regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

McDonnell Douglas: Docket 95–NM–204–AD.

Applicability: Model DC-10-10 and -15 series airplanes, as listed in McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC10-53-168, dated August 9, 1995; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously. To prevent fatigue cracking, which could result in loss of pressurization and damage to adjacent structure, accomplish the following:

- (a) Prior to the accumulation of 20,000 total landings, or within 1,500 landings after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, perform an eddy current and radiographic inspection, as applicable, to detect cracks in the bulkhead tee caps (left and right sides) in the area of longerons 38.0 through 41.0 at fuselage station Y=1156.000, in accordance with McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin DC10–53–168, dated August 9, 1995.
- (1) If no cracks are detected, repeat the inspections thereafter at intervals not to

exceed 2,600 landings until paragraph (b) of this AD is accomplished.

- (2) If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, accomplish the repair specified in either paragraph (a)(2)(i) or (a)(2)(ii) of this AD.
- (i) Splice in a new bulkhead tee cap section at cracked area of bulkhead tee cap in accordance with the service bulletin. Within 20,000 total landings after accomplishing this repair, perform eddy current inspections to detect cracks in accordance with the service bulletin. Repeat the inspections thereafter at intervals not to exceed 2,600 landings until paragraph (b) of this AD is accomplished. If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, repair it in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.
- (ii) Repair in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Los Angeles ACO, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.
- (b) Terminating action for the repetitive inspections required by paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2)(ii) of this AD is as follows:
- (1) Accomplish the preventative modification and eddy current open hole inspection in accordance with Condition 1 (no cracks in bulkhead tee cap), Option 2, of the service bulletin. And
- (2) Within 14,450 total landings following accomplishment of the modification, perform an eddy current and radiographic inspection to detect cracks in accordance with Condition 1 (no cracks in bulkhead tee cap), Option 2, of the service bulletin.
- (i) If no cracks are detected, repeat the inspections thereafter at intervals not to exceed 3,950 landings.
- (ii) If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, repair it in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Los Angeles ACO, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.
- (c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Los Angeles ACO.

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on March 22, 1996.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 96–7549 Filed 3–27–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 95-NM-208-AD]

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A320–111, –211, and –231 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Airbus Model A320-111, -211, and -231 series airplanes. This proposal would require repetitive high frequency eddy current inspections to detect cracks around the fasteners of the lower forward corners of the sliding window frames, and repair, if necessary. This proposal would also require installation of a modification for each affected fastener hole, which would terminate the repetitive inspections. This proposal is prompted by the results of full-scale fatigue tests which indicated that fatigue cracking occurred on the lower forward corner of the sliding window frames at frame 4. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent such fatigue cracking, which could result in rapid depressurization of the airplane.

DATES: Comments must be received by May 6, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 95–NM–208–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Backman, Aerospace Engineer, Standardization Branch, ANM-113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (206) 227-2797; fax (206) 227-1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the

proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 95–NM–208–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 95–NM–208–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

Discussion

The Direction Générale de l'Aviation Civile (DGAC), which is the airworthiness authority for France, recently notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on certain Airbus Model A320-111, -211, and -231 series airplanes. The DGAC advises that, during full-scale fatigue tests on a Model A320 series airplane test article, fatigue cracking was found on the lower forward corner of the sliding window frames at frame 4. Fatigue cracking on the lower forward corner of the sliding window frames at frame 4, if not detected and corrected in a timely manner, could result in rapid depressurization of the airplane.

Airbus has issued Service Bulletin A320–53–1082, Revision 1, dated November 9, 1994, which describes procedures for a high frequency eddy current inspection to detect cracks around the five fasteners of the lower forward corners of the sliding window frames at frame 4. For cases where no cracks are detected during inspection,

the service bulletin describes procedures for either conducting repetitive inspections, or installing Modification 23685P3199. The service bulletin also permits further flight with cracking around the five fasteners.

Airbus has also issued Service Bulletin A320–53–1044, dated February 8, 1994, which describes procedures for installation of Modification 23685P3199. The modification entails cold working each of the five fastener holes on each side and installing a tension bolt. Accomplishment of the modification on each of the 5 fasteners on each side would eliminate the need for the repetitive inspections.

The DGAC classified these service bulletins as mandatory and issued French airworthiness directive 94–166–056(B), dated July 20, 1994, in order to assure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in France.

This airplane model is manufactured in France and is type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the DGAC has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of the DGAC, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States.

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design, the proposed AD would require high frequency eddy current inspection(s) to detect cracks around the 5 fasteners of the lower forward corners of the sliding window frames at frame 4. For cases where no cracks are detected during inspection, the proposed AD would require installation of Modification 23685P3199, which would constitute terminating action for the repetitive inspection requirements. The actions would be required to be accomplished in accordance with the procedures of the service bulletins described previously.

Operators should note that, unlike the procedures described in the referenced service bulletin, this proposed AD would not permit further flight with cracking detected around any of the 5 fasteners of the lower forward corner of the sliding window frame at frame 4. The FAA has determined that, due to the safety implications and consequences associated with such cracking, all cracks that are found must be repaired prior to further flight. The

repair would be required to be accomplished in accordance with a method approved by the FAA.

The FAA estimates that 21 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 5 work hours per airplane to accomplish the proposed actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$6,300, or \$300 per airplane, per inspection cycle.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Airbus Industrie: Docket 95-NM-208-AD.

Applicability: Model A320–111, –211, and –231 series airplanes; manufacturer's serial numbers 002 through 008 inclusive, 010 through 014 inclusive, 016 through 078 inclusive, and 080 through 098 inclusive; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD are affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent fatigue cracking on the lower forward corner of the sliding window frames at frame 4, which could result in rapid depressurization of the airplane, accomplish the following:

- (a) Prior to the accumulation of 15,000 total landings, or 3 months after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs first, perform a high frequency eddy current inspection to detect cracks around the 5 fasteners of the lower forward corners of the sliding window frames at frame 4, in accordance with the procedures of Airbus Service Bulletin A320–53–1082, Revision 1, dated November 9, 1994.
- (1) If no cracks are detected, repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 15,000 landings.
- (2) If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, repair it in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.
- (b) Prior to the accumulation of 30,000 total landings, or 5 years after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, accomplish Airbus Modification 23685P3199 for each fastener hole, in accordance with Airbus Service Bulletin A320–53–1044, dated February 8, 1994. Accomplishment of the modification constitutes terminating action for the repetitive inspection requirements of paragraph (a) of this AD.
- (c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on March 22, 1996.

Darrell M. Pederson.

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 96–7548 Filed 3–27–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 95-NM-252-AD]

Airworthiness Directives; Fokker Model F28 Mark 0100 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Fokker Model F28 Mark 0100 series airplanes. This proposal would require replacement of certain flexible oxygen hoses, located in the flight compartment gangway and in the consoles, with insulated hose assemblies. This proposal is prompted by reports of either insufficient or no clearance between these hoses and adjacent structure or electrical wiring. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent chafing of the flexible oxygen hoses, which could result in an uncontrollable loss of oxygen from the flightcrew oxygen system, and could allow the presence of oxygen in areas where ignition is possible.

DATES: Comments must be received by May 6, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 95–NM–252–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Fokker Aircraft USA, Inc., 1199 North Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22314. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Dulin, Aerospace Engineer, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (206) 227–2141; fax (206) 227–1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 95–NM–252–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 95–NM-252–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

Discussion

The Rijksluchtvaartdienst (RLD), which is the airworthiness authority for the Netherlands, recently notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on certain Fokker Model F28 Mark 0100 series airplanes. The RLD advises that it has received reports indicating that, on airplanes in production, no clearance was found to exist between the flexible