§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

96–11–16 Fokker: Amendment 39–9640. Docket 95–NM–172–AD.

Applicability: Model F28 Mark 0100 airplanes, serial numbers 11244 through 11277 inclusive, 11279, 11281 through 11287 inclusive, and 11289 through 11400 inclusive, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (g) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent over-pressurization and/or damage to the wing collector tanks, which could result in reduced structural integrity of the wings, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 45 days after the effective date of this AD, perform a one-time measurement during refueling to determine the pressure in each collector tank in accordance with Part 1 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–030, dated December 17, 1994.

Note 2: Pressure Limits Categories are defined in Table 2 of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–030, dated December 17, 1994.

- (b) For Pressure Limits Category 1: Within 2 years after the effective date of this AD, modify the four affected top-hat stringers (2.32, 2.33, 2.34, and 2.35) in each outer wing tank area by removing the restriction blocks, in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–029, Revision 1, dated March 23, 1995.
- (c) For Pressure Limits Categories 2 through 5: Except as provided by paragraph (d) of this AD, prior to the number of accumulated total flight cycles or within the time specified in Table 1 of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–030, dated December 17, 1994, whichever occurs earlier, accomplish the requirements of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this AD.
- (1) Perform the Non-Destructive Test (NDT) inspections specified in Part 2 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–030, dated December 17, 1994, to detect cracking or deformations of the collector tank ribs on each wing at wing stations 1825, 2230, and 2635. These inspections are to be performed in accordance with Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–030, dated December 17, 1994.
- (2) Modify the four affected top-hat stringers (2.32, 2.33, 2.34, and 2.35) in each

outer wing tank area by removing the restriction blocks, in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–029, Revision 1, dated March 23, 1995.

- (d) For Pressure Limits Category 6, and for airplanes having pressure limits within the limits specified in Categories 3 through 5 and that have exceeded the number of accumulated total flight cycles specified in Table 1: Within 100 flight cycles, accomplish the requirements of paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this AD.
- (1) Perform the NDT inspections in accordance with the procedures of Part 2 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–030, dated December 17, 1994. The fueling pressure must not exceed 25 pounds per square inch (PSI) during refueling.
- (2) Modify the four affected top-hat stringers (2.32, 2.33, 2.34, and 2.35) in each outer wing tank area by removing the restriction blocks, in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–029, Revision 1, dated March 23, 1995.
- (e) For Pressure Limits Category 7: Prior to further flight following the measurement required by paragraph (a) of this AD, accomplish the requirements of paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2) of this AD.
- (1) Perform the NDT inspections in accordance with the procedures of Part 2 of the Accomplishment Instructions of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–030, dated December 17, 1994.
- (2) Modify the four affected top-hat stringers (2.32, 2.33, 2.34, and 2.35) in each outer wing tank area by removing the restriction blocks, in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–029, Revision 1, dated March 23, 1995.
- (f) If any cracking or deformation is detected during any inspection required by this AD, prior to further flight, repair in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.
- (g) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM-113.

- (h) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (i) The measurement and inspections shall be done in accordance with Fokker Service Bulletin SBF100–57–030, dated December 17, 1994. The modification shall be done in accordance with Fokker Service Bulletin

SBF100–57–029, Revision 1, dated March 23, 1995. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Fokker Aircraft USA, Inc., 1199 North Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22314. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(j) This amendment becomes effective on July 9, 1996.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on May 23, 1996.

John J. Hickey,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 96–13608 Filed 6–3–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 95-NM-180-AD; Amendment 39-9641; AD 96-11-17]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Beech (Raytheon) Model BAe 125 Series 1000A and Model Hawker 1000 Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Beech (Raytheon) Model BAe 125 series 1000A and Model Hawker 1000 airplanes, that requires a one-time inspection for adequate clearances between, and damage to, the flap cables and turnbuckles, airbrakes cables and turnbuckles, and all other flight control cables and turnbuckles at keel subframe 15A; and various followon actions, if necessary. This amendment is prompted by reports of chafing due to insufficient clearance between the flaps turnbuckle and the subframe, and between the airbrakes cable and the subframe. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent such chafing, which could result in damage to the flaps turnbuckle and the airbrakes cable, and subsequent fraying or seizing of the flight control cables. These conditions, if not corrected, could result in restriction or loss of the flight controls. DATES: Effective July 9, 1996.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of July 9, 1996.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained

from Raytheon Aircraft Company, Manager Service Engineering, Hawker Customer Support Department, P.O. Box 85, Wichita, Kansas 67201–0085. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Backman, Aerospace Engineer, Standardization Branch, ANM-113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton,

1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (206) 227–2797; fax (206) 227–1149. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A

proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Beech (Raytheon) Model BAe 125 series 1000A and Model Hawker 1000 airplanes was published in the Federal Register on March 12, 1996 (61 FR 9959). That action proposed to require a one-time visual inspection for adequate clearances between, and/or damage to, the flap cables and turnbuckles, airbrakes cables and turnbuckles, and all other flight control cables and turnbuckles at keel subframe 15A (leftand right-hand side); and various follow-on actions, if necessary.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No comments were submitted in response to the proposal or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public.

Changes to the Final Rule

The FAA has revised the final rule to correctly designate the affected airplane models as "Beech (Raytheon) Model BAe 125 series 1000A and Model Hawker 1000 airplanes."

Additionally, a new "Note 2" has been added to the final rule to clarify that airworthiness authorities of countries in which Beech (Raytheon) Model BAe 125 series 800B and BAe 125 series 1000B airplanes are approved for operation should consider adopting corrective action that is similar to that required by this AD, since those airplanes are similar in design to the affected airplanes.

Conclusion

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the changes previously described. The FAA has

determined that these changes will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

Cost Impact

The FAA estimates that 25 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$1,500, or \$60 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

- 2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:
- 96–11–17 Beech Aircraft Corporation (Formerly DeHavilland; Hawker Siddeley; British Aerospace, PLC; Raytheon Corporate Jets, Inc.): Amendment 39–9641. Docket 95–NM– 180–AD.

Applicability: Model BAe 125 series 1000A and Model Hawker 1000 airplanes, as listed in Hawker Service Bulletin SB.27–168, dated July 17, 1995; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (b) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Note 2: Beech (Raytheon) Model BAe 125 series 800B and BAe 125 series 1000B airplanes are similar in design to the airplanes that are subject to the requirements of this AD and, therefore, also may be subject to the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. However, as of the effective date of this AD, those models are not type certificated for operation in the United States. Airworthiness authorities of countries in which the Model BAe 125 series 800B and BAe 125 series 1000B airplanes are approved for operation should consider adopting corrective action, applicable to those models, that is similar to the corrective action required by this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent restriction or loss of the flight controls due to insufficient clearance and resultant chafing and damage to the flaps cable and/or turnbuckle and the airbrakes cable, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 6 months after the effective date of this AD: Perform a one-time detailed visual inspection for adequate working clearances and for damage of the flap, airbrakes, and other flight control cables and turnbuckles with the structure at keel subframe 15A (left- and right-hand sides) specified in Hawker Service Bulletin SB.27–168, dated July 17, 1995. Perform the inspection in accordance with that service bulletin. The detailed visual inspection for working clearances shall be conducted for each affected flight control through its full range of travel.

- (1) If all clearances are within the limits specified in the service bulletin, and no damage is found: No further action is required by this AD.
- (2) If the clearance for the flaps controls is outside the limits specified in the service bulletin: Prior to further flight, accomplish Modification SB 27-168-253705B in accordance with the service bulletin.
- (3) If the clearance for the airbrakes controls is outside the limits specified in the service bulletin: Prior to further flight, repair in accordance with the service bulletin.
- (4) If any cable is found to be damaged, and the damage exceeds the limits defined in Chapter 20-10-31 of the Airplane Maintenance Manual: Prior to further flight. replace the damaged cable with a new cable in accordance with the service bulletin.
- (5) If any turnbuckle, keel subframe, or polythene strip is found to be damaged: Prior to further flight, repair in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM-113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.
- (b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM-113. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM-113.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM-113.

- (c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (d) The actions shall be done in accordance with Hawker Service Bulletin SB.27-168, dated July 17, 1995. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Raytheon Aircraft Company, Manager Service Engineering, Hawker Customer Support Department, P.O. Box 85, Wichita, Kansas 67201–0085. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.
- (e) This amendment becomes effective on July 9, 1996.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on May 23, 1996.

John J. Hickey,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 96-13610 Filed 6-3-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-U

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 95-ASW-24]

Revision of Class E Airspace; Mena, AR

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action revises the Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet above ground level (AGL) at Mena, AR. The development of a Global Positioning System (GPS) Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) to Runway (RWY) 17 at Mena Intermountain Municipal Airport has made this action necessary. This action is intended to provide adequate Class E airspace to contain instrument flight rule (IFR) operations for aircraft executing the GPS SIAP to RWY 17 at Mena Intermountain Municipal Airport, Mena, AR.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 u.t.c., August 15 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Chuck Frankenfield, Operations Branch, Air Traffic Division, Southwest Region, Federal Aviation Administration, Fort Worth, TX 76193-0530, telephone 817-222-5591.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On January 24, 1996, a proposal to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to revise the Class E airspace at Mena, AR, was published in the Federal Register (61 FR 1871). A GPS SIAP to RWY 17 developed for Mena Intermountain Municipal Airport, Mena, AR, requires the revision of the Class E airspace at this airport. The proposal was to revise the controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet AGL to contain IFR operations in controlled airspace during portions of the terminal operation and while transitioning between the enroute and terminal environments.

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments to the proposal were received. The rule is adopted as proposed.

The coordinates for this airspace docket are based on North American Datum 83. Class E airspace designations for airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more AGL are published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9C dated August 17, 1995, and effective September 16, 1995, which

is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) amends the Class E airspace located at Mena Intermountain Municipal Airport, Mena, AR, to provide controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet AGL for aircraft executing the GPS SIAP to RWY 17.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations that need frequent and routine amendments to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854; 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389; 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 14 CFR

§71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9C, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 17, 1995, and effective September 16, 1995, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005: Class E Airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

ASW AR E5 Mena, AR [Revised] Mena Intermountain Municipal Airport, AR (Lat. 34°32′55" N., long. 94°12′29" W.) Mena RBN