private individuals who represent different interests and advise BLM officials on policies and programs concerning the management of 10 million acres of public land in southern California. The Council meets in formal session three to four times each year in various locations throughout the California Desert District.

Section 309 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) directs the Secretary of the Interior to involve the public in planning and issues related to management of BLM administered lands. The Secretary also selects council nominees consistent with the requirements of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA), which requires nominees appointed to the council be balanced and representative of the various interests concerned with the management of the public lands.

The five positions to be filled include:

- one transportation/right-of-way representative;
- -one recreation representative;
- the elected official (county government) representative;
- —two public-at-large representatives.

Council members serve three-year terms and may be nominated for reappointment for an additional three-year term. Council members serve without compensation except for reimbursement of travel expenditures incurred in the course of their duties. Any group or individual may nominate a qualified person for any position, based upon their education, training, knowledge, or experience. This term would begin January 1, 1997.

The Council also is balanced geographically, and BLM will try to find qualified representatives from each area. The California Desert District covers portions of eight counties, and includes 10 million acres of public land in the California Desert Conservation Area and 300,000 acres of scattered parcels in San Diego, western Riverside, western San Bernardino, Orange, and Los Angeles Counties (known as the South Coast).

Nominations must be submitted to the District Manager by August 31, 1996, and must include the name of the nominee; work and home addresses and telephone numbers; a biographical sketch that includes the nominee's work, public service record, and applicable outside interests that qualify him or her for the position; and the specific category of interest in which the nominee is best qualified to offer advice and council.

Individuals may nominate themselves or others. Nominees will be evaluated based on their education, training, experience of the issues, and knowledge of the geographical area of the Council. All nominations must be accompanied by letters of reference from represented interests or organizations.

The nomination period will end August 31, 1996. Nominations for the District Advisory Council should be sent to the District Manager, California Desert District, 6221 Box Springs Boulevard, Riverside, California 92507. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Doran Sanchez, Bureau of Land Management, Public Affairs, (909) 697–5215

Dated: July 26, 1996. Alan Stein, Acting District Manager. [FR Doc. 96–19561 Filed 7–31–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–JB–M

Minerals Management Service

Outer Continental Shelf, Central Gulf of Mexico, Oil and Gas Lease Sales 169, 172, 175, 178, and 182

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service (MMS), Interior.

ACTION: Call for Information and Nominations, and Notice of Intent (Call/NOI) to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS).

Call for Information and Nominations

1. Authority

This Call is published pursuant to the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) Lands Act as amended (43 U.S.C. 1331–1356, (1994)) (OCSLA), and the regulations issued thereunder (30 CFR Part 256).

2. Purpose of Call

The purpose of the Call is to gather information for the following tentatively scheduled Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) Lease Sales in the Central Gulf of Mexico (CGOM):

Sale No.	Tentative sale date
169	March, 1998. March, 1999. March, 2000. March, 2001. March, 2002.

Information and nominations on oil and gas leasing, exploration, and development and production within the CGOM are sought from all interested parties. This early planning and consultation step is important for ensuring that all interests and concerns are communicated to the Department of the Interior for future decisions in the leasing process pursuant to the OCSLA, and regulations at 30 CFR part 256.

Please note this is the first issuance of a multi-sale Call by MMS and the first Call in the Proposed 1997–2002 5-Year Program. Responses are requested relative to all sales included herein. The MMS has modified its prelease planning and decision process for proposed Central and Western Gulf lease sales. This multi-sale process is based on over a dozen years of leasing at an annual pace which have shown that the sale proposals in the CGOM (and the WGOM) are very similar from year to year. The multi-sale process in the Central Gulf will incorporate planning and analysis for 5 sales: sales 169, 172, 175, 178, and 182. From the initial step in the process (the Call for Information and Nominations) through the final EIS/ Consistency Determination (CD) step, this process will cover multiple sale proposals. There will also be complete NEPA, OCSLA, and CZMA coverage for each sale after the first sale—either an Environmental Assessment (EA) or Supplemental EIS and a CD, focusing primarily on new issues or changes in a State's Federally-approved coastal management plan, will be prepared for each subsequent sale. A proposed and final Notice of Sale will be prepared for each proposed sale. (The multi-sale process in the Western Gulf will incorporate planning and analysis for 4 sales: sales 171, 174, 177, and 180. A Call for that multi-sale process is expected to be issued later this year.)

This Call does not indicate a preliminary decision to lease in the area described below. Final delineation of the area for possible leasing will be made at a later date and in compliance with applicable laws including all requirements of the NEPA and OCSLA. Establish departmentall procedures will be employed.

3. Description of Area

The general area of this Call covers the entire CGOM. The CGOM is bounded on the east by approximately 88 degrees W. longitude. Its western boundary begins at the offshore boundary between Texas and Louisiana and proceeds southeasterly to approximately 28 degrees N. latitude, thence east to approximately 92 degrees W. longitude, thence sough to the provisional maritime boundary with Mexico which constitutes the southern boundary of the area. The northern part of the area is bounded by the Federal-State boundary offshore Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama. The area available for nominations and comments at this time consists of approximately 47.8 million acres.

A standard Call for Information Map depicting the CGOM on a block-by-

block basis is available without charge from: Minerals Management Service, Public Information Unit (MS 5034), 1201 Elmwood Park Boulevard, New Orleans, Louisiana 70123-2394, Telephone: 1-800-200-GULF.

4. Area Excluded from this Call. The entire CGOM is proposed for possible leasing and no areas are excluded from this Call.

5. Instructions on Call

Indications of interest and comments must be received no later than 45 days following publication of this document in the Federal Register in envelopes labeled "Nominations for Proposed 1998-2002 Lease Sales in the Central Gulf of Mexico" or "Comments on the Call for Information and Nominations for Proposed 1998-2002 Lease Sales in the Central Gulf of Mexico." The standard Call for Information Map and indications of interest and/or comments must be submitted to the Regional Supervisor, Leasing and Environment, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, at the above

The standard Call for Information Map delineates the Call area, all of which has been identified by the MMS as having potential for the discovery of accumulations of oil and gas. Respondents are requested to indicate interest in and comment on any or all of the Federal acreage within the boundaries of the Call area that they wish to have included in each of the proposed sales in the CGOM.

Although individual indications of interest are considered to be privileged and proprietary information, the names of persons or entities indicating interest or submitting comments will be of public record. Those indicating such interest are required to do so on the standard Call for Information Map by outlining the areas of interest along

block lines.

Respondents should rank areas in which they have expressed interest according to priority of their interest (e.g., priority 1 [high], 2 [medium], or 3 [low]). Respondents are encouraged to be specific in indicating blocks by priority, as blanket nominations on large areas are not useful in the analysis of industry interest. Areas where interest has been indicated but on which respondents have not indicated priorities will be considered priority 3

Respondents may also submit a detailed list of blocks nominated (by Official Protraction Diagram and Leasing Map designations) to ensure correct interpretation of their nominations. Specific questions may be directed to the Chief, Leasing Activities

Section at (504) 736-2761. Official Protraction Diagrams and Leasing Maps can be purchased from the Public Information Unit referred to above.

Comments are sought from all interested parties about particular geological, environmental, biological, archaeological and socioeconomic conditions or conflicts, or other information that might bear upon the potential leasing and development of particular areas. Comments are also sought on possible conflicts between future OCS oil and gas activities that may result from the proposed sales and State Coastal Management Programs (CMP's). If possible, these comments should identify specific CMP policies of concern, the nature of the conflict foreseen, and steps that the MMS could take to avoid or mitigate the potential conflict. Comments may either be in terms of broad areas or restricted to particular blocks of concern. Those submitting comments are requested to list block numbers or outline the subject area on the standard Call for Information Map.

6. Use of Information From Call

Information submitted in response to this Call will be used for several purposes. First, responses will be used to identify the areas of potential for oil and gas development. Second, comments on possible environmental effects and potential use conflicts will be used in the analysis of environmental conditions in and near the Call area. This information will be used to make a preliminary determination of the potential advantages and disadvantages of oil and gas exploration and development to the region and the Nation. A third purpose for this Call is to use the comments collected in the scoping process for the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and to develop proposed actions and alternatives. Fourth, comments may be used in developing lease terms and conditions to ensure safe offshore operations. And, fifth, comments may be used to assess potential conflicts between offshore gas and oil activities and a State CMP.

7. Existing Information

The MMS routinely assesses the status of information acquisition efforts and the quality of the information base for potential decisions on tentatively scheduled lease sales. As a result of this continually ongoing assessment, it has been determined that the status of the existing data available for planning, analysis, and decisionmaking is adequate and extensive.

An extensive environmental studies program has been underway in the

CGOM since 1973. The emphasis, including continuing studies, has been on environmental characterization of biologically sensitive habitats, physical oceanography, ocean-circulation modeling, and ecological effects of oil and gas activities. A complete listing of available study reports, and information for ordering copies, can be obtained from the Public Information Unit referenced above. The reports may also be ordered, for a fee, from the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161, or telephone (703) 487-4650. In addition, a program status report for continuing studies in this area can be obtained from the Chief, Environmental Studies Section, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region (see address under "Description of Area"), or telephone (540) 736-2896.

Summary Reports and Indices and technical and geological reports are available for review at the MMS, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region. Copies of the Gulf of Mexico OCS Regional Summary Reports may be obtained from the Technical Communication Service, Minerals Management Service, at 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 20170, phone: (703) 787-1080.

8. Tentative Schedule

The following is a list of tentative milestone dates applicable to sales covered by this Call:

		Multi-sale proc- ess milestones for proposed 1998–2002 CGOM sales	
Call/NOI Published		July 1996. September 1996.	
Area Identification		September 1996. June 1997. July 1997. November 1997.	
	Sale-specific process milestones for pro- posed 1998–2002 CGOM sales		
Request for Information to Begin Sale- Specific Process.		months before ach sale.	
Environmental Review (EA/FONSI/SEIS) published.	4 to 7 months before each sale.		
Proposed Notice and Consistency Determination.	4 months before each sale.		
Final Notice of Sale		onth before each ale.	
Tentative Sale Date	March of each year.		

Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement

1. Authority

The NOI is published pursuant to the regulations (40 CFR 1501.7) implementing the provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 as amended (42 USC 4321 et seq. (1988))(NEPA).

2. Purpose of Notice of Intent

Pursuant to the regulations implementing the procedural provisions of the NEPA, the MMS is announcing its intent to prepare a multi-sale EIS on the tentatively scheduled 1998-2002 oil and gas leasing proposals in the CGOM, off the States of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama. The NOI also serves to announce the scoping process that will be followed for this EIS. Throughout the scoping process, Federal Agencies and State and local governments and other interested parties have the opportunity to aid the MMS in determining the significant issues and alternatives to be analyzed in the EIS.

The EIS analysis will focus on the potential environmental effects of leasing, exploration, and development of the blocks included in the areas defined in the Area Identification procedure as the proposed areas of the Federal actions. Alternatives to the proposals which may be considered for each sale are to delay the sale, cancel the sale, or modify the sale.

3. New EIS procedure

MMS is proposing to prepare a single EIS for all five CGOM sales in the proposed 1998–2002 period. The resource estimates and scenario information on which the EIS analyses are based will be presented as a range of resources and activities that would encompass any of the five proposed sales in the CGOM.

The proposal will provide several benefits. It will focus the NEPA process by making impact types and levels that change between sales more easily recognizable. New issues will be more easily highlighted for the decisionmakers and public. For sales after 1998, the process will allow for presale planning that spans only one year, rather than the current two-year process which causes confusion because of the overlap in planning for sales in successive years and makes it difficult for the decisionmaker, industry, and the public to keep track of which sale process is being referred to for any given decision point. It will also eliminate the repetitive issuance of a complete EIS for each sale, a practice that has resulted in

"review burnout" in Federal, State, and local governments, and the public.

The proposed actions analyzed in the EIS will be each of the sales on the 5year schedule for the central Gulf of Mexico planning area. The EIS will include an analysis of the environmental effects of holding one sale, a sale "typical" of any in the planning area, which may be held in the remainder of the 5-year program. The scenario will cover a range of resources and activities that will encompass any of the four follow-up proposed actions. Later sales can then be compared to the initial analysis in an environmental assessment or supplemental environmental impact statement. Formal consultation with the public will be initiated in subsequent years to obtain input to assist in the determination of whether or not the information and analyses in the original multisale EIS are still valid. An Information Request would be issued that will specifically describe the action for which we are requesting input.

4. Instructions on NOI to Prepare an EIS

Federal Agencies and State and local governments and other interested parties are requested to send their written comments on the scope of the EIS, significant issues which should be addressed, and alternatives that should be considered to the Regional Supervisor, Leasing and Environment, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, at the address stated under "Description of Area." Comments should be enclosed in an envelope labeled "Comments on the NOI to Prepare an EIS on the proposed 1998-2002 Lease Sales in the Central Gulf of Mexico." Comments on the NOI should be submitted no later than 45 days from publication of this Notice. Scoping meetings will be held in appropriate locations to obtain additional comments and information regarding the scope of the EIS.

Dated: July 26, 1996. Cynthia Quarterman, *Director, Minerals Management Service.* [FR Doc. 96–19547 Filed 7–31–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–MR–M

National Park Service

Comprehensive Management and Use Plan, Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail, California and Arizona; Notice of Availability of Final Environmental Impact Statement

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 102 (2) (C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (Pub. L. 91–190 as amended), the National Park Service,

Department of the Interior, has prepared a final environmental impact statement (FEIS) assessing the potential impacts of the proposed Comprehensive Management and Use Plan for the Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail, a 1200-mile trail in California and Arizona.

The proposal (alternative D), which is the National Park Service's comprehensive management and use plan for the trail, calls for marking the historic route, identifies an auto route, and envisions a continuous multi-use recreational retracement trail. The National Park Service (NPS) will take an active role in administrative oversight of the trail by helping protect a trail rightof-way and historic, cultural, and natural resources associated with the trail. The NPS will certify eligible sites and segments and provide leadership of state, regional, and local governments, private landowners, organizations, corporations, and individuals to create a continuous and unified trail. The NPS will form partnerships with nonprofit groups supporting the Anza Trail. Interpretive programs and a system of wayside exhibits will enhance visitor opportunities along the route. A planned promotional and tourism program will increase visitor awareness of American Indian and Spanish colonial cultures and history related to the Anza expeditions to Alta (Upper) California.

The other alternatives include No Action (alternative AA), Single Theme (alternative A), Multi-theme (alternative B), and Broad Outreach (alternative C). Alternative AA represents what would happen if there were no national trail. Alternative A would limit trail recognition and resource protection to federal lands and state parks and focus interpretation on only the 1775-76 Anza trek. Trail uses would be limited to those of the original expedition. Management would emphasize volunteers, and the National Park Service would play a minor administrative role. Alternative B is similar to the proposal but would not include the promotional aspects. Alternative C is similar to the proposal, but would broaden the interpretive themes to the overlay of history along the trail route from prehistory to the present and would include points of interest associated with the trail corridor.

The environmental consequences of the proposed action and alternatives were addressed in the draft environmental impact statement (DEIS) and are presented with modifications in this FEIS. The public review period for the DEIS ended March 1, 1995.