and fuel damage in the event of a postulated accident. The fuel licensing acceptance criteria for the SLMCPR calculation apply to PBAPS, Unit 2, Cycle 12 in the same manner as they have applied previously. The probability of fuel damage is not increased. Therefore, the proposed TS changes do not involve an increase in the probability or consequences of an accident previously evaluated.

(2) The proposed TS changes do not create the possibility of a new or different kind of accident from any accident previously evaluated. The SLMCPR is a TS numerical value, designed to ensure that transition boiling does not occur in 99.9% of all fuel rods in the core during the limiting postulated accident. It cannot create the possibility of any new type of accident. The new SLMCPRs are calculated using USNRCapproved methods ("General Electric Standard Application for Reactor Fuel," NEDE-24011-P-A-11, and U.S. Supplement, NEDE-24011-P-A-11-US, November 17, 1995) and interim (reconfirmation) implementing procedures.

(3) The proposed TS changes do not involve a significant reduction in a margin of safety.

The margin of safety as defined in the TS Bases will remain the same. The new SLMCPRs are calculated using USNRC-approved methods ("General Electric Standard Application for Reactor Fuel," NEDE-24011-P-A-11, and U.S. Supplement, NEDE-24011-P-A-11-US, November 17, 1996) and interim (reconfirmation) implementing procedures which are in accordance with the current fuel licensing criteria.

The SLMCPRs remain sufficient to ensure that greater than 99.9% of all fuel rods in the core will avoid boiling transition if the limit is not violated, thereby preserving the fuel cladding integrity. Therefore, the proposed TS changes do not involve a reduction in a margin of safety.

The NRC staff has reviewed the licensee's analysis and, based on this

review, it appears that the three standards of 10 CFR 50.92(c) are satisfied. Therefore, the NRC staff proposes to determine that the amendment request involves no significant hazards consideration.

The Commission is seeking public comments on this proposed determination. Any comments received within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice will be considered in making any final determination.

Normally, the Commission will not issue the amendment until the expiration of the 30-day notice period. However, should circumstances change during the notice period such that failure to act in a timely way would result, for example, in derating or shutdown of the facility, the Commission may issue the license amendment before the expiration of the 30-day notice period, provided that its final determination is that the amendment involves no significant hazards consideration. The final determination will consider all public and State comments received. Should the Commission take this action, it will publish in the Federal Register a notice of issuance and provide for opportunity for a hearing after issuance. The Commission expects that the need to take this action will occur very infrequently.

Written comments may be submitted by mail to the Chief, Rules Review and Directives Branch, Division of Freedom of Information and Publications Services, Office of Administration, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, and should cite the publication date and page number of this Federal Register notice. Written comments may also be delivered to Room 6D22, Two White Flint North, 11545 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland, from 7:30 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. Federal workdays. Copies of written comments received may be examined at the NRC Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC.

The filing of requests for hearing and petitions for leave to intervene is discussed below.

By September 30, 1996, the licensee may file a request for a hearing with respect to issuance of the amendment to the subject facility operating license and any person whose interest may be affected by this proceeding and who wishes to participate as a party in the proceeding must file a written request for a hearing and a petition for leave to intervene. Requests for a hearing and a petition for leave to intervene shall be filed in accordance with the

Commission's "Rules of Practice for Domestic Licensing Proceedings" in 10 CFR Part 2. Interested persons should consult a current copy of 10 CFR 2.714 which is available at the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, and at the local public document room located at the Government Publications Section, State Library of Pennsylvania, (Regional Depository) Education Building, Walnut Street and Commonwealth Avenue, Box 1601, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105. If a request for a hearing or petition for leave to intervene is filed by the above date, the Commission or an Atomic Safety and Licensing Board, designated by the Commission or by the Chairman of the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, will rule on the request and/or petition; and the Secretary or the designated Atomic Safety and Licensing Board will issue a notice of hearing or an appropriate order.

As required by 10 CFR 2.714, a petition for leave to intervene shall set forth with particularity the interest of the petitioner in the proceeding, and how that interest may be affected by the results of the proceeding. The petition should specifically explain the reasons why intervention should be permitted with particular reference to the following factors: (1) The nature of the petitioner's right under the Act to be made party to the proceeding; (2) the nature and extent of the petitioner's property, financial, or other interest in the proceeding; and (3) the possible effect of any order which may be entered in the proceeding on the petitioner's interest. The petition should also identify the specific aspect(s) of the subject matter of the proceeding as to which petitioner wishes to intervene. Any person who has filed a petition for leave to intervene or who has been admitted as a party may amend the petition without requesting leave of the Board up to 15 days prior to the first prehearing conference scheduled in the proceeding, but such an amended petition must satisfy the specificity requirements described above.

Not later than 15 days prior to the first prehearing conference scheduled in the proceeding, a petitioner shall file a supplement to the petition to intervene which must include a list of the contentions which are sought to be litigated in the matter. Each contention must consist of a specific statement of the issue of law or fact to be raised or controverted. In addition, the petitioner shall provide a brief explanation of the bases of the contention and a concise statement of the alleged facts or expert opinion which support the contention

and on which the petitioner intends to rely in proving the contention at the hearing. The petitioner must also provide references to those specific sources and documents of which the petitioner is aware and on which the petitioner intends to rely to establish those facts or expert opinion. Petitioner must provide sufficient information to show that a genuine dispute exists with the applicant on a material issue of law or fact. Contentions shall be limited to matters within the scope of the amendment under consideration. The contention must be one which, if proven, would entitle the petitioner to relief. A petitioner who fails to file such a supplement which satisfies these requirements with respect to at least one contention will not be permitted to participate as a party.

Those permitted to intervene become parties to the proceeding, subject to any limitations in the order granting leave to intervene, and have the opportunity to participate fully in the conduct of the hearing, including the opportunity to present evidence and cross-examine witnesses.

If a hearing is requested, the Commission will make a final determination on the issue of no significant hazards consideration. The final determination will serve to decide when the hearing is held.

If the final determination is that the amendment request involves no significant hazards consideration, the Commission may issue the amendment and make it immediately effective, notwithstanding the request for a hearing. Any hearing held would take place after issuance of the amendment.

If the final determination is that the amendment request involves a significant hazards consideration, any hearing held would take place before the issuance of any amendment.

A request for a hearing or a petition for leave to intervene must be filed with the Secretary of the Commission, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001, Attention: Docketing and Services Branch, or may be delivered to the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, by the above date. Where petitions are filed during the last 10 days of the notice period, it is requested that the petitioner promptly so inform the Commission by a toll-free telephone call to Western Union at 1-(800) 248-5100 (in Missouri 1-(800) 342-6700). The Western Union operator should be given Datagram Identification Number N1023 and the following message addressed to John F. Stolz: petitioner's name and telephone number, date petition was mailed, plant

name, and publication date and page number of this Federal Register notice. A copy of the petition should also be sent to the Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555– 0001, and to J. W. Durham, Sr., Esquire, Sr. V.P. and General Counsel, PECO Energy Company, 2301 Market Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101, attorney for the licensee.

Nontimely filings of petitions for leave to intervene, amended petitions, supplemental petitions and/or requests for hearing will not be entertained absent a determination by the Commission, the presiding officer or the presiding Atomic Safety and Licensing Board that the petition and/or request should be granted based upon a balancing of the factors specified in 10 CFR 2.714(a)(1) (i)–(v) and 2.714(d).

For further details with respect to this action, see the application for amendment dated March 25, 1996, as supplemented by letter dated August 23, 1996, which is available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, and at the local public document room located at the Government Publications Section, State Library of Pennsylvania, (Regional Depository) Education Building, Walnut Street and Commonwealth Avenue, Box 1601, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 27th day of August 1996.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Joseph W. Shea,

Project Manager, Project Directorate I-2 Division of Reactor Projects—I/II, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

[FR Doc. 96–22343 Filed 8–29–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 35-26558]

## Filings Under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, as Amended ("Act")

August 23, 1996.

Notice is hereby given that the following filing(s) has/have been made with the Commission pursuant to provisions of the Act and rules promulgated thereunder. All interested persons are referred to the application(s) and/or declaration(s) for complete statements of the proposed transaction(s) summarized below. The application(s) and/or declaration(s) and any amendments thereto is/are available

for public inspection through the Commission's Office of Public Reference.

Interested persons wishing to comment or request a hearing on the application(s) and/or declaration(s) should submit their views in writing by September 16, 1996, to the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549, and serve a copy on the relevant applicant(s) and/or declarant(s) at the address(es) specified below. Proof of service (by affidavit or, in case of an attorney at law, by certificate) should be filed with the request. Any request for hearing shall identify specifically the issues of fact or law that are disputed. A person who so requests will be notified of any hearing, if ordered, and will receive a copy of any notice or order issued in the matter. After said date, the application(s) and/ or declaration(s), as filed or as amended, may be granted and/or permitted to become effective.

EUA Cogenex Corporation, et al. (70–8879)

EUA Cogenex Corporation ("Cogenex") and EUA Cogenex-Canada, Inc. ("Cogenex-Canada") (collectively, "Applicants"), both of P.O. Box 2333, Boston, Massachusetts 02107, and both wholly-owned subsidiary companies of Eastern Utilities Associates, a registered holding company, have filed an application-declaration under sections 9(a), 10, 12(b) and 13 of the Act and rules 45, 54, 90 and 91 thereunder.

Applicants propose: (i) for Cogenex-Canada to form and fund a wholly owned subsidiary ("Newco") which will enter into a general partnership with Monenco Agra, Inc. ("MA"), a nonassociate Canadian business corporation, for the purpose of providing energy conservation services to industrial sector customers in Canada ("Territory"); (ii) for Newco to form and fund a general partnership with MA ("JV ESCO"); (iii) for the Applicants to guarantee third-party obligations of Newco and the JV ESCO in an aggregate amount, together with other investments in Newco, not exceeding \$15 million; and (iv) for Cogenex-Canada and its associate companies (other than an associate company which is a public utility company) to furnish goods and services to JV ESCO.

Cogenex-Canada proposes to form JV ESCO as a Canadian general partnership. Cogenex-Canada and MA will each own a 50% general partnership interest in JV ESCO and share equally in the capital contributions, allocation of profits and losses and distributions of JV ESCO. JV ESCO will be governed by a

management committee comprised of one representative of each partner. Cogenex-Canada and MA will make capital contributions in an amount initially expected to be approximately \$1,000 each, which will be used by JV ESCO for working capital purposes. Cogenex-Canada and MA will subcontract personnel to JV ESCO at cost as needed until such time, if any, as JV ESCO employs its own personnel.

Cogenex-Canada and MA entered into a letter agreement ("Letter Agreement") dated January 11, 1996 in which they agreed to perform initial marketing, sales, auditing, bidding, job procurement and performance activities in preparation of forming JV ESCO and to develop a long-term business plan for JV ESCO. The term of the Letter Agreement is one year ("Interim Period"), unless terminated sooner by: (i) the formation of JV ESCO; (ii) the decision of one or both of Cogenex-Canada and MA; (iii) the bankruptcy or insolvency of either party; or (iv) failure to obtain the necessary corporate and regulatory approvals. Cogenex-Canada and MA will assign all contracts and business opportunities obtained during the Interim Period within the Territory at cost to JV ESCO. The Applicants and MA will also be reimbursed by JV ESCO for their expenses incurred during the Interim Period but not previously reimbursed, except for products and services provided by affiliates of the Applicants and MA, which will be reimbursed at standard market rates.

Cogenex-Canada will purchase stock from, and make capital contributions, loans and open account advances to, Newco ("Investments"). Such issuance and sale of securities, capital contributions, loans and open account advances will be exempt from the requirement of Commission authorization pursuant to rules 45 and 52. In addition, Applicants state that JV ESCO may borrow from third party lenders through loans exempt from the requirement of Commission authorization by rule 52(b). Cogenex-Canada and Cogenex propose to guarantee obligations of Newco and JV ESCO in an aggregate amount that, together with the Investments, will not exceed \$15 million.

The Applicants request that any goods or services furnished by Cogenex-Canada or any of its associate companies (other than an associate company that is a public utility company) to the JV ESCO be furnished at prices that will not exceed (i) cost to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Applicants state that capital contributions to JV ESCO will be exempt from the requirement of Commission authorization pursuant to rule 45(b)(4).