Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, June 12, 1996. Jennifer J. Johnson, Deputy Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 96-15370 Filed 6-17-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

Notice of Proposals to Engage in Permissible Nonbanking Activities or to Acquire Companies that are **Engaged in Permissible Nonbanking** Activities

The companies listed in this notice have given notice under section 4 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1843) (BHC Act) and Regulation Y, (12 CFR part 225) to engage de novo, or to acquire or control voting securities or assets of a company that engages either directly or through a subsidiary or other company, in a nonbanking activity that is listed in § 225.25 of Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.25) or that the Board has determined by Order to be closely related to banking and permissible for bank holding companies. Unless otherwise noted, these activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Each notice is available for inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the notice has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the question whether the proposal complies with the standards of section 4 of the BHC Act, including whether consummation of the proposal can "reasonably be expected to produce benefits to the public, such as greater convenience, increased competition, or gains in efficiency, that outweigh possible adverse effects, such as undue concentration of resources, decreased or unfair competition, conflicts of interests, or unsound banking practices" (12 U.S.C. 1843). Any request for a hearing on this question must be accompanied by a statement of the reasons a written presentation would not suffice in lieu of a hearing, identifying specifically any questions of fact that are in dispute, summarizing the evidence that would be presented at a hearing, and indicating how the party commenting would be aggrieved by approval of the proposal.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding the applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than July 2, 1996.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia (Michael E. Collins, Senior Vice President) 100 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19105:

1. Keystone Financial Inc., Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; to engage de novo through its subsidiary, Martindale Andres & Company, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania, in the provision of investment advisory services to a mutual fund, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(4)(ii) of the Board's Regulation Y.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Zane R. Kelley, Vice President) 104 Marietta Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia

1. Synovus Bancshares, Inc., and TB&C Bancshares, Inc., both of Columbus, Georgia, to acquire Canterbury Trust Company, Birmingham, Alabama, and thereby engage in the provision of trust services, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(3) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Č. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63166:

1. Clay Bancshares, Inc., Flora, Illinois; to engage de novo through its subsidiary, Clay Finance Co., Inc., Flora, Illinois, in consumer finance activities, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(1) of the Board's Regulation Y, and to act as agent for insurance directly related to extensions of credit, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(8)(ii) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, June 12, 1996. Jennifer J. Johnson. Deputy Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 96-15368 Filed 6-17-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210-91-F

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND **HUMAN SERVICES**

Administration for Children and **Families**

[Program Announcement No. CB-96-1]

Abandoned Infants Assistance and Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nursuries Programs; Availability of Financial Assistance and Requests for **Applications**

AGENCY: Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF), Administration for Children and Families (ACF), Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) **ACTION:** Announcement of the availability of financial assistance and request for applications to support demonstration projects under the Abandoned Infants Assistance Act, as amended, Pub. L. 102-236 (42 U.S.C. 670 note) and the Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Act of 1986, as amended, Pub. L. 102–295 (42 U.S.C. 5117a, 5117b, 5117c).

SUMMARY: The Children's Bureau (CB) within the Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF). Administration for Children and Families (ACF) announces the availability of fiscal year 1996 funds for competing new discretionary grants under the Abandoned Infants Assistance (AIA) Program and the Temporary Child Care for Children with Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries (RC/CN) Program.

Funds from the AIA Program are designed to provide community-based, comprehensive services to abandoned infants and infants at risk of abandonment and their families.

Funds from the RC/CN Program are designed to support demonstration projects to provide temporary child care for children with disabilities and children with chronic illnesses and crisis nurseries for abuse and neglected children and children at risk of abuse and neglect.

This announcement contains forms and instructions for submitting an application.

The closing date and time for RECEIPT of applications is 4:30 p.m., eastern time zone, on August 19, 1996. Applications MUST BE RECEIVED BY 4:30 p.m. on that day. Applications received after 4:30 p.m. on that day will be classified as late. Postmarks and other similar documents DO NOT establish receipt of an application. Detailed application submission instructions including the addresses where applications must be received are found in Part III of this announcement. **ADDRESSES:** Mail applications to: Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Division of Discretionary Grants, 370 L'Enfant Promenade, SW., 6th Floor, Washington, DC 20447, ATTN: (Reference announcement number and priority area.)

Hand deliver applications during the normal working hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, on or prior to the established closing date to: Administration for Children and Families, Division of Discretionary Grants, 6th Floor, ACF Guard Station, 901 D Street, SW., Washington, DC 20447, ATTN:

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The ACYF Operations Center, Technical Assistance Team at 1–800–351–2293, is available to answer questions regarding application requirements and to refer you to the appropriate contact person in ACYF for programmatic questions.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This program announcement consists of three parts. Part I provides information on the Children's Bureau and general information on the application procedures. Part II describes the review process, additional requirements for the grant applications, the criteria for the review and evaluation of applications, and the programmatic priorities for which applications are being requested. Part III provides information and instructions for the development and submission of applications.

The forms to be used for submitting an application follow Part III. Please copy as single-sided forms and use in submitting an application under this announcement. No additional application materials are available or needed to submit an application.

Applicants should note that grants to be awarded under this program announcement are subject to the availability of funds.

Part I—General Information

A. Background

The Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF) administers national programs for children and youth, works with States and local communities to develop services which support and strengthen family life, seeks out joint ventures with the private sector to enhance the lives of children and their families, and provides information and other assistance to parents.

The concerns of ACYF extend to all children from birth through adolescence. Many of the programs administered by the agency focus on children from low-income families; children and youth in need of foster care, adoption or other child welfare services; preschool children; children with disabilities; abused and neglected children; runaway and homeless youth; and children from American Indian and migrant families.

Within ACYF, the Children's Bureau plans, manages, coordinates and supports child welfare services programs. It administers the Foster Care and Adoption Assistance Program, the Child Welfare Services State Grants Program, the Child Welfare Services Research, Demonstration and Training Programs, the Independent Living Initiatives Program, the Adoption Opportunities Program, the Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Program, the Abandoned Infants Assistance Program, the Child Care and Development Block Grant Program, the State Dependent Care Planning and

Development Program and the Family Preservation and Family Support Program.

The Children's Bureau programs are designed to promote the welfare of all children, including disabled, homeless, dependent, abused or neglected children and their families. The programs aid in preventing and remedying the neglect, abuse and exploitation of children. The programs also encourage the strengthening of the family unit to help alleviate the unnecessary separation of children from their families and reunify families, where possible, when separation has occurred.

B. Statutory Authorities Covered Under This Announcement

The Abandoned Infants Assistance Act of 1988, as amended, Public Law 102–236, 42 U.S.C. 670, CFDA: 93.551.

Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Act of 1986, as amended, Public Law 102–295, 42 U.S.C. 5117a, 5117b, 5117c. CFDA: 93–656.

Part II. The Review Process and Priority Areas

A. Eligible Applicants

Each priority area description contains information about the types of agencies and organizations which are eligible to apply under that priority area. Because eligibility varies depending on statutory provisions, it is critical that the "Eligible Applicants" section of each priority area be reviewed carefully.

Before review, each application will be screened for applicant organization eligibility as specified under the selected priority area. Applicants from ineligible organizations will not be considered or reviewed in the competition, and the applicants will be so informed.

Only agencies and organizations, not individuals, are eligible to apply under this Announcement. All applications developed jointly by more than one agency or organization, must identify only one lead organization and official applicant. Participating agencies and organizations can be included as coparticipants, subgrantees or subcontractors. For-profit organizations are eligible to participate as subgrantees or subcontractors with eligible non-profit organizations under all priority areas.

Any non-profit organization submitting an application must submit proof of its non-profit status in its application at the time of submission. The non-profit agency can accomplish

this by providing a copy of the applicant's listing in the Internal Revenue Service's (IRS) most recent list of tax-exempt organizations described in Section 501(c)(3) of the IRS code *or* by providing a copy of the current valid IRS tax exemption certification, *or* by providing a copy of the articles of incorporation bearing the seal of the State in which the corporation or association is domiciled.

B. Review Process and Funding Decisions

Timely applications received by the deadline date which are from eligible applicants will be reviewed and scored competitively. Experts in the field, generally persons outside the Federal government, will use the appropriate evaluation criteria listed later in this section to review and score the applications. The results of this review are a primary factor in making funding decisions.

The ACYF reserves the option of discussing applications with, or referring them to, other Federal or non-Federal funding sources when this is in the best interest of the Federal government or the applicants. ACYF may also solicit comments from ACF Regional Office staff, other Federal agencies, interested foundations, national organizations, specialists, experts, States and the general public. These comments, along with those of the expert reviewers, will be considered by ACYF in making funding decisions.

To the greatest extent possible, efforts will be made to ensure that funding decisions reflect an equitable distribution of assistance among the States and geographical regions of the country, rural and urban areas, and ethnic populations. In making these decisions, ACYF may also take into account the need to avoid unnecessary duplication of effort.

C. Evaluation Criteria

A panel of at least three reviewers (primarily experts from outside the Federal government) will review the applications. To facilitate this review, applicants should ensure that they address each minimum requirement in the priority area description under the appropriate section of the Program Narrative Statement. Applicants should be advised that they have the option to omit, from application copies which will be made available to non-Federal reviewers, the specific salary rates or amounts for individuals identified in the application budget. However, salary information must be made available in the copy maintained in the official grants file.

The reviewers will determine the strengths and weaknesses of each application using the evaluation criteria listed below, provide comments and assign numerical scores. The point value following each criterion heading indicates the maximum numerical weight.

All applications will be evaluated against the following criteria.

(1) Objective and Need for Assistance (20 points). The extent to which the application pinpoints any relevant physical, economic, social, financial, institutional or other problems requiring a solution; demonstrates the need for the assistance; states the principal and subordinate objectives of the project; provides supporting documentation or other testimonies from concerned interests other than the applicant; and includes and/or footnotes relevant data based on the results of planning studies. The application must identify the precise location of the project and area to be served by the proposed project. Maps and other graphic aids may be

(2) Approach (35 points). The extent to which the application outlines a sound and workable plan of action pertaining to the scope of the project, and details how the proposed work will be accomplished; cites factors which might accelerate or decelerate the work, giving acceptable reasons for taking this approach as opposed to others; describes and supports any unusual features of the project, such as design or technological innovations, reductions in cost or time, or extraordinary social and community involvements; and provides for projections of the accomplishments to be achieved. The Approach section should include a listing of the activities to be carried out in chronological order, showing a reasonable schedule of accomplishments and target dates.

The extent to which, when appropriate, the application identifies the kinds of data to be collected and maintained, and discusses the criteria to be used to evaluate the results and successes of the project. The extent to which the application describes the evaluation methodology that will be used to determine if the needs identified and discussed are being met and if the results and benefits identified are being achieved. The application also lists each organization, agency, consultant, or other key individuals or groups who will work on the project, along with a description of the activities and nature of their effort or contribution.

(3) Results or Benefits Expected (20 points). The extent to which the application identifies the results and benefits to be derived, the extent to

which they are consistent with the objectives of the application, and the extent to which the application indicates the anticipated contributions to policy, practice, theory and/or research. The extent to which the proposed project costs are reasonable in view of the expected results.

(4) Staff Background and Organization Experience (25 points). The application identifies the background of the project director/principal investigator and key project staff (including name, address, training, educational background and other qualifying experience) and the experience of the organization to demonstrate the applicant's ability to effectively and efficiently administer the project. The application describes the relationships between the proposed project and other work planned, anticipated or underway by the applicant with Federal assistance.

D. Structure of Priority Area Descriptions

Each priority area description is composed of the following sections:

Eligible Applicants: This section specifies the type of organization eligible to apply under the particular priority area. Specific restrictions are also noted, where applicable.

Purpose: This section presents the basic focus and/or broad goal(s) of the

priority area.

Background Information: This section briefly discusses the legislative background as well as the current state-of-the-art and/or current state-of-practice that supports the need for the particular priority area activity. Relevant information on projects previously funded by ACYF and/or others, and State model are noted, where applicable.

Minimum Requirements for Project Design: This section presents the basic set of issues that must be addressed in the application. Typically, they relate to project design, evaluation, and community involvement. This section also asks for specific information on the proposed project. Inclusion and discussion of these items is important since they will be used by the reviewers in evaluating the applications against the evaluation criteria. Project products, continuation of the project effort after the Federal support ceases, and dissemination/utilization activities, if appropriate, are also addressed.

Project Duration: This section specifies the maximum allowable length of time for the project period and refers to the amount of time for which Federal funding is available.

Federal Share of Project Cost: This section specifies the maximum amount

of Federal support for the project for the first budget year.

Matching Requirement: This section specifies the minimum non-Federal contribution, either through cash or inkind match, required in relation to the maximum Federal funds requested for the project. Grantees must provide a share of the total approved project cost. (For the Abandoned Infants Assistance Program, a grantee must propose at least a 10 percent match of the total approved project cost; for the Temporary Child Care for Children with Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Program, a grantee must propose at least a 25 percent match of the total approved project cost.) The total approved project cost is the sum of the ACF share and the non-Federal share. The non-Federal share may be met by cash or in-kind contributions, although applicants are encouraged to meet the match requirements through cash contributions. Therefore, an AIA project requesting \$450,000 in Federal funds per budget period must include a match of at least \$50,000 (10 percent of the total approved project cost per budget year). For a RC/CN program requesting \$200,000 in Federal funds per budget period must include a match of at least \$66,667 per budget year (25 percent of the total approved project cost per budget year.)

Anticipated Number of Projects To Be Funded: This section specifies the number of projects that ACYF anticipates it will fund under the priority area.

Please note that applications that do not comply with the specific priority area requirements in the section on "Eligible Applicants" will not be reviewed. Applicants should also note that non-responsiveness to the section "Minimum Requirements for the Project Design" will result in a low evaluation score by the reviewers. Applicants must clearly identify the specific priority area under which they wish to have their applications considered, and tailor their applications accordingly. Previous experience has shown that an application which is broader and more general in concept than outlined in the priority area description scores lower than one more clearly focused on, and directly responsive to, that specific priority area.

E. Available Funds

The ACYF intends to award new grants resulting from this announcement during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 1996, subject to the availability of funds. The size of the actual awards will vary.

Each priority area description includes information on the maximum Federal share of the project costs and

the anticipated number of projects to be funded.

The term "budget period" refers to the interval of time (usually 12 months) into which a multi-year period of assistance (project period) is divided for budgetary and funding purposes. The term "project period" refers to the total time a project is approved for support, including any extensions.

Where appropriate, applicants may propose project periods which are shorter than the maximums specified in the various priority areas. Non-Federal share contributions may exceed the minimums specified in the various priority areas when the applicant is able to do so. However, if the proposed match exceeds the minimum requirement, the grantee must meet its proposed level of match support before the end of the project period. Applicants should propose only that non-Federal share they can realistically provide since any unmatched Federal funds will be disallowed by ACF.

For multi-year projects, continued Federal funding beyond the first budget period is dependent upon satisfactory performance by the grantee, availability of funds from future appropriations and a determination that continued funding is in the best interest of the Government.

F. Grantee Share of Project Costs

Grantees must provide a share of the total approved cost of the project. The total approved cost of the project is the sum of the ACF share and the non-Federal share. The non-Federal share may be met by cash or in-kind contributions, although applicants are encouraged to meet their match requirements through cash contributions. For the Abandoned Infants Assistance Program, a grantee must propose at least a 10-percent match of the total cost of the project; for the Temporary Child Care for Children with Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Program, a grantee must propose at least a 25-percent match of the total cost of the project. If approved for funding, grantee will be held accountable for commitments of non-Federal resources and failure to provide the required amount will result in a disallowance of unmatched Federal funds.

G. Priority Areas Included in This Announcement:

- 1.01a— Abandoned Infants Assistance Renewal Service Demonstration Projects
- 1.01b—Abandoned Infants Assistance New Start Comprehensive Service Demonstration Projects

2.01a—Temporary Child Care for Children with Disabilities and Chronically Ill Children

2.01b—Crisis Nurseries

H. Priority Area Descriptions and Requirements

Abandoned Infants Assistance Program Service Demonstration Projects (Priority Areas 1.01a and 1.01b)

Availability and Allocation of Funds. Total combined funding for Priority Areas 1.01a and 1.01b for fiscal year (FY) 1996 competitive grants under section 101 of the Act (42 U.S.C. 670 note), is approximately \$6 million.

The Administration for Children and Families proposes to award four to eight grants in each of the two priority areas (1.01a and 1.01b) in varying amounts up to \$450,000 per budget year.

Applications under this announcement will be considered for:

- Previous Service Demonstration Projects—to provide support for the comprehensive service programs initially funded in FY 1990 and 1992 by requiring documentation of continuing need for the project; to propose ways of improving service provision to meet the needs of abandoned infants and young children or those who are at risk of abandonment and their families; and to propose methods to continue the program evaluation, including proposed outcome measures, and summary evaluative data on the current program. Applicants applying under this priority area should be advised this is a competitive funding process and that applications approved for funding will be given a new grant number. Further, existing award activities cannot overlap with the new grant's project period; and finally, funds from the currently existing grants cannot be expended for new grant activities.
- New Start Service Demonstration Projects—to establish a comprehensive services program in jurisdictions not already served by the Abandoned Infants Assistance Program to meet the needs of abandoned infants and young children, or those who are at risk of abandonment and their families; and to conduct a formative evaluation for Years I and II; and to collect information on client outcomes in Years III and IV.

All applicants funded under Priority Areas 1.01a and 1.10b will be required to provide information for special studies or evaluations funded by the Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF).

All applicants funded under this announcement will be required to have a key person from the project staff and the evaluator attend a grantees' meeting held annually in Washington, D.C.

The training and technical assistance services of the National Abandoned Infants Assistance Resource Center are available to all applicants funded under this announcement. All applicants are also required to provide assurances that they will comply with fiscal and program reporting requirements. These required assurances are listed later in this program announcement.

The agency receiving the grant must assume fiscal and administrative responsibilities for the use of grant funds. The role of cooperating agencies must be explicit and supported by letters of specified commitment to the project. Prescribed support letters will not be considered responsive. Also, each application must include as a specific goal the development of strategies to coordinate and make optimal use of all relevant private, Federal, State and local resources to establish and maintain services beyond

the life of the grant.

Background Information. Public Law (Pub. L.) 102–236, the Abandoned Infants Assistance Act Amendments of 1991 (the Act), amended Pub. L. 100-505, the Abandoned Infants Act of 1988 and was signed into law December 12, 1991. The purposes of the Act are to establish a program of demonstration projects to prevent the abandonment in hospitals of infants and young children, particularly those who have been perinatally exposed to a dangerous drug and those with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or who have been perinatally exposed to the virus; to identify and address the needs of those infants and children who are, or might be, abandoned; to develop a program of comprehensive services for these children and members of the biological family (see Definitions) for any condition that increases the probability of abandonment of an infant or young child, including, but not limited to, foster family care services, case management services, family support services, parenting skills, inhome support services, respite and crisis intervention services, counseling services and group residential home services; and to recruit and train health and social services personnel, foster care families, and residential care providers to meet the needs of abandoned children and infants and children who are at risk of abandonment. The legislation also allows for the provision of technical assistance and training programs to support the planning, development and operation of the service demonstration projects.

Definitions: The legislation provides definitions for three terms, i.e., 'abandoned infants and young children," "dangerous drug," and "natural family." The term "abandoned infants and young children" retains the definition stated in the original legislation (Pub. L. 100–505) and means infants and young children who are medically cleared for discharge from acute-care hospital settings, but who remain hospitalized because of a lack of appropriate out-of-hospital placement alternatives. The terms "dangerous drug" and "natural family" were defined under Pub. L. 102-236. The term "dangerous drug" means a controlled substance as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act. Although Pub. L. 102-236 uses the term "natural family," the Administration on Children, Youth and Families prefers the term biological family. Therefore, the term biological parents/family/mother/father will be used for the remainder of the grant announcement. The term biological family shall be broadly interpreted to include biological parents, grandparents, family members, guardians, children residing in the household and individuals residing in the household on a continuing basis who are in a care-giving situation with respect to infants and young children covered under this Act. (42 U.S.C. 670 note, title I, section 103.)

Statement of the Problem. Concern continues to grow about the numbers of infants and young children infected with HIV/AIDS and/or exposed to drugs during prenatal development. Also, there is concern about an increase in the number of women who are using illegal drugs during pregnancy with possible adverse consequences for their children.

In recent years, the link between female intravenous drug users, the HIV perinatal transmission rate and the subsequent development of the acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) in young children has presented an enormous challenge to pediatric health care workers. According to the most recent Centers for Disease Control (CDC) data, there are 6,611 AIDS-infected children under 13 years of age. That number has more than doubled since 1992 and the problem is expected to grow.

In 1995, 977 new cases of pediatric AIDS were reported. While 70% of AIDS cases among children have been reported from a relatively small number of States and territories—New York, Florida, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Texas, California and Puerto Rico—HIV infection affects children in nearly all parts of the country. Cases of pediatric

AIDS have been reported from 48 States. (CDC HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, January, 1996; AIA Factsheet, January, 1996). Women are the fastest growing population in the AIDS epidemic. In 1992, AIDS was the fourth leading cause of death for women of child-bearing age, 25–44 years up from fifth in 1990 and eighth in 1987. Major studies of congenital HIV infection indicate that perinatal transmission rates range between 14 and 40 percent. While new treatments have improved the likelihood of children being born without the virus, an unfortunate consequence of this is that more children born to HIV/AIDS infected women will be orphaned. This potential increase of orphaned children will have an impact on the child welfare services system. (CDC; AIA Factsheet, 1996).

The problem of AIDS is closely connected with perinatal substance abuse. Fetal exposure to HIV/AIDS is linked to maternal drug use. Mothers are most commonly infected with HIV through their own drug use or sexual relations with an IV drug user. The National Pregnancy and Health Survey (National Institute on Drug Abuse) reported that approximately six percent of the four million women who gave birth in 1992 used illicit drugs, 19 percent drank alcohol and 20 percent smoked cigarettes during pregnancy. About one-third of the illicit drug users also smoked and/or drank alcohol during pregnancy.

The risk factors for women delivering a drug-exposed infant include poverty, little education, poor nutrition, little or no prenatal care, a history of sexual and/or physical abuse and being over 25, unmarried, uninsured, on Medicaid and having other children. Similar characteristics exist for women at risk of AIDS/HIV. They are economically and socially disadvantaged; are primarily women of color; lack access to adequate medical care; use drugs, alcohol and tobacco; and are at risk for sexually transmitted diseases. Many of these women are not even aware they are infected with HIV until they give birth and their babies test positive. (AIA Factsheet, 1996)

The characteristics of women who abandon or who are risk of abandoning their children are similar. These women are often struggling with: poverty, homelessness, physically, sexually and emotionally disruptive relationships; HIV infection; mental illness and drug addiction. Researchers have reported that the average age of these mothers is 27 years old; the average number of pregnancies is four; 64 percent of the mothers receive no prenatal care; and 27 percent are incarcerated during their

pregnancies. Many mothers have other children in out-of-home care; have very little, if any, social supports; delivered their newborns alone; and are homeless. Additionally 45 percent of the mothers have not graduated from high school; 62 percent receive income assistance; and 80 percent use multiple drugs. (Barth et al., 1996)

HIV infection is relatively prevalent in the abandoned infants population. As many as eight percent of infants abandoned in hospitals are reported to be HIV infected as compared with approximately .04 percent of all infants in the United States who are infected each year. Due to inconsistent testing and confidentiality laws, this number may underestimate the magnitude of the problem. (James Bell Associates, 1993)

Substance abuse has also been indicated as a significant factor in cases of infants abandoned in hospitals. Approximately 80 percent of these babies are prenatally exposed to illicit drugs as compared with between five and approximately 11 percent of all babies born in the United States. About one-third of the illicit drug users smoked tobacco and/or drank alcohol during pregnancy. (James Bell Associates, 1993)

Children who are HIV positive or have AIDS are frequently ill and require intensive and specialized care. The delivery of services to these children is often complicated because the children and their families live in communities that lack the necessary resources or because caregivers have difficulty accessing needed services. (Barth et al., 1996) Further complicating the situation is the fact that all of these children have mothers who are HIV positive, and most of the mothers are drug-abusers who themselves need medical, social and other supportive services. Returning care to the mother may not be an option, since the mother may be too ill herself to care for the child.

The children living with an HIV/AIDS infected parent in many ways require as complex a range of services as the infected individual. To date, little attention has been focused on this issue. According to the best estimates provided by researchers thus far, the number of such children at risk of being orphaned by the AIDS/HIV epidemic may reach anywhere from 80,000-125,000 by the year 2000. (Levine, 1992) It is vital that communities, in general, and child welfare services, in particular, begin to address the issues of permanency planning for this vulnerable population. The magnitude of the problem and the need for appropriate planning and services to address this need have only recently

been understood. Due to the episodic nature of the disease, parents and primary caregivers will experience a direct impact on the continuity of care that they must provide for their children. The children who will be or are orphaned by AIDS/HIV need social services, psychological and emotional support, medical care and the stability of a permanent home/caregiver. (Polineni, 1995)

Although many of these services still need to be developed in communities, some States have taken steps to address permanency for these children. Several States have enacted Standby Guardianship Laws to allow parents to provide for the provisional care of their child and address the needs of both the child and the family. The laws are designed to be flexible to meet the parents' needs and may be implemented at any designated time including a period of illness, hospitalization or death. Ways to provide needed services and to eliminate the barriers to implementing permanency for this population need to be continually explored. (Polineni, 1995)

Some children exposed to drugs, and those who acquire AIDS, pose challenging medical and behavioral problems. Their neurological deficits and developmental delays can prove very trying for caregivers. Biological and foster parents, relatives, adoptive parents and other caretakers often need special training and supportive services to help them meet the children's needs and to provide respite for the caretakers

themselves.

Achieving permanency for such children is typically slow and complex. Some parents may be motivated to keep the child, but not to change their behaviors; other parents may be motivated to change their behaviors, but are incapable of accessing the appropriate services on their own or of maintaining improved behaviors in their current environment. The assistance required to address the service needs of the parent may be fragmented among many different agencies. Some services may not be readily available. Some, such as drug treatment, may not be readily available for pregnant women. Some services may not be culturally sensitive, and others may not be entirely appropriate to the client's needs.

If permanency is to be achieved early in the life of the developing child, intensive efforts must be made with the family to determine its suitability to care for the child. If that is not possible, steps must be taken toward constructive long-term solutions to provide permanency for the child. Toward these ends, systematic action must be taken to

obtain and deliver a comprehensive set of services to the biological and/or foster or adoptive family and the child.

A number of discretionary programs within ACYF and throughout the Department of Health and Human Services fund projects which are related to the issues addressed by this announcement. A brief description of these programs with the name of a contact person is attached in Appendix IV. Prospective applicants for Priority Areas 1.01a and 1.01b must, if applicable, include these existing programs in the service network proposed and provide a description of the proposed networking activities.

Emphasis on Coordination. All New Start Service Demonstration Project applicants should utilize an existing consortium or develop a consortium or other coordinating entity for the purpose of carrying out the project funded under this announcement. The consortium may include public health, child welfare, substance abuse treatment and other relevant human services agencies. To the extent possible, applicants are encouraged to formalize working relationships with the police and courts; mental health, developmental disabilities, Head Start, and special education providers, community-based maternal and child health programs; and community parent education and parent support programs, including in-home visiting, respite care and housing assistance in the community. Plans for coordinating joint medical-social service case management, outstationing child welfare staff at hospitals where large numbers of at-risk infants are being delivered, or other methods to be used to bring about comprehensive service delivery should be described in the application and supported by documentation.

All currently funded grantees seeking new grant funding should continue to use their existing consortia. These grantees shall: (1) describe ways in which the consortium can be expanded, if possible, or changed, if necessary; and (2) demonstrate how the consortium has improved communication and working relationships between and among community agencies in coordinating services for this target population.

1.01a. Previous Service Demonstration **Projects**

Eligible Applicants: The 15 comprehensive service demonstration grantees initially funded in fiscal year 1990 and the four service demonstrations funded initially in FY 1992.

Fifteen service demonstration projects initially funded in FY 1990 under Section 101, Pub. L. 100–505 and four service demonstrations projects initially funded in FY 1992 under Pub. L. 102-236 are eligible for new grants under this priority area. Applicants must show progress and accomplishments to date on the original goals and objectives of their current grant.

Minimum Requirements for Project Design: Applications submitted under this priority area are to include approaches/strategies to organize, make accessible and implement a comprehensive set of services to:

- Prevent the abandonment of infants and young children, including the provision of services to members of the biological family to address any condition that increases the probability of abandonment of an infant or young child;
- Prevent the subsequent abandonment of infants and young children when they return to their
- Assist abandoned infants and young children to reside with their biological families, relatives or foster and adoptive families, as appropriate, and to include the provision of respite care as needed. Short-term, transitional residential care services for small groups of infants or young children may be provided. For these services, however, it must be shown that the placements are necessary because a sufficient number of families cannot be recruited and trained to provide foster family care for abandoned infants and young children in the community or that such placements are in the best interests of the child. Proposals including residential care services will be considered only if that component is part of and integral to a larger system of services directed toward achieving permanency for the children; and only if the residential services are designed to be transitional (i.e., three to six months) to a permanent placement. The proposal may not include the costs of construction or other major structural changes for facilities.

Previous grantees must include an outcome analysis of prior evaluation(s).

Applicants are encouraged to revise or to expand their goals and objectives based on a review of the development and implementation of the program. The review should include an assessment of the effectiveness of the approaches and intervention strategies initially proposed. If revised approaches were used, they should also be assessed for their effectiveness. This process should also include an assessment of problems in program implementation and a

discussion of the proposed improved strategies to address those barriers.

In developing a broad and comprehensive approach, potential grantees should consider the wide range of assistance needed by the target population including parenting skills; supportive, therapeutic services; housing and transportation; health care and drug and alcohol treatment. Infants exposed to drugs and AIDS/HIV often need specialized health care and therapeutic intervention to assist them in their physical and cognitive development.

Section 101 (a)(8) of Pub. L. 102–236 requires projects to demonstrate methods through model programs of providing health, education and social services at a single site in a geographic area in which a significant number of infants and young children affected by drugs and HIV/AIDS reside. To the extent possible, applicants should develop a program of service delivery that provides these services at a single site. If not, provide an explanation how these services will be readily accessible to the client families.

Based on several years of experience in implementing services programs targeted for families at risk of abandonment, there are several strategies/approaches that can be considered successful in working with the target population. Potential applicants are encouraged to consider these strategies in the proposed program implementation. They include:

• Interagency Collaboration— Services to the target population need to be comprehensive and seamless and require more resources than any single agency can provide. Interagency collaboration coordinates service development and funding between multiple agencies serving the same population.

• Intervention Teams—These teams bring together professionals from a variety of disciplines in the planning and delivery of services. An interdisciplinary team provides a variety of service perspectives and a more holistic assessment of needs and a more complete treatment plan.

• Peer Services—Peer staff have backgrounds and experiences similar to the clients and serve as a bridge between the client and professional worlds. Peer staff are more accessible and less threatening to the clients and can establish more trusting and more supportive relationships.

• Home-based Services—Educational, supportive and therapeutic services are provided in the client's home and can improve client assessment and service provision by giving a fuller

understanding of the client's circumstances. Further, lack of transportation and child care create serious barriers to agency-based services.

• Culturally Appropriate and Women-focused Services—This emphasis enables the services to be provided in an environment that acknowledges, reflects and respects the cultural and ethnic influences of the client population and recognizes the needs that particularly affect women.

 Coordinated Medical and Social Service Case Management—These case management services aid in the timely discharge of infants and reduce medically unnecessary hospital days and expedite hospital discharges to the most family-like settings.

Legal, Policy and Program
Development—These services provide
permanency for HIV-affected children
and to help keep children orphaned by
AIDS from entering the child welfare
system.

Other strategies/approaches potential applicants are encouraged to consider are options regarding family mediation and voluntary relinquishment. These techniques are useful in establishing permanency for children after it has been decided that targeted infants and children cannot return home.

• Family Mediation—This is a voluntary, non-coercive negotiation process facilitated by a neutral, third-party. The goal of mediation is to encourage birth parent(s), extended relatives and foster/adoptive parents to cooperate in making decision that reflect the best interests of the child. Mediation empowers the biological parent(s) and recognizes the need of the child to maintain family ties.

• Relinquishment—This is a voluntary process of transferring parental rights to an authorized child welfare agency and is usually a frontend approach that occurs prior to court involvement.

The application must include an assurance of a third party evaluation of the project. In order to evaluate the competence of the third-party evaluator and to assure that the evaluation methodology and design are appropriate, the third party evaluator must write the evaluation section of the application. This means that the evaluator must be selected as soon as possible after an applicant has decided to compete for a demonstration project. In selecting an evaluator, applicants are reminded that it is a regulatory requirement to encourage maximum free and open competition, using the applicant's own procurement policies and procedures. The application must

indicate whether the third party evaluator was competitively selected, or whether the applicant is proposing a sole source contract for the evaluator. Sole source procurements must be fully justified in the application. For those applicants who plan to continue the services of their current third party evaluator, the applicant must include in the application a sole source justification for review, by the program office and the Division of Discretionary Grants, ACF.

The evaluation component of the application should include methods of collecting descriptive data on the characteristics of the clients served and the services provided; and measures of client outcomes. In developing the evaluation component, applicants are required to collect outcome data on the following:

- Substance abuse treatment and recovery;
- Target infant/child characteristics, including gestational age, birth weight, HIV status at birth/15 months, drug screen results;
- Target infant/child placement status—at program intake, 12 months after enrollment in the program and at termination;
- Client termination—child placement status at 12 months after leaving the program.

Additionally, the applicants are required to collect data on the following outcomes. Applicants are strongly encouraged, although not required to use the suggested data collection instruments indicated:

- Child development and well-being at program intake and 12 months after enrollment. Data should also be collected on child injuries, hospitalizations or death following case openings. Suggested instruments include: Bayley Scale of Infant Development; Brazelton Neonatal Behavioral Assessment Scale; Denver Developmental Screening Test; Infant Behavior Questionnaire; and Child Well-Being Scales.
- Client satisfaction at three, six, twelve months and termination.
 Suggested instruments include: Client Feedback and Customer Satisfaction Survey.

In addition to the required data elements, applicants are encouraged, but not required to collect data on the following elements. Suggested data collection instruments are also included:

 Parenting skills—Suggested instruments: Parental Outcomes Interview; Knowledge of Chid Development Questionnaire;

- Parent (caregiver) child interaction—Suggested instruments: Parental Outcomes Involvement Scale; Parent-Child Early Relational Assessment; and
- Cost Benefit—Discussion of a how the project reduces the financial burden on community services, e.g., reduction in the number of days of hospitalization.

Successful applicants will be asked to submit descriptive data on the clients served and the services provided annually to the National AIA Resource Center. Timeframes for the submission of data on outcome measures will be negotiated within six months after grant award.

Applicants are required to have, at a minimum, a key staff person from the project and the evaluator will attend the annual 2–3 day grantees' meeting in Washington, D.C. The applicant is further required to participate in any evaluation effort supported by ACYF.

Project Duration: The length of the renewal project period for the competing service demonstration grantees may not exceed 48 months.

Federal Share of Project Costs: Grant amounts will vary and range up to \$450,000 for each of four years. The dollar amount requested must be fully justified and documented. The justification can include various community-specific factors related to substance abuse and perinatal exposure to drugs or HIV. For example, the applicant might include information on the rate of illegal drug use by women of child-bearing age; the rate of HIV positive women giving birth; the number of known drug users; the rate or number of infants who have a positive toxicology screen. The size of a prior grant award is not, in and of itself, adequate justification to request the same amount under this announcement.

Renewal applicants must commit no less that 10% of the total approved project cost for the evaluation component. For example, a \$450,000 grant award with a \$50,000 match should commit no less than \$50,000 annually to the evaluation effort or a total of no less than \$200,000 during the entire project period.

Matching Requirement: Grantees must provide at least 10 percent of the total approved cost of the project. The total approved cost of the project is the sum of the ACF share and the non-Federal share. The non-Federal share may be met by cash or in-kind contributions, although applicants are encouraged to meet their match requirements through cash contributions. Therefore, a project requesting a total of \$1,800,000 in Federal funds for all four project years (based on an award of \$450,000 per

budget year), must include a match of at least \$200,000 (10 percent of total approved project costs, i.e., \$50,000 per budget period).

Anticipated Number of Projects to be Funded: It is anticipated that four to eight projects will be funded.

Length of Proposal: The length of the proposal is limited to 75 pages, including all preprinted pages, and budget narrative, but exclusive of appendices.

1.01b. New Start Comprehensive Service Demonstration Projects

Eligible Applicants: Any State, local public or nonprofit agency or organization including accredited colleges and universities. Applicants in jurisdictions in which there currently does not exist a program funded under the Abandoned Infants Assistance Program will be considered under this priority area. Applicants from localities in which projects are currently operating (see Appendix A) will not be considered as the purpose of this priority area is to establish comprehensive service projects in new localities. Exceptions to this may be considered for large metropolitan areas, that is, cities with a population over 1,000,000.

Minimum Requirements for Project Design: Under this priority area applications will be considered which are designed to organize, make accessible, and implement a comprehensive set of services to:

- Prevent the abandonment in hospitals of infants and young children, including the provision of services to members of the biological family for any condition that increases the probability of abandonment of an infant or young child:
- Prevent the subsequent abandonment of infants and young children after they have returned home with their parent(s);
- Assist abandoned infants and children to reside with their biological families, relatives or foster and adoptive families, as appropriate, including the use of respite care programs. Short-term, transitional residential care services for small groups of infants or young children may be provided. For these services, however, it must be shown that a sufficient number of families cannot be recruited and trained to provide foster care for abandoned infants or young children in the community, or that such placements are in the best interests of the child. Proposals which include residential care services will be considered only if that component is part of and integral to a larger system of services directed toward achieving

permanency for the children; and only if the residential services are designed to be transitional (i.e., three to six months) to a permanent placement. These applications may not include the costs of construction or other major structural changes for facilities.

In order to assure that consideration is given to the widest range of possible interests for program development, applicants must consider the broad range of possible circumstances confronting at-risk parents in the target community, including the following:

- Before pregnancy: educational services on family planning, preconception counseling and prenatal care, emphasizing the dangers of substance abuse, and other issues related to the prevention of abandonment:
- During pregnancy: sensitizing all programs in the community to the importance of recognizing drug abuse during pregnancy and providing voluntary services as often as possible;
- Pregnant women in trouble where drug use is a factor: women who are arrested, victims of domestic violence, or reported to protective services for child maltreatment need special attention:
- Women from high drug use areas seeking prenatal care, or entering a hospital for delivery;
- Parents of infants who must remain in the hospital for any medical reasons related to HIV or possible drug involvement; or
- Families with drug exposed infants and young children in need of support programs.

Applicants for a comprehensive service project under this priority may include training activities as a part of the project.

In developing a broad and comprehensive approach, potential grantees should consider the wide range of assistance needed by the target population including, parenting and supportive, therapeutic services; housing and transportation; health care and drug and alcohol treatment. Infants exposed to drugs and AIDS/HIV often need specialized health care and therapeutic intervention to assist them in their physical and cognitive development.

Section 101 (a)(8) of Pub. L. 102–236 requires projects to demonstrate methods through model programs of providing health, education and social services at a single site in a geographic area in which a significant number of infants and young children affected by drugs or HIV/AIDS reside. To the extent possible, applicants should consider the possibility of providing these services at

a single site. If not, provide an explanation how these services will be accessible to the clients.

Based on several years of experience in implementing services programs targeted for families at risk of abandonment, there are several strategies/approaches that can be considered successful in working with the target population. Potential applicants are encouraged to consider these strategies in the proposed program implementation. They include:

 Interagency Collaboration-Services to the target population need to be comprehensive and seamless and require more resources than any single agency can provide. Interagency collaboration coordinates service development and funding between multiple agencies serving the some population.

 Intervention Teams—These teams bring together professionals from a variety of disciplines in the planning and delivery of services. An interdisciplinary team provides a variety of service perspectives and a more holistic assessment of needs and a more complete treatment plan.

 Peer Services—Peer staff have backgrounds and experiences similar to the clients and serve as a bridge between the client and professional worlds. Peer staff are more accessible and less threatening to the clients and can establish more trusting and more

supportive relationships.

Home-based Services—Educational, supportive and therapeutic services are provided in the client's home and can improve client assessment and service provision by giving a fuller understanding of the client's circumstances. Further, lack of transportation and child care create serious barriers to agency-based services.

 Culturally Appropriate and Women-focused Services—This emphasis enables the services to be provided in an environment that acknowledges, reflects and respects the cultural and ethnic influences of the client population and recognizes the needs that particularly affect women.

 Coordinated Medical and Social Service Case Management—These case management services aid in the timely discharge of infants and reduce medically unnecessary hospital days and expedite hospital discharges to the most family-like settings.

 Legal, Policy and Program Development—These services provide permanency for HIV-affected children and to help keep children orphaned by AIDS from entering the child welfare system.

Other strategies/approaches potential applicants are encouraged to consider are options regarding family mediation and voluntary relinquishment. These techniques are useful in establishing permanency for children after it has been decided that targeted infants and children cannot return home.

 Family Mediation—This is a voluntary, non-coercive negotiation process facilitated by a neutral, thirdparty. The goal of mediation is to encourage birth parent(s), extended relatives and foster/adoptive parents to cooperate in making decisions that reflect the best interests of the child. Mediation empowers the biological parent(s) and recognizes the need of a the child to maintain family ties.

 Relinguishment—This is a voluntary process of transferring parental rights to an authorized child welfare agency and is usually a frontend approach that occurs prior to court involvement.

Each service demonstration project must propose to carry out a third-party evaluation as an integral part of the demonstration effort. In order to evaluate the competence of the thirdparty evaluator and to assure that the evaluation methodology and design are appropriate, the third party evaluator must write the evaluation section of the application. This means that the evaluator must be selected as soon as possible after an applicant has decided to compete for a demonstration project. In selecting an evaluator, applicants are reminded that ACF encourages maximum free and open competition, using the applicant's own procurement policies and procedures. The application must indicate whether the third party evaluator was competitively selected, or whether the applicant is proposing a sole source contract for the evaluator. Sole source requests must be fully justified in the application.

Applicants under this priority area should consider a tiered evaluation plan: (1) to collect formative evaluation data and (2) to collect data on outcome measures as the information becomes available. The application should address both aspects even though process data may be the only reportable data available during Years I and II of the project. The evaluation component of the application should include methods of collecting descriptive data on the characteristics of the clients served and the services provided. This evaluation should be designed to collect systematic data to answer questions such as the following: What are the characteristics of families who abandon children? What are the service needs of children/mothers/fathers/families of

drug exposed infants? Of HIV positive infants? What are the barriers to comprehensive case management and to the coordination of service delivery? What changes have been most helpful in improving the delivery of services? What changes/improvements have there been in the child's well-being and/or child's development? What changes have there been in the family's stability and ability to function? What are the permanency outcomes for children?

In developing the outcome measures component of the evaluation, applicants be required to collect outcome data on the following:

· Substance abuse treatment and recovery;

· Target infant/child characteristics, including gestational age, birth weight, HIV status at birth/15 months, drug screen results:

 Target infant/child placement status—at program intake, 12 months after enrollment in the program and at

• Client termination—child placement status at 12 months after

leaving the program.

Additionally, the applicants will be required to collect data on the following outcomes. Applicants are strongly encouraged, although not required to use the suggested data collection instruments indicated:

- Child development and well-being at program intake and 12 months after enrollment. Data should also be collected on child injuries, hospitalizations or death following case openings. Suggested instruments include: Bayley Scale of Infant Development; Brazelton Neonatal Behavioral Assessment Scale; Denver Developmental Screening Test; Infant Behavior Questionnaire; and Child Well-Being Scales.
- Client satisfaction at three, six, twelve months and termination. Suggested instruments include: Client Feedback and Customer Satisfaction Survey

In addition to the required data elements, applicants are encouraged, but not required to collect data on the following elements. Suggested data collection instruments are also included:

- Parenting skills—Suggested instruments: Parental Outcomes Interview; Knowledge of Child Development Questionnaire:
- Parent (caregiver) child interaction—Suggested instruments: Parental Outcomes Involvement Scale; Parent-Child Early Relational Assessment; and
- Cost Benefit—Discussion of how the project reduces the financial burden

on community services, e.g., reduction in the number of days of hospitalization.

Successful applicants will be required to submit descriptive data on the clients served and the services provided annually to the National AIA Resource Center. Timeframes for the submission of data on outcome measures will be negotiated within six months after grant award.

Applicants are required to have, at a minimum, a key staff person from the project and the evaluator will attend the annual 2-3 day grantees' meeting in Washington, Ď.Č. The applicant is further required to participate in any evaluation effort supported by ACYF.

Project Duration: The project period may not exceed 48 months.

Federal Share of Project Costs: The maximum Federal share is \$450,000 per budget year. However, applicants are strongly encouraged to construct the budget request judiciously. Factors to be considered include the population of the area to be served; the extent of maternal substance abuse in the target area; the number of drug-exposed infants; the number of women with AIDS or women who are HIV positive in the target area; the number of reports/ referrals to social service agencies of babies born with illegal substances in their system. For example, a city which currently receives a \$450,000 grant per budget year under this legislation has the following profile: a population of 2-3 million; 20 percent of newborns have been pre-natally exposed to drugs; 2,000 reported allegations of child maltreatment involving infants in substance-abusing families are received annually; approximately 350-375 women with AIDS living in the jurisdiction; an estimated 2,500-3,000 HIV positive women and between 700– 800 HIV positive children; and an annual projected number of 500 children born who are HIV-positive. Each applicant should compare statistics from its area to the example city and develop its budget request accordingly. This profile does not necessarily exclude an application from a jurisdiction of smaller size receiving the maximum Federal amount. However, an applicant from a smallersized jurisdiction must provide adequate justification that the community's experience with drug exposed and/or HIV-positive infants is severe enough to warrant the maximum Federal amount.

Applicants under this priority area must commit no less than five percent of the total project cost for the evaluation component. For example, a \$450,000 grant award with a \$50,000 match should commit no less than

\$25,000 annually to the evaluation effort or no less than a total of \$100,000 during the project period. Applicants are encouraged to increase the financial commitment to evaluation in Year III and IV.

Matching Requirement: Grantees must provide at least 10 percent of the total approved cost of the project. The total approved cost of the project is the sum of the ACF share and the non-Federal share. The non-Federal share may be met by cash or in-kind contributions, although applicants are encouraged to meet their match requirements through cash contributions. Therefore, a project requesting a total of \$1,800,000 in Federal funds for all four project years (based on an award of \$450,000 per budget year), must include a match of at least \$200,000 (10 percent of total approved project costs, i.e., \$50,000 per budget period).

Anticipated Number of Projects to be Funded: It is anticipated that four to eight projects will be funded.

Length of Proposal: The length of the proposal is limited to 75 pages, including all preprinted pages, and budget narrative, but exclusive of appendices.

Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Program

The Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Program provides demonstration grants to States to assist private and public agencies in developing temporary child care (respite care) for children with disabilities and crisis nurseries for children at risk of child abuse and neglect.

Purpose. To support States in their efforts to assist private and public agencies in developing two types of services:

- In-home or out-of-home temporary non-medical child care (respite care) for children with disabilities and children with chronic or terminal illnesses, including children with AIDS or AIDSrelated conditions (priority area 2.01a); and,
- Crisis nurseries for abused and neglected children, children at risk of abuse and neglect, or children in families receiving protective services (priority area 2.01b).

Special attention should be paid in both priority areas to the needs of drugaffected infants.

Eligible Applicants. Only State agencies designated by the Governor of the State to carry out programs funded under the Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Act of 1986, as amended (42

U.S.C. 5117 et seq.) are eligible to apply. Other State agencies carrying out similar programs but not designated by the Governor of the State are ineligible.

States which have never been awarded funds under the Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Act of 1986, as amended are encouraged to

apply.
States, including those currently receiving financial assistance under these programs, may apply under each priority area described below. A separate application, however, must be submitted under each priority area. Only one application per State may be submitted under each priority area. Applications must clearly indicate whether they are being submitted under 2.01a, Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Chronically Ill Children, or 2.01b, Crisis Nurseries.

42 U.S.C. Section 5117a: Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Chronically Ill Children (Priority Area 2.01a)

Background

The Act authorizes temporary child care programs for children with disabilities and requires applicants seeking temporary child care funds to define disabilities using the definition in the Individuals with Disabilities **Education Act:**

- * * * The term children with disabilities means children—(A)(i) with mental retardation, hearing impairments including deafness, speech or language impairments, visual impairments including blindness serious emotional disturbance, orthopedic impairments, autism, traumatic brain injury, other health impairments, or specific learning disabilities; and (ii) who, by reason thereof, need special education and related
- (B) The term "children with disabilities" for children aged 3 to 5, inclusive, may at a State's discretion, include children—(i) experiencing developmental delays, as defined by the State and as measured by appropriate diagnostic instruments and procedures, in one or more of the following areas: physical development, cognitive development, communication development, social or emotional development, or adaptive development: and.

(ii) who, by reason thereof; need special education and related services * * * (Public Law 102-119)

The purpose of establishing a temporary child care program (also known as respite care) for children with disabilities or who are chronically or terminally ill is to alleviate social, economic, and financial stress among the families of such children. Such care provides the families or primary

caregivers with periods of temporary relief from the pressures of the demanding child care routine, thus preventing severe family stress.

The following components may be included in respite care projects:

- 24-hour services;
- Access to primary medical services;
- Referral to counseling/therapy services:
- Staff training, including child abuse/neglect reporting responsibilities;
 - Public awareness programs; and
- Collaborative efforts involving this project in the state's strategic plan and implementation of family support and family preservation services.

42 U.S.C. Section 5117b: Crisis Nurseries (Priority Area 2.01b)

Background

A crisis nursery is defined in section 42 U.S.C. Section 5117c(d) to mean a center providing temporary emergency services and care for children. Crisis nurseries are child care facilities which protect children by providing a safe environment at a time when the chances of neglect or abuse in the home are increased.

The programs offer parents the option of "time out" as a preventive measure in reducing the incidence of child maltreatment. They are designed to: (1) develop a safe environment as a resource for children at risk of abuse; (2) deliver non-punitive, non-threatening services as a resource to caregivers of atrisk children; and (3) utilize existing community-based services to further diminish the potential for the maltreatment of children in families experiencing crisis. Services funded under 42 U.S.C. Section 5117b must be provided without fee and may be provided for a maximum of 30 days in any year. Crisis nurseries must also provide referral to support services.

The following components may be included in crisis nursery projects:

- 24-hour services:
- Referral to counseling/therapy services, including out-of-home placement (when appropriate);
 - Access to primary medical services;
- Staff training, including child abuse/neglect reporting responsibilities;
 - Public awareness programs:
- Community-based efforts to improve the well-being of children and families; and
- Collaborative efforts involving this project in the state's strategic plan and implementation of family support and family preservation services.

Minimum Requirements for Project Design

In order to successfully compete under one or both of these priority areas the following items must be included in the proposal. The applicant should:

- Provide a letter addressed to the Commissioner, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, and signed by the Governor which certifies that the State agency applying for funding is the State agency designated to carry out programs funded under 42 U.S.C. Sections 5117a and 5117b of the Temporary Child Care for Children With Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Act.
- Provide a budget which contains an estimate of the proposed costs of developing, implementing, and evaluating the program.
- Provide documentation of the State's commitment to develop a State plan for coordination among agencies carrying out programs and activities provided by the State pursuant to a temporary child care grant under 42 U.S.C. Section 5117a. Documentation of formalized coordinated efforts with other agencies should also be provided. (Section 5117c(a)(1)(A)(v))
- Describe collaborative efforts with programs funded through the Child Care and Development Block Grant.
- Describe collaborative efforts with other family preservation and/or support programs including how the project(s) funded under this program will be family-centered and incorporated into the integrated service system planned under the Family Preservation and Family Support program authorized in Title IV-B, Subpart 2 of the Social Security Act.
- Describe collaborative efforts with other private and public agencies or organizations in providing services to developmentally disabled children and their families.
- Describe the proposed State program to assist private and public agencies or organizations in providing in-home or out-of-home temporary, non-medical care to children with disabilities and children with chronic or terminal illnesses, including drug-related conditions and children with AIDS or AIDS-related conditions, or crisis nurseries for abused and neglected children.
- (1) If the State has previously received an award under this statute, describe the types of services being provided and the geographical sites served utilizing these funds.
- (2) If the funds being requested would be used to enhance services previously or currently supported under this statute, substantial detailed

documentation must be provided on the increased need for services such as the existence of waiting lists or an increase in the population of the geographical area

- (3) If the funds being requested would be used to expand services to geographical sites not previously or currently supported under this statute, describe the process that was used or will be used to select the sites. Particularly encouraged are sites which would serve homeless families, families living in public housing projects, American Indian communities, other minority families, or families with teenaged parents.
- Describe how the funds awarded will impact on past, current and future services and detail the mechanisms for measuring the proposed outcomes to be derived with these funds.
- Describe the services to be provided, the agencies and organizations that would provide the services and the criteria that would be employed in the selection of children and families for participation in the project. (42 U.S.C. Section 5117c(a)(1)(A)(i))
- Describe State plans for the submission of an annual report to the Secretary evaluating the programs that are funded, including information on costs, number of participants, impact on family stability, incidence of child abuse and neglect and such other information as the Secretary may require. Describe fully how this requirement would be met and specifically describe how the data required to conduct this evaluation and to generate the information would be collected. (42 U.S.C. Section 5117c(c))
- Describe a plan for dissemination of the results of the programs and projects funded under the Act. (42 U.S.C. Section 5117c(a)(1)(A)(iii))
- Discuss plans for continuation of the program after the federally funded project period has ended.
- Provide assurances and adequate budget funds to enable at least one key person from the State agency and one key person from each service provider site receiving funds from the grant to attend an annual three day conference in Washington, D.C.
- Provide assurances that travel to these conferences would not be subject to any limitations on travel which may be imposed by the State on its employees.
- Provide the following assurances as required by statute:
- (1) That not more than 5 percent of the funds made available under each section of the Act would be used for State administrative costs.

(2) That projects funded by the State would be of sufficient size, scope and quality to achieve the objectives of the

program.

(3) That, in the distribution of funds under the Temporary Child Care program, the State would give priority consideration to agencies and organizations which have experience in working with disabled, terminally ill, and chronically ill children and their families and which serve communities which demonstrate the greatest need for such services.

- (4) That, in the distribution of funds under the Crisis Nurseries program, the State would give priority consideration to agencies and organizations with experience in working with abused or neglected children and their families; in working with children at high risk of abuse and neglect and their families; and in serving communities which demonstrate the greatest need for such services.
- (5) That Federal funds made available under these programs would be used to supplement and, to the extent practicable, increase the amount of State and local funds available for these purposes, and in no case supplant such State or local funds.

(6) That the State would use the definition of children with disabilities found in Public Law 102–119, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, in implementing programs under the Temporary Child Care program.

(7) That all agencies and organizations funded under the Temporary Child Care for Children with Disabilities program would provide child care only on a sliding fee scale with hourly and daily rates

(8) That the services provided under the Crisis Nurseries program would be provided without fee and for a maximum of 30 days in any year.

Availability and Allocation of Funds

The Administration for Children, Youth and Families proposes to award approximately 12 new grants (6 in priority area 2.01a and 6 in priority area 2.01b), in fiscal year 1996 in varying amounts up to \$200,000 for the first 12 month budget period. Awards for subsequent budget periods may be granted in amounts up to and/or exceeding \$200,000 should such funds become available.

Applications for continuation grants funded under this program beyond the first year's budget period, but within the total project period, will be entertained in subsequent years on a non-competitive basis, subject to a determination that continued funding would be in the best interest of the

Federal government and the availability of funds.

In addition, non-competitive funding for subsequent years will be based on a program staff review of project status and performance, and evidence that the program is part of an integrated system of services described in an approved State plan as mandated by Title IV–B, Subpart 2, of the Social Security Act, pursuant to the Family Preservation and Family Support program.

Federal Share of Project Costs

The Federal share may not exceed \$200,000 for the first 12 month budget period. The Federal share for a 3-year project period is anticipated at approximately \$600,000.

The term "budget period" refers to the interval of time (usually 12 months) into which a multi-year period of assistance (project period) is divided for budgetary and funding purposes. The term "project period" refers to the total time a project is approved for support, including any extensions.

Matching or Cost Sharing Requirements

The applicant must provide at least 25 percent of the total approved project. The total approved project cost is the sum of the ACYF share and the non-Federal share. The non-Federal share may be cash or in-kind contributions, although applicants are encouraged to meet their match requirements through cash contributions.

To determine the correct proportions of Federal and non-Federal share required under this priority area you should:

Divide your proposed ACYF Federal share by 3. Example: \$50,000 (Federal) divided by 3 equals \$16,667 (non-Federal). \$50,000 plus \$16,667 equals \$66,667 which is the total approved project cost.

Non-Federal share contributions may exceed the minimum specified when the applicant is able to do so. An applicant should ensure the availability of any amount proposed as match prior to including it in the budget. The non-Federal share must be met by a grantee during the life of the project. Otherwise, ACF will disallow any unmatched Federal funds.

Project Duration

The length of the project may not exceed 36 months.

Length of Proposal

The length of the proposal is limited to 60 pages, including all preprinted forms and appendices. Refer to part II for more information regarding proposal requirements and limitations.

Part III. Instructions for the Development and Submission of Applications

This part contains information and instructions for submitting applications in response to this announcement. Application forms are provided along with a checklist for assembling an application package. Please copy and use these forms in submitting an application.

Potential applicants should read this section carefully in conjunction with the information contained within the specific priority area under which the application is to be submitted. The priority area descriptions are in Part II.

A. Required Notification of the State Single Point of Contact

The Abandoned Infants Program and Temporary Child Care for Children with Disabilities and Crisis Nurseries Program are covered under Executive Order 12372, Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs, and 45 CFR Part 100, Intergovernmental Review of Department of Health and Human Services Program and Activities. Under the Order, States may design their own processes for reviewing and commenting on proposed Federal assistance under covered programs.

As of January, 1996, the following jurisdictions have elected not to participate in the Executive Order process. Applicants from these jurisdictions or for projects administered by Federally-recognized Indian Tribes need take no action in regard to E.O. 12372: Alaska, Colorado, Connecticut, Hawaii, Idaho, Kansas, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington, American Samoa, and Palau.

All remaining jurisdictions participate in the Executive Order process and have established State Single Point of Contact (SPOCs). Applicants from participating jurisdictions should contact their SPOCs as soon as possible to alert them of the prospective application and receive instructions. Applicants must submit any required material to the SPOCs as soon as possible so that the program office can obtain and review SPOC comments as part of the review process. The applicant must submit all required materials, if any, to the SPOC and indicate the date of this submittal (or the date of contact if no submittal is required) on the Standard Form 424, item 16a.

Under 45 CFR 100.8 (a) (2), a SPOC has 60 days from the application deadline to comment on proposed new or competing continuation awards.

SPOCs are encouraged to eliminate the submission of routine endorsements as official recommendations.

Additionally, SPOCs are requested to clearly differentiate between mere advisory comments and those official State process recommendations which may trigger the "accommodate" or 'explain'' rule.

When comments are submitted directly to ACF, they should be addressed to: Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Division of Discretionary Grants, 370 L'Enfant Promenade SW, Mail Stop 6C-462, Washington, D.C. 20447.

A list of the Single Points of Contact for each State and Territory is included as Appendix B of this announcement.

B. Deadline for Submission of Applications

The closing time and date for the receipt of applications is 4:30 p.m. (Eastern Time Zone) on [insert 60 days after publication in the Federal Register]. Applications MUST BE RECEIVED by 4:30 p.m. on that day. Applications received after 4:30 p.m. will be classified as late.

Deadline: Mailed applications shall be considered as meeting an announced deadline if they are received on or before the deadline time and date at the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Division of Discretionary Grants, 370 L'Enfant Promenade SW, Mail Stop 6C-462, Washington, DC 20447, Attention: (Reference Announcement Number and Priority Area). Applicants are responsible for mailing applications well in advance, when using the mail services, to ensure that the applications are received on or before the deadline time and date.

Applications handcarried by applicants, applicant couriers, or by overnight/express mail couriers shall be considered as meeting an announced deadline if they are received on before the deadline date, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. at the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Division of Discretionary Grants, ACF Mailroom, 2nd Floor Loading Dock, Aerospace Center, 901 D Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20024 between Monday and Friday (excluding Federal Holidays). Applicants are cautioned that express/overnight mail services do not always deliver as agreed.

ACF cannot accommodate transmission of applications by fax or through other electronic media. Therefore, applications transmitted to ACF electronically will not be accepted regardless of date or time of submission and time of receipt.

Late Applications: Applications which do not meet the criteria stated above are considered late applications. ACF shall notify each late applicant that its application will not be considered in the current competition.

Extension of Deadlines: ACF may be extended the deadline for all applicants because of acts of God such as floods, hurricanes, etc., or when there is a widespread disruption of the mail. However, if ACF does not extend the deadline for all applicants, it may not waive or extend the deadline for any applicants.

C. Instructions for Preparing the Application and Completing Application Forms

The SF 424, 424A, 424B, and certifications have been reprinted for your convenience in preparing the application. See Appendix A. You should reproduce single-sided copies of these forms from the reprinted forms in the announcement, typing your information onto the copies. Please do not use forms directly from the Federal Register announcement, as they are printed on both sides of the page.

Please prepare your application in accordance with the following instructions:

1. SF 424 Page 1, Application Cover Sheet. Please read the following instructions before completing the application cover sheet. An explanation of each item is included. Complete only the items specified.

Top of Page. Enter the single priority area number under which the application is being submitted under only one priority area.

Item 1. Type of submission— Preprinted on the form.

Item 2. Date Submitted and Applicant Identifier—Date application is submitted to ACYF and applicant's own internal control number, if applicable.

Item 3. Date Received By State—State use only (if applicable).

Item 4. Date Received by Federal Agency—Leave blank.

Item 5. Applicant Information Legal Name—Enter the legal name of the applicant organization. For applications developed jointly, enter the name of the lead organization only. There must be a single applicant for each application.

Organizational Unit—Enter the name of the primary unit within the applicant organization which will actually carry out the project activity. Do not use the name of an individual as the applicant. If this is the same as the applicant organization, leave the organizational unit blank.

Address—Enter the complete address that the organization actually uses to receive mail, since this is the address to which all correspondence will be sent. Do not include both street address and P.O. box number unless both must be used in mailing.

Name and telephone number of the person to be contacted on matters involving this application (give area code)—Enter the full name (including academic degree, if applicable) and telephone number of a person who can respond to questions about the application. This person should be accessible at the address given here and will receive all correspondence regarding the application.

Item 6. Employer Identification Number (EIN)—Enter the employer identification number of the applicant organization, as assigned only by the DHHS Central Registry System. EIN prefixes and suffixes assigned by agencies other than DHHS are not valid at DHHS/ACF.

Item 7. Type of Applicant—Selfexplanatory.

Îtem 8. Type of Application— Preprinted on the form.

Item 9. Name of Federal Agency-

Preprinted on the form. Item 10. Catalog of Federal Domestic

Assistance Number and Title—Enter the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number assigned to the program under which assistance is requested and its title, as indicated in the relevant priority area description.

Item 11. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project—Enter the project title and the priority area number in parenthesis after the project title. The title is generally short and is descriptive of the project.

Item 12. Areas Affected by Project— Enter the governmental unit where significant and meaningful impact could be observed. List only the largest unit or units affected, such as State, county, or city. If an entire unit is affected, list it rather than subunits.

Item 13. Proposed Project—Enter the desired start date for the project and projected completion date.

Item 14. Congressional District of Applicant/Project—Enter the number of the Congressional District where the applicant's principal office is located and the number of the Congressional district (s) where the project will be located. If statewide, a multi-State effort, or nationwide, enter 00.

Items 15. Estimated Funding Levels In completing 15a through 15f, the dollar amounts entered should reflect, for a 12 month budget period, the total amount requested. If the proposed project period exceeds 17 months, enter only those

dollar amounts needed for the first 12 months of the proposed project.

Item 15a. Enter the amount of Federal funds requested in accordance with the preceding paragraph. This amount should be no greater than the maximum amount specified in the priority area description.

Item 15 b—e. Enter the amount(s) of funds from non-Federal sources that will be contributed to the proposed project. Items b—e are considered cost-sharing or matching funds. The value of third party in-kind contributions should be included on appropriate lines as applicable.

Îtems 15f. Enter the estimated amount of income, if any, expected to be generated from the proposed project. Do not add or subtract this amount from the total project amount entered under item 15g. Describe the nature, source and anticipated use of this income in the Project Narrative Statement.

Item 15g. Enter the sum of items 15a–15e

Item 16a. Is Application Subject to Review By State Executive Order 12372 Process? Enter Yes and the date the applicant contacted the SPOC regarding this application. Select the appropriate SPOC from the listing provided at the end of Part III. The review of the application is at the discretion of the SPOC. The SPOC will verify the date noted on the application.

Item 16b. Is Application Subject to Review By State Executive Order 12372 process? No.—Check the appropriate box if the application is not covered by E.O. 12372 or if the program has not been selected by the State for review.

Item 17. Is the Applicant Delinquent on any Federal Debt?—Check the appropriate box. This question applies to the applicant organization, not the person who signs as the authorized representative. Categories of debt include audit disallowances, loans and taxes.

Item 18. To the best of my knowledge and belief, all data in this application/preapplication are true and correct. The document has been duly authorized by the governing body of the applicant and the applicant will comply with the attached assurances if the assistance is awarded.—To be signed by the authorized representative of the applicant. A copy of the governing body's authorization for signature of this application by this individual as the official representative must be on file in the applicant's office, and may be requested from the applicant.

Item 18 a-c. Typed Name of Authorized Representative, Title, Telephone Number—Enter the name, title and telephone number of the authorized representative of the applicant organization.

Item 18d. Signature of Authorized Representative—Signature of the authorized representative named in Item 18a. At least one copy of the application must have an original signature. Use colored ink (not black) so that the original signature is easily identified.

Item 18e. Date Signed—Enter the date the application was signed by the authorized representative.

2. SF 424A—Budget Information— Non-Construction Programs. This is a form used by many Federal agencies. For this application, Sections A, B, C, F and F are to be completed. Section D does not need to be completed.

Sections A and B should include the Federal as well as the non-Federal funding for the proposed project covering the first year budget period.

Section A—Budget Summary. This section includes a summary of the budget. On line 5, enter total Federal costs in column (e) and total non-Federal costs, including third party inkind contributions, but not program income, in column (f). Enter the total of (e) and (f) in column (g).

Section B—Budget Čategories. This budget, which includes the Federal as well as non-Federal funding for the proposed project, covers the first year budget period if the proposed project period exceeds 12 months. It should relate to item 15g, total funding, on the SF 424. Under column (5), enter the total requirements for funds (Federal and non-Federal) by object class category.

A separate itemized budget justification for each line item is required. The types of information to be included in the justification are indicated under each category. For multiple year projects, it is desirable to provide this information for each year of the project. The SF 424A.

Personnel—Line 6a. Enter the total costs of salaries and wages of applicant/grantee staff. Do not include the costs of consultants, which should be included on line 6h, Other.

Justification: Identify the principal investigator or project director, if known. Specify by title or name the percentage of time allocated to the project, the individual annual salaries, and the cost to the project (both Federal and non-Federal) of the organization's staff who will be working on the project.

Fringe Benefits—Line 6b. Enter the total cost of fringe benefits, unless treated as part of an approved indirect cost rate.

Justification: Provide a break-down of amounts and percentages that comprise fringe benefit costs, such as health insurance, FICA, retirement insurance, etc.

Travel—6c. Enter total costs of out-oftown travel (travel requiring per diem) for staff of the project. Do not enter costs for consultant's travel or local transportation, which should be included on Line 6h, Other.

Justification: Include the name(s) of traveler(s), total number of trips, destinations, length of stay, transportation costs and subsistence allowances.

Equipment—Line 6d. Enter the total costs of all equipment to be acquired by the project. Equipment is defined as an article of nonexpendable, tangible personal property having a useful life of more than one year and an acquisition cost which equals or exceeds the lesser of (a) the capitalization level established by the organization for the financial statement purposes of (b) \$5,000.

Justification: Equipment to be purchased with Federal funds must be justified. The equipment must be required to conduct the project, and the applicant organization or its subgrantees must not have the equipment or a reasonable facsimile available to the project. The justification also must contain plans for future use or disposal of the equipment after the project ends.

Supplies—Line 6e. Enter the total costs of all tangible expendable personal property (supplies) other than those included on Line 6d.

Justification: Specify general categories of supplies and their costs.
Contractual—Line 6f. Enter the total

Contractual—Line 6f. Enter the total costs of all contracts, including (1) Procurement contracts (except those which belong on other lines such as equipment, supplies, etc.) and (2) contracts with secondary recipient organizations, including delegate agencies. Also include any contracts with organizations for the provision of technical assistance. Do not include payments to individuals on this line. If the name of the contractor, scope of work, and estimated total costs are not available or have not been negotiated, include on Line 6h, other.

Justification: Attach a list of contractors, indicating the names of the organizations, the purposes of the contracts, and the estimated dollar amounts of the awards as part of the budget justification. Whenever the applicant/grantee intends to delegate part or all of the program to another agency, the applicant/grantee must complete this section (Section B, Budget Categories) for each delegate agency by agency title, along with the supporting information. The total cost of all such agencies will be part of the amount shown on Line 6f. Provide backup

documentation identifying the name of contractor, purpose of contract, and major cost elements. Applicants who anticipate procurement that will exceed \$5,000 (non-governmental entities) or \$25,000 (governmental entities) and are requesting an award without competition should include a sole source justification in the proposal which at a minimum should include the basis for contractor's selection, justification for lack of competition when competitive bids or offers are not obtained and basis for award cost or price.

Note: Previous or past experience with a contractor is not sufficient justification for sole source.

Construction—Line 6g. Not applicable. New construction is not allowable.

Other-Line 6h. Enter the total of all other costs. Where applicable, such costs may include, but are not limited to: insurance; medical and dental costs; noncontractual fees and travel paid directly to individual consultants; local transportation (all travel which does not require per diem is considered local travel); space and equipment rentals; printing and publication; computer use; training costs, including tuition and stipends; training service costs, including wage payments to individuals and supportive service payments; and staff development costs. Note that costs identified as miscellaneous and honoraria are not allowable.

Justification: Specify the costs included.

Total Direct Charge—Line 6i. Enter the total of Lines 6a through 6h.

Indirect Charges—6j. Enter the total amount of indirect charges (costs). If no indirect costs are requested, enter none. Generally, this line should be used when the applicant has a current indirect cost rate agreement approved by the Department of Health and Human Services or another Federal agency.

Local and State governments should enter the amount of indirect costs determined in accordance with DHHS requirements. When an indirect cost rate is requested, these costs are included in the indirect cost pool and should not be charged again as direct costs to the grant.

Justification: Enclose a copy of the indirect cost rate agreement.

Total—Line 6k. Enter the total amounts of lines 6i and 6j.

Program Income—Line 7. Enter the estimated amount, if any, expected to be generated from this project. Do not add or subtract this amount from the total project amount.

Justification: Describe the nature, source, and anticipated use of program

income in the Program Narrative Statement.

Section C—Non-Federal Resources. This section summarizes the amounts of non-Federal resources that will be applied to the grant. Enter this information on line 12 entitled Totals. In-kind contributions are defined in 45 CFR, Part 74.51 and 45 CFR Part 92.3, as property or services which benefit a grant-supported project or program and which are contributed by non-Federal third parties without charge to the grantee, the subgrantee, or a cost-type contractor under the grant or subgrant.

Justification: Describe third party inkind contributions, if included.

Section D—Forecasted Cash Needs, Not applicable.

Section E—Budget Estimate of Federal Funds Needed For Balance of the Project. This section should only be completed if the total project period exceeds 12 months.

Totals—Line 20. For projects that will have more than one budget period, enter the estimated required Federal funds for the second budget period (months 13 through 24) under column (b) First. If a third budget period will be necessary, enter the Federal funds needed for months 25 through 36 under (c) Second. Column (d) would be used in the case of a 48 month project. Column (e) would not apply.

Section F—Other Budget Information. Direct Charges—Line 21, Not

applicable.

Indirect Charges—Line 22, Enter the type of indirect rate (provisional, predetermined, final or fixed) that will be in effect during the funding period, the estimated amount of the base to which the rate is applied, and the total indirect expense.

Remarks—Line 23. If the total project period exceeds 12 months, you must enter your proposed non-Federal share of the project budget for each of the remaining years of the project.

3. Project Summary Description. Clearly mark this separate page with the applicant name as shown in item 5 of the SF 424, the priority area number as shown at the top of the SF 424, and the title of the project as shown in item 11 of the SF 424. The summary description should not exceed 300 words. These 300 words become part of the computer database on each project.

Care should be taken to produce a summary description which accurately and concisely reflects the application. It should describe the objectives of the project, the approaches to be used and the outcomes expected. The description should also include a list of major products that will result from the proposed project, such as software

packages, materials, management procedures, data collection instruments, training packages, or videos (please note that audiovisuals should be closed captioned). The project summary description, together with the information on the SF 424, will constitute the project abstract. It is the major source of information about the proposed project and is usually the first part of the application that the reviewers read in evaluating the application.

At the bottom of the page, following the summary description, type up to 10 key words which best describe the proposed project, the service(s) involved and the target population(s) to be covered. These key words will be used for computerized information retrieval for specific types of funded projects.

4. Program Narrative Statement. The Program Narrative Statement is a very important part of an application. It should be clear, concise, and address the specific requirements mentioned under the priority area description in Part II.

The narrative should provide information concerning how the application meets the evaluation criteria using the following headings:

(a) Objectives and Need for Assistance;

- (b) Results and Benefits Expected;
- (c) Approach; and
- (d) Staff Background and Organization's Experience.

The narrative should be typed double-spaced on a single-side of an 8 ½" x 11" plain white paper, with 1" margins on all sides. All pages of the narrative (including charts, references/footnotes, tables, maps, exhibits, etc.) must be sequentially numbered, beginning with Objectives and Need for Assistance as page number one. Applicants should not submit reproductions of larger size paper, reduced to meet the size requirement.

The length of the application, including the application forms and all attachments, should meet criteria set forth in each Priority Area. A page is a single side of an 8 1/2 X 11" sheet of paper. Applicants are requested not to send pamphlets, brochures or other printed material along with their application as these pose xeroxing difficulties. These materials, if submitted, will not be included in the review process if they exceed the page limit criteria. If the applicant chooses to submit printed materials, the applicant must provide a duplicate or a copy of each printed document with each copy of the application submitted. Each page of the application will be counted to determine the total length.

5. Organizational Capability Statement. The Organizational Capability Statement should consist of a brief (two to three pages) background description of how the applicant organization (or the unit within the organization that will have responsibility for the project) is organized, the types and quantity of services it provides, and/or the research and management capabilities it possesses. This description should cover capabilities not included in the Program Narrative Statement. It may include descriptions of any current or previous relevant experience, or describe the competence of the project team and its demonstrated ability to produce a final product that is readily comprehensible and usable. An organization chart showing the relationship of the project to the current organization should be included.

Part IV—Assurances/Certifications. Applicants are required to file an SF 424B, Assurances—Non-Construction Programs and the Certification Regarding Lobbying. Both must be signed and returned with the application. In addition, applicants must certify their compliance with: (1) Drug-Free Workplace Requirements, (2) Debarment and Other Responsibilities; and (3) Pro-Children Act of 1994 (Certification Regarding Environmental Tobacco Smoke) Copies of the assurances/certifications are reprinted at the end of this announcement in (See Appendix) and should be reproduced, as necessary. A duly authorized representative of the applicant organization must certify that the applicant is in compliance with these assurances/certifications. A signature on the SF 424 indicates compliance with the Drug Free Workplace Requirements, and Debarment and Other Responsibilities and Environmental Tobacco Smoke certifications.

A signature on the application constitutes an assurance that the applicant will comply with the pertinent Departmental regulations contained in 45 CFR Part 74.

6a. Part IV—Statutory Assurances

Applicants seeking funding under the Abandoned Infants Assistance Act, Pub. L. 102–236, are required to meet the following assurances. Any assistance needed to comply with these requirements should be discussed with the local public child welfare agency. The following assurances are required under sections 101(b)(c) and (d) of Pub. L. 102–236:

(1) That the applicant give priority to abandoned infants and young children (a) who are infected with the human immunodeficiency virus or who have been perinatally exposed to the virus: or (b) who have been perinatally exposed to a dangerous drug.

(2) That, if the applicant expends the grant to carry out any program of providing care to infants and young children in foster homes or in other nonmedical residential settings away from their parents, the applicant will ensure that (a) a case plan of the type described in paragraph (1) of section 475 of the Social Security Act is developed for each such infants and young child (to the extent that such infant and young child in not otherwise covered by such a plan); and (b) the program includes a case review system of the type described in paragraph (5) of such section (covering each such infants and young child who is not otherwise subject to such a system).

(3) That funds provided under section 101 (a) shall be used only as fied in the application approved by the Secretary

(section 101(d)(1)(A)).

(4) That fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be established as may be necessary to ensure proper disbursement and accounting of Federal funds paid to the applicant under this announcement (section 101(d)(1)(B)).

(5) That reports to the Secretary will be made annually on the utilization, cost and outcomes of activities conducted and service furnished under this grant (section 101(d)(1)(C)).

(6) If during the majority of the 180-day period preceding the data of the enactment of this Act, the applicant has carried out any program with respect to the care of abandoned infants and young children, the applicant must certify that funds provided under the grant will be expended only for the purpose of expanding such service (section 101(d)(1)(D)).

D. Checklist for a Complete Application

The checklist below is for your use to ensure that your application package has been properly prepared.

- —One original, signed and dated application, plus two copies. (Please note that applicants have the option to omit from the copies for non-Federal reviewers specific salary rates for individuals identified in the application.) Applications for different priority areas are packaged separately;
- Application is from an organization which is eligible under the eligibility requirements defined in the priority area description (screening requirement);
- Application length does not exceed 60 pages, unless otherwise specified in

- the priority area description. A complete application consists of the following items in this order:
- —Application for Federal Assistance (SF 424, REV 4–88);
- —A completed SPOC certification with the date of SPOC contact entered in line 16, page 1 of the SF 424;
- —Budget Information-Non-Construction Programs (SF 424A, REV 4–88);
- —Budget justification for Section B-Budget Categories;
- —Table of Contents;
- Letter from the Internal Revenue Service to prove non-profit status, if necessary;
- Copy of the applicant's approved indirect cost rate agreement, if appropriate;
- Project summary description and listing of key words;
- —Program Narrative Statement (See Part III, Section C);
- Organizational capability statement, including an organization chart;
- —Any appendices/attachments;
- —Assurances-Non-ConstructionPrograms (Standard Form 424B, REV 4–88);
- —Certification Regarding Lobbying;
- Certification of Protection of Human Subjects, if necessary; and
- Certification Regarding
 Environmental Tobacco Smoke (Pro-Children Act Certification).

E. The Application Package

Each application package must include an original and two copies of the complete application. Each copy should be stapled securely (front and back if necessary) in the upper left-hand corner. All pages of the narrative (including charts, tables, maps, exhibits, etc.) must be sequentially numbered, beginning with page one. In order to facilitate handling, please do not use covers, binders or tabs. Do not include extraneous materials as attachments, such as agency promotion brochures, slides, tapes, film clips, minutes of meetings, survey instruments or articles of incorporation.

Do not include a self-addressed, stamped acknowledgement card. All applicants will be notified automatically about the receipt of their application. If acknowledgement of receipt of your application is not received within eight weeks after the deadline dates, please notify the ACYF Operations Center by telephone at 1–800–351–2293.

Dated: June 11, 1996.

James A. Harrell,

Deputy Commissioner, Administration on Children, Youth and Families.

References

- AIA Factsheet, Number 2, November, 1995. Perinatal Substance Exposure. National Abandoned Infants Assistance Resource Center. University of California at Berkeley.
- AIA Factsheet, Number 3, January, 1996.
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- Barth, R., Goldberg, S., Pietrzak, J., Price, A., and Parker, T. (1995) Abandoned Infants Assistance Programs: Providing Innovative Responses on Behalf of Infants and Children. National Abandoned Infants Assistance Resource Center, University of California at Berkeley.
- Department of Health and Human Services (1995). Centers for Disease Control. *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report*, Washington, D.C.
- James Bell Associates (1993). Report to the Congress: National Estimates on the Number of Boarder Babies, the Cost of Their Care, and the Number of Abandoned Infants. Washington, D.C.:
 U. S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau.
- Levine. C., and Stein, G. (1994) *Orphans of the HIV Epidemic.* The Orphan Project. New York, New York.
- Polineni, Kavita. Permanency Planning for Children and Youth at Risk of Being Orphaned by AIDS. (1995 unpublished). John Hopkins University. Baltimore, Maryland.

- Appendix A—Currently Funded Abandoned Infants Service Demonstration Projects
- Georgia Department of Human Resources, Division of Family and Children Services, 878 Peachtree Street, Suite 417, Atlanta, Georgia 30309
- Hahnemann University, Broad and Vine Streets, Mail Stop 404, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19102
- Children's Mercy Hospital, 24th at Gillham Road, Kansas City, Missouri 64108
- Ken-Crest Centers, Children and Family Services, 3132 Midvale Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19129
- New York State Department, of Social Services, Division of Family and Children Services, 40 N. Pearl Street Albany, New York 12243 (Project site: Brooklyn, NY)
- Leake & Watts Children's Home, Specialized Foster Home Program, 487 S. Broadway, 2nd Floor, Yonkers, New York 10705
- Yale University, School of Medicine, Child Study Center, 333 Cedar Street, New Haven, Connecticut 06510
- University of New Mexico, School of Medicine, 915 Camino de Salud, N.E., Albuquerque, New Mexico 87131
- Operation PAR, Inc., McCormick Center, 10901–C Roosevelt Blvd., #1000, St. Petersburg, Florida 33716
- San Joaquin County, Department of Health Care Services, 500 West Hospital Road, French Camp, California 95231
- Protestant Community Centers, Inc., 19 James Street, Newark, New Jersey 07102
- Children's AIDS Network Designed for Interfaith Involvement (CANDII), Suite F– 116, 222 West 21st Street, Norfolk, Virginia 23517
- Kansas Children's Service League, P.O. Box 517, Wichita, Kansas 67201
- Bienvenidos Children's Center, 421 South Glendora Avenue, West Covina, California 91790
- Society for Seamen's Children, 25 Hyatt Street, 5th Floor, Staten Island, New York 10301
- Texas Department of Protective and Regulatory Services, Protective Services for Children, P.O. Box 149030, Austin, Texas

- 78714–9030 (Project sites: Dallas and Fort Worth, Texas)
- Florida International University, Institute for Children and Families at Risk, Department of Social Work, North Miami Campus, Miami, Florida 33181
- Foundation for Children with AIDS, Inc., 1800 Columbus Avenue, Roxbury, Massachusetts 02119
- Mount St. Joseph-St. Elizabeth, 100 Masonic Avenue, San Francisco, California 94118– 4494
- Maryland State Department of Human Resources, 311 West Saratoga Street, Room 931, Baltimore, Maryland 21201
- Illinois State Department of Children and Family Services, 406 East Monroe Street, Springfield, Illinois 62701 (Project site: Chicago, IL)
- Children's Hospital, 219 Bryant Street, Buffalo, New York 14222
- New Jersey State Department of Human Services, 50 East State Street, CN 717, Trenton, New Jersey 08625 (Project site: Jersey City, NJ)
- Delaware Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Alcoholism, Drug Abuse and Mental Health, 1901 No. DuPont Highway, New Castle, Delaware 19720
- Massachusetts State Department of Public Health, Division of Perinatal and Child Health, 150 Tremont Street, 4th Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02111 (Project sites: New Bedford and Springfield, MA)
- Child & Family Services of Knox County, 114 Dameron Avenue, Knoxville, Tennessee 37917
- Orange County Social Services Agency, 1055 N. Main Street, Suite 600, Santa Ana, California 927021
- Tarzana Treatment Center, 18646 Oxnard Street, Tarzana, California 91356–1486
- Children's Institute International, 711 S. New Hampshire Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90005
- Children's Hospital of New Orleans, 200 Henry Clay Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana 70118
- The Center for Drug-Free Living, Inc., 100 W. Columbia Street, Orlando, Florida 32806

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TYPE OF SUBMIS Application Construction	Preappli		3. DATE RECEIVED BY	STATE	State Application Identifier	
		and delion	4. DATE RECEIVED BY	EDERAL AGENCY	Federal Identifier	
☐ Non-Constru		Construction	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
5. APPLICANT INFOR	MATION		·	T .		
Legal Name:				Organizational Uni	t:	_
Address (give city, o	county, state. and z	ip code):		Name and telephothis application (g	ne number of the person to be cor	itacted on matters involving
6. EMPLOYER IDENT	FICATION NUMBER (EIN):		7. TYPE OF APPLIC	ANT: (enter appropriate letter in b	ox)
				A State B County		ol Dist. stitution of Higher Learning
8. TYPE OF APPLICA	TION:			C. Municipal D. Township	J. Private University K. Indian Tribe	
	☐ New	☐ Continuatio	n Revision	E. Interstate L. Individual E. Intermunicipal M. Profit Organization		
If Revision, enter ap	propriate letter(s) in	box(es):		F. Intermunicij G. Special Dist	•	ı
A increase Awa		_	Increase Duration	G. Special district. 14. Other (specify)		
D. Decrease Dur	ation Other (speci	ify):		9. NAME OF FEDERAL AGENCY:		
10. CATALOG OF FEI ASSISTANCE NU	DERAL DOMESTIC MBER:		•	11. DESCRIPTIVE TO	ITLE OF APPLICANT'S PROJECT:	
TITLE:						
12. AREAS AFFECTE	N BY PRO IECT (cities	counties states	e atc.):			
12. AREAS AFFECTE	DOT PROJECT (CARE.	s, coomies, siales	i, 0 10. <i>)</i> .			
				<u> </u>		
13. PROPOSED PRO		14. CONGRESSI	ONAL DISTRICTS OF:			·
Start Date	Ending Date	a. Applicant			b. Project	
15. ESTIMATED FUND	ING:	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	16 IS APPLICATIO	N SUBJECT TO REVIS	EW BY STATE EXECUTIVE ORDER 123	77 PBOCESS?
a. Federal	\$.0			N/APPLICATION WAS MADE AVA	
			s ⁻	TATE EXECUTIVE O	RDER 12372 PROCESS FOR REV	'IEW ON
b. Applicant	\$.0	10	ATE		
c State \$.00 b NO			PROGRAM IS NOT COVERED BY E.O. 12372			
d. Local				ATE FOR REVIEW		
e Other	s	.0	.00			
f Program income \$.00 17. IS THE APPLICAL			CANT DELINQUENT O	N ANY FEDERAL DEBT?		
g TOTAL \$.00 Yes			If "Yes," attach an explanation.			
18. TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. ALL DATA IN THIS APPLICATION/PREAPPLICATION ARE TRUE AND CORRECT, THE DOCUMENT HAS BEEN DULY						
a. Typed Name of A			AND THE APPLICANT W	LL COMPLY WITH THE ATTACHED ASSURANCES IF THE ASSISTANCE IS AWARDED b Title c Telephone number		
						
d Signature of Aut	horized Representat	ive				e Date Signed

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Standard Form 424 (REV 4-88) Prescribed by OMB Circular A-102

Previous Editions Not Usable

Instructions for the SF 424

This is a standard form used by applicants as a required facesheet for preapplications and applications submitted for Federal assistance. It will be used by Federal agencies to obtain applicant certification that States which have established a review and comment procedure in response to Executive Order 12372 and have selected the program to be included in their process, have been given an opportunity to review the applicant's submission.

Item and Entry

- 1. Self-explanatory.
- 2. Date application submitted to Federal agency (or State if applicable) & applicant's control number (if applicable).
 - 3. State use only (if applicable).
- 4. If this application is to continue or revise an existing award, enter present Federal identifier number. If for a new project, leave blank.
- 5. Legal name of applicant, name of primary organizational unit which will undertake the assistance activity, complete address of the applicant, and name and telephone number of the person to contact on matters related to this application.
- 6. Enter Employer Identification Number (EIN) as assigned by the Internal Revenue Service.
- 7. Enter the appropriate letter in the space provided.

- 8. Check appropriate box and enter appropriate letter(s) in the space(s) provided:
- —"New" means a new assistance award.
- —"Continuation" means an extension for an additional funding/budget period for a project with a projected completion date.
- —"Revision" means any change in the Federal Government's financial obligation or contingent liability from an existing obligation.
- 9. Name of Federal agency from which assistance is being requested with this application.
- 10. Use the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number and title of the program under which assistance is requested.
- 11. Enter a brief descriptive title of the project, if more than one program is involved, you should append an explanation on a separate sheet. If appropriate (e.g., construction or real property projects), attach a map showing project location. For preapplications, use a separate sheet to provide a summary description of this project.
- 12. List only the largest political entities affected (e.g., State, counties, cities).
 - 13. Self-explanatory.
- 14. List the applicant's Congressional District and any District(s) affected by the program or project.
- 15. Amount requested or to be contributed during the first funding/budget period by

- each contributor. Value of in-kind contributions should be included on appropriate lines as applicable. If the action will result in a dollar change to an existing award, indicate *only* the amount of the change. For decreases, enclose the amounts in parentheses. if both basic and supplemental amounts are included, show breakdown on an attached sheet. For multiple program funding, use totals and show breakdown using same categories as item 15.
- 16. Applicants should contact the State Single Point of Contact (SPOC) for Federal Executive Order 12372 to determine whether the application is subject to the State intergovernmental review process.
- 17. This question applies to the applicant organization, not the person who signs as the authorized representative. Categories of debt include delinquent audit disallowances, loans and taxes.
- 18. to be signed by the authorized representative of the applicant. A copy of the governing body's authorization for you to sign this application as official representative must be on file in the applicant's office. (Certain Federal agencies may require that this authorization be submitted as part of the application.)

BILLING CODE 4184-01-M

		SE	SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY	I,		
Grant Program Function	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Estimated Unobligated Funds	bligated Funds		New or Revised Budget	
or Activity (a)	Number (b)	Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)
1.		\$	\$	\$	\$	•
2.						
•		·				
5. TOTALS		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
		38	SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES	E S		
6 Object Class Categories	Ş.	(1)	GRANT PROGRAM, F	GRANT PROGRAM, FUNCTION OR ACTIVITY (3)	(4)	Total (5)
a. Personnel		•	•	•	•	~
b. Fringe Benefits						
c. Travel						
d. Equipment						
e. Supplies						
f. Contractual						
g. Construction						
h. Other						
i. Total Direct Char	Total Direct Charges (sum of 6a - 6h)					
j. Indirect Charges						
k. TOTALS (sum of 6i and 6j.)	6i and 6j)	~	\$	\$	\$	\$
. Program income		∽	\$	\$	\$	\$
						_

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	1	SECTION C - NON-FEDERAL RESOURCES	URCES		
(a) Grant Program		(b) Applicant	(c) State	(d) Other Sources	(e) TOTALS
œ		\$	\$	\$	8
ń					
10.					
11.					
12. TOTALS (sum of lines 8 and 11)		•	s	\$	\$
	SECTION D	SECTION D - FORECASTED CASH NEEDS	NEEDS		
4.3 Endered	Total for 1st Year	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
19. rederal	\$	•	*	•	•
14. Nonfederal					
15. TOTAL (sum of lines 13 and 14)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
SECTION E - BU		EDERAL FUNDS NEEDE	DGET ESTIMATES OF FEDERAL FUNDS NEEDED FOR BALANCE OF THE PROJECT	E PROJECT	
mercy Certification			FUTURE FUNDING PERIODS (Years)	PERIODS (Vears)	
		(b) First	(c) Second	(d) Third	(e) Fourth
16.		•	\$	•	•
17.					
18.					
.61					
20. TOTALS (sum of lines 16-19)		\$	\$	\$	8
	SECTION F - (Attach	SECTION F - OTHER BUDGET INFORMATION (Attach additional Sheets if Necessary)	MATION ary)		
21. Direct Charges:		22. Indirect Charges:	harges:		
23. Remarks					
		Authorizad for Local Department	i	Pres	SF 424A (4-88) Page 2 Prescribed by OMB Circular A-102

BILLING CODE 4184-01-C

Instructions for the SF-424F

General Instructions

This form is designed so that application can be made for funds from one or more grant programs. In preparing the budget, adhere to any existing Federal grantor agency guidelines which prescribe how and whether budgeted amounts should be separately shown for different functions or activities within the program. For some programs, grantor agencies may require budgets to be separately shown by function or activity. For other programs, grantor agencies may require a breakdown by function or activity. Sections A, B, C, and D should include budget estimates for the whole project except when applying for assistance which requires Federal authorization in annual or other funding period increments. In the latter case, Sections A, B, C, and D should provide the budget for the first budget period (usually a year) and Section E should present the need for Federal assistance in the subsequent budget periods. All applications should contain a breakdown by the object class categories shown in Line a-k of Section B.

Section A. Budget Summary

Lines 1-4, Columns (a) and (b)

For applications pertaining to a single Federal grant program (Federal Domestic Assistance Catalog number) and not requiring a functional or activity breakdown, enter on Line 1 under Column (a) the catalog program title and the catalog number in Column (b).

For applications pertaining to a single program requiring budget amounts by multiple functions or activities, enter the name of each activity or function on each line in Column (a), and enter the catalog number in Column (b). For applications pertaining to multiple programs where none of the programs require a breakdown by function or activity, enter the catalog program title on each line in Column (a) and the respective catalog number on each line in Column (b).

For applications pertaining to multiple programs where one or more programs require a breakdown by function or activity, prepare a separate sheet for each program requiring the breakdown. Additional sheets should be used when one form does not provide adequate space for all breakdown of data required. However, when more than one sheet is used, the first page should provide the summary totals by programs.

Lines 1-4, Columns (c) Through (g)

For new applications, leave Column (c) and (d) blank. For each line entry in Columns (a) and (b), enter in Columns (e), (f), and (g) the appropriate amounts of funds needed to support the project for the first funding period (usually a year).

For continuing grant program applications, submit these forms before the end of each funding period as required by the grantor agency. Enter in Columns (c) and (d) the estimated amounts of funds which will remain unobligated at the end of the grant funding period only if the Federal grantor agency instructions provide for this.

Otherwise, leave these columns blank. Enter in columns (e) and (f) the amounts of funds

needed for the upcoming period. The amount(s) in Column (g) should be the sum of amounts in Columns (e) and (f).

For supplemental grants and changes to existing grants, do not use Columns (c) and (d). Enter in Column (e) the amount of the increase or decrease of Federal funds and enter in Column (f) the amount of the increase or decrease of non-Federal funds. In Column (g) enter the new total budgeted amount (Federal and non-Federal) which includes the total previous authorized budgeted amounts plus or minus, as appropriate, the amounts shown in Columns (e) and (f). The amount(s) in Column (g) should not equal the sum of amounts in Columns (e) and (f).

Line 5—Show the totals for all columns used.

Section B. Budget Categories

In the column headings (1) through (4), enter the titles of the same programs, functions, and activities shown on Lines 1–4, Column (a), Section A. When additional sheets are prepared for Section A, provide similar column headings on each sheet. For each program, function or activity, fill in the total requirements for funds (both Federal and non-Federal) by object class categories.

Lines 6a-i—Show the totals of Lines 6a to 6h in each column.

Line 6j—Show the amount of indirect cost. Line 6k—Enter the total of amounts on Lines 6i and 6j. For all applications for new grants and continuation grants the total amount in column (5), Line 6k, should be the same as the total amount shown in Section A, Column (g), Line 5. For supplemental grants and changes to grants, the total amount of the increase or decrease as shown in Columns (1)–(4), Line 6k should be the same as the sum of the amounts in Section A, Columns (e) and (f) on Line 5.

Line 7—Enter the estimated amount of income, if any, expected to be generated from this project. Do not add or subtrace this amount from the total project amount. Show under the program narrative statement the nature and source of income. The estimated amount of program income may be considered by the federal grantor agency in determining the total amount of the grant.

Section C. Non-Federal-Resources

Lines 8–11—Enter amounts of non-Federal resources that will be used on the grant. If in-kind contributions are included, provide a brief explanation on a separate sheet.

Column (a)—Enter the program titles identical to Column (a), Section A. A breakdown by function or activity is not necessary.

Column (b)—Enter the contribution to be made by the applicant.

Column (c)—Enter the amount of the State's cash and in-kind contribution if the applicant is not a State or State agency. Applicants which are a State or State agencies should leave this column blank.

Column (d)—Enter the amount of cash and in-kind contributions to be made from all other sources.

Column (e)—Enter totals of Columns (b), (c), and (d).

Line 12—Enter the total for each of Columns (b)–(e). The amount in Column (e)

should be equal to the amount on Line 5, Column (f), Section A.

Section D. Forecasted Cash Needs

Line 13—Enter the amount of cash needed by quarter from the grantor agency during the first year.

Line 14—Enter the amount of cash from all other sources needed by quarter during the first year.

Line 15—Enter the totals of amounts on Lines 13 and 14.

Section E. Budget Estimates of Federal Funds Needed for Balance of the Project

Lines 16–19—Enter in Column (a) the same grant program titles shown in Column (a), Section A. A breakdown by function or activity is not necessary. For new applications and continuation grant applications, enter in the proper columns amounts of Federal funds which will be needed to complete the program or project over the succeeding funding periods (usually in years). This section need not be completed for revisions (amendments, changes, or supplements) to funds for the current year of existing grants.

If more than four lines are needed to list the program titles, submit additional schedules as necessary.

Line 20—Enter the total for each of the Columns (b)–(e). When additional schedules are prepared for this Section, annotate accordingly and show the overall totals on this line.

Section F. Other Budget Information

Line 21—Use this space to explain amounts for individual direct object-class cost categories that may appear to be out of the ordinary or to explain the details as required by the Federal grantor agency.

Line 22—Enter the type of indirect rate (provisional, predetermined, final or fixed) that will be in effect during the funding period, the estimated amount of the base to which the rate is applied, and the total indirect expense.

Line 23—Provide any other explanations or comments deemed necessary.

Assurances—Non-Construction Programs

Note: Certain of these assurances may not be applicable to your protect or program. If you have questions, please contract the awarding agency. Further, certain Federal awarding agencies may require applicants to certify to additional assurances. If such is the case, you will be notified.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant I certify that the applicant:

- 1. Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of the project described in this application.
- 2. Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General of the United States, and if appropriate, the State, through any authorized representative, access to and the right to examine all records, books, papers, or documents related to the award; and will

establish a proper accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards or agency directives.

3. Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain.

4. Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.

- 5. Will comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. §§ 4728–4763) relating to prescribed standards for merit systems for programs funded under one of the nineteen statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OPM's Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration (5 C.F.R. 900, Subpart F).
- 6. Will comply with all Federal statutes relating to nondiscrimination. These include but are not limited to: (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin; (b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§ 1681–1683, and 1685–1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex; (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. § 794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps; (d) the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 6101 6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; (e) the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse; (f) the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism; (g) §§ 523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. 290 dd-3 and 290 ee-3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; (h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. § 3601 et seq.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental or financing of housing; (i) any other nondiscrimination provisions in the specific statute(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and (j) the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statute(s) which may apply to the application.
- 7. Will comply, or has already complied, with the requirement of Titles II and III of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (P.L. 91–646) which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal or federally assisted programs. These requirements apply to all interests in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases.
- 8. Will comply with the provisions of the Hatch Act (5 U.S.C. §§ 1501–1508 and 7324–7328) which limit the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
- 9. Will comply, as applicable, with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C.

§§ 276a to 276a-7), the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. § 276c and 18 U.S.C. §§ 874), and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. §§ 327-333), regarding labor standards for federally assisted construction subagreements.

10. Will comply, if applicable, with flood insurance purchase requirements of Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (P.L. 93–234) which requires recipients in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and to purchase flood insurance if the total cost of insurable construction and acquisition is \$10,000 or more.

11. Will comply with environmental standards which may be prescribed pursuant to the following: (a) institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (P.L. 91-190) and Executive Order (EO) 11514; (b) notification of violating facilities pursuant to EO 11738; (c) protection of wetlands pursuant to EO 11990; (d) evaluation of flood hazards in floodplaints in accordance with EO 11988; (e) assurance of project consistency with the approved State management program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. §§ 1451 et seq.); (f) conformity of Federal actions to state (Clear Air) Implementation Plans under Section 176(c) of the Clear Air Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq.); (g) protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, (P.L. 93-523); and (h) protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, (P.L. 93-205).

12. Will comply with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 (16 U.S.C. §§ 1271 et seq.) related to protecting components or potential components of the national wild and scenic rivers system.

- 13. Will assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 469a–1 et seq.).
- 14. Will comply with P.L. 93–348 regarding the protection of human subjects involved in research, development, and related activities supported by this award of assistance.
- 15. Will comply with the Laboratory Animal Welfare Act of 1966 (P.L. 89–544, as amended, 7 U.S.C. 2131 et seq.) pertaining to the care, handling, and treatment of warm blooded animals held for research, teaching, or other activities supported by this award of assistance.
- 16. Will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 4801 et seq.) which prohibits the use of lead based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residence structures.
- 17. Will cause to be performed the required financial and compliance audits in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1984.
- 18. Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws,

executive orders, regulations and policies governing this program.

Signature of authorized certifying official

Title

Applicant organization

Date submitted

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters—Primary Covered Transactions

By signing and submitting this proposal, the applicant, defined as the primary participant in accordance with 45 CFR Part 76, certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that it and its principals:

(a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal Department or agency;

- (b) Have not within a 3-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction or records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property.
- (c) Are not presently indicted or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and
- (d) Have not within a 3-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

The inability of a person to provide the certification required above will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. If necessary, the prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the Department of Health and Human Services' (HHS) determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.

The prospective primary participant agrees that by submitting this proposal, it will include the clause entitled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion—Lower Tier Covered Transactions" provided below without modification in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion—Lower Tier Cover Transactions (To Be Supplied to Lower Tier Participants)

By signing and submitting this lower tier proposal, the prospective lower tier

participant, as defined in 45 CFR Part 76, certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that it and its principals:

(a) are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any federal department or agency.

(b) where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the above, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause entitled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion—Lower Tier Covered Transactions" without modification in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

Certification Regarding Environmental Tobacco Smoke

Public Law 103-227, Part C-Environmental Tobacco Smoke, also known as the Pro-Children Act of 1994 (Act), requires that smoking not be permitted in any portion of any indoor facility owned or leased or contracted for by an entity and used routinely or regularly for the provision of health, day care, education, or library services to children under the age of 18, if the services are funded by Federal programs either directly or through State or local governments, by Federal grant, contract, loan, or loan guarantee. The law does not apply to children's services provided in private residences, facilities funded solely by Medicare or Medicaid funds, and portions of facilities used for impatient drug or alcohol treatment. Failure to comply with the provisions of the law may result in the imposition of a civil monetary penalty of up to \$1000 per day and/or the imposition of an administrative compliance order on the responsible entity.

By signing and submitting this application the applicant/grantee certifies that it will comply with the requirements of the Act. The applicant/grantee further agrees that it will require the language of this certification be included in any subawards which contain provisions for children's services and that all subgrantees shall certify accordingly.

Certification Regarding Lobbying

Certification for Contracts, Grants, Loans, and Cooperative Agreements

The undersigned certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

(3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all

subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

State for Loan Guarantee and Loan Insurance

The undersigned states, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

If any funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this commitment providing for the United States to insure or guarantee a loan, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

Submission of this statement is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required statement shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Signature		
Title		
Organization	 	
Date		

BILLING CODE 4184-01-M

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

Approved by OMB 0348-0046

Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352 (See reverse for public burden disclosure.)

1.	Type of Federal Action:	2. Status of Feder				
[a. contract b. grant c. cooperative agreement	a. bid/offer b. initial aw	/application vard	a. initial filing b. material change		
Ì	d. Ioan	c. post-awa	ard	For Material Change Only: year quarter		
	e. Ioan guarantee f. Ioan insurance			date of last report		
4.	Name and Address of Reporting Enti	ty:		tity in No. 4 is Subawardee, Enter Name		
	□ Prime □ Subawar		and Address of	Prime:		
	Tier	_ , if known:				
	Congressional District, if known:		Congressional [District, if known:		
6.	Federal Department/Agency:		7. Federal Program	n Name/Description:		
			CFDA Number, if applicable:			
8.	Federal Action Number, if known:		9. Award Amount,	if known:		
			\$			
10.	a. Name and Address of Lobbying En (If individual, last name, first name	ntity , MI):	b. Individuals Perfo different from No	rming Services (including address if b. 10a)		
			(last name, first na	ame, MI):		
11.	Amount of Payment (check all that a		13. Type of Paymen	nt (check all that apply):		
l	\$	• •	□ a. retainer			
	Form of Bourset (about all that are I		□ b. one-time			
12.	Form of Payment (check all that appl a. cash	<i>y)</i> :	☐ c. commission ☐ d. contingent fee			
	b. in-kind; specify: nature		☐ e. deferred			
	value		☐ f. other; sp	ecity:		
14.	14. Brief Description of Services Performed or to be Performed and Date(s) of Service, including officer(s), employee(s),					
	or Member(s) contacted, for Payment Indicated in Item 11:					
15.	Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A attack		et(s) SF-LLL-A, if necessary) D No			
	Information requested through this form is authori					
	section 1352. This disclosure of lobbying activities is a	material representation	Signature:			
	of fact upon which reliance was placed by the transaction was made or entered into. This disclosure	is required pursuant to	Print Name:			
	31 U.S.C. 1352. This information will be reported annually and will be available for public inspection.	Any person who fails to	Title:			
	file the required disclosure shall be subject to a civil p \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such fail		Telephone No.:	Date:		
,	ederal Use Only:			Authorized for Local Reproduction Standard Form - LLL		

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements Grantees Other Than Individuals

By signing and/or submitting this application or grant agreement, the grantee is providing the certification set out below.

This certification is required by regulations implementing the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, 45 CFR Part 76, Subpart F. The regulations, published in the May 25, 1990 Federal Register, require certification by grantees that they will maintain a drug-free workplace. The certification set out below is a material representation of fact upon which reliance will be placed when the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) determines to award the grant. If it is later determined that the grantee knowingly rendered a false certification, or otherwise violates the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act, HHS, in addition to any other remedies available to the Federal Government, may taken action authorized under the Drug-Free Workplace Act. False certification or violation of the certification shall be grounds for suspension of payments, suspension or termination of grants, or governmentwide suspension or debarment.

Workplaces under grants, for grantees other than individuals, need not be identified on the certification. If known, they may be identified in the grant application. If the grantee does not identify the workplaces at the time of application, or upon award, if there is no application, the grantee must keep the identity of the workplace(s) on file in its office and make the information available for Federal inspection. Failure to identify all known workplaces constitutes a violation of the grantee's drug-free workplace requirements.

Workplace identifications must include the actual address of buildings (or parts of buildings) or other sites where work under the grant takes place. Categorical descriptions may be used (e.g., all vehicles of a mass transit authority or State highway department while in operation, State employees in each local unemployment office, performers in concert halls or radio studios.)

If the workplace identified to HHS changes during the performance of the grant, the grantee shall inform the agency of the change(s), if it previously identified the workplaces in question (see above).

Definitions of terms in the Nonprocurement Suspension and Debarment common rule and Drug-Free Workplace common rule apply to this certification. Grantees' attention is called, in particular, to the following definitions from these rules:

"Controlled substance" means a controlled substance in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances Act (21 USC 812) and as further defined by regulation (21 CFR 1308.11 through 1308.15).

"Conviction" means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violations of the Federal or State criminal drug statutes;

"Criminal drug statute" means a Federal or non-Federal criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, use, or possession of any controlled substance;

"Employee" means the employee of a grantee directly engaged in the performance of work under a grant, including: (i) All "direct charge" employees; (ii) all "indirect charge" employees unless their impact or involvement is insignificant to the performance of the grant; and, (iii) temporary personnel and consultants who are directly engaged in the performance of work under the grant and who are on the grantee's payroll. This definition does not include workers not on the payroll of the grantee (e.g., volunteers, even if used to meet a matching requirement; consultants or independent contractors not on the grantee's payroll; or employees of subrecipients or subcontractors in covered workplaces).

The grantee certifies that it will or will continue to provide a drug-free workplace by:

- (a) Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the grantee's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violation of such prohibition;
 - (b) Establishing an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform employees about:
- (1) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace; (2) The grantee's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace; (3) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and, (4) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;
- (c) Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by paragraph (a);
- (d) Notifying the employee in the statement required by paragraph (a) that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee will:
- (1) Abide by the terms of the statement; and, (2) Notify the employer in writing of his or her conviction for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days after such conviction;
- (e) Notifying the agency in writing, within ten calendar days after receiving notice under subparagraph (d)(2) from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. Employers of convicted employees must provide notice, including position title, to every grant officer or other designee on whose grant activity the convicted employee was working, unless the Federal agency has designated a central point for the receipt of such notices. Notice shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant;

(f) Taking one of the following actions, within 30 calendar days of receiving notice under subparagraph (d)(2), with respect to any employee who is so convicted: (1) Taking appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; or, (2) Requiring such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency; (g) Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f). The grantee may insert in the space provided below the site(s) for the performance of work done in connection with the specific grant (use attachments, if needed):
Place of Performance (Street address, City, County, State, ZIP Code)
Check if there are workplaces on file that are not identified here.
Sections 76.630(c) and (d)(2) and 76.635(a)(1) and (b) provide that a Federal agency may designate a central receipt point for STATE-WIDE AND STATE AGENCY-WIDE certifications, and for notification of criminal drug convictions. For the Department of Health and Human Services, the central receipt point is: Division of Grants Management and Oversight, Office of Management and Acquisition, Department of Health and Human Services, Room 517-D, 200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201.
DGMO Form#2 Revised May 1990

Appendix B—OMB State Single Point of Contact Listing

Arizona

Joni Saad, Arizona State Clearinghouse, 3800 N. Central Avenue, Fourteenth Floor, Phoenix, Arizona 85012, Telephone (602) 280–1315, FAX: (602) 280–1305.

Arkansas

Mr. Tracy L. Copeland, Manager, State Clearinghouse, Office of Intergovernmental Services, Department of Finance and Administration, 1515 W. 7th St., Room 412, Little Rock, Arkansas 72203, Telephone: (501) 682–1074, FAX: (501) 682–5206.

Alabama

Jon C. Strickland, Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs, Planning and Economic Development Division, 401 Adams Avenue, Montgomery, Alabama 36103–5690, Telephone: (205) 242–5483, FAX: (205) 242–5515.

California

Grants Coordinator, Office of Planning & Research, 1400 Tenth Street, Room 121, Sacramento, California 95814, Telephone (916) 323–7480, FAX: (916) 323–3018.

Delaware

Francine Booth, State Single Point of Contact Executive Department, Thomas Collins Building, P.O. Box 1401, Dover, Delaware 19903, Telephone: (302) 739–3326, FAX; (302) 739–5661.

District of Columbia

Charles Nichols, State Single Point of Contact, Office of Grants Mgmt. & Dev., 717 14th Street, N.W.—Suite 500, Washington, D.C. 20005, Telephone: (202) 727–6554, FAX: (202) 727–1617.

Florida

Florida State Clearinghouse, Department of Community Affairs, 2740 Centerview Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32399–2100, Telephone: (904) 922–5438, FAX: (904) 487–2899.

Georgia

Tom L. Reid, III, Administrator, Georgia State Clearinghouse, 254 Washington Street, S.W.—Room 401J, Atlanta, Georgia 30334, Telephone: (404) 656–3855 or (404) 656– 3829, FAX: (404) 656–7938.

Illinois

Barbara Beard, State Single Point of Contact, Department of Commerce and Community Affairs, 620 East Adams, Springfield, Illinois 62701, Telephone: (217) 782–1671, FAX: (217) 534–1627.

Indiana

Amy Brewer, State Budget Agency, 212 State House, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204, Telephone: (317) 232–5619, FAX: (317) 233–3323.

Iowa

Steven R. McCann, Division for Community Assistance, Iowa Department of Economic Development, 200 East Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50309, Telephone: (515) 242–4719, FAX: (515) 242–4859.

Kentucky

Ronald W. Cook, Office of the Governor, Department of Local Government, 1024 Capitol Center Drive, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601–8204, Telephone: (502) 573–2382, FAX: (502) 573–2512.

Maine

Joyce Benson, State Planning Office, State House Station #38, Augusta, Maine 04333, Telephone: (207) 287–3261, FAX: (207) 287–6489.

Maryland

William G. Carroll, Manager, State Clearinghouse for Intergovernmental Assistance, Maryland Office of Planning, 301 W. Preston Street—Room 1104, Baltimore, Maryland 21201–2365, Staff Contact: Linda Janey, Telephone: (410) 225–4490, FAX: (410) 225–4480.

Michigan

Richard Pfaff, Southeast Michigan Council of Governments, 1900 Edison Plaza, 660 Plaza Drive, Detroit, Michigan 48226, Telephone: (313) 961–4266.

Mississippi

Cathy Malette, Clearinghouse Officer, Department of Finance and Administration, 455 North Lamar Street, Jackson, Mississippi 39202–3807, Telephone: (601) 359–6762, FAX: (601) 359–6764.

Missouri

Lois Pohl, Federal Assistance Clearinghouse, Office of Administration, P.O. Box 809, Room 760, Truman Building, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102, Telephone: (314) 751–4834, FAX: (314) 751–7819.

Nevada

Department of Administration, State Clearinghouse, Capitol Complex, Carson City, Nevada 89710, Telephone: (702) 687– 4065, FAX: (702) 687–3983.

New Hampshire

Jeffrey H. Taylor, Director, New Hampshire Office of State Planning, Attn: Intergovernmental Review Process, Mike Blake, 2 1/2 Beacon Street, Concord, New Hampshire 03301, Telephone: (603) 271– 2155, FAX: (603) 271–1728.

New Jersey

Gregory W. Adkins, Assistant Commissioner, New Jersey Department of Community Affairs.

Please direct all correspondence and question about intergovernmental review to: Andrew J. Jaskolka, State Review Process, Intergovernmental Review Unit CN 800, Room 813A, Trenton, New Jersey 08625–0800, Telephone: (609) 292–9025, FAX: (609) 633–2132.

New Mexico

Robert Peters, State Budget Division, Room 190, Bataan Memorial Building, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87503, Telephone: (505) 827– 3640.

New York

New York State Clearinghouse, Division of the Budget, State Capitol, Albany, New York 12224, Telephone: (518) 474–1605.

North Carolina

Chrys Baggett, Director, N.C. State Clearinghouse, Office of the Secretary of Admin., 116 West Jones Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603–8003, Telephone: (919) 733–7232, FAX: (919) 733–9571.

North Dakota

North Dakota Single Point of Contact, Office of Intergovernmental Assistance, 600 East Boulevard Avenue, Bismarck, North Dakota 58505–0170, Telephone: (701) 224– 2094, FAX: (701) 224–2308.

Ohio

Larry Weaver, State Single Point of Contact, State Clearinghouse, Office of Budget and Management, 30 East Broad Street, 34th Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43266–0411.

Please direct correspondence and questions about intergovernmental review to: Linda Wise, Telephone: (614) 466–0698, FAX: (614) 466–5400.

Rhode Island

Daniel W. Varin, Associate Director, Department of Administration/Division of Planning, One Capitol Hill, 4th Floor, Providence, Rhode Island 02908–5870, Telephone: (401) 277–2656, FAX: (401) 277–2083.

Please direct correspondence and questions to: Review Coordinator, Office of Strategic Planning.

South Carolina

Omeagia Burgess, State Single Point of Contact, Grant Services, Office of the Governor, 1205 Pendleton Street—Room 477, Columbia, South Carolina 29201, Telephone: (803) 734–0494, FAX: (803) 734–0385.

Texas

Tom Adams, Governor's Office, Director, Intergovernmental Coordination, P.O. Box 12428, Austin, Texas 78711, Telephone: (512) 463–1771, FAX: (512) 463–1880.

Utah

Carolyn Wright, Utah State Clearinghouse, Office of Planning and Budget, Room 116, State Capitol, Salt Lake City, Utah 84114, Telephone: (801) 538–1535, FAX: (801) 538–1547.

Vermont

Nancy McAvoy, State Single Point of Contact, Pavilion Office Building, 109 State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05609, Telephone: (802) 828–3326, FAX: (802) 828–3339.

West Virginia

Fred Cutlip, Director, Community Development Division, W. Virginia Development Office, Building #6, Room 553, Charleston, West Virginia 25305, Telephone: (304) 558–4010, FAX: (304) 558–3248.

Wisconsin

Martha Kerner, Section Chief, State/Federal Relations, Wisconsin Department of Administration, 101 East Wilson Street— 6th Floor, P.O. Box 7868, Madison, Wisconsin 53707, Telephone: (608) 266– 2125, FAX: (608) 267–6931.

Wyoming

Sheryl Jeffries, State Single Point of Contact, Herschler Building 4th Floor, East Wing, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002, Telephone: (307) 777–7574, FAX: (307) 638–8967.

Territories

Guam

Mr. Giovanni T. Sgambelluri, Director, Bureau of Budget and Management Research, Office of the Governor, P.O. Box 2950, Agana, Guam 96910, Telephone: 011-671-472-2285, FAX: 011-671-472-2825.

Puerto Rico

Norma Burgos/Jose E. Caro, Chairwoman/ Director, Puerto Rico Planning Board, Federal Proposals Review Office, Minillas Government Center, P.O. Box 41119, San Juan, Puerto Rico 00940–1119, Telephone: (809) 727–4444; (809) 723–6190, FAX: (809) 724–3270; (809) 724–3103.

North Mariana Islands

State Single Point of Contact, Planning and Budget Office, Office of the Governor, Saipan, CM, North Mariana Islands 96950.

Virgin Islands

Jose George, Director, Office of Management and Budget, #41 Norregade Emancipation Garden Station, Second Floor, Saint Thomas, Virgin Islands 00802.

Please direct all questions and correspondence about intergovernmental review to: Linda Clarke, Telephone: (809) 774–0750, FAX: (809) 776–0069.

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Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Announcement Number 625]

FY 1996 Epidemiologic Research Studies of Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) and Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection

Introduction

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the availability of fiscal year (FY) 1996 funds for a cooperative agreement program for epidemiologic and behavioral research studies of AIDS and HIV infection. These include studies to examine factors related to disease progression of HIV infection in women, mother-to-child HIV transmission, sexual and needleborne transmission of HIV among drug users, and the spread of HIV infection in rural and small cities in the United States. The study of these research areas as they pertain to racial and ethnic minority populations (defined as Black, Hispanic, Asian and Pacific Islander, and American Indian) is encouraged because minorities constitute over 50% of all reported cases of AIDS and approximately 76% of all women and children with AIDS.

CDC is committed to achieving the health promotion and disease prevention objectives of Healthy People 2000, a national activity to reduce morbidity and mortality and improve the quality of life. This announcement is related to the priority area of HIV Infection. (To order a copy of "Healthy People 2000," see the section WHERE TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.)

Authority

This program is authorized under Sections 301(a) and 317(k)(2) of the Public Health Service Act [42 U.S.C. 241(a) and 247b(k)(2)], as amended. Applicable program regulations are set forth in 42 CFR Part 52, entitled "Grants for Research Projects."

Smoke-Free Workplace

CDC strongly encourages all cooperative agreement recipients to provide a smoke-free workplace and promote the non-use of all tobacco products. Public Law 103–227, the Pro-Children Act of 1994, prohibits smoking in certain facilities that receive Federal funds in which education, library, day care, health care, and early childhood development services are provided to children. This is consistent with the PHS mission to protect and advance the physical and mental health of American people.

Eligible Applicants

Eligible applicants include all public and private, nonprofit and for-profit organizations and governments and their agencies. Thus, universities, colleges, research institutions, hospitals, and other public and private organizations, State and local governments or their bona fide agents, federally recognized Indian tribal governments, Indian tribes or Indian tribal organizations, and small, minority- or women-owned businesses are eligible to apply.

Note: Organizations described in section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that engage in lobbying are not eligible to receive Federal grant/cooperative agreement funds.

Availability of Funds

Approximately \$6,900,000 will be available in FY 1996 to fund approximately 16 awards. It is expected that the average new award will be approximately \$300,000 and that the average continuation award will be \$500,000, ranging from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. It is expected that approximately 3 new and 13 competing renewal awards will be made and that

awards will begin on or about September 30, 1996. Awards will be funded for a 12-month budget period within a project period of up to 5 years. Funding estimates may vary and are subject to change. Continuation awards within the project period will be made on the basis of satisfactory programmatic progress and the availability of funds.

Purpose

The purpose of these awards is to help support researchers in the conduct of HIV-related epidemiologic and behavioral research studies. These include studies to examine factors related to disease progression of HIV infection in women, mother-to-child HIV transmission, sexual and needleborne transmission of HIV among drug users, and the spread of HIV infection in small cities and rural areas in the United States. The study of these research areas as they pertain to minority populations are of special interest.

Research Issues

Four research issues of programmatic interest to the health care community and to CDC for FY 1996 are listed below and are considered of significant importance in gaining a greater understanding of the epidemiology of AIDS and HIV infection. However, applications submitted by organizations that examine additional important HIV-related epidemiologic research issues will also be accepted and considered for funding.

Applicants addressing the same research issue should be willing to participate in collaborative studies with other CDC-sponsored researchers, including the use of common data collection instruments, specimen collection protocols, and data management procedures. Applicants are required to identify their proposed research issue on line 1 of the face page of the application if the PHS-398 is used, or Block 11 of the face page if the PHS-5161-1 is used (for more information on the forms to use, see the section APPLICATION SUBMISSION AND DEADLINE).

1. Studies of HIV Disease Progression in Women

Studies should be designed to identify, enroll, and prospectively follow women who are HIV-infected and demographically similar women who are not HIV-infected but who have demonstrable risk for HIV infection so that the biologic, behavioral, and psychosocial determinants and correlates of HIV disease progression