A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe, the Lower Elwa Klallam Tribe, and the Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe.

In 1868, human remains representing two individuals were removed from two burial locations at New Dungeness, Straits of Juan de Fuca, WA, and donated to the museum by David Mack, Jr. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

During 1875–1906, Myron Eells stated that the New Dungeness cemetery area was used for S'Klallam community interments identical in manner to the burials of these human remains now in the Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology's collection. Oral tradition evidence presented by the representatives of the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe, the Lower Elwa Klallam Tribe, and the Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe indicates these individuals were removed from known traditional S'Klallam cemetery areas.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe, the Lower Elwa Klallam Tribe, and the Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe, the Lower Elwa Klallam Tribe, and the Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Barbara Issac, Repatriation Coordinator, Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology, Harvard University, 11 Divinity Ave., Cambridge, MA 02138; telephone: (617) 495-2254, before June 17, 1996. Repatriation of the human remains to the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe, the Lower Elwa Klallam Tribe, and the Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe may begin after

that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: May 8, 1996

Veletta Canouts

Acting Departmental Consulting Archeologist Deputy Chief, Archeology & Ethnography Program

 $[FR\ Doc.\ 96\text{--}12495\ Filed\ 5\text{--}16\text{--}96;\ 8\text{:}45\ am]$

BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

Bureau of Land Management

[CA-930-06-1430-00]

Notice of Intent to Prepare a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement for a Proposed Land Transfer to the State of California for the Purpose of Developing a Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Facility at Ward Valley

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) in California intends to prepare a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) for a proposed land transfer to the State of California for the purpose of developing a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility at Ward Valley. The SEIS will address new information that has become available and new circumstances that have occurred since the Environmental Impact Statement/ Report (EIS/EIR) was completed in April 1991 and the initial SEIS was completed in September 1993. The site of the proposed Federal land transfer is located in San Bernardino County, CA, approximately 20 miles west of the city of Needles.

DATES: The public is invited to submit formal written comments on the scope of the SEIS, or provide new information about the site and proposed actions. All written comments must be received by BLM at the address listed below no later than July 1, 1996.

Three public scoping workshops will also be held, and each will be open to the public at the following dates and locations:

June 3 in Sacramento 2–5 p.m. and 7–9 p.m. at Cal Expo Club, 1600 Exposition Blvd;

June 5 in San Bernardino from 2–5 p.m. and 7–9 p.m. at the National Orange Show Grounds, Arrowhead Avenue, Gate 9, Renaissance Room;

June 12 in Needles from 2–5 p.m. and 7–9 p.m. at Elks Lodge No. 1608, 1000 Lily Hill Drive.

These workshops will provide the public additional opportunities to

supply additional information and to identify issues to be addressed in the SEIS. They will be conducted in an open house format; BLM will simply record the issues identified or information offered by the public. Submission of written comments is strongly encouraged to facilitate the sessions.

ADDRESSES: Any written comments or requests to be placed on the mailing list should be sent to Ward Valley Land Transfer Coordinator (CA–930), Bureau of Land Management, 2800 Cottage Way, Sacramento, CA 95825.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Richard F. Johnson or John S. Mills at (916) 979–2820.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The SEIS will focus on new information and circumstances, including the May 1995 National Academy of Sciences Report; the results of tritium and related testing to be conducted at the site; recent U.S. Geological Survey information concerning tritium and other radioactive materials detected in proximity to a closed LLRW facility at Beatty, Nevada, and other evidence of migration of radioactive and other wastes from the Beatty facility; the results of consultation with Native American Tribes; the possible effect of the proposed transfer, construction, and operation of the LLRW facility on areas of cultural importance to nearby Native American Tribes and any Tribal rights recognized by federal law; the designation of Ward Valley by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as critical habitat for the desert tortoise and a 1995 FWS Biological Opinion evaluating the potential impacts of the land transfer and facility on the tortoise and its critical habitat; a report prepared by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency concerning release of radionuclides into the atmosphere and effects on desert tortoise habitat; a hydrogeologic report on the proposed facility site commissioned by the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California; and other information submitted by the public. Issues that were fully analyzed in the 1991 EIS/EIR and the 1993 SEIS (which was limited to the changed land transfer method from indemnity selection to direct sale), and are not the subject of new information or circumstances, will not be addressed in this SEIS.

A separate public notice will be issued in the near future regarding procedures for the tritium and related testing to be done at the site.

Dated: May 14, 1996. Ed Hastey, State Director.

[FR Doc. 96–12592 Filed 5–16–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–40–M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

Report to the President on Investigation No. NAFTA-302-1 (Provisional Relief Phase); Broom Corn Brooms ¹

Determinations

On the basis of the statute and available information developed to date in the subject investigation—

Chairman Watson and Commissioner Crawford make a negative determination with respect to whether—

- (1) There is clear evidence that, as a result of the reduction or elimination of a duty provided for under the NAFTA, broom corn brooms from Mexico are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities (in absolute terms) and under such conditions so that imports of the article, alone, constitute a substantial cause of serious injury or a threat of serious injury to the domestic industry producing an article that is like, or directly competitive with, the imported article; and
- (2) Delay in taking action would cause damage to that industry that would be difficult to repair.

Commissioner Rohr determines—

- (1) There is clear evidence that, as a result of the reduction or elimination of a duty provided for under the NAFTA, broom corn brooms from Mexico are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities (in absolute terms) and under such conditions so that imports of the article, alone, constitute a substantial cause of a threat of serious injury to the domestic industry producing an article that is like, or directly competitive with, the imported article; but
- (2) Delay in taking action would not cause damage to that industry that would be difficult to repair.

Vice Chairman Nuzum and Commissioners Newquist and Bragg determine—

(1) There is clear evidence that, as a result of the reduction or elimination of a duty provided for under the NAFTA, broom corn brooms from Mexico are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities (in absolute

terms) and under such conditions so that imports of the article, alone, constitute a substantial cause of a threat of serious injury (Vice Chairman Nuzum, Commissioners Newquist and Bragg) to the domestic industry producing an article that is like, or directly competitive with, the imported article; and

(2) Delay in taking action would cause damage to that industry that would be difficult to repair.

Background

Following receipt of a petition filed on March 4, 1996, on behalf of the U.S. Cornbroom Task Force and its individual members, the Commission instituted investigation No. NAFTA-302–1 to determine whether, as a result of the reduction or elimination of a duty provided for under the NAFTA, broom corn brooms from Mexico are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities (in absolute terms) and under such conditions so that imports of the article, alone, constitute a substantial cause of serious injury, or a threat of serious injury, to the domestic industry producing an article that is like or directly competitive with the imported article. In addition, the petitioner asserted that critical circumstances exist and requested, pursuant to section 302(a)(2) of the NAFTA Implementation Act (19 U.S.C. § 3352(a)(2)), that provisional relief be provided.

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigation was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the Federal Register of March 18, 1996 (61 F.R. 11061).

The Commission transmitted its determination in this investigation to the President on May 3, 1996. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 2963 (May 1996), entitled "Broom Corn Brooms: Investigation No. NAFTA 302–1 (Provisional Relief Phase)."

Issued: May 10, 1996.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–12409 Filed 5–16–96; 8:45 am]

[Investigation No. 731-TA-748 (Preliminary)]

Engineered Process Gas Turbo- Compressor Systems From Japan

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Institution and scheduling of a preliminary antidumping investigation.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the institution of preliminary antidumping investigation No. 731-TA-748 (Preliminary) under section 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1673b(a)) (the Act) to determine whether there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of imports from Japan of engineered process gas turbo-compressor systems, provided for in subheadings 8414.80.20, 8414.90.40, 8419.60.50, 8406.81.10, 8406.82.10, 8406.90.20 through 8406.90.45, and 9032.89.60 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value. Unless the Department of Commerce extends the time for initiation pursuant to section 732(c)(1)(B) of the Act (19 U.S.C. $\S 1673a(c)(1)(B)$), the Commission must complete preliminary antidumping investigations in 45 days, or in this case by June 24, 1996. The Commission's views are due at the Department of Commerce within five business days thereafter, or by July 1.

For further information concerning the conduct of this investigation and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and B (19 CFR part 207).

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 8, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Larry Reavis (202-205-3185), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearingimpaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (http:// www.usitc.gov or ftp://ftp.usitc.gov).

¹ Broom corn brooms are provided for in subheadings 9603.10.05, 9603.10.15, 9603.35, 9603.10.40, 9603.10.50, and 9603.10.60 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States.