\$60 per work hour. These actions include the implementation of the inspections, repairs, or replacements specified in the revisions to the SIP Document into an operator's maintenance program; as well as removal, inspection, and installation of structure. Based on these figures, the cost impact on U.S. operators relative to the new requirements of this AD is estimated to be \$365,160, or \$10,740 per airplane, the first year and annually thereafter.

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by removing amendment 39–8365 (57 FR 42693, September 16, 1992), and by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD), amendment 39–9675, to read as follows:

96–13–07 Fokker: Amendment 39–9675. Docket 95–NM–253–AD. Supersedes AD 92–19–07, Amendment 39–8365.

Applicability: All Model F27 Mark 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, and 700 series airplanes, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent reduced structural integrity of these airplanes, accomplish the following:

Note 2: Information collection requirements contained in this regulation have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) and have been assigned OMB Control Number 2120–0056.

(a) Within 6 months after October 21, 1992 (the effective date of AD 92-19-07, amendment 39-8365), incorporate into the FAA-approved maintenance program the inspections, inspection intervals, repairs, or replacements defined in Fokker Structural Integrity Program (SIP) Document 27438, Part 1, including revisions up through November 1, 1991; and inspect, repair, and replace, as applicable. The non-destructive inspection techniques referenced in the SIP Document provide acceptable methods for accomplishing the inspections required by this AD. If any cracking is detected, inspection results must be reported to Fokker in accordance with the instructions of the SIP

(b) Within 6 months after the effective date of this AD, incorporate into the FAA-approved maintenance program the inspections, inspection intervals, repairs, or replacements defined in Fokker SIP Product Support Document 27438, Part 1, including revisions up through August 1, 1995; and inspect, repair, and replace, as applicable. The non-destructive inspection techniques referenced in the SIP Document provide acceptable methods for accomplishing the inspections required by this AD. If any cracking is detected, inspection results must be reported to Fokker in accordance with the instructions of the SIP Document.

(c) Cracked structure detected during the inspections required by paragraph (a) or (b) of this AD must be repaired or replaced, prior to further flight, in accordance with the instructions in Fokker SIP Document 27438, Part 1, including revisions up through November 1, 1991; or Fokker SIP Product Support Document 27438, Part 1, including revisions up through August 1, 1995; respectively; or in accordance with other data meeting the certification basis of the airplane which is approved by the FAA or by the Rijksluchtvaartdienst (RLD).

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM-113.

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(f) Certain of the actions shall be done in accordance with Fokker SIP Document 27438, Part 1, including revisions up through November 1, 1991. The incorporation by reference of that document was approved previously by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51 as of October 21, 1992 (57 FR 42693). Certain other actions shall be done in accordance with Fokker SIP Product Support Document 27438, Part 1, including revisions up through August 1, 1995. The incorporation by reference of this document was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies of either document may be obtained from Fokker Aircraft USA, Inc., 1199 North Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22314. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(g) This amendment becomes effective on August 6, 1996.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on June 13, 1996.

James V. Devany,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 96–15600 Filed 7–2–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 95-AWP-38]

Establishment of Class D and E Airspace Areas; Saipan Island, CQ

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule establishes Class D and Class E airspace areas at the Saipan International Airport, Saipan Island, CQ (Northern Mariana Islands). Due to the commissioning of an air traffic control tower (ATCT) at the airport, Class D airspace is necessary to require pilots to establish two-way radio communication prior to entering the airspace. This action establishes a Class E airspace area at Saipan Island, CQ, to provide adequate controlled airspace for aircraft executing instrument approach operations at Saipan International Airport.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, October 10, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Patricia P. Crawford, Airspace and Rules Division, ATA–400, Office of Air Traffic Airspace Management, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On December 22, 1995, the FAA proposed to amend Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations part 71 (14 CFR part 71) to establish Class D and E airspace areas at Saipan Island, CQ (60 FR 66529). Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received. Except for editorial changes, this amendment is the same as that proposed in the notice. Class D and E airspace designations are published in paragraphs 5000 and 6004, respectively, of FAA Order 7400.9C dated August 17, 1995, and effective September 16, 1995, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class D and E airspace designations listed in this document will be published subsequently in this Order.

The Rule

This amendment to 14 CFR part 71 establishes Class D and E airspace areas at Saipan Island, CQ. Due to the commissioning of an ATCT at the airport, Class D airspace is necessary to require pilots to establish two-way radio communication prior to entering the

airspace. The FAA is establishing a Class E airspace area to provide adequate controlled airspace for aircraft executing instrument approach operations at Saipan International Airport.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Because these amendments involve, in part, the designation of navigable airspace outside the United States, the Administrator has consulted with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 10854.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389; 14 CFR 11.69.

§71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9C, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 17, 1995, and effective September 16, 1995, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 5000 Class D Airspace

AWP CQ D Saipan Island, CQ [New] Saipan International Airport, CQ (Lat. 15°07′08″N, long. 145°43′46″E) Saipan RBN

(Lat. 15°06′41″N, long. 145°42′37″E)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,500 feet MSL

within a 4.3-mile radius of Saipan International Airport. This Class D airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Airport/Facility Directory, Pacific Chart Supplement.

Paragraph 6004 Class E airspace areas

designated as an extension to a Class D surface area.

Saipan RBN

* * * * *

AWP CQ E4 Saipan Island, CQ [New] Saipan International Airport, CQ (Lat. 15°07′08″N, long. 145°43′46″E)

(Lat. 15°06'41"N, long. 145°42'37"E)

That airspace extending upward from the surface within a 4.3-mile radius of Saipan International Airport and within 2.6 miles each side of the Saipan RBN 264° bearing, extending from the 4.3-mile radius to 7.4 miles west of the Saipan RBN and within 1.8 miles each side of the Saipan RBN 248° radial, extending from the 4.3-mile radius to 7.4 miles west of the Saipan RBN and within 1.8 miles each side of the Saipan RBN 068° radial, extending from the 4.3-mile radius to 6.5 miles east of the Saipan International Airport. This Class E airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Airport/Facility Directory, Pacific Chart Supplement.

Issued in Washington, DC, on June 25,

Nancy B. Kalinowski,

Acting Program Director for Air Traffic Airspace Management.

[FR Doc. 96–17037 Filed 7–2–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 94-ASW-10]

Alteration of Jet Route J-66

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule alters Jet Route J–66 from the Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, Very High Frequency Omnidirectional Range/Tactical Air Navigation (VORTAC), via the Bonham, TX, VORTAC, to the Little Rock, AR, VORTAC. Altering J–66 enhances the flow of air traffic, simplifies routings in the northeast vicinity of the Dallas-Fort Worth metroplex area, and reduces controller and pilot workload.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, October 10, 1996.